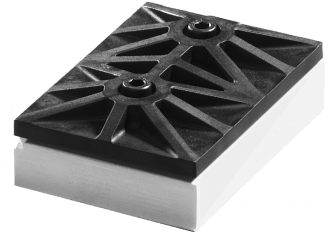


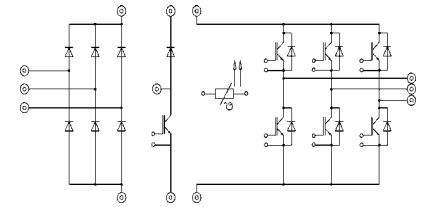
Absolute Maximum Ratings		Values	Units
Symbol	Conditions ¹⁾		
Inverter			
V_{CES}		600	V
V_{GES}		± 20	V
I_C	$T_{heatsink} = 25 / 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	45 / 32	A
I_{CM}	$t_p < 1 \text{ ms}; T_{heatsink} = 25 / 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	90 / 64	A
$I_F = -I_C$	$T_{heatsink} = 25 / 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	57 / 38	A
$I_{FM} = -I_{CM}$	$t_p < 1 \text{ ms}; T_{heatsink} = 25 / 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	114 / 76	A
Bridge Rectifier			
V_{RRM}		800	V
I_D	$T_{heatsink} = 80 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	35	A
I_{FSM}	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}; \sin. 180 \text{ }^\circ; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	700	A
I^2t	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}; \sin. 180 \text{ }^\circ; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	2400	A ² s
T_j		-40 ... +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}		-40 ... +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
V_{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2500	V

MiniSKiiP 3
SEMIKRON integrated intelligent Power
SKiiP 31 NAB 063 T1
3-phase bridge rectifier +
braking chopper +
3-phase bridge inverter

Case M3



Characteristics		min.	typ.	max.	Units
Symbol	Conditions ¹⁾				
IGBT - Inverter & Chopper					
V_{CEsat}	$I_C = 50 \text{ A}; T_j = 25 (125) \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	2,1(2,4)	2,6(2,9)	V
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 300 \text{ V}; V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$	-	45	-	ns
t_r	$I_C = 30 \text{ A}; T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	35	-	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{gon} = R_{goff} = 22 \text{ }^\circ\Omega$	-	250	-	ns
t_f	inductive load	-	25	-	ns
$E_{on} + E_{off}$		-	2,65	-	mJ
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}; V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}; 1 \text{ MHz}$	-	2,8	-	nF
R_{thjh}	per IGBT	-	-	1,0	K/W
Diode ²⁾ - Inverter & Chopper					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 50 \text{ A}; T_j = 25 (125) \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1,45(1,4)	1,7(1,7)	V
V_{TO}	$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0,85	0,9	V
r_T	$T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	11	16	m Ω
I_{RRM}	$I_F = 50 \text{ A}; V_R = -300 \text{ V}$	-	31	-	A
Q_{rr}	$di_F/dt = -800 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	3,3	-	μC
E_{off}	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}; T_j = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0,36	-	mJ
R_{thjh}	per diode	-	-	1,2	K/W
Diode - Rectifier					
V_F	$I_F = 35 \text{ A}; T_j = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1,2	-	V
R_{thjh}	per diode	-	-	1,2	K/W
Temperature Sensor					
R_{TS}	$T = 25 / 100 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		1000 / 1670		Ω
Mechanical Data					
M_1	Mounting torque	2	-	2,5	Nm
Case			M3		



UL recognized file no. E63532

- fast NPT IGBTs

¹⁾ $T_{heatsink} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

²⁾ CAL = Controlled Axial Lifetime Technology (soft and fast recovery)

This technical information specifies semiconductor devices but promises no characteristics. No warranty or guarantee expressed or implied is made regarding delivery, performance or suitability.

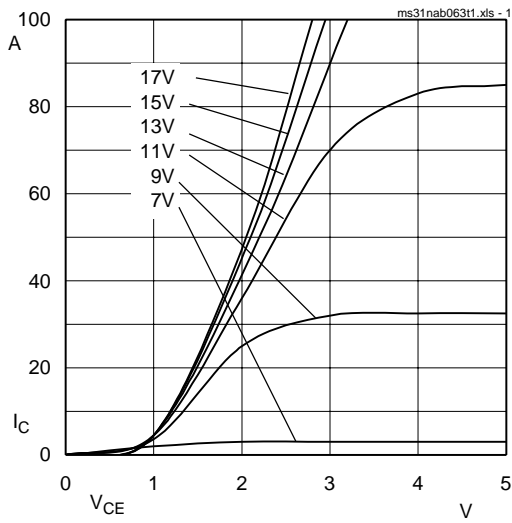


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristic, $t_p = 80 \mu s$; $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

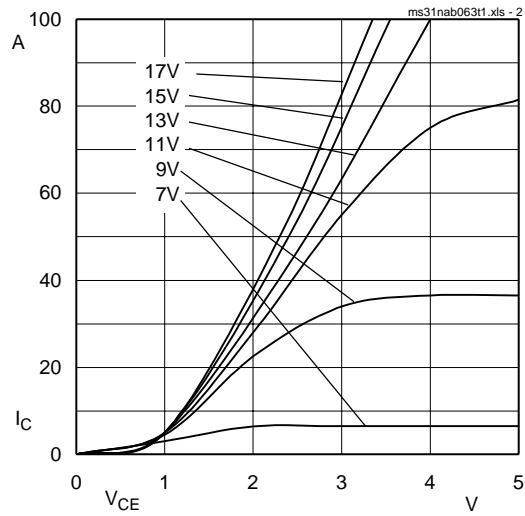


Fig. 2 Typ. output characteristic, $t_p = 80 \mu s$; $125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

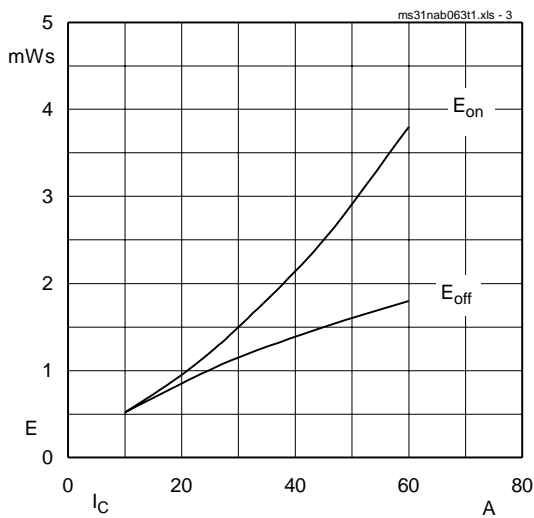


Fig. 3 Turn-on /-off energy = $f(I_c)$

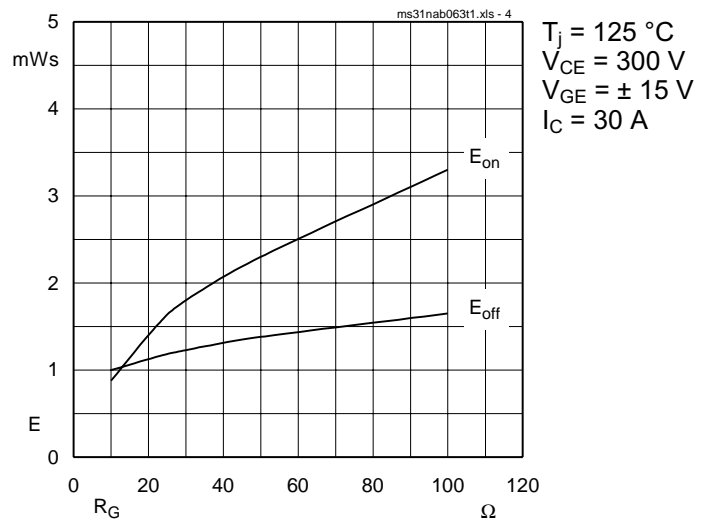


Fig. 4 Turn-on /-off energy = $f(R_G)$

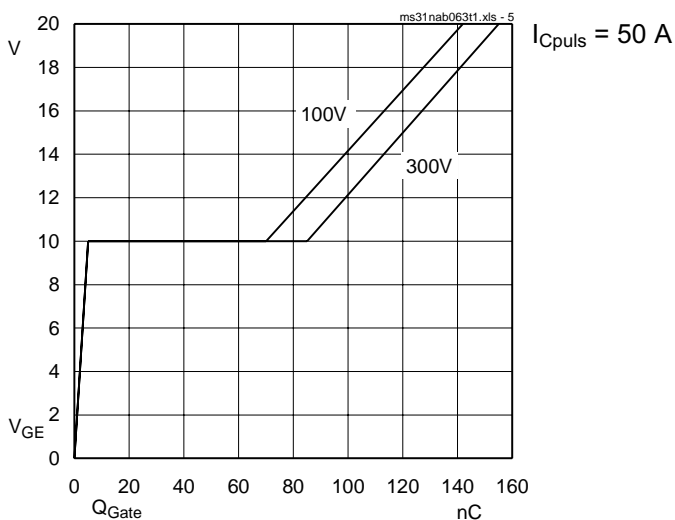


Fig. 5 Typ. gate charge characteristic

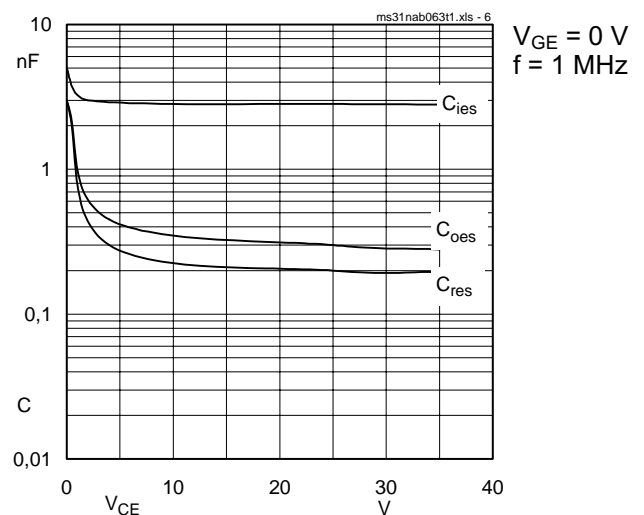


Fig. 6 Typ. capacitances vs. V_{CE}

2. Common characteristics of MiniSKiiP

MiniSKiiP 600 V

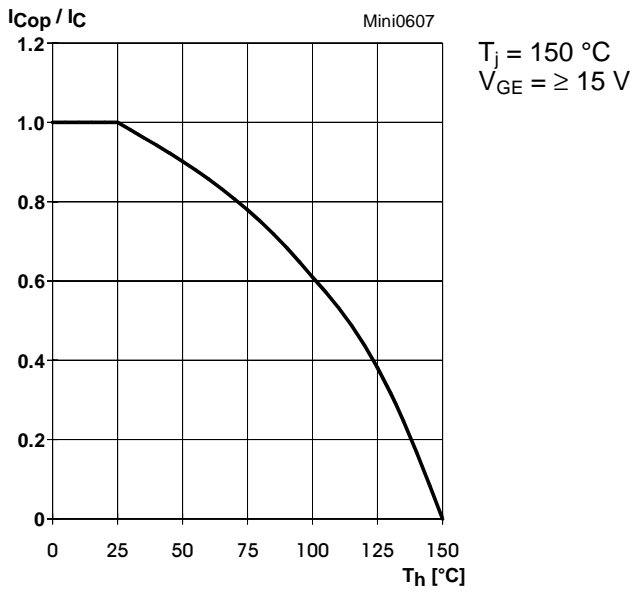


Fig. 7 Rated current of the IGBT $I_{COP} / I_C = f(T_h)$

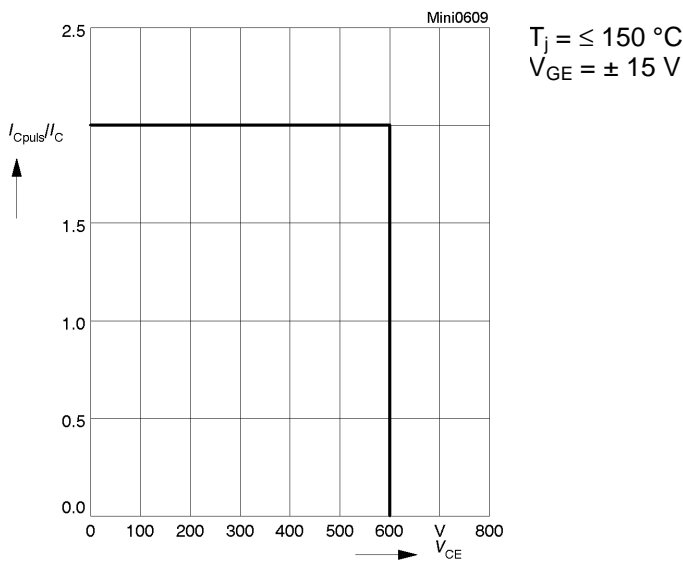


Fig. 9 Turn-off safe operating area (RBSOA) of the IGBT

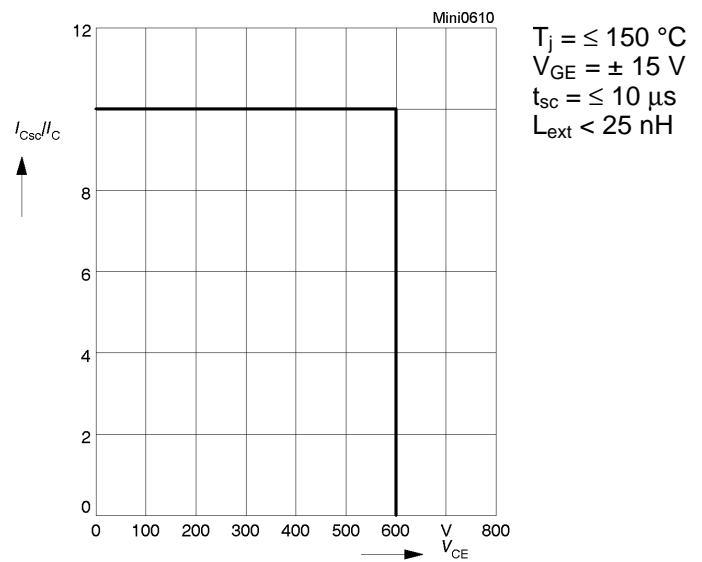


Fig. 10 Safe operating area at short circuit of the IGBT

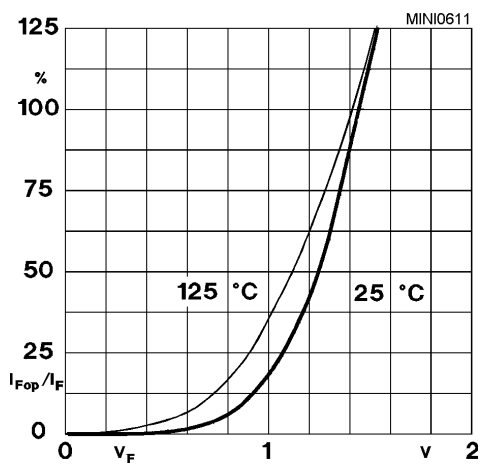


Fig. 11 Typ. freewheeling diode forward characteristic

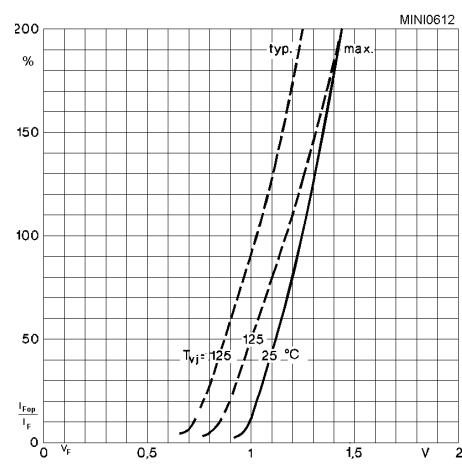
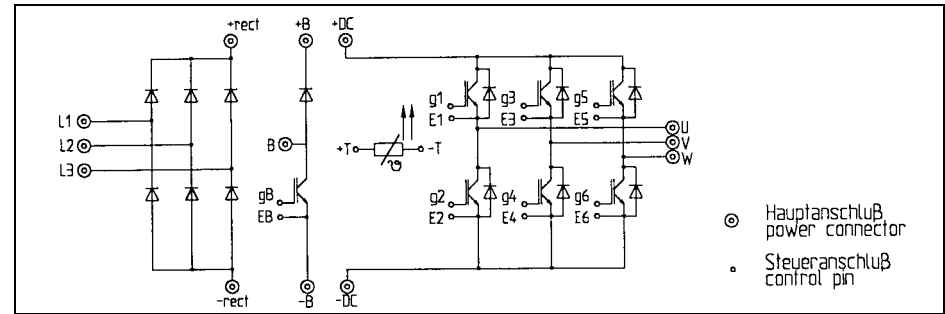


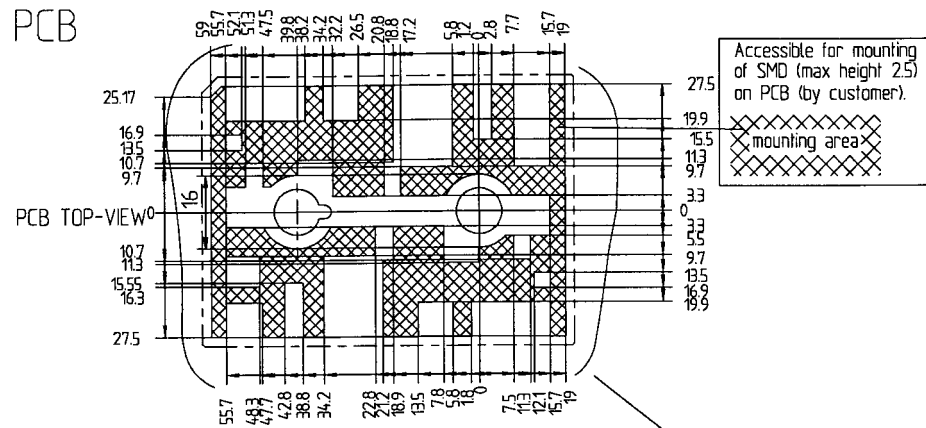
Fig. 12 Forward characteristic of the input bridge diode

MiniSKiiP 3

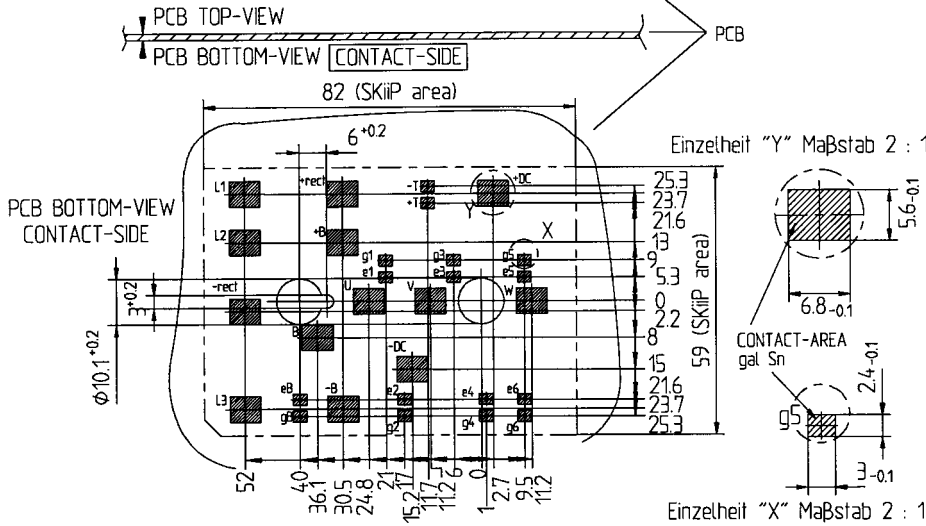
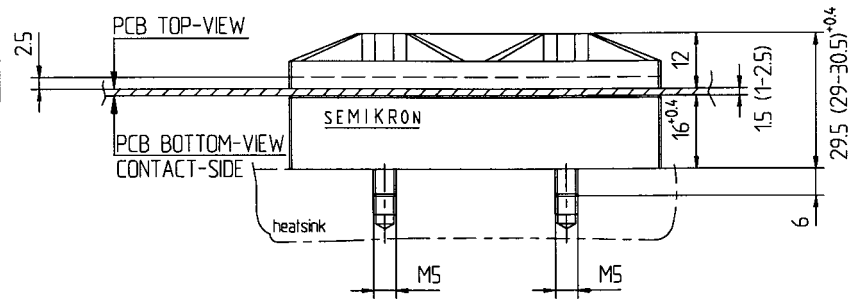
SKiiP 31 NAB 063 T1
SKiiP 32 NAB 063 T1



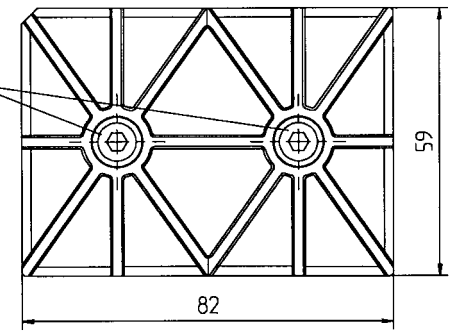
PCB



Mini-SKiiP 3



Bitte beachten Sie die Montagevorschrift
For mounting please follow the assembly instruction



Tolerance: ISO 2768-f