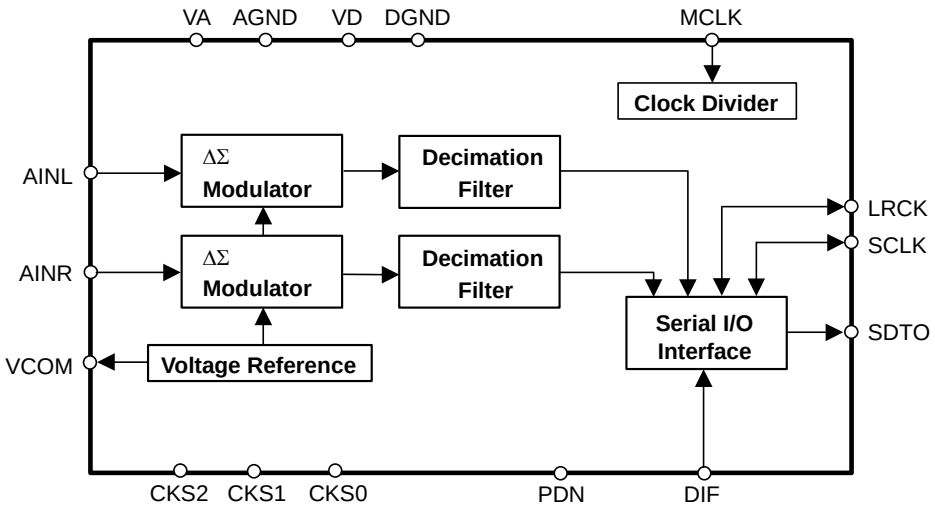
AK5357
24Bit 96kHz ΔΣ ADC

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AK5357 is a stereo A/D Converter with wide sampling rate of 4kHz ~ 96kHz and is suitable for multimedia audio system. The AK5357 achieves high accuracy and low cost by using Enhanced dual bit ΔΣ techniques. The AK5357 requires no external components because the analog inputs are single-ended. The audio interface has two formats (MSB justified, I^2S) and can correspond to many systems like Karaoke, surround.

FEATURES

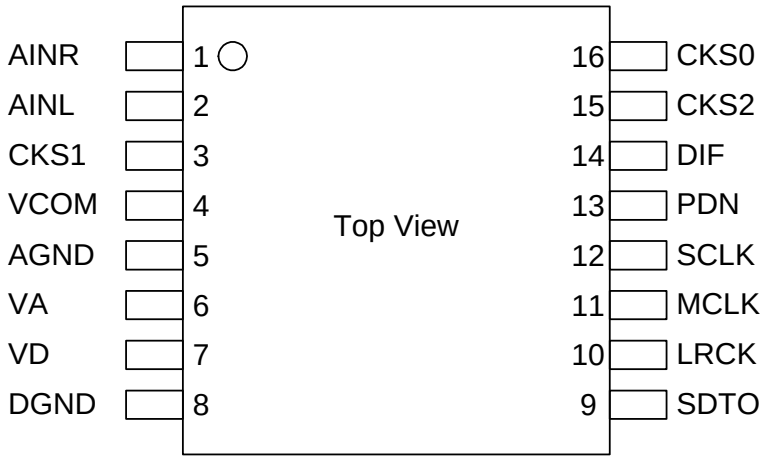
- **Stereo ΔΣ ADC**
- **On-Chip Digital Anti-Alias Filtering**
- **Single-ended Input**
- **Digital HPF for DC-Offset cancel**
- **S/(N+D): 88dB@5V, 86dB@3V for 48kHz**
- **DR: 102dB@5V, 100dB@3V for 48kHz**
- **S/N: 102dB@5V, 100dB@3V for 48kHz**
- **Sampling Rate Ranging from 4kHz to 96kHz**
- **Master Clock:**
  - **256fs/384fs/512fs/768fs (4kHz ~ 48kHz)**
  - **256fs/384fs (48kHz ~ 96kHz)**
- **Input level: TTL/CMOS selectable**
- **Master / Slave Mode**
- **Audio Interface: 24bit MSB justified / I^2S selectable**
- **Power Supply: 2.7 ~ 5.5V**
- **Ta = –40 ~ 85°C**
- **Small 16pin TSSOP Package**
- **AK5381 Pin-compatible**



■ Ordering Guide

AK5357VT	–40 ~ +85°C	16pin TSSOP (0.65mm pitch)
AKD5357	Evaluation Board for AK5357	

■ Pin Layout



■ Compatibility with AK5353 and AK5381

	AK5353	AK5381	AK5357
S/(N+D)	84dB	96dB	88dB
DR	96dB	106dB	102dB
Master Mode	Not Available	Available	Available
HPF OFF	Not Available	Available	Available
TTL Level Mode	4kHz to 96kHz	4kHz to 48kHz	4kHz to 96kHz
VIH@TTL Level Mode	2.2V	2.4V	2.2V
VA (Analog Supply)	2.7 to 5.5V@fs=48kHz 4.5 to 5.5V@fs=96kHz	4.5 to 5.5V@fs=48/96kHz	2.7 to 5.5V@fs=48/96kHz
VD (Digital Supply)	4.5 to 5.5V@fs=96kHz	3.0 to 5.5V@fs=96kHz	2.7 to 5.5V@fs=96kHz
Pin #3	VREF	CKS1	CKS1
Pin #15	TTL	CKS2	CKS2
Pin #16	TST	CKS0	CKS0

PIN / FUNCTION

No.	Pin Name	I/O	Function
1	AINR	I	Rch Analog Input Pin
2	AINL	I	Lch Analog Input Pin
3	CKS1	I	Mode Select 1 Pin
4	VCOM	O	Common Voltage Output Pin, VA/2 Bias voltage of ADC input.
5	AGND	-	Analog Ground Pin
6	VA	-	Analog Power Supply Pin, 2.7 ~ 5.5V
7	VD	-	Digital Power Supply Pin, 2.7 ~ 5.5V
8	DGND	-	Digital Ground Pin
9	SDTO	O	Audio Serial Data Output Pin "L" Output at Power-down mode.
10	LRCK	I/O	Output Channel Clock Pin "L" Output in Master Mode at Power-down mode.
11	MCLK	I	Master Clock Input Pin
12	SCLK	I/O	Audio Serial Data Clock Pin "L" Output in Master Mode at Power-down mode.
13	PDN	I	Power Down Mode Pin "H": Power up, "L": Power down
14	DIF	I	Audio Interface Format Pin "H" : 24bit I^2S Compatible, "L" : 24bit MSB justified
15	CKS2	I	Mode Select 2 Pin
16	CKS0	I	Mode Select 0 Pin

Note: All digital input pins should not be left floating.

■ Handling of Unused Pin

The unused input pins should be processed appropriately as below.

Classification	Pin Name	Setting
Analog	AINL	This pin should be open.
	AINR	This pin should be open.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(AGND, DGND=0V; Note 1)

Parameter		Symbol	min	max	Units
Power Supplies:	Analog	VA	–0.3	6.0	V
	Digital	VD	–0.3	6.0	V
	|AGND – DGND| (Note 2)	ΔGND	-	0.3	V
Input Current, Any Pin Except Supplies		IIN	-	±10	mA
Analog Input Voltage (AINL, AINR, CKS1 pins)		VINA	–0.3	VA+0.3	V
Digital Input Voltage (All digital input pins)		VIND	–0.3	VD+0.3	V
Ambient Temperature (powered applied)		Ta	–40	85	°C
Storage Temperature		Tstg	–65	150	°C

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.
Note 2. AGND and DGND must be connected to the same analog ground plane.

WARNING: Operation at or beyond these limits may result in permanent damage to the device.
Normal operation is not guaranteed at these extremes.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(AGND, DGND=0V; Note 1)

Parameter		Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Power Supplies	Analog	VA	2.7	5.0	5.5	V
(Note 3)	Digital	VD	2.7	5.0	VA	V

Note 1. All voltages with respect to ground.
Note 3. The power up sequence between VA and VD is not critical.

WARNING: AKM assumes no responsibility for the usage beyond the conditions in this datasheet.

ANALOG CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25°C; VA=VD=5.0V; AGND=DGND=0V; fs=48kHz, 96kHz; SCLK=64fs; Signal Frequency=1kHz; 24bit Data; Measurement frequency=20Hz ~ 20kHz at fs=48kHz, 40Hz ~ 40kHz at fs=96kHz; unless otherwise specified)

Parameter			min	typ	max	Units
ADC Analog Input Characteristics:						
Resolution					24	Bits
Input Voltage (Note 4)		VA=5V	2.7	3.0	3.3	Vpp
		VA=3V	-	1.8	-	Vpp
S/(N+D) (–1dBFS)	VA=5V	fs=48kHz	78	88		dB
		fs=96kHz	-	86		dB
	VA=3V	fs=48kHz	-	86		dB
		fs=96kHz	-	84		dB
DR (–60dBFS)	VA=5V	fs=48kHz, A-weighted	94	102		dB
		fs=96kHz	88	97		dB
	VA=3V	fs=48kHz, A-weighted	-	100		dB
		fs=96kHz	-	95		dB
S/N	VA=5V	fs=48kHz, A-weighted	94	102		dB
		fs=96kHz	88	97		dB
	VA=3V	fs=48kHz, A-weighted	-	100		dB
		fs=96kHz	-	95		dB
Input Resistance		fs=48kHz	13	20		kΩ
		fs=96kHz	9	14		kΩ
Interchannel Isolation			90	110		dB
Interchannel Gain Mismatch				0.1	0.5	dB
Gain Drift				100	-	ppm/°C
Power Supply Rejection (Note 5)			-	50		dB
Power Supplies						
Power Supply Current						
Normal Operation (PDN pin = "H")						
VA				11	17	mA
VD	(fs=48kHz)	(Note 6)		3	5	mA
VD	(fs=96kHz)	(Note 7)		6	9	mA
Power down mode (PDN pin = "L") (Note 8)						
VA+VD				10	100	μA

Note 4. This value is the full scale (0dB) of the input voltage. Input voltage is proportional to VA voltage.
Vin = 0.6 x VA (Vpp).
Note 5. PSR is applied to VA and VD with 1kHz, 50mVpp.
Note 6. VD=2mA@3V
Note 7. VD=4mA@3V
Note 8. All digital input pins are held VD or DGND.

FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs=48kHz)

(Ta=–40 ~ 85°C; VA, VD=2.7 ~ 5.5V)

Parameter		Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
ADC Digital Filter (Decimation LPF):						
Passband (Note 9)	±0.1dB	PB	0		18.9	kHz
	–0.2dB		-	20.0	-	kHz
	–3.0dB		-	23.0	-	kHz
Stopband		SB	28			kHz
Passband Ripple		PR			±0.04	dB
Stopband Attenuation		SA	68			dB
Group Delay Distortion		ΔGD		0		μs
Group Delay (Note 10)		GD		16		1/fs
ADC Digital Filter (HPF):						
Frequency Response (Note 9)	–3dB	FR		1.0		Hz
	–0.1dB			6.5		Hz

FILTER CHARACTERISTICS (fs=96kHz)

(Ta=–40 ~ 85°C; VA, VD=2.7 ~ 5.5V)

Parameter		Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
ADC Digital Filter (Decimation LPF):						
Passband (Note 9)	±0.1dB	PB	0		37.8	kHz
	–0.2dB		-	40.0	-	kHz
	–3.0dB		-	46.0	-	kHz
Stopband		SB	56			kHz
Passband Ripple		PR			±0.04	dB
Stopband Attenuation		SA	68			dB
Group Delay Distortion		ΔGD		0		μs
Group Delay (Note 10)		GD		16		1/fs
ADC Digital Filter (HPF):						
Frequency Response (Note 9)	–3dB	FR		2.0		Hz
	–0.1dB			13.0		Hz

Note 9. The passband and stopband frequencies scale with fs.
For example, PB=18.9kHz@±0.1dB is 0.39375 × fs.

Note 10. The calculated delay time induced by digital filtering. This time is from the input of an analog signal to the setting of 24bit data both channels to the ADC output register for ADC.

DC CHARACTERISTICS (CMOS Level Mode)

(Ta=−40 ~ 85°C; VA, VD=2.7 ~ 5.5V)

Parameter		Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
High-Level Input Voltage		VIH	70%VD	-	-	V
Low-Level Input Voltage		VIL	-	-	30%VD	V
High-Level Output Voltage	(Iout=−1mA)	VOH	VD−0.5	-	-	V
Low-Level Output Voltage	(Iout=1mA)	VOL	-	-	0.5	V
Input Leakage Current		Iin	-	-	±10	μA

DC CHARACTERISTICS (TTL Level Mode)

(Ta=−40 ~ 85°C; VA, VD=4.5 ~ 5.5V)

Parameter		Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
High-Level Input Voltage	(CKS2-0 pins)	VIH	70%VD	-	-	V
	(All pins except CKS2-0 pins)	VIH	2.2	-	-	V
Low-Level Input Voltage	(CKS2-0 pins)	VIL	-	-	30%VD	V
	(All pins except CKS2-0 pins)	VIL	-	-	0.8	V
High-Level Output Voltage	(Iout=−1mA)	VOH	VD−0.5	-	-	V
Low-Level Output Voltage	(Iout=1mA)	VOL	-	-	0.5	V
Input Leakage Current		Iin	-	-	±10	μA

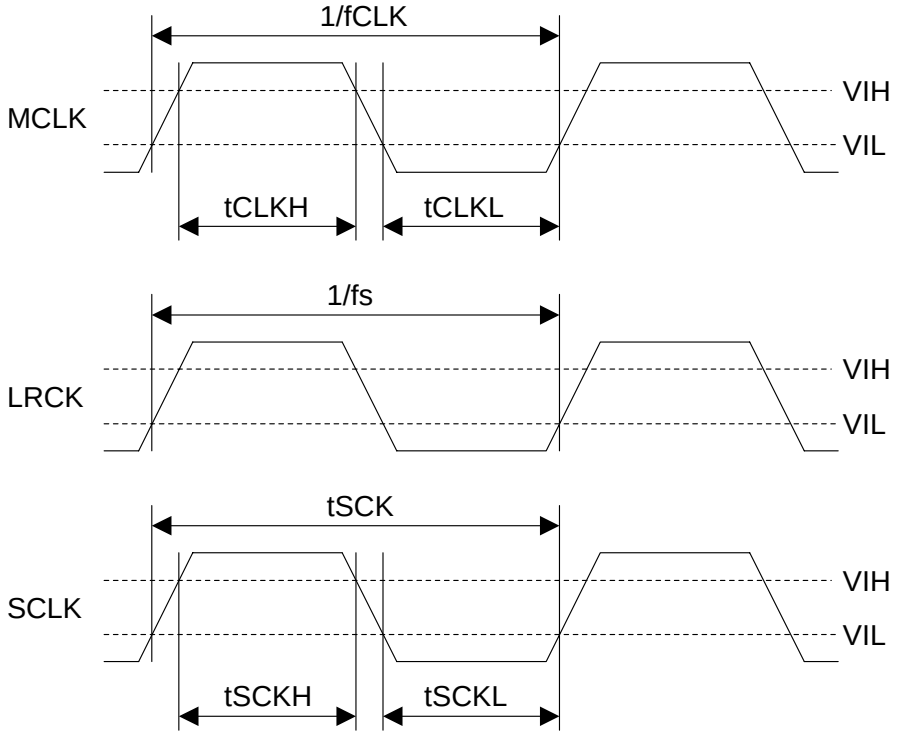
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=−40 ~ 85°C; VA, VD=2.7 ~ 5.5V; C_L=20pF)

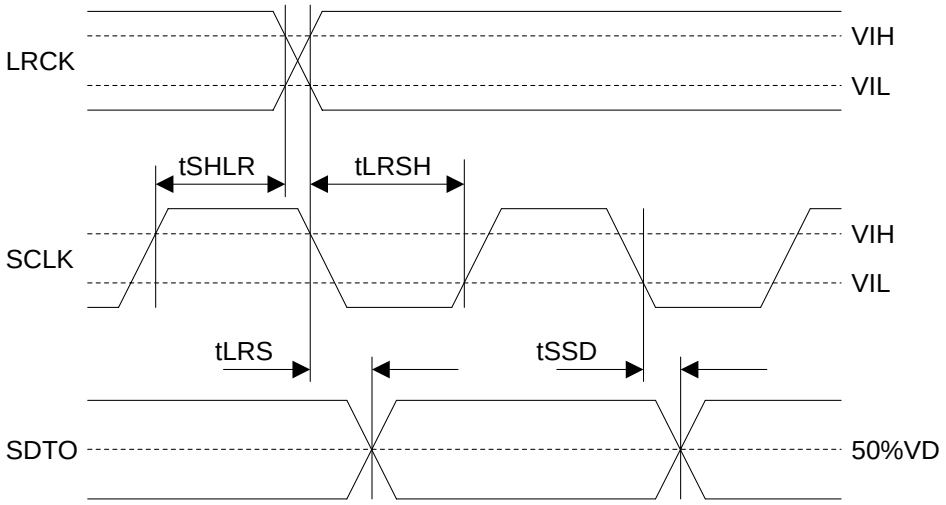
Parameter			Symbol	min	typ	max	Units
Master Clock Timing							
Frequency			fCLK	1.024		36.864	MHz
Pulse Width Low			tCLKL	0.4/fCLK			ns
Pulse Width High			tCLKH	0.4/fCLK			ns
LRCK Frequency			fs	4		96	kHz
	Duty Cycle	Slave mode		45		55	%
		Master mode			50		%
Audio Interface Timing							
	Slave mode						
	SCLK Period		tSCK	160			ns
	SCLK Pulse Width Low		tSCKL	65			ns
	Pulse Width High		tSCKH	65			ns
	LRCK Edge to SCLK "↑"	(Note 11)	tLRSH	30			ns
	SCLK "↑" to LRCK Edge	(Note 11)	tSHLR	30			ns
	LRCK to SDTO (MSB) (Except I^2S mode)		tLRS			35	ns
	SCLK "↓" to SDTO		tSSD			35	ns
	Master mode						
	SCLK Frequency		fSCK		64fs		Hz
	SCLK Duty		dSCK		50		%
	SCLK "↓" to LRCK		tMSLR	−20		20	ns
	SCLK "↓" to SDTO		tSSD	−20		35	ns
Reset Timing							
PDN Pulse Width		(Note 12)	tPD	150			ns
PDN "↑" to SDTO valid at Slave Mode		(Note 13)	tPDV		4132		1/fs
PDN "↑" to SDTO valid at Master Mode		(Note 13)	tPDV		4129		1/fs

Note 11. SCLK rising edge must not occur at the same time as LRCK edge.
Note 12. The AK5357 can be reset by bringing the PDN pin = "L".
Note 13. This cycle is the number of LRCK rising edges from the PDN pin = "H".

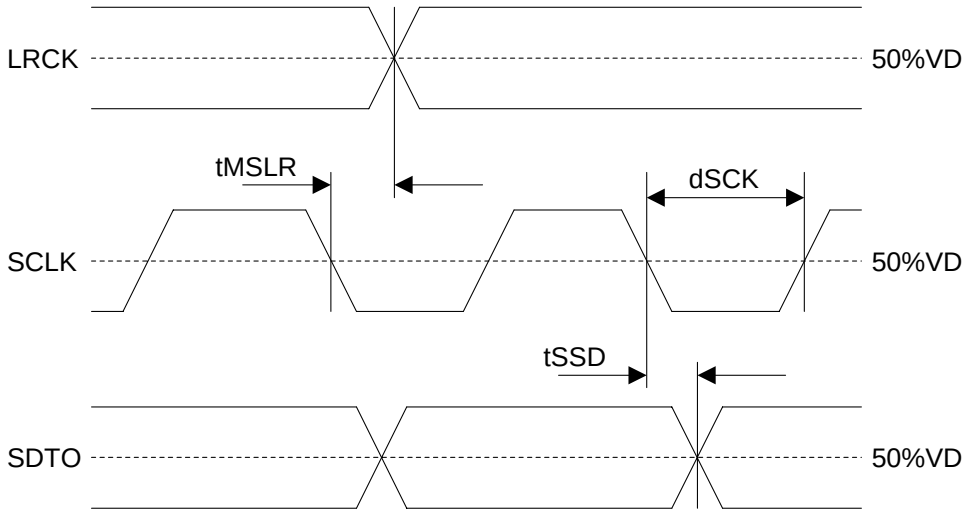
■ **Timing Diagram**



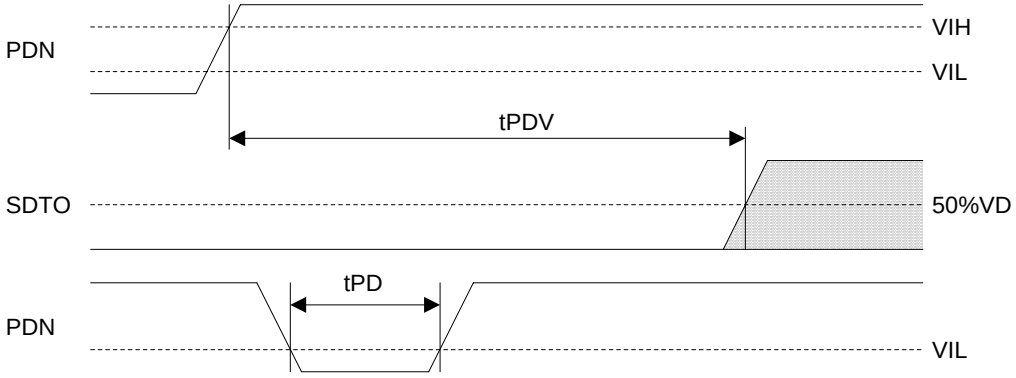
Clock Timing



Audio Interface Timing (Slave mode)



Audio Interface Timing (Master mode)



Power Down & Reset Timing

OPERATION OVERVIEW

■ System Clock

MCLK (256fs/384fs/512fs), SCLK and LRCK (fs) clocks are required in slave mode. The LRCK clock input must be synchronized with MCLK, however the phase is not critical. Table 1 shows the relationship of typical sampling frequency and the system clock frequency. MCLK frequency, SCLK frequency, HPF (ON or OFF), the input level (CMOS or TTL) and master/slave are selected by CKS2-0 pins as shown in Table 2.

All external clocks (MCLK, SCLK and LRCK) must be present unless PDN pin = "L". If these clocks are not provided, the AK5357 may draw excess current due to its use of internal dynamically refreshed logic. If the external clocks are not present, place the AK5357 in power-down mode (PDN pin = "L"). In master mode, the master clock (MCLK) must be provided unless PDN pin = "L".

fs	MCLK			
	256fs	384fs	512fs	768fs
32kHz	8.192MHz	12.288MHz	16.384MHz	24.576MHz
44.1kHz	11.2896MHz	16.9344MHz	22.5792MHz	33.8688MHz
48kHz	12.288MHz	18.432MHz	24.576MHz	36.864MHz
96kHz	24.576MHz	36.864MHz	N/A	N/A

Table 1. System Clock Example

CKS2	CKS1	CKS0	Input Level	HPF	Master/Slave	MCLK	SCLK
L	L	L	CMOS	ON	Slave	256/384fs (~ 96kHz) 512/768fs (~ 48kHz)	≥ 48fs or 32fs
L	L	H	CMOS	OFF	Slave	256/384fs (~ 96kHz) 512/768fs (~ 48kHz)	≥ 48fs or 32fs
L	H	L	CMOS	ON	Master	256fs (~ 96kHz)	64fs
L	H	H	CMOS	ON	Master	512fs (~ 48kHz)	64fs
H	L	L	TTL	ON	Slave	256/384fs (~ 96kHz) 512/768fs (~ 48kHz)	≥ 48fs or 32fs
H	L	H	Reserved				
H	H	L	CMOS	ON	Master	384fs (~ 96kHz)	64fs
H	H	H	CMOS	ON	Master	768fs (~ 48kHz)	64fs

Table 2. Mode Select

Note: SDTO outputs 16bit data at SCLK=32fs.

■ Audio Interface Format

Two kinds of data formats can be chosen with the DIF pin (Table 3). In both modes, the serial data is in MSB first, 2's compliment format. The SDTO is clocked out on the falling edge of SCLK. The audio interface supports both master and slave modes. In master mode, SCLK and LRCK are output with the SCLK frequency fixed to 64fs and the LRCK frequency fixed to 1fs.

Mode	DIF pin	SDTO	LRCK	SCLK	Figure
0	L	24bit, MSB justified	H/L	≥ 48fs or 32fs	Figure 1
1	H	24bit, I^2S Compatible	L/H	≥ 48fs or 32fs	Figure 2

Table 3. Audio Interface Format

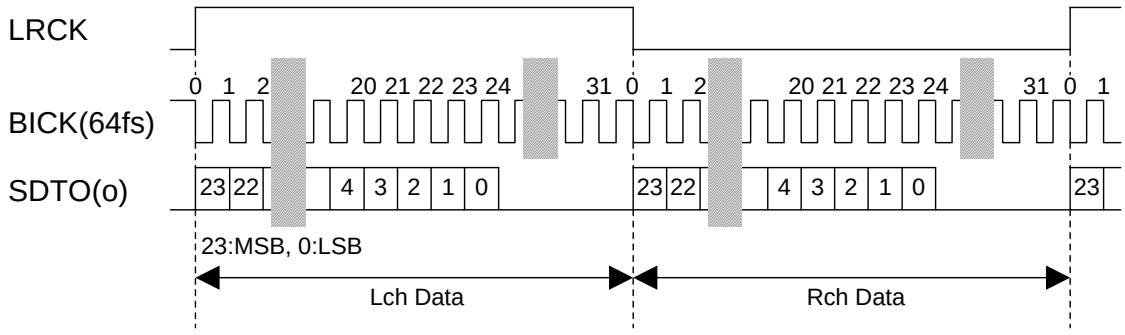


Figure 1. Mode 0 Timing

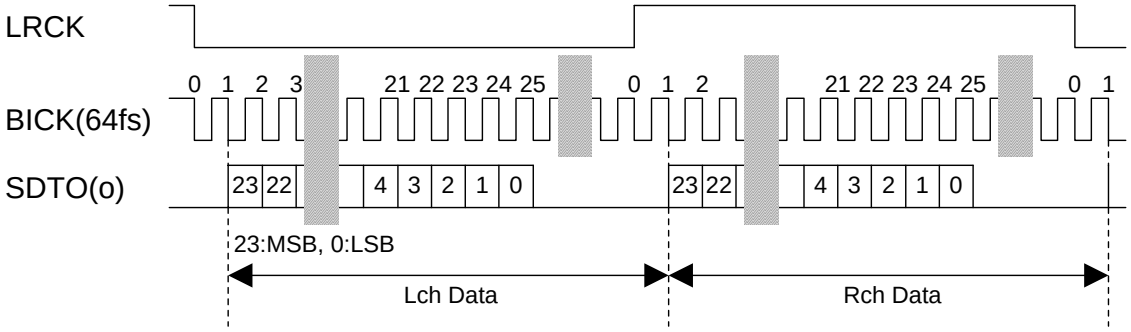


Figure 2. Mode 1 Timing

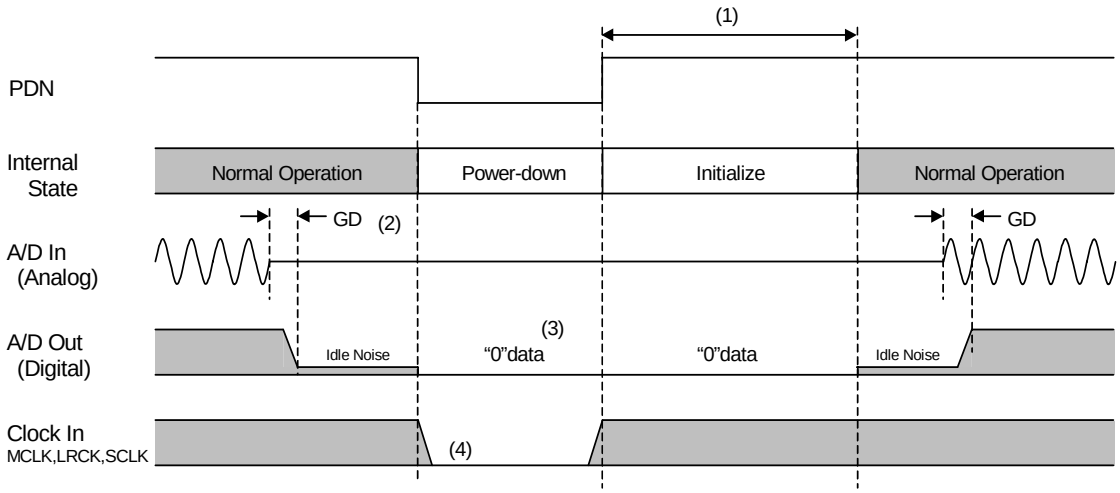
■ Digital High Pass Filter

The ADC has a digital high pass filter for DC offset cancellation. The cut-off frequency of the HPF is 1.0Hz (@fs=48kHz) and scales with sampling rate (fs).

HPF is controlled by CKS2-0 pins (Table 2). If HPF setting (ON/OFF) is changed at operating, click noise occurs by changing DC offset. It is recommended that HPF setting is changed at PDN pin = “L”.

■ Power down

The AK5357 is placed in the power-down mode by bringing PDN pin "L" and the digital filter is also reset at the same time. This reset should always be done after power-up. In the power-down mode, the VCOM are AGND level. An analog initialization cycle starts after exiting the power-down mode. Therefore, the output data SDTO becomes available after 4129 cycles of LRCK clock in master mode or 4132 cycles of LRCK clock in slave mode. During initialization, the ADC digital data outputs of both channels are forced to a 2's complement "0". The ADC outputs settle in the data corresponding to the input signals after the end of initialization (Settling approximately takes the group delay time).



Notes:
(1) 4132/fs in slave mode and 4129/fs in master mode.
(2) Digital output corresponding to analog input has the group delay (GD).
(3) A/D output is "0" data at the power-down state.
(4) When the external clocks (MCLK, SCLK, LRCK) are stopped, the AK5357 should be in the power-down state.

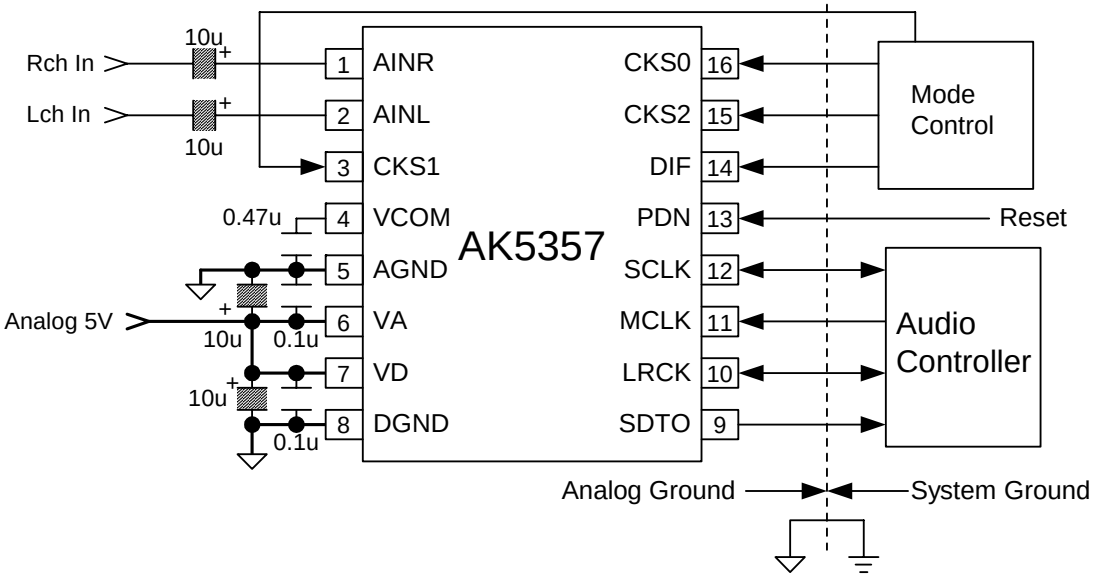
Figure 3. Power-down/up sequence example

■ System Reset

The AK5357 should be reset once by bringing PDN pin "L" after power-up. In slave mode, the internal timing starts clocking by the rising edge (falling edge at mode 1) of LRCK after exiting from reset and power down state by MCLK. The AK5357 is power down state until LRCK is input. In master mode, the internal timing starts when MCLK is input.

SYSTEM DESIGN

Figure 4 shows the system connection diagram. An evaluation board is available which demonstrates application circuits, the optimum layout, power supply arrangements and measurement results.



Note:
- AGND and DGND of the AK5357 should be distributed separately from the ground of external digital devices (MPU, DSP etc.).
- All digital input pins should not be left floating.
- The CKS1 pin should be connected to VA or AGND.

Figure 4. Typical Connection Diagram

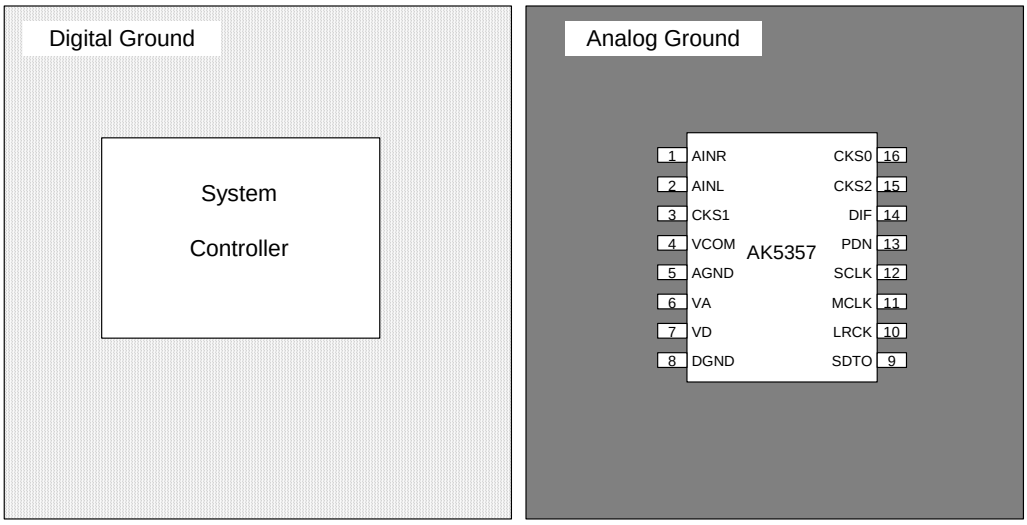


Figure 5. Ground Layout

Note:
- AGND and DGND must be connected to the same analog ground plane.

1. Grounding and Power Supply Decoupling

The AK5357 requires careful attention to power supply and grounding arrangements. Alternatively if VA and VD are supplied separately, the power up sequence is not critical. **AGND and DGND of the AK5357 must be connected to analog ground plane.** System analog ground and digital ground should be connected together near to where the supplies are brought onto the printed circuit board. Decoupling capacitors should be as near to the AK5357 as possible, with the small value ceramic capacitor being the nearest.

2. Voltage Reference

The voltage input to VA sets the analog input range. VCOM are 50%VA and normally connected to AGND with a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor. A ceramic capacitor 0.47μF attached to VCOM pin eliminates the effects of high frequency noise. No load current may be drawn from these pins. All signals, especially clocks, should be kept away from the VCOM pin in order to avoid unwanted coupling into the AK5357.

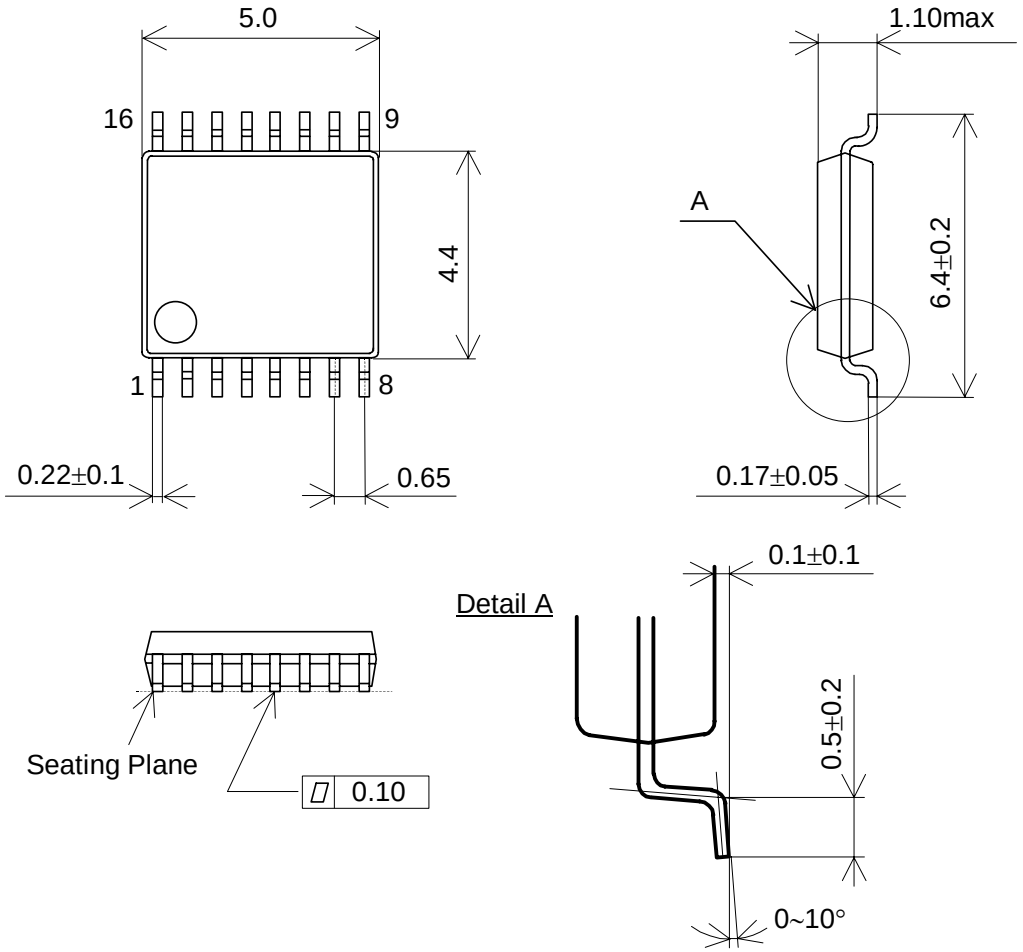
3. Analog Inputs

The ADC inputs are single-ended and internally biased to the common voltage (50%VA) with 20kΩ (typ@fs=48kHz) resistance. The input signal range scales with the supply voltage and nominally 0.6xVA Vpp (typ). The ADC output data format is 2's complement. The DC offset is removed by the internal HPF.

The AK5357 samples the analog inputs at 64fs. The digital filter rejects noise above the stop band except for multiples of 64fs. The AK5357 includes an anti-aliasing filter (RC filter) to attenuate a noise around 64fs.

PACKAGE

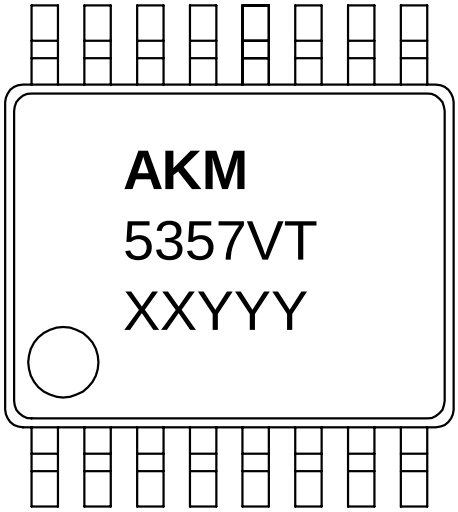
16pin TSSOP (Unit: mm)



■ **Material & Lead finish**

Package molding compound:	Epoxy
Lead frame material:	Cu
Lead frame surface treatment:	Solder (Pb free) plate

MARKING



1) Pin #1 indication
2) Date Code : XXYYY (5 digits)
   XX: Lot#
   YYY: Date Code
3) Marketing Code : 5357VT

Revision History

Date (YY/MM/DD)	Revision	Reason	Page	Contents
04/2/24	00	First Edition		

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