Low Dropout 300 mA Voltage Regulator

The MC33275 series are micropower low dropout voltage regulators available in a wide variety of output voltages as well as packages, DPAK, SOT–223, and SOP–8 surface mount packages. These devices feature a very low quiescent current and are capable of supplying output currents up to 300 mA. Internal current and thermal limiting protection are provided by the presence of a short circuit at the output and an internal thermal shutdown circuit.

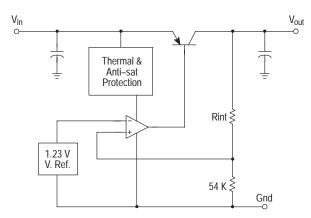
The MC33275 is available as a MC33375 which includes an On/Off control.

Due to the low input-to-output voltage differential and bias current specifications, these devices are ideally suited for battery powered computer, consumer, and industrial equipment where an extension of useful battery life is desirable.

Features:

- Low Quiescent Current (125 μA)
- Low Input–to–Output Voltage Differential of 25 mV at I_O = 10 mA, and 260 mV at I_O = 300 mA
- Extremely Tight Line and Load Regulation
- Stable with Output Capacitance of only 0.33 μF for 2.5 V Output Voltage
- Internal Current and Thermal Limiting

Simplified Block Diagram



This device contains 41 active transistors



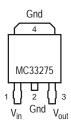
ON Semiconductor

Formerly a Division of Motorola

http://onsemi.com

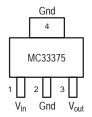
LOW DROPOUT MICROPOWER VOLTAGE REGULATOR





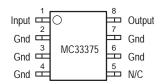
PLASTIC DT SUFFIX CASE 369A





PLASTIC ST SUFFIX CASE 318E





Pins 4 and 5 Not Connected

PLASTIC D SUFFIX CASE 751

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 9 of this data sheet.

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, for min/max values $T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to +125°C)

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|--|------------------|--------------------|------|
| Input Voltage | V _{CC} | 13 | Vdc |
| Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics $T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}C$ | | | |
| Maximum Power Dissipation Case 751 (SOP–8) D Suffix | P _D | Internally Limited | W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 160 | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case Case 369A (DPAK) DT Suffix | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 25 | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 92 | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case Case 318E (SOT-223) ST Suffix | R _{θJC} | 6.0 | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Air | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 245 | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 15 | °C/W |
| Output Current | Io | 300 | mA |
| Maximum Junction Temperature | TJ | 150 | °C |
| Operating Junction Temperature Range | TJ | - 40 to +125 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | T _{stg} | - 65 to +150 | °C |

$\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \ (C_L = 1.0 \mu F, \ T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C, \ for \ min/max \ values \ T_J = -40 ^{\circ}C \ to \ +125 ^{\circ}C, \ Note \ 1)$

| | Characteristic | | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Output Voltage 2.5 V Suffix 3.0 V Suffix 3.3 V Suffix 5.0 V Suffix | $I_O = 0$ mA to 250 mA $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{in} = [V_O + 1]$ V | Vo | 2.475 2.970 3.267 4.950 | 2.50 3.00 3.30 5.00 | 2.525 3.030 3.333 5.05 | Vdc |
| 2.5 V Suffix 3.0 V Suffix 3.3 V Suffix 5.0 V Suffix | V_{in} = [V_O + 1] V, 0 < I_O < 100 mA 2% Tolerance from T_J = -40 to +125°C | | 2.450 2.940 3.234 4.900 | _ _ _ _ | 2.550 3.060 3.366 5.100 | |
| Line Regulation | V_{in} = [V _O + 1] V to 12 V, I _O = 250 mA, All Suffixes T _A = 25°C | Reg _{line} | _ | 2.0 | 10 | mV |
| Load Regulation | V_{in} = [V _O + 1] V, I _O = 0 mA to 250 mA, All Suffixes T _A = 25°C | Reg _{load} | - | 5.0 | 25 | mV |
| Dropout Voltage $I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$ $I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$ $I_O = 250 \text{ mA}$ $I_O = 300 \text{ mA}$ | $T_{J} = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C}$ | V _{in} – V _O | _ _ _ _ | 25 115 220 260 | 100 200 400 500 | mV |
| Ripple Rejection (120 Hz) | $V_{in(peak-peak)} = [V_O + 1.5] \text{ V to } [V_O + 5.5] \text{ V}$ | _ | 65 | 75 | _ | dB |
| Output Noise Voltage $ \begin{array}{c} C_L = 1 \; \mu F \\ C_L = 200 \; \mu F \end{array} $ | I _O = 50 mA (10 Hz to 100 kHz) | V _n | | 160 46 | | μVrm s |

CURRENT PARAMETERS

| Characteristic | | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|---|--------------------|-----|-------------|-------------|------|
| Quiescent Current On Mode On Mode SAT | $V_{in} = [V_O + 1] V$, $I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$ $V_{in} = [V_O - 0.5] V$, $I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$, Note 2 | IQ | _ | 125 1100 | 200 1500 | μА |
| Current Limit | $V_{in} = [V_O + 1], V_O \text{ shorted}$ | I _{LIMIT} | _ | 450 | _ | mA |

THERMAL SHUTDOWN

| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|------------------|--------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Thermal Shutdown | _ | _ | 150 | _ | °C |

NOTE: 1. Low duty pulse techniques are used during test to maintain junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.

2. Quiescent Current is measured where the PNP pass transistor is in saturation. V_{in} = [V_O – 0.5] V guarantees this condition.

DEFINITIONS

Load Regulation – The change in output voltage for a change in load current at constant chip temperature.

Dropout Voltage – The input/output differential at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in input voltage. Measured when the output drops 100 mV below its nominal value (which is measured at 1.0 V differential), dropout voltage is affected by junction temperature, load current and minimum input supply requirements.

Output Noise Voltage – The RMS AC voltage at the output with a constant load and no input ripple, measured over a specified frequency range.

Maximum Power Dissipation – The maximum total dissipation for which the regulator will operate within specifications.

Quiescent Current – Current which is used to operate the regulator chip and is not delivered to the load.

Line Regulation – The change in output voltage for a change in the input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse techniques such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

Maximum Package Power Dissipation – The maximum package power dissipation is the power dissipation level at which the junction temperature reaches its maximum value i.e. 150°C. The junction temperature is rising while the

difference between the input power ($V_{CC} \times I_{CC}$) and the output power ($V_{out} \times I_{out}$) is increasing.

Depending on ambient temperature, it is possible to calculate the maximum power dissipation and so the maximum current as following:

$$Pd = \frac{T_J - T_A}{R_{\theta, JA}}$$

The maximum operating junction temperature T_J is specified at 150°C, if $T_A = 25$ °C, then P_D can be found. By neglecting the quiescent current, the maximum power dissipation can be expressed as:

$$I_{out} = \frac{P_D}{V_{CC} - V_{out}}$$

The thermal resistance of the whole circuit can be evaluated by deliberately activating the thermal shutdown of the circuit (by increasing the output current or raising the input voltage for example).

Then you can calculate the power dissipation by subtracting the output power from the input power. All variables are then well known: power dissipation, thermal shutdown temperature (150°C for MC33275) and ambient temperature.

$$R_{\theta JA} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{P_D}$$

Figure 1. Line Transient Response

Figure 2. Line Transient Response

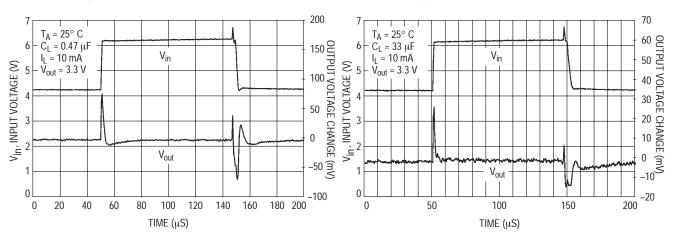


Figure 3. Load Transient Response

Figure 4. Load Transient Response

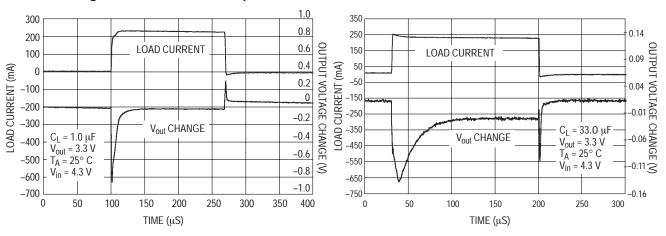


Figure 5. Output Voltage versus Input Voltage

3.5 3.0 $I_L = 1 \text{ mA}$ OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) 2.5 $I_L = 250 \text{ mA}$ 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 4.5 5.0 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0 0 INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

Figure 6. Dropout Voltage versus Output Current

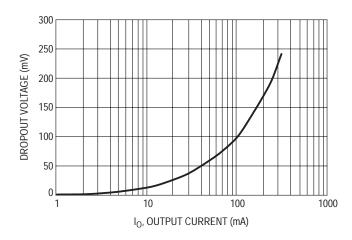


Figure 7. Dropout Voltage versus Temperature

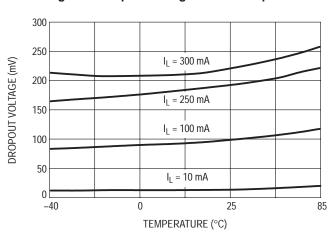


Figure 8. Ground Pin Current versus Input Voltage

12
10
8
IL = 300 mA
IL = 100 mA
Vin (VOLTS)

Figure 9. Ground Pin Current versus Ambient Temperature

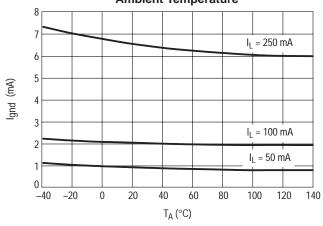


Figure 10. Output Voltage versus Ambient Temperature ($V_{in} = V_{out1} + 1V$)

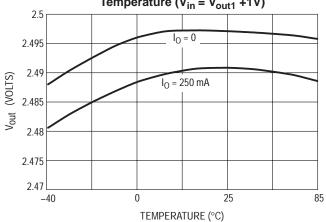


Figure 11. Output Voltage versus Ambient Temperature ($V_{in} = 12 \text{ V}$)

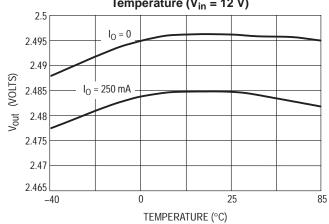


Figure 12. Ripple Rejection

rigure 12. Rippie Rejection

70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0

Figure 13. Ripple Rejection

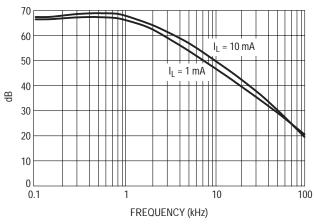
 $I_L = 250 \text{ mA}$

FREQUENCY (kHz)

I_L = 100 mA

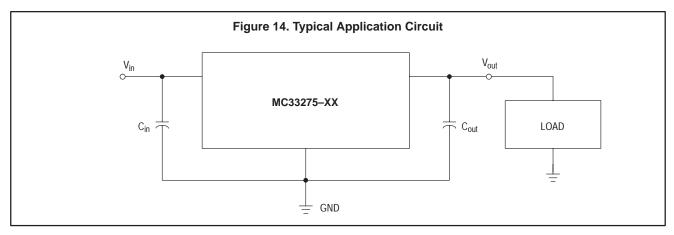
10

100



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APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

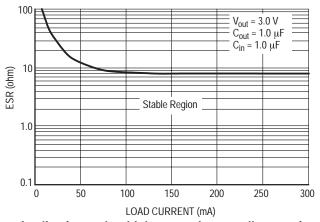


The MC33275 regulators are designed with internal current limiting and thermal shutdown making them user–friendly. Figure 14 is a typical application circuit. The output capability of the regulator is in excess of 300 mA, with a typical dropout voltage of less than 260 mV. Internal protective features include current and thermal limiting.

EXTERNAL CAPACITORS

These regulators require only a 0.33 µF (or greater) capacitance between the output and ground for stability for 2.5 V, 3.0 V, and 3.3 V output voltage options. Output voltage options of 5.0 V require only 0.22 µF for stability. The output capacitor must be mounted as close as possible to the MC33275. If the output capacitor must be mounted further than two centimeters away from the MC33275, then a larger value of output capacitor may be required for stability. A value of 0.68 µF or larger is recommended. Most type of aluminum, tantalum, or multilayer ceramic will perform adequately. Solid tantalums or appropriate multilayer ceramic capacitors are recommended for operation below 25°C. An input bypass capacitor is recommended to improve transient response or if the regulator is connected to the supply input filter with long wire lengths, more than 4 inches. This will reduce the circuit's sensitivity to the input line impedance at high frequencies. A 0.33 µF or larger tantalum, mylar, ceramic, or other capacitor having low internal impedance at high frequencies should be chosen. The bypass capacitor should be mounted with shortest possible lead or track length directly across the regulator's input terminals. Figure 15 shows the ESR that allows the LDO to remain stable for various load currents.

Figure 15. ESR for Vout = 3.0V



Applications should be tested over all operating conditions to insure stability.

THERMAL PROTECTION

Internal thermal limiting circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When activated, typically at 150°C, the output is disabled. There is no hysteresis built into the thermal protection. As a result the output will appear to be oscillating during thermal limit. The output will turn off until the temperature drops below the 150°C then the output turns on again. The process will repeat if the junction increases above the threshold. This will continue until the existing conditions allow the junction to operate below the temperature threshold.

Thermal limit is not a substitute for proper heatsinking.

The internal current limit will typically limit current to 450 mA. If during current limit the junction exceeds 150°C, the thermal protection will protect the device also. **Current limit is not a substitute for proper heatsinking.**

OUTPUT NOISE

In many applications it is desirable to reduce the noise present at the output. Reducing the regulator bandwidth by increasing the size of the output capacitor will reduce the noise on the MC33275.

Figure 16. SOT-223 Thermal Resistance and Maximum Power Dissipation versus P.C.B. Copper Length

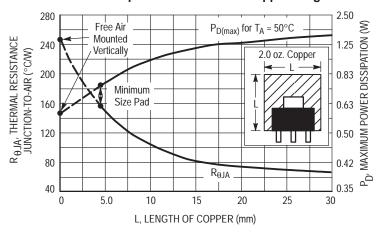


Figure 17. DPAK Thermal Resistance and Maximum Power Dissipation versus P.C.B. Copper Length

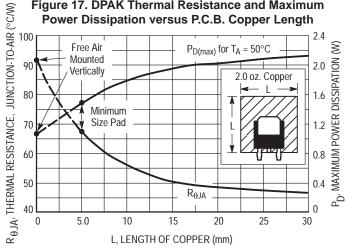
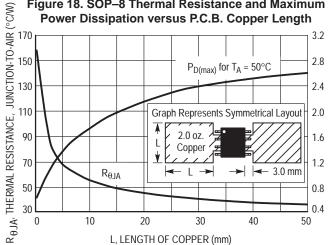


Figure 18. SOP-8 Thermal Resistance and Maximum Power Dissipation versus P.C.B. Copper Length



ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Туре | Operating Temperature Range, Tolerance | Case | Package |
|---------------|--------------------------|---|-------|---------|
| MC33275DT-2.5 | | | 369A | DPAK |
| MC33275ST-2.5 | 2.5 V (Fixed Voltage) | | 318E | SOT-223 |
| MC33275D-2.5 | (and a remage, | | 751–5 | SOP-8 |
| MC33275DT-3.0 | 3.0 V (Fixed Voltage) | | 369A | DPAK |
| MC33275ST-3.0 | | 1% Tolerance at T _A = 25°C | 318E | SOT-223 |
| MC33275D-3.0 | | | 751–5 | SOP-8 |
| MC33275DT-3.3 | | | 369A | DPAK |
| MC33275ST-3.3 | 3.3 V (Fixed Voltage) | 2% Tolerance at T _{.1} from -40 to +125°C | 318E | SOT-223 |
| MC33275D-3.3 | (i ixed voltage) | | 751–5 | SOP-8 |
| MC33275DT-5.0 | 5.0 V (Fixed Voltage) | | 369A | DPAK |
| MC33275ST-5.0 | | | 318E | SOT-223 |
| MC33275D-5.0 |] ` , | | 751–5 | SOP-8 |

DEVICE MARKING

| Device | Version | Marking (1st line) |
|---------|---------|--------------------|
| MC33275 | 2.5V | 27525 |
| MC33275 | 3.0V | 27530 |
| MC33275 | 3.3V | 27533 |
| MC33275 | 5.0V | 27550 |

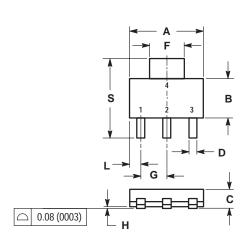
TAPE AND REEL SPECIFICATIONS

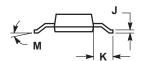
| Device | Reel Size | Tape Width | Quantity |
|-----------|-----------|--------------------|------------|
| MC33275DT | 13" | 16mm embossed tape | 2500 units |
| MC33275D | 13" | 12mm embossed tape | 2500 units |
| MC33275S | 13" | 8mm embossed tape | 4000 units |

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

ST SUFFIX

PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 318E-04 (SOT-223) **ISSUE J**



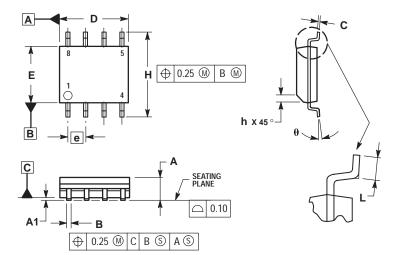


- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

| | INCHES | | MILLIN | IETERS |
|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| Α | 0.249 | 0.263 | 6.30 | 6.70 |
| В | 0.130 | 0.145 | 3.30 | 3.70 |
| С | 0.060 | 0.068 | 1.50 | 1.75 |
| D | 0.024 | 0.035 | 0.60 | 0.89 |
| F | 0.115 | 0.126 | 2.90 | 3.20 |
| G | 0.087 | 0.094 | 2.20 | 2.40 |
| Н | 0.0008 | 0.0040 | 0.020 | 0.100 |
| J | 0.009 | 0.014 | 0.24 | 0.35 |
| K | 0.060 | 0.078 | 1.50 | 2.00 |
| L | 0.033 | 0.041 | 0.85 | 1.05 |
| M | 0° | 10 ° | 0 ° | 10 ° |
| S | 0.264 | 0.287 | 6.70 | 7.30 |

D SUFFIX

PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 751-06 (SOP-8) **ÌSSUE** Ť



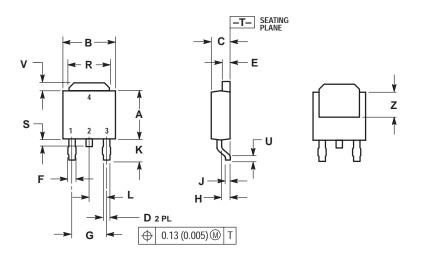
- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
 2. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETER.
 3. DIMENSION D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 PER SIDE.
 5. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE B DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

| 00.10.110.11 | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|------|--|--|--|
| | MILLIMETERS | | | | |
| DIM | MIN | MAX | | | |
| Α | 1.35 | 1.75 | | | |
| A1 | 0.10 | 0.25 | | | |
| В | 0.35 | 0.49 | | | |
| С | 0.19 | 0.25 | | | |
| D | 4.80 | 5.00 | | | |
| Ε | 3.80 | 4.00 | | | |
| е | 1.27 | BSC | | | |
| Н | 5.80 | 6.20 | | | |
| h | 0.25 | 0.50 | | | |
| L | 0.40 | 1.25 | | | |
| θ | 0 ° | 7 ° | | | |

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

DT SUFFIX

PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 369A-13 (DPAK) ISSUE Z



- NOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

| | INCHES | | MILLIN | IETERS |
|-----|-----------|-------|----------|--------|
| DIM | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| Α | 0.235 | 0.250 | 5.97 | 6.35 |
| В | 0.250 | 0.265 | 6.35 | 6.73 |
| С | 0.086 | 0.094 | 2.19 | 2.38 |
| D | 0.027 | 0.035 | 0.69 | 0.88 |
| Ε | 0.033 | 0.040 | 0.84 | 1.01 |
| F | 0.037 | 0.047 | 0.94 | 1.19 |
| G | 0.180 | BSC | 4.58 BSC | |
| Н | 0.034 | 0.040 | 0.87 | 1.01 |
| J | 0.018 | 0.023 | 0.46 | 0.58 |
| K | 0.102 | 0.114 | 2.60 | 2.89 |
| L | 0.090 BSC | | 2.29 | BSC |
| R | 0.175 | 0.215 | 4.45 | 5.46 |
| S | 0.020 | 0.050 | 0.51 | 1.27 |
| U | 0.020 | | 0.51 | |
| ٧ | 0.030 | 0.050 | 0.77 | 1.27 |
| Z | 0.138 | | 3.51 | |

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Sales Representative.