

# RAM Mapping 32×8 LCD Controller for I/O μC

#### **Features**

- Operating voltage: 2.7V~5.2V
- Built-in RC oscillator
- 1/4 bias, 1/8 duty, frame frequency is 64Hz
- Max. 32×8 patterns, 8 commons, 32 segments
- Built-in internal resistor type bias generator
- 3-wire serial interface
- 8 kinds of time base/WDT selection
- Time base or WDT overflow output
- Built-in LCD display RAM
- R/W address auto increment

- Two selectable buzzer frequencies (2kHz/4kHz)
- Power down command reduces power consumption
- Software configuration feature
- Data mode and Command mode instructions
- Three data accessing modes
- VLCD pin to adjust LCD operating voltage
- Cascade application

### **General Description**

HT1622 is a peripheral device specially designed for I/O type  $\mu C$  used to expand the display capability. The max. display segment of the device are 256 patterns (32×8). It also supports serial interface, buzzer sound, Watchdog Timer or time base timer functions. The HT1622 is a memory mapping and multi-function LCD controller. The software configuration

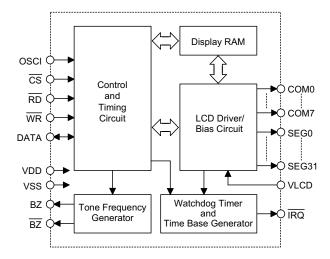
feature of the HT1622 make it suitable for multiple LCD applications including LCD modules and display subsystems. Only three lines are required for the interface between the host controller and the HT1622. The HT162X series have many kinds of products that match various applications.

#### **Selection Table**

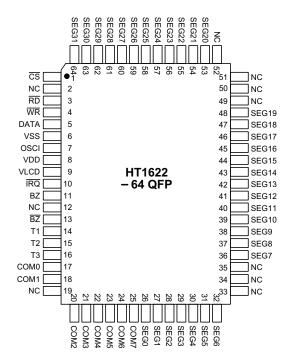
| HT162X        | HT1620 | HT1621 | HT1622 | HT16220 | HT1623 | HT1625 | HT1626 |
|---------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| СОМ           | 4      | 4      | 8      | 8       | 8      | 8      | 16     |
| SEG           | 32     | 32     | 32     | 32      | 48     | 64     | 48     |
| Built-in Osc. |        | √      | √      |         | √      | √      | √      |
| Crystal Osc.  | V      | √      |        | √       | √      | √      | √      |



# **Block Diagram**

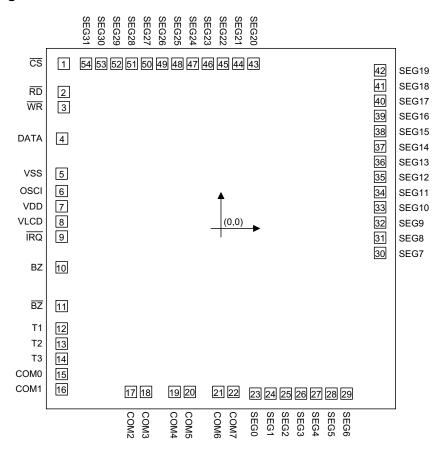


# **Pin Assignment**





# **Pad Assignment**



Chip size:  $149 \times 155 \text{ (mil)}^2$ 

<sup>\*</sup> The IC substrate should be connected to VDD in the PCB layout artwork.



Pad Coordinates Unit: mil

| Pad No. | X      | Y      | Pad No. | X      | Y      |
|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|
| 1       | -68.43 | 71.78  | 28      | 48.15  | -71.91 |
| 2       | -68.43 | 59.46  | 29      | 54.78  | -71.91 |
| 3       | -68.43 | 52.83  | 30      | 69.32  | -10.67 |
| 4       | -69.19 | 39.14  | 31      | 69.32  | -4.04  |
| 5       | -69.36 | 23.89  | 32      | 69.32  | 2.59   |
| 6       | -69.36 | 16.32  | 33      | 69.32  | 9.22   |
| 7       | -69.36 | 9.69   | 34      | 69.32  | 15.85  |
| 8       | -69.36 | 3.06   | 35      | 69.32  | 22.48  |
| 9       | -69.36 | -3.57  | 36      | 69.32  | 29.11  |
| 10      | -69.36 | -16.92 | 37      | 69.32  | 35.74  |
| 11      | -69.36 | -33.83 | 38      | 69.32  | 42.37  |
| 12      | -69.36 | -43.52 | 39      | 69.32  | 49.00  |
| 13      | -69.36 | -50.15 | 40      | 69.32  | 55.63  |
| 14      | -69.36 | -56.78 | 41      | 69.32  | 62.26  |
| 15      | -69.36 | -63.41 | 42      | 69.32  | 68.89  |
| 16      | -69.36 | -70.04 | 43      | 14.19  | 71.78  |
| 17      | -39.23 | -71.14 | 44      | 7.57   | 71.78  |
| 18      | -32.60 | -71.14 | 45      | 0.94   | 71.78  |
| 19      | -20.19 | -71.14 | 46      | -5.70  | 71.78  |
| 20      | -13.56 | -71.14 | 47      | -12.32 | 71.78  |
| 21      | -1.15  | -71.14 | 48      | -18.95 | 71.78  |
| 22      | 5.48   | -71.14 | 49      | -25.58 | 71.78  |
| 23      | 15.00  | -71.91 | 50      | -32.22 | 71.78  |
| 24      | 21.63  | -71.91 | 51      | -38.85 | 71.78  |
| 25      | 28.26  | -71.91 | 52      | -45.47 | 71.78  |
| 26      | 34.89  | -71.91 | 53      | -52.10 | 71.78  |
| 27      | 41.52  | -71.91 | 54      | -58.74 | 71.78  |



## **Pad Description**

| Pad No. | Pad Name              | I/O | Description   |
|---------|-----------------------|-----|---|
| 1       | $\overline{	ext{CS}}$ | I   | Chip selection input with Pull-high resistor. When the $\overline{CS}$ is logic high, the data and command read from or written to the HT1622 are disabled. The serial interface circuit is also reset. But if $\overline{CS}$ is at logic low level and is input to the $\overline{CS}$ pad, the data and command transmission between the host controller and the HT1622 are all enabled. |
| 2       | $\overline{	ext{RD}}$ | I   | READ clock input with Pull-high resistor. Data in the RAM of the HT1622 are clocked out on the rising edge of the $\overline{RD}$ signal. The clocked out data will appear on the data line. The host controller can use the next falling edge to latch the clocked out data.   |
| 3       | WR                    | I   | WRITE clock input with Pull-high resistor. Data on the DATA line are latched into the HT1622 on the rising edge of the $\overline{WR}$ signal.  |
| 4       | DATA                  | I/O | Serial data input/output with Pull-high resistor  |
| 5       | VSS                   | _   | Negative power supply, ground   |
| 6       | OSCI                  | I   | If the system clock comes from an external clock source, the external clock source should be connected to the OSCI pad.   |
| 7       | VDD                   | _   | Positive power supply   |
| 8       | VLCD                  | I   | LCD operating voltage input pad   |
| 9       | ĪRQ                   | О   | Time base or Watchdog Timer overflow flag, NMOS open drain output   |
| 10, 11  | $BZ, \overline{BZ}$   | О   | 2kHz or 4kHz tone frequency output pair   |
| 12~14   | T1~T3                 | I   | Not connected   |
| 15~22   | COM0~COM7             | 0   | LCD common outputs  |
| 23~54   | SEG0~SEG31            | О   | LCD segment outputs   |

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Supply Voltage0.3V to 5.5V                     | Storage Temperature50°C to 125°C  |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| Input Voltage $V_{SS}$ -0.3V to $V_{DD}$ +0.3V | Operating Temperature25°C to 75°C |

Note: These are stress ratings only. Stresses exceeding the range specified under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause substantial damage to the device. Functional operation of this device at other conditions beyond those listed in the specification is not implied and prolonged exposure to extreme conditions may affect device reliability.



# D.C. Characteristics

Ta=25°C

| a                  | <b>.</b>                            | ı        | Test Conditions  | 3.51 | m    | 3.5  | Unit |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Symbol             | Parameter                           | $V_{DD}$ | Conditions   | Min. | Тур. | Max. |      |
| $ m V_{DD}$        | Operating Voltage                   | _        |  |      | _    | 5.2  | V    |
| т                  | 0 1: 0 1                            | 3V       | No load/LCD ON   | _    | 80   | 210  | μΑ   |
| $I_{\mathrm{DD1}}$ | Operating Current                   |          | On-chip RC oscillator  | _    | 135  | 415  | μΑ   |
| т                  | 0 1: 0 1                            | 3V       | No load/LCD OFF  | _    | 8    | 30   | μΑ   |
| $I_{\mathrm{DD2}}$ | Operating Current                   | 5V       | On-chip RC oscillator  | _    | 20   | 55   | μΑ   |
| т                  | Ct Il C t                           | 3V       | No load  | _    | 1    | 8    | μΑ   |
| $I_{STB}$          | Standby Current                     | 5V       | Power down mode  | _    | 2    | 16   | μΑ   |
| 17                 | T T                                 | 3V       | DAMA WO GO DD  | 0    | _    | 0.6  | V    |
| $ m V_{IL}$        | Input Low Voltage                   | 5V       | $\overline{\mathrm{DATA}}, \overline{\mathrm{WR}}, \overline{\mathrm{CS}}, \overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ | 0    | _    | 1.0  | V    |
| 17                 | T TT. 1 TT 1:                       | 3V       | DAMA WD GG DD  | 2.4  | _    | 3    | V    |
| $V_{\mathrm{IH}}$  | Input High Voltage                  | 5V       | $\overline{\mathrm{DATA}}, \overline{\mathrm{WR}}, \overline{\mathrm{CS}}, \overline{\mathrm{RD}}$ | 4.0  | _    | 5    | V    |
| T                  | $BZ, \overline{BZ}, \overline{IRQ}$ | 3V       | V <sub>OL</sub> =0.3V  | 0.9  | 1.8  | _    | mA   |
| $I_{OL1}$          |                                     | 5V       | $V_{\rm OL}$ =0.5 $V$  | 1.7  | 3    | _    | mA   |
| T.,                | $\overline{BZ}$                     | 3V       | $V_{\mathrm{OH}}$ =2.7 $V$   | -0.9 | -1.8 | _    | mA   |
| $I_{OH1}$          | BZ, BZ                              | 5V       | V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V  | -1.7 | -3   | _    | mA   |
| т                  | DATA                                | 3V       | $V_{\rm OL}$ =0.3 $V$  | 200  | 450  | _    | μΑ   |
| $I_{OL1}$          |                                     | 5V       | $V_{\rm OL}$ =0.5 $V$  | 250  | 500  | _    | μΑ   |
| T                  | DAMA                                |          | $V_{OH}=2.7V$  | -200 | -450 | _    | μΑ   |
| $I_{OH1}$          | DATA                                | 5V       | $V_{OH}$ =4.5 $V$  | -250 | -500 | _    | μΑ   |
| $I_{OL2}$          | LCD Common Sink Current             | 3V       | $V_{\rm OL}$ =0.3 $V$  | 15   | 40   | _    | μΑ   |
| TOL2               | LCD Common Sink Current             | 5V       | $V_{\rm OL}$ =0.5 $V$  | 100  | 200  | _    | μΑ   |
| Lorra              | LCD Common Source Current           | 3V       | $V_{OH}$ =2.7 $V$  | -15  | -30  |      | μΑ   |
| $ m I_{OH2}$       | LCD Common Source Current           | 5V       | V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V  | -45  | -90  | _    | μΑ   |
| $I_{OL3}$          | LCD Segment Sink Current            | 3V       | $V_{\rm OL}$ =0.3 $V$  | 15   | 30   |      | μΑ   |
| +OL3               | LOD Segment Sink Current            | 5V       | $V_{\rm OL}$ =0.5 $V$  | 70   | 150  | _    | μΑ   |
| $I_{OH3}$          | LCD Segment Source Current          | 3V       | $V_{OH}$ =2.7 $V$  | -6   | -13  | _    | μΑ   |
| +OH3               | LOD beginein bource Current         | 5V       | V <sub>OH</sub> =4.5V  | -20  | -40  | _    | μΑ   |
| $ m R_{PH}$        | Pull-high Resistor                  | 3V       | DATA, $\overline{\mathrm{WR}}$ , $\overline{\mathrm{CS}}$ , $\overline{\mathrm{RD}}$               | 100  | 200  | 300  | kΩ   |
| *PH                | 1 un-mgn nesistor                   | 5V       | DAIA, WIL, CS, ND  | 50   | 100  | 150  | kΩ   |



# A.C. Characteristics

Ta=25°C

| a                   | <b>D</b> (   |                   | <b>Test Conditions</b> | , . I | Тур.               | 7.4  | Unit       |
|---------------------|--|-------------------|------------------------|-------|--------------------|------|------------|
| Symbol              | Parameter  | $\mathbf{V_{DD}}$ | Conditions             | Min.  |                    | max. |            |
| $f_{\mathrm{SYS1}}$ | System Clock   | 3V                | On-chip RC oscillator  | 22    | 32                 | 40   | kHz        |
|                     |  | 5V                |                        | 24    | 32                 | 40   | kHz        |
| c                   |  | 3V                | D                      | _     | 32                 | _    | kHz        |
| $f_{\mathrm{SYS2}}$ | System Clock   | 5V                | External clock source  | _     | 32                 | _    | kHz        |
| r                   | LODE   | 3V                | O 1: PG :11 4          | 44    | 64                 | 80   | Hz         |
| $f_{LCD1}$          | LCD Frame Frequency  | 5V                | On-chip RC oscillator  | 48    | 64                 | 80   | Hz         |
| c                   | LODE   | 3V                | T. 4 1 1 1             | _     | 64                 | _    |            |
| $ m f_{LCD2}$       | LCD Frame Frequency  |                   | External clock source  | _     | 64                 | _    |            |
| $t_{\rm COM}$       | LCD Common Period  | _                 | n: Number of COM       | _     | n/f <sub>LCD</sub> | _    | sec        |
| r                   | G : ID + GL I (WD : )  | 3V                | D 4 1 500              | _     | _                  | 150  | kHz        |
| $f_{CLK1}$          | Serial Data Clock (WR pin)   |                   | Duty cycle 50%         | _     | _                  | 300  | kHz        |
| r                   | Serial Data Clock (RD pin)   |                   | D 4 1 500              | _     | _                  | 75   | kHz        |
| <sup>1</sup> CLK2   |  |                   | Duty cycle 50%         | _     | _                  | 150  | kHz        |
| $t_{CS}$            | Serial Interface Reset Pulse<br>Width (Figure 3)   | _                 | CS                     | _     | 250                | _    | ns         |
|                     |  | 3V<br>5V          | Write mode             | 3.34  | _                  | _    |            |
| 1                   | WR, RD Input Pulse Width (Figure 1)  |                   | Read mode              | 6.67  | _                  | _    | μs         |
| $ m t_{CLK}$        |  |                   | Write mode             | 1.67  | _                  | _    |            |
|                     |  |                   | Read mode              | 3.34  | _                  | _    | μs         |
| + +-                | Rise/Fall Time Serial Data   | 3V                |                        |       | 100                |      |            |
| $t_r, t_f$          | Clock Width (Figure 1)   | 5V                | _                      |       | 120                |      | ns         |
| +                   | Setup Time for DATA to $\overline{WR}$ ,   | 3V                |                        |       | 120                |      | <b>5</b> 0 |
| $ m t_{su}$         | $\overline{\text{RD}}$ Clock Width (Figure 2)  | 5V                | _                      |       | 120                |      | ns         |
| t,                  | Hold Time for DATA to WR,  | 3V                |                        |       | 120                |      | m ~        |
| $\mathrm{t_{h}}$    | RD, Clock Width (Figure 2)   | 5V                | _                      |       | 120                |      | ns         |
| t ,                 | Setup Time for $\overline{\text{CS}}$ to $\overline{\text{WR}}$ , $\overline{\text{RD}}$ | 3V                |                        |       | 100                |      | ns         |
| $ m t_{su1}$        | Clock Width (Figure 3)   | 5V                | _                      |       | 100                |      | 115        |
| t <sub>ib 1</sub>   | Hold Time for $\overline{\text{CS}}$ to $\overline{\text{WR}}$ , $\overline{\text{RD}}$  | 3V                |                        |       | 100                |      | ns         |
| $t_{h1}$            | Clock Width (Figure 3)   | 5V                | _                      |       | 100                | _    | 115        |



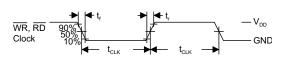
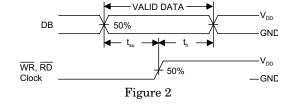


Figure 1



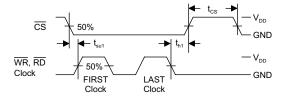


Figure 3

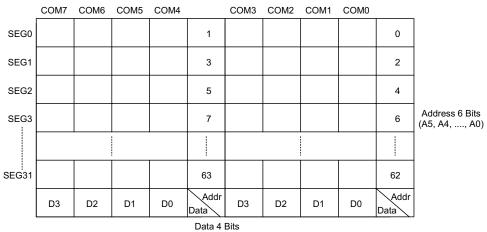
## **Functional Description**

#### Display memory - RAM structure

The static display RAM is organized into  $64\times4$  bits and stores the display data. The contents of the RAM are directly mapped to the contents of the LCD driver. Data in the RAM can be accessed by the READ, WRITE and READ-MODIFY-WRITE commands. The following is a mapping from the RAM to the LCD patterns.

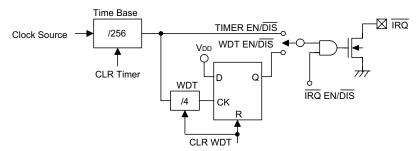
### Time base and Watchdog Timer (WDT)

The time base generator and WDT share the same divided (/256) counter. TIMER DIS/EN/CLR, WDT DIS/EN/CLR and  $\overline{IRQ}$  EN/DIS are independent from each other. Once the WDT time-out occurs, the  $\overline{IRQ}$  pin will remain at logic low level until the CLR WDT or the  $\overline{IRQ}$  DIS command is issued.



(D3. D2. D1. D0) RAM mapping





Timer and WDT configurations

If an external clock is selected as the source of system frequency, the SYS DIS command turns out invalid and the power down mode fails to be carried out until the external clock source is removed.

### **Buzzer tone output**

A simple tone generator is implemented in the HT1622. The tone generator can output a pair of differential driving signals on the BZ and  $\overline{BZ}$  which are used to generate a single tone.

#### **Command format**

The HT1622 can be configured by the software setting. There are two mode commands to configure the HT1622 resource and to transfer the LCD display data.

The following are the data mode ID and the command mode ID:

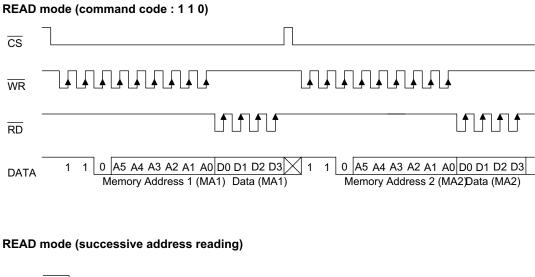
| Operation         | Mode    | ID  |
|-------------------|---------|-----|
| READ              | Data    | 110 |
| WRITE             | Data    | 101 |
| READ-MODIFY-WRITE | Data    | 101 |
| COMMAND           | Command | 100 |

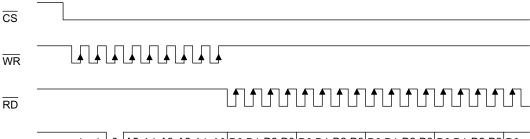
If successive commands have been issued, the command mode ID can be omitted. While the system is operating in a non-successive command or a non-successive address data mode, the  $\overline{CS}$  pin should be set to "1" and the previous operation mode will be reset also. The  $\overline{CS}$  pin returns to "0", a new operation mode ID should be issued first.

| Name     | <b>Command Code</b> | Function                                    |
|----------|---------------------|---|
| TONE OFF | 0000-1000-X         | Turn-off tone output                        |
| TONE 4K  | 010X-XXXX-X         | Turn-on tone output, tone frequency is 4kHz |
| TONE 2K  | 0110-XXXX-X         | Turn-on tone output, tone frequency is 2kHz |

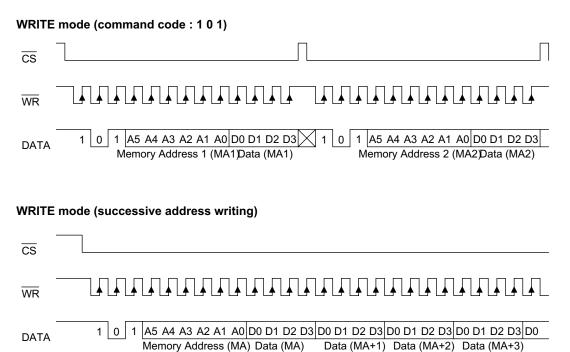


## **Timing Diagrams**



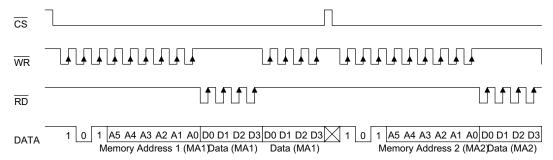




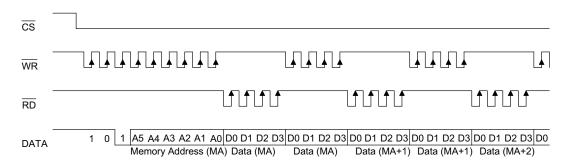




## READ-MODIFY-WRITE mode (command code: 101)

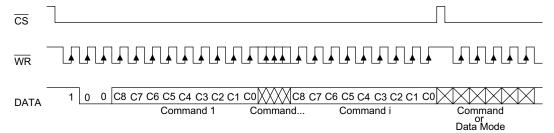


### **EAD-MODIFY-WRITE** mode (successive address accessing)

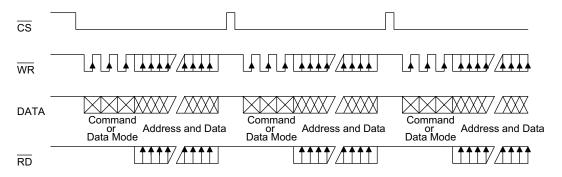




## Command mode (command code: 100)

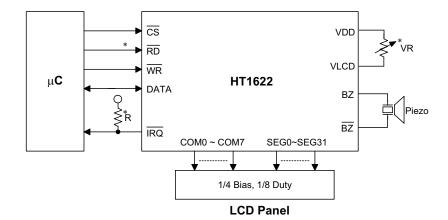


## Mode (data and command mode)





# **Application Circuits**



Note: The connection of  $\overline{IRQ}$  and  $\overline{RD}$  pin can be selected depending on the requirement of the  $\mu C.$ 

The voltage applied to  $V_{LCD}\ \mbox{pin}$  must be lower than  $V_{DD}.$ 

Adjust VR to fit LCD display, at V\_DD=5V, V\_LCD=4V, VR=15k $\Omega\pm20\%.$ 

Adjust R (external pull-high resistance) to fit user s time base clock.



# **Command Summary**

| Name                      | ID    | Command Code  | D/C | Function  | Def. |
|---------------------------|-------|---|-----|---|------|
| READ                      | 110   | A5A4A3A2A1A0D0D1D2D3  | D   | Read data from the RAM  |      |
| WRITE                     | 101   | A5A4A3A2A1A0D0D1D2D3  | D   | Write data to the RAM   |      |
| READ-<br>MODIFY-<br>WRITE | 101   | A5A4A3A2A1A0D0D1D2D3  | D   | Read and Write data to the RAM                                    |      |
| SYS DIS                   | 100   | 0000-0000-X C Turn off both system oscillate LCD bias generator |     | Turn off both system oscillator and LCD bias generator            | Yes  |
| SYS EN                    | 100   | 0000-0001-X   | С   | Turn on system oscillator   |      |
| LCD OFF                   | 100   | 0000-0010-X   | С   | Turn off LCD display  | Yes  |
| LCD ON                    | 100   | 0000-0011-X   | С   | Turn on LCD display   |      |
| TIMER DIS                 | 100   | 0000-0100-X   | С   | Disable time base output  | Yes  |
| WDT DIS                   | 100   | 0000-0101-X   | С   | Disable WDT time-out flag output                                  | Yes  |
| TIMER EN                  | 100   | 0000-0110-X   | С   | Enable time base output   |      |
| WDT EN                    | 100   | 0000-0111-X   | С   | Enable WDT time-out flag output                                   |      |
| TONE OFF                  | 100   | 0000-1000-X   | С   | Turn off tone outputs   | Yes  |
| CLR TIMER                 | 100   | 0000-1101-X   | С   | Clear the contents of the time base generator                     |      |
| CLR WDT                   | 100   | 0000-1111-X   | С   | Clear the contents of WDT stage                                   |      |
| RC 32K                    | 1 0 0 | 0001-10XX-X   | С   | System clock source, on-chip RC oscillator                        | Yes  |
| EXT 32K                   | 100   | 0001-11XX-X   | С   | System clock source, external clock source                        |      |
| TONE 4K                   | 100   | 010X-XXXX-X   | С   | Tone frequency output: 4kHz                                       |      |
| TONE 2K                   | 100   | 0110-XXXX-X   | С   | Tone frequency output: 2kHz                                       |      |
| ĪRQ DIS                   | 100   | 100X-0XXX-X   | С   | Disable $\overline{\text{IRQ}}$ output                            | Yes  |
| ĪRQ EN                    | 100   | 100X-1XXX-X   | С   | Enable $\overline{ m IRQ}$ output                                 |      |
| F1                        | 100   | 101X-0000-X   | С   | Time base clock output: 1Hz<br>The WDT time-out flag after: 4s    |      |
| F2                        | 100   | 101X-0001-X   | С   | Time base clock output: 2Hz<br>The WDT time-out flag after: 2s    |      |
| F4                        | 1 0 0 | 101X-0010-X   | С   | Time base clock output: 4Hz<br>The WDT time-out flag after: 1s    |      |
| F8                        | 1 0 0 | 101X-0011-X   | С   | Time base clock output: 8Hz<br>The WDT time-out flag after: 1/2 s |      |

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| Name   | ID  | Command Code | D/C | Function   | Def. |
|--------|-----|--------------|-----|--|------|
| F16    | 100 | 101X-0100-X  | С   | Time base clock output: 16Hz<br>The WDT time-out flag after: 1/4 s   |      |
| F32    | 100 | 101X-0101-X  | С   | Time base clock output: 32Hz<br>The WDT time-out flag after: 1/8 s   |      |
| F64    | 100 | 101X-0110-X  | С   | Time base clock output: 64Hz<br>The WDT time-out flag after: 1/16 s  |      |
| F128   | 100 | 101X-0111-X  | С   | Time base clock output: 128Hz<br>The WDT time-out flag after: 1/32 s | Yes  |
| TEST   | 100 | 1110-0000-X  | С   | Test mode, user don t use.   |      |
| NORMAL | 100 | 1110-0011-X  | С   | Normal mode  | Yes  |

Note: X:Don t care

A5~A0 : RAM address D3~D0 : RAM data

D/C : Data/Command mode
Def. : Power on reset default

All the bold forms, namely  $1\,1\,0,1\,0\,1$ , and  $1\,0\,0$ , are mode commands. Of these,  $1\,0\,0$  indicates the command mode ID. If successive commands have been issued, the command mode ID except for the first command will be omitted. The source of the tone frequency and of the time base/WDT clock frequency can be derived from an on-chip 32kHz RC oscillator or an external 32kHz clock. Calculation of the frequency is based on the system frequency sources as stated above. It is recommended that the host controller should initialize the HT1622 after power on reset, for power on reset may fail, which in turn leads to the malfunctioning of the HT1622.

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