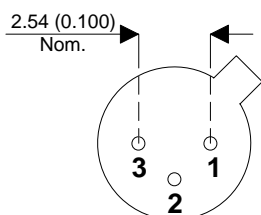
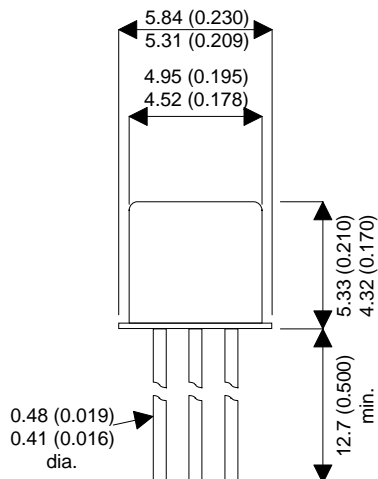


MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm (inches)



TO-18 METAL PACKAGE

Underside View

PIN 1 – Emitter PIN 2 – Base PIN 3 – Collector

**PNP, LOW NOISE
AMPLIFIER
TRANSISTOR**

FEATURES

- SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL PNP TRANSISTOR
- CECC SCREENING OPTIONS
- LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER

APPLICATIONS:

- Low Level Amplifier
- Instrumentation Amplifiers
- General Purpose

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_{case} = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise stated)

| | | |
|-----------------|--|-------------------------|
| V_{CBO} | Collector – Base Voltage | -60V |
| V_{CEO} | Collector – Emitter Voltage ($I_B = 0$) | -60V |
| V_{EBO} | Emitter – Base Voltage ($I_B = 0$) | -5V |
| I_C | Collector Current | -50mA |
| P_D | Total Device Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ | 360mW |
| | Derate above $25^{\circ}C$ | 2.06mW / $^{\circ}C$ |
| P_D | Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ | 1.2W |
| | Derate above $25^{\circ}C$ | 6.86mW / $^{\circ}C$ |
| T_J, T_{STG} | Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range | -65 to +200 $^{\circ}C$ |
| $R_{\theta JA}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient | 0.49 $^{\circ}C/mW$ |
| $R_{\theta JC}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction to Case | 0.15 $^{\circ}C/mW$ |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)

| Parameter | | Test Conditions | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------|--|--|---|---------------------------|------|---------------|---------------|
| $V_{(BR)CEO}$ | Collector – Emitter Breakdown Voltage | $I_C = -10\text{mA}$ | $I_B = 0$ | -60 | | | V |
| $V_{(BR)CBO}$ | Collector – Base Breakdown Voltage | $I_C = -10\mu\text{A}$ | $I_E = 0$ | -60 | | | |
| $V_{(BR)EBO}$ | Emitter – Base Breakdown Voltage | $I_E = -10\mu\text{A}$ | $I_C = 0$ | -5 | | | |
| I_{CBO} | Collector Cut-off Current | $V_{CB} = -50\text{V}$ $I_E = 0$ | $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ | | | -0.01 -10 | μA |
| I_{EBO} | Emitter Cut-off Current | $V_{EB} = -4\text{V}$ | $I_C = 0$ | | | -20 | nA |
| $V_{CE(sat)}$ | Collector – Emitter Saturation Voltage | $I_C = -100\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = -1\text{mA}$ | $I_B = -10\mu\text{A}$ $I_B = -100\mu\text{A}$ | | | -0.2 -0.25 | V |
| $V_{BE(sat)}$ | Base – Emitter Saturation Voltage | $I_C = -100\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = -1\text{mA}$ | $I_B = -10\mu\text{A}$ $I_B = -100\mu\text{A}$ | | | -0.7 -0.8 | V |
| $V_{BE(on)}$ | Base – Emitter On Voltage | $I_C = -100\mu\text{A}$ | $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ | | | -0.7 | V |
| h_{FE} | DC Current Gain | $(V_{CE} = -5\text{V})$ | $I_C = -1\mu\text{A}$ | | | 75 | — |
| | | | $I_C = -10\mu\text{A}$ | | | 225 | |
| | | | $I_C = -100\mu\text{A}$ | | | 300 | |
| | | | $I_C = -100\mu\text{A}$ | $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ | | 150 | |
| | | | $I_C = -500\mu\text{A}$ | | | 300 | |
| | | | $I_C = -1\text{mA}$ | | | 300 | |
| | | | $I_C = -10\text{mA}^*$ | | | 250 | |

* Pulse Test: $t_p \leq 300\mu\text{s}$, $\delta \leq 2\%$.

SMALL SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated)

| Parameter | | Test Conditions | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | |
|-----------|---|--|-------------------------|---------------------|--------------|------|------|------------------|-----|
| f_t | Current Gain Bandwidth Product ¹ | $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ | $I_C = -500\mu\text{A}$ | $f = 20\text{MHz}$ | 30 | | | MHz | |
| | | $V_{CE} = -5\text{V}$ | $I_C = -1\text{mA}$ | $f = 100\text{MHz}$ | 100 | | 500 | | |
| C_{ob} | Output Capacitance | $V_{CB} = -5\text{V}$ | $I_E = 0$ | $f = 1\text{MHz}$ | | | 4 | μF | |
| C_{ib} | Input Capacitance | $V_{EB} = -0.5\text{V}$ | $I_C = 0$ | $f = 1\text{MHz}$ | | | 8 | | |
| h_{ie} | Input Impedance | $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $I_C = -1\text{mA}$ $f = 1\text{kHz}$ | | | 10 | | 40 | k Ω | |
| h_{oe} | Output Admittance | | | | 5 | | 60 | μhos | |
| h_{re} | Voltage Feedback Ratio | | | | | | 25 | $\times 10^{-4}$ | |
| h_{fe} | Small Signal Current Gain | | | | 300 | | 900 | — | |
| N_F | Noise Figure | $V_{CE} = -10\text{V}$ $I_C = -100\mu\text{A}$ $R_G = 3\text{k}\Omega$ | $f = 100\text{Hz}$ | B.W. = 20Hz | | 2.5 | 4 | dB | |
| | | | Spot: | $f = 1\text{kHz}$ | B.W. = 200Hz | | 0.8 | | 1.5 |
| | | | | $f = 10\text{kHz}$ | B.W. = 2kHz | | 1.8 | | 1.5 |
| | | | Noise: | $f = 1\text{kHz}$ | | | 1.5 | | 2.5 |

1) f_t is defined as the frequency at which $|h_{fe}|$ extrapolates to unity.