19-2438; Rev 2; 2/03

MAXIM

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

General Description

The MAX7301 compact, serial-interfaced I/O expander (or general-purpose I/O (GPIO) peripheral) provides microprocessors with up to 28 ports. Each port is individually user configurable to either a logic input or logic output.

Each port can be configured either as a push-pull logic output capable of sinking 10mA and sourcing 4.5mA, or a Schmitt logic input with optional internal pullup. Seven ports feature configurable transition detection logic, which generates an interrupt upon change of port logic level. The MAX7301 is controlled through an SPI™-compatible 4-wire serial interface.

The MAX7301AAX and MAX7301AGL have 28 ports and are available in 36-pin SSOP and 40-pin QFN packages, respectively. The MAX7301AAI and MAX7301ANI have 20 ports and are available in 28-pin SSOP and 28-pin DIP packages, respectively.

For a 2-wire interfaced version, refer to the MAX7300 data sheet.

Applications

White Goods

Automotive

Gaming Machines

Industrial Controllers

System Monitoring

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

SPI and QSPI are trademarks of Motorola, Inc.

MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corp.

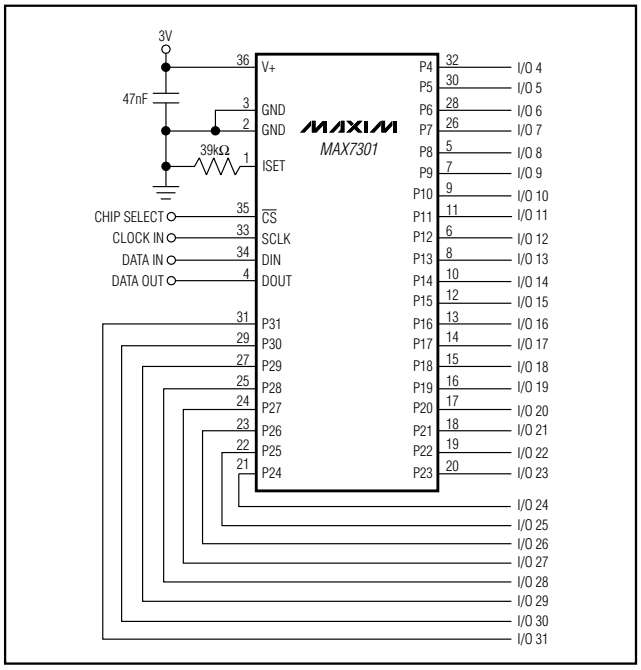
Features

- **High-Speed 26MHz SPI-/QSPI-™/MICROWIRE™-Compatible Serial Interface**
- **2.5V to 5.5V Operation**
- **-40°C to +125°C Temperature Range**
- **20 or 28 I/O Ports, Each Configurable as**
  Push-Pull Logic Output
  Schmitt Logic Input
  Schmitt Logic Input with Internal Pullup
- **11µA (max) Shutdown Current**
- **Logic Transition Detection for Seven I/O Ports**

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX7301ANI	-40°C to +125°C	28 DIP
MAX7301AAI	-40°C to +125°C	28 SSOP
MAX7301AAX	-40°C to +125°C	36 SSOP
MAX7301AGL	-40°C to +125°C	40 QFN

Typical Operating Circuit



For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Voltage (with respect to GND)
V+ .....-0.3V to +6V
All Other pins.....-0.3V to (V+ + 0.3V)
P4–P31 Current .....±30mA
GND Current 800mA
Continuous Power Dissipation (T_A = +70°C)
28-Pin PDIP (derate 20.8mW/°C above +70°C).....1667mW
28-Pin SSOP (derate 9.5mW/°C above +70°C) 762mW
36-Pin SSOP (derate 11.8mW/°C above +70°C) 941mW
40-Pin QFN (derate 23.25mW/°C above +70°C) 1860mW
Operating Temperature Range
(T_{MIN}, T_{MAX}) .....-40°C to +125°C
Junction Temperature .....+150°C
Storage Temperature Range .....-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Typical Operating Circuit, V+ = 2.5V to 5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Operating Supply Voltage	V+			2.5		5.5	V
Shutdown Supply Current	I_{SHDN}	All digital inputs at V+ or GND	T_A = +25°C		5.5	8	µA
			T_A = -40°C to +85°C			10	
			T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}			11	
Operating Supply Current (Output High)	I_{GPOH}	All ports programmed as outputs high, no load, all other inputs at V+ or GND	T_A = +25°C		180	230	µA
			T_A = -40°C to +85°C			250	
			T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}			270	
Operating Supply Current (Output Low)	I_{GPOL}	All ports programmed as outputs low, no load, all other inputs at V+ or GND	T_A = +25°C		170	210	µA
			T_A = -40°C to +85°C			230	
			T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}			240	
Operating Supply Current (Input)	I_{GPI}	All ports programmed as inputs without pullup, ports, and all other inputs at V+ or GND	T_A = +25°C		110	135	µA
			T_A = -40°C to +85°C			140	
			T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}			145	
INPUTS AND OUTPUTS							
Logic High Input Voltage Port Inputs	V_{IH}			0.7 × V+			V
Logic Low Input Voltage Port Inputs	V_{IL}					0.3 × V+	V
Input Leakage Current	I_{IH}, I_{IL}	GPIO inputs without pullup, VPORT = V+ to GND		-100	±1	+100	nA
GPIO Input Internal Pullup to V+	I_{PU}	V+ = 2.5V		12	19	30	µA
		V+ = 5.5V		80	120	180	
Hysteresis Voltage GPIO Inputs	ΔV_I				0.3		V
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	GPIO outputs, I_{SOURCE} = 2mA, T_A = -40°C to +85°C		V+ - 0.7			V
		GPIO outputs, I_{SOURCE} = 1mA, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX} (Note 2)		V+ - 0.7			

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(Typical Operating Circuit, V+ = 2.5V to 5.5V, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Port Sink Current	I_{OL}	V_{PORT} = 0.6V	2	10	18	mA
Output Short-Circuit Current	I_{OLSC}	Port configured output low, shorted to V+	2.75	11	20	mA
Input High-Voltage SCLK, DIN, $\overline{CS}$	V_{IH}	V+ ≤ 3.3V	1.6			V
		V+ > 3.3V	2			
Input Low-Voltage SCLK, DIN, $\overline{CS}$	V_{IL}				0.6	V
Input Leakage Current SCLK, DIN, $\overline{CS}$	I_{IH}, I_{IL}		-50		+50	nA
Output High-Voltage DOUT	V_{OH}	I_{SOURCE} = 1.6mA	V+ - 0.5			V
Output Low-Voltage DOUT	V_{OL}	I_{SINK} = 1.6mA			0.4	V

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (Figure 3)

(V+ = 2.5V to 5.5V, $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
CLK Clock Period	t_{CP}		38.4			ns
CLK Pulse Width High	t_{CH}		19			ns
CLK Pulse Width Low	t_{CL}		19			ns
$\overline{CS}$ Fall to SCLK Rise Setup Time	t_{CSS}		9.5			ns
CLK Rise to $\overline{CS}$ Rise Hold Time	t_{CSH}		0			ns
DIN Setup Time	t_{DS}		9.5			ns
DIN Hold Time	t_{DH}		0			ns
Output Data Propagation Delay	t_{DO}	C_{LOAD} = 25pF			21	ns
Minimum $\overline{CS}$ Pulse High	t_{CSW}		19			ns

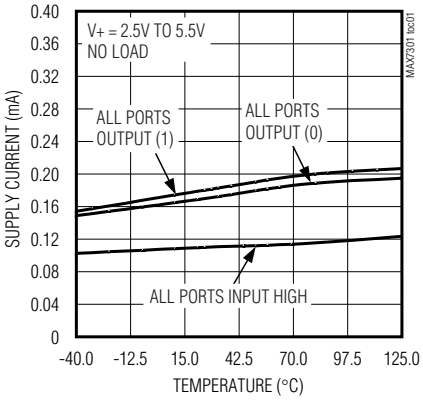
Note 1: All parameters tested at T_A = +25°C. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.
Note 2: Guaranteed by design.

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

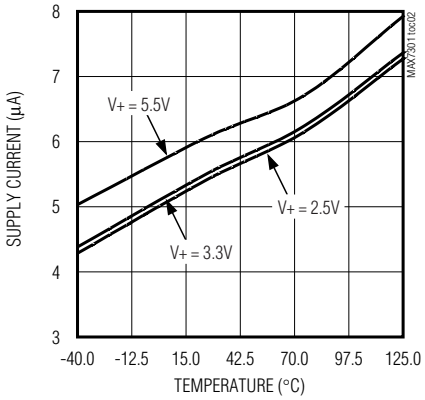
Typical Operating Characteristics

(T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

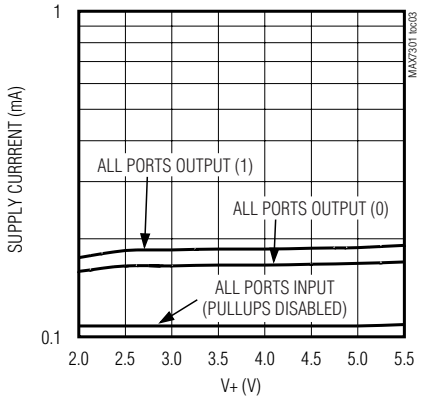
OPERATING SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE



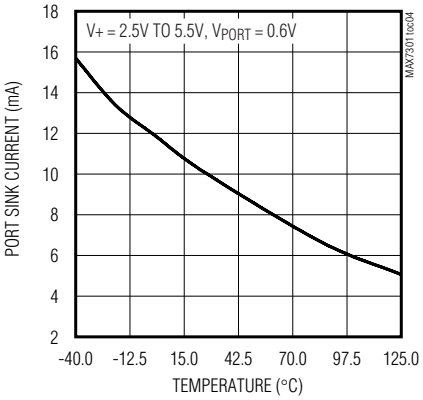
SHUTDOWN SUPPLY CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE



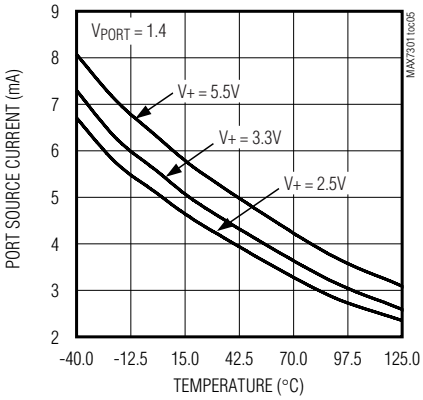
OPERATING SUPPLY CURRENT vs. V+ (OUTPUTS UNLOADED)



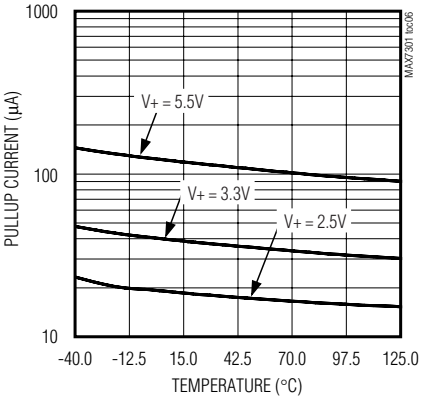
GPO SINK CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE (OUTPUT = 0)



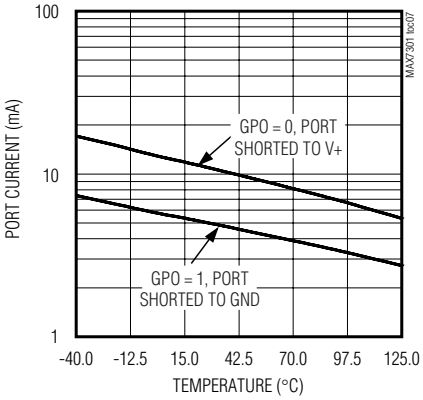
GPO SOURCE CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE (OUTPUT = 1)



GPI PULLUP CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE



GPO SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT vs. TEMPERATURE



4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

Pin Description

PIN			NAME	FUNCTION
SSOP	SSOP DIP	QFN		
1	1	36	ISET	Bias Current Setting. Connect I_{SET} to GND through a resistor (R_{ISET}) value of 39kΩ to 120kΩ.
2, 3	2, 3	37, 38, 39	GND	Ground
4	4	40	DOUT	4-Wire Interface Serial Data Output Port
—	5–24	—	P12–P31	I/O Ports. P12 to P31 can be configured as push-pull outputs, CMOS logic inputs, or CMOS logic inputs with weak pullup resistor.
5–32	—	1–10, 12–19, 21–30	P4–P31	I/O Ports. P4 to P31 can be configured as push-pull outputs, CMOS logic inputs, or CMOS logic inputs with weak pullup resistor.
33	25	32	SCLK	4-Wire Interface Serial Clock Input Port
34	26	33	DIN	4-Wire Interface Serial Data Input Port
35	27	34	$\overline{CS}$	4-Wire Interface Chip-Select Input, Active Low
36	28	35	V+	Positive Supply Voltage. Bypass V+ to GND with a minimum 0.047µF capacitor.

Detailed Description

The MAX7301 GPIO peripheral provides up to 28 I/O ports, P4 to P31, controlled through an SPI-compatible serial interface. The ports can be configured to any combination of logic inputs and logic outputs, and default to logic inputs on power-up.

Figure 1 is the MAX7301 functional diagram. Any I/O port can be configured as a push-pull output (sinking 10mA, sourcing 4.5mA), or a Schmitt-trigger logic input. Each input has an individually selectable internal pullup resistor. Additionally, transition detection allows seven ports (P24 through P30) to be monitored in any maskable combination for changes in their logic status. A detected transition is flagged through a status register bit, as well as an interrupt pin (port P31), if desired.

The port configuration registers set the 28 ports, P4 to P31, individually as GPIO. A pair of bits in registers 0x09 through 0x0F sets each port's configuration (Tables 1 and 2).

The 36-pin MAX7301AAX has 28 ports, P4 to P31. The 28-pin MAX7301ANI and MAX7301AAI make only 20 ports available—P12 to P31. The eight unused ports should be configured as outputs on power-up by writing 0x55 to registers 0x09 and 0x0A. If this is not done, the eight unused ports remain as floating inputs and quiescent supply current rises, although there is no damage to the part.

Register Control of I/O Ports Across Multiple Drivers

The MAX7301 offers 20 or 28 I/O ports, depending on package choice.

Two addressing methods are available. Any single port (bit) can be written (set/cleared) at once; or, any sequence of eight ports can be written (set/cleared) in any combination at once. There are no boundaries; it is equally acceptable to write P0 through P7, P1 through P8, or P31 through P38 (P32 through P38 are nonexistent, so the instructions to these bits are ignored).

Shutdown

When the MAX7301 is in shutdown mode, all ports are forced to inputs, and the pullup current sources are turned off. Data in the port and control registers remain unaltered so port configuration and output levels are restored when the MAX7301 is taken out of shutdown. The display driver can still be programmed while in shutdown mode. For minimum supply current in shutdown mode, logic inputs should be at GND or V+ potential. Shutdown mode is exited by setting the S bit in the configuration register (Table 6).

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

Table 1. Port Configuration Map

REGISTER	ADDRESS CODE (HEX)	REGISTER DATA							
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Port Configuration for P7, P6, P5, P4	0x09	P7		P6		P5		P4	
Port Configuration for P11, P10, P9, P8	0x0A	P11		P10		P9		P8	
Port Configuration for P15, P14, P13, P12	0x0B	P15		P14		P13		P12	
Port Configuration for P19, P18, P17, P16	0x0C	P19		P18		P17		P16	
Port Configuration for P23, P22, P21, P20	0x0D	P23		P22		P21		P20	
Port Configuration for P27, P26, P25, P24	0x0E	P27		P26		P25		P24	
Port Configuration for P31, P30, P29, P28	0x0F	P31		P30		P29		P28	

Table 2. Port Configuration Matrix

MODE	FUNCTION	PORT REGISTER	PIN BEHAVIOR	ADDRESS CODE (HEX)	PORT CONFIGURATION BIT PAIR	
					UPPER	LOWER
DO NOT USE THIS SETTING				0x09 to 0x0F	0	0
Output	GPIO Output	Written Low	Active-low logic output	0x09 to 0x0F	0	1
		Written High	Active-high logic output			
Input	GPIO Input Without Pullup	Reading Port	Schmitt logic input	0x09 to 0x0F	1	0
Input	GPIO Input with Pullup	Reading Port	Schmitt logic input with pullup	0x09 to 0x0F	1	1

Serial Interface

The MAX7301 communicates through an SPI-compatible 4-wire serial interface. The interface has three inputs, Clock (SCLK), Chip Select ($\overline{CS}$), and Data In (DIN), and one output, Data Out (DOUT). $\overline{CS}$ must be low to clock data into or out of the device, and DIN must be stable when sampled on the rising edge of SCLK. DOUT provides a copy of the bit that was input 15.5 clocks earlier, or upon a query it outputs internal register data, and is stable on the rising edge of SCLK. Note that the SPI protocol expects DOUT to be high impedance when the MAX7301 is not being accessed; DOUT on the MAX7301 is never high impedance.

SCLK and DIN may be used to transmit data to other peripherals, so the MAX7301 ignores all activity on SCLK and DIN except between the fall and subsequent rise of $\overline{CS}$.

Control and Operation Using the 4-Wire Interface

Controlling the MAX7301 requires sending a 16-bit word. The first byte, D15 through D8, is the command address (Table 3), and the second byte, D7 through D0, is the data byte (Table 4 through Table 8).

Connecting Multiple MAX7301s to the 4-Wire Bus

Multiple MAX7301s may be daisy-chained by connecting the DOUT of one device to the DIN of the next, and driving SCLK and $\overline{CS}$ lines in parallel (Figure 3). Data at DIN propagates through the internal shift registers and appears at DOUT 15.5 clock cycles later, clocked out on the falling edge of SCLK. When sending commands to multiple MAX7301s, all devices are accessed at the same time. An access requires (16 × n) clock cycles, where n is the number of MAX7301s connected together. To update just one device in a daisy-chain, the user can send the No-Op command (0x00) to the others.

Writing Device Registers

The MAX7301 contains a 16-bit shift register into which DIN data are clocked on the rising edge of SCLK, when $\overline{CS}$ is low. When $\overline{CS}$ is high, transitions on SCLK have no effect. When $\overline{CS}$ goes high, the 16 bits in the Shift register are parallel loaded into a 16-bit latch. The 16 bits in the latch are then decoded and executed.

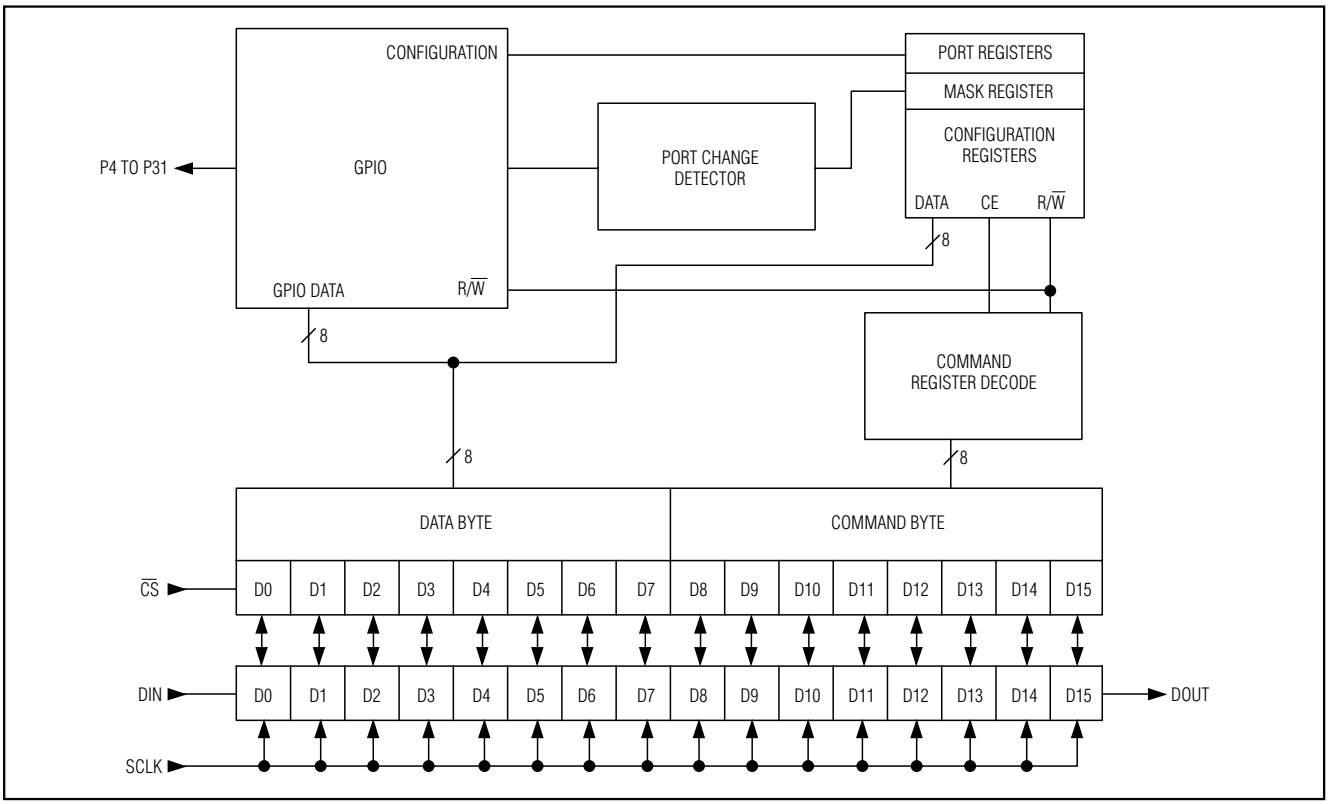


Figure 1. MAX7301 Functional Diagram

The MAX7301 is written to using the following sequence:

1) Take SCLK low.
2) Take $\overline{CS}$ low. This enables the internal 16-bit shift register.
3) Clock 16 bits of data into DIN—D15 first, D0 last—observing the setup and hold times (bit D15 is low, indicating a write command).
4) Take $\overline{CS}$ high (either while SCLK is still high after clocking in the last data bit, or after taking SCLK low).
5) Take SCLK low (if not already low).

Figure 4 shows a write operation when 16 bits are transmitted.

It is acceptable to clock more than 16 bits into the MAX7301 between taking $\overline{CS}$ low and taking $\overline{CS}$ high again. In this case, only the last 16 bits clocked into the MAX7301 are retained.

Reading Device Registers

Any register data within the MAX7301 may be read by sending a logic high to bit D15. The sequence is:

1) Take SCLK low.
2) Take $\overline{CS}$ low (this enables the internal 16-bit Shift register).
3) Clock 16 bits of data into DIN—D15 first to D0 last. D15 is high, indicating a read command and bits D14 through D8 containing the address of the register to be read. Bits D7–D0 contain dummy data, which is discarded.
4) Take $\overline{CS}$ high (while SCLK is still high after clocking in the last data bit), positions D7 through D0 in the Shift register are now loaded with the register data addressed by bits D1 through D8.
5) Take SCLK low.
6) Issue another read or write command (which can be a No-Op), and examine the bit stream at DOUT; the second 8 bits are the contents of the register addressed by bits D1 through D8 in step 3.

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

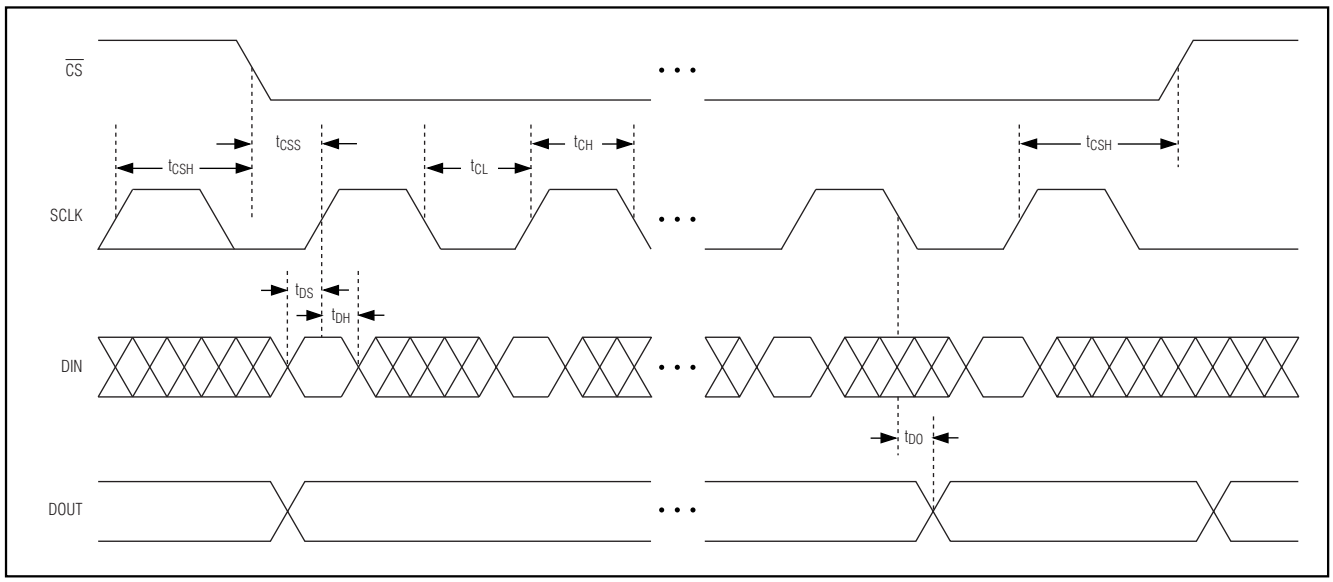


Figure 2. 4-Wire Interface

Initial Power-Up

On initial power-up, all control registers are reset, and the MAX7301 enters shutdown mode (Table 4).

Transition (Port Data Change) Detection

Port transition detection allows seven maskable ports P24 through P30 to be continuously monitored for changes in their logic status (Figure 5). Enable transition detection by setting the M bit in the configuration register (Table 7) after setting the mask register. If port 31 is configured as an output (Tables 1 and 2), then P31 automatically becomes an interrupt request (IRQ) output to flag detected transitions. Port 31 can be configured and used as a general-purpose input port instead if not required as the IRQ output.

The mask register determines which of the seven ports P24 through P30 are monitored (Table 8). Set the appropriate mask bit to enable that port for transition detect. Clear the mask bit if transitions on that port are to be ignored by the transition detection logic. Ports are monitored regardless of their I/O configuration, both input and output.

The MAX7301 maintains an internal 7-bit snapshot register to hold the comparison copy of the logic states of ports P24 through P30. The snapshot register is updated with the condition of P24 through P31 whenever the configuration register is written with the M bit set. The update action occurs regardless of the previous state of the M bit so that it is not necessary to clear the M bit and then set it again to update the snapshot register.

When the data change detection bit is set, the MAX7301 continuously compares the snapshot register against the changing states of P24 through P31. When a difference occurs, the IRQ port P31 goes high if it is configured as an output.

The IRQ output remains set until the mask register is next read or written. The IRQ status maybe read back through the serial interface by externally connecting P31 (IRQ status pin) to any port pin configured as an input.

External Component R_{ISET}

The MAX7301 uses an external resistor, R_{ISET}, to set internal biasing. Use a resistor value of 39kΩ.

Applications Information

Low-Voltage Operation

The MAX7301 operates down to 2V supply voltage (although the sourcing and sinking currents are not guaranteed), providing that the MAX7301 is powered up initially to at least 2.5V to trigger the device's internal reset, and also that the serial interface is constrained to 10Mbps.

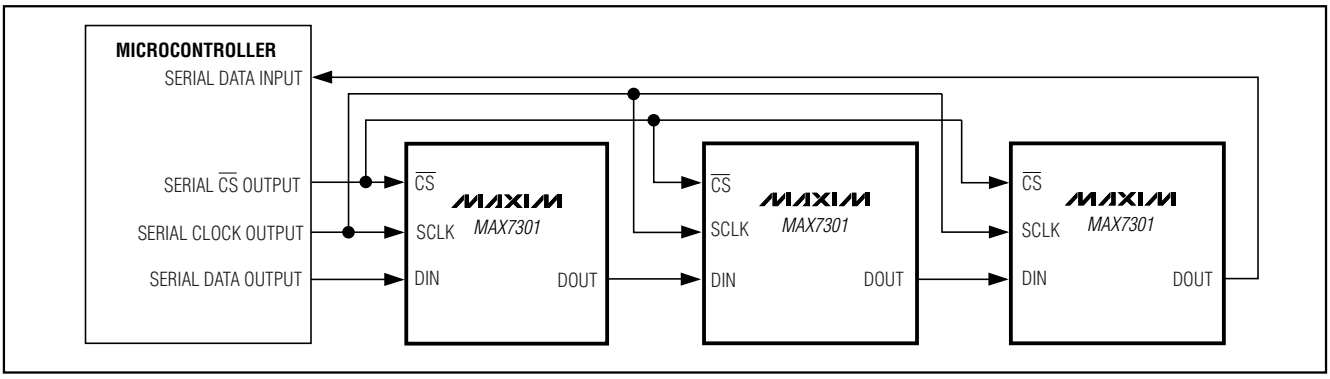


Figure 3. Daisy-Chain Arrangement for Controlling Multiple MAX7301s

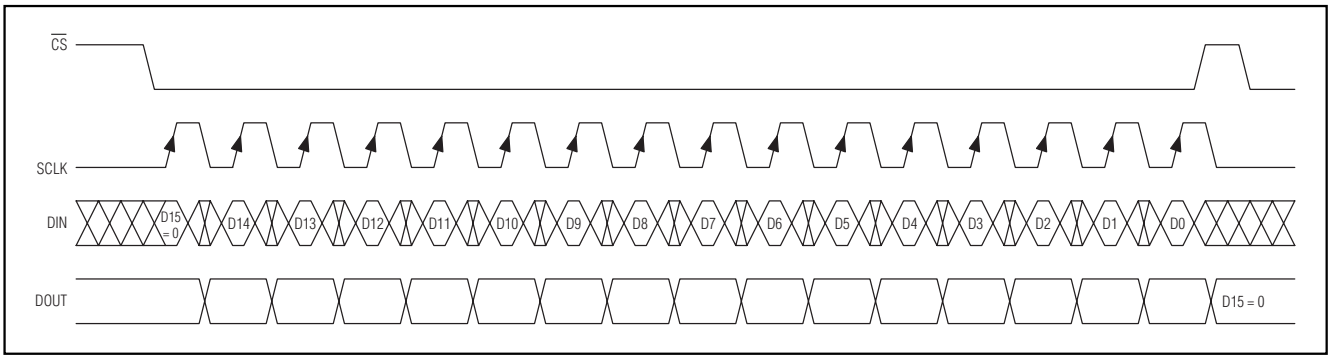


Figure 4. Transmission of a16-Bit Write to the MAX7301

Power-Supply Considerations

The MAX7301 operates with power-supply voltages of 2.5V to 5.5V. Bypass the power supply to GND with a 0.047µF capacitor as close to the device as possible. Add a 1µF capacitor if the MAX7301 is far away from the board's input bulk decoupling capacitor.

Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 30,316

PROCESS: CMOS

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

Table 3. Register Address Map

REGISTER	COMMAND ADDRESS								HEX CODE
	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	
No-Op	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x00
Configuration	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0x04
Transition Detect Mask	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0x06
Factory Reserved. Do not write to this.	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0x07
Port Configuration P7, P6, P5, P4	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0x09
Port Configuration P11, P10, P9, P8	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0x0A
Port Configuration P15, P14, P13, P12	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0x0B
Port Configuration P19, P18, P17, P16	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0x0C
Port Configuration P23, P22, P21, P20	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0x0D
Port Configuration P27, P26, P25, P24	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0x0E
Port Configuration P31, P30, P29, P28	R/$\overline{W}$	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0x0F
Port 0 only (virtual port, no action)	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0x20
Port 1 only (virtual port, no action)	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0x21
Port 2 only (virtual port, no action)	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0x22
Port 3 only (virtual port, no action)	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0x23
Port 4 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0x24
Port 5 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0x25
Port 6 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0x26
Port 7 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0x27
Port 8 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0x28
Port 9 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0x29
Port 10 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0x2A
Port 11 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0x2B
Port 12 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0x2C
Port 13 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0x2D
Port 14 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0x2E
Port 15 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0x2F
Port 16 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0x30
Port 17 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0x31
Port 18 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0x32
Port 19 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0x33
Port 20 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0x34
Port 21 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0x35
Port 22 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0x36
Port 23 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0x37
Port 24 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0x38
Port 25 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0x39

Table 3. Register Address Map (continued)

REGISTER	COMMAND ADDRESS								HEX CODE
	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	
Port 26 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0x3A
Port 27 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0x3B
Port 28 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0x3C
Port 29 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0x3D
Port 30 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0x3E
Port 31 only	R/$\overline{W}$	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0x3F
4 ports 4–7 (data bits D4–D7)	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0x40
5 ports 4–8 (data bits D3–D7)	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0x41
6 ports 4–9 (data bits D2–D7)	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0x42
7 ports 4–10 (data bits D1–D7)	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0x43
8 ports 4–11	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0x44
8 ports 5–12	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0x45
8 ports 6–13	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0x46
8 ports 7–14	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0x47
8 ports 8–15	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0x48
8 ports 9–16	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0x49
8 ports 10–17	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0x4A
8 ports 11–18	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0x4B
8 ports 12–19	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0x4C
8 ports 13–20	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0x4D
8 ports 14–21	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0x4E
8 ports 15–22	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0x4F
8 ports 16–23	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0x50
8 ports 17–24	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0x51
8 ports 18–25	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0x52
8 ports 19–26	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0x53
8 ports 20–27	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0x54
8 ports 21–28	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0x55
8 ports 22–29	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0x56
8 ports 23–30	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0x57
8 ports 24–31	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0x58
7 ports 25–31	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0x59
6 ports 26–31	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0x5A
5 ports 27–31	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0x5B
4 ports 28–31	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0x5C
3 ports 29, 30, 31	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0x5D
2 ports 30, 31	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0x5E
1 port 31 only	R/$\overline{W}$	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0x5F

Note: *Unused bits read as 0.*

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

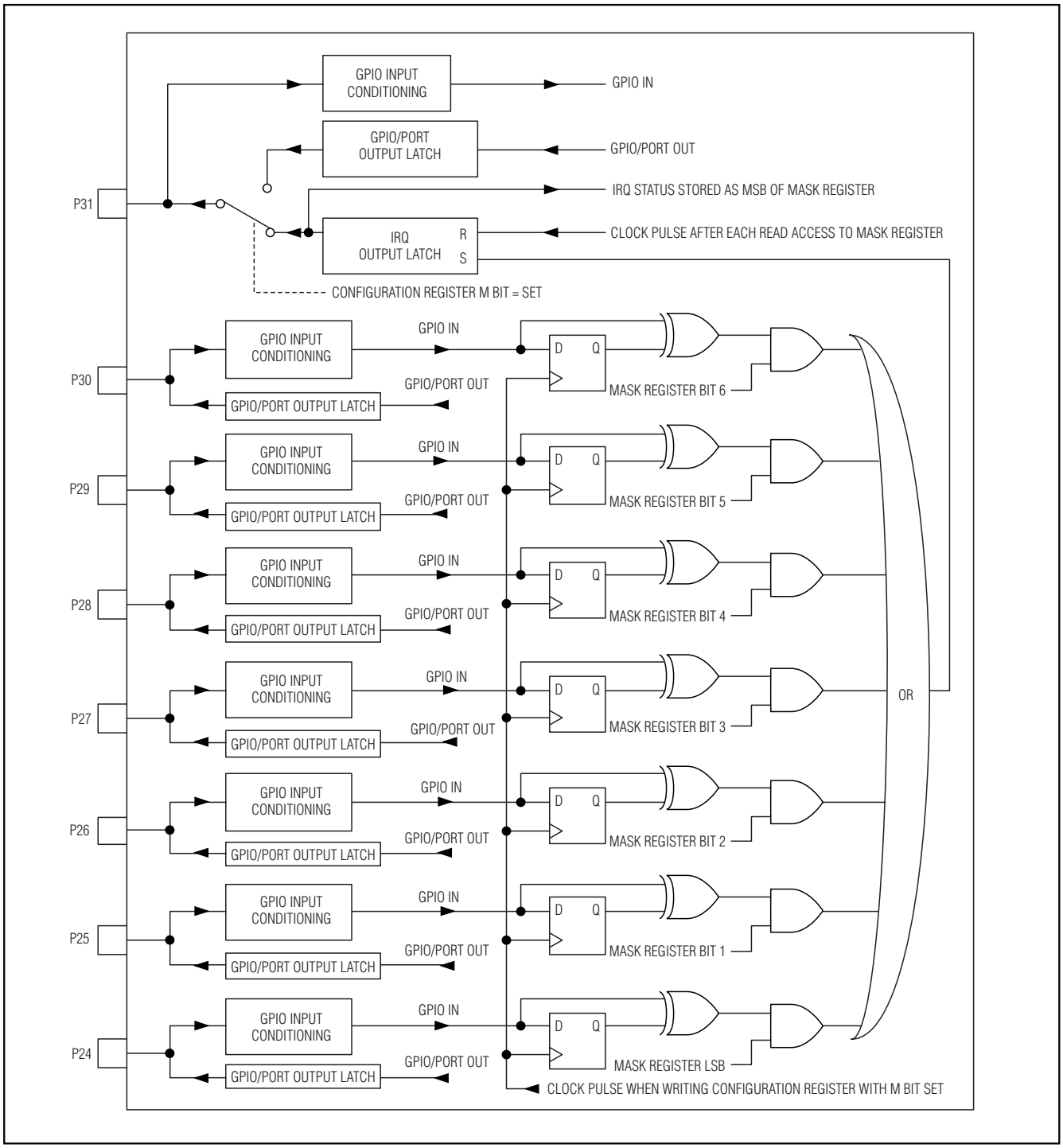


Figure 5. Maskable GPIO Ports P24 Through P31

Table 4. Power-Up Configuration

REGISTER FUNCTION	POWER-UP CONDITION	ADDRESS CODE (HEX)	REGISTER DATA							
			D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Port Register Bits 4 to 31	GPIO Output Low	0x24 to 0x3F	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	0
Configuration Register	Shutdown Enabled Transition Detection Disabled	0x04	0	0	X	X	X	X	X	0
Input Mask Register	All Clear (Masked Off)	0x06	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port Configuration	P7, P6, P5, P4: GPIO Inputs Without Pullup	0x09	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Port Configuration	P11, P10, P9, P8: GPIO Inputs Without Pullup	0x0A	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Port Configuration	P15, P14, P13, P12: GPIO Inputs Without Pullup	0x0B	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Port Configuration	P19, P18, P17, P16: GPIO Inputs Without Pullup	0x0C	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Port Configuration	P23, P22, P21, P20: GPIO Inputs Without Pullup	0x0D	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Port Configuration	P27, P26, P25, P24: GPIO Inputs Without Pullup	0x0E	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
Port Configuration	P31, P30, P29, P28: GPIO Inputs Without Pullup	0x0F	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0

X = unused bits; if read, zero results.

Table 5. Configuration Register Format

FUNCTION	ADDRESS CODE (HEX)	REGISTER DATA							
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Configuration Register	0x04	M	0	X	X	X	X	X	S

Table 6. Shutdown Control (S Data Bit D0) Format

FUNCTION	ADDRESS CODE (HEX)	REGISTER DATA							
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Shutdown	0x04	M	0	X	X	X	X	X	0
Normal Operation	0x04	M	0	X	X	X	X	X	1

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

Table 7. Transition Detection Control (M Data Bit D7) Format

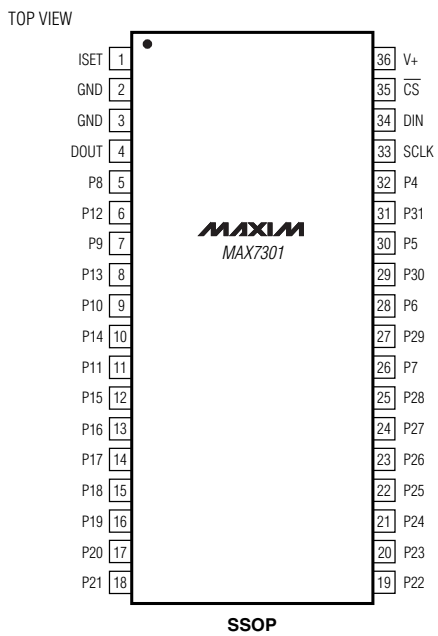
FUNCTION	ADDRESS CODE (HEX)	REGISTER DATA							
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Disabled	0x04	0	0	X	X	X	X	X	S
Enabled	0x04	1	0	X	X	X	X	X	S

Table 8. Transition Detection Mask Register

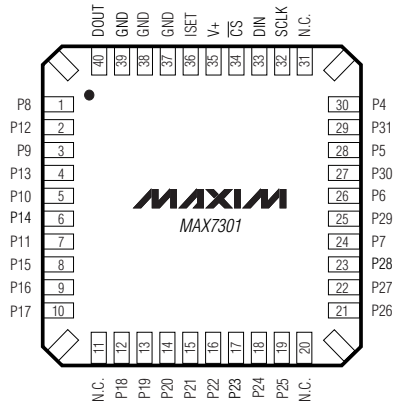
FUNCTION	REGISTER ADDRESS (HEX)	READ/ WRITE	REGISTER DATA							
			D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Mask Register	0x06	Read	0	Port 30 mask	Port 29 mask	Port 28 mask	Port 27 mask	Port 26 mask	Port 25 mask	Port 24 mask
		Write	Unchanged							

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

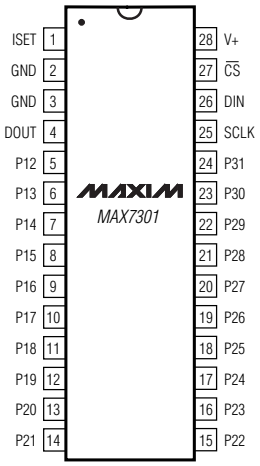
Pin Configurations



SSOP



QFN



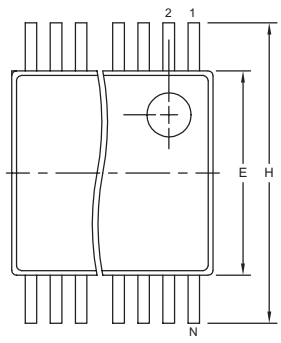
SSOP/DIP

4-Wire-Interfaced, 2.5V to 5.5V, 20-Port and 28-Port I/O Expander

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)

SSOP.EPS



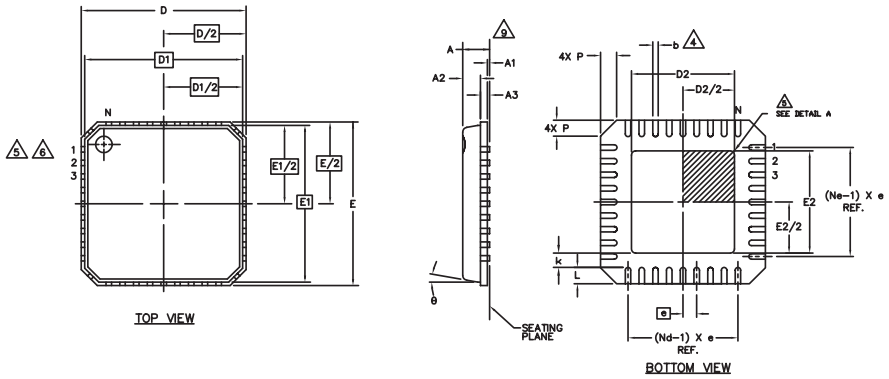
DIM	INCHES MIN	INCHES MAX	MILLIMETERS MIN	MILLIMETERS MAX
A	0.068	0.078	1.73	1.99
A1	0.002	0.008	0.05	0.21
B	0.010	0.015	0.25	0.38
C	0.004	0.008	0.09	0.20
D	SEE VARIATIONS			
E	0.205	0.212	5.20	5.38
e	0.0256 BSC		0.65 BSC	
H	0.301	0.311	7.65	7.90
L	0.025	0.037	0.63	0.95
α	0∞	8∞	0∞	8∞

	INCHES MIN	INCHES MAX	MILLIMETERS MIN	MILLIMETERS MAX	N
D	0.239	0.249	6.07	6.33	14L
D	0.239	0.249	6.07	6.33	16L
D	0.278	0.289	7.07	7.33	20L
D	0.317	0.328	8.07	8.33	24L
D	0.397	0.407	10.07	10.33	28L

NOTES:
1. D&E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
2. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED .15 MM (.006").
3. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
4. MEETS JEDEC MO150.
5. LEADS TO BE COPLANAR WITHIN 0.10 MM.

DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR MAXIM
PROPRIETARY INFORMATION
TITLE: PACKAGE OUTLINE, SSOP, 5.3 MM
APPROVAL | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. 21-0056 | REV. C | 1/1

36L,40L, QFN.EPS



DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR MAXIM
PROPRIETARY INFORMATION
TITLE: PACKAGE OUTLINE, 36,40L QFN, 6x6x0.90 MM
APPROVAL | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. 21-0105 | REV F | 1/2

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)

COMMON DIMENSIONS						
PKG	36L 6x6			40L 6x6		
SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	0.80	0.90	1.00	0.80	0.90	1.00
A1	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.00	0.01	0.05
A2	0.00	0.65	0.80	0.00	0.65	0.80
A3	0.20 REF			0.20 REF		
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	0.18	0.23	0.30
D	5.90	6.00	6.10	5.90	6.00	6.10
D1	5.75 BSC			5.75 BSC		
E	5.90	6.00	6.10	5.90	6.00	6.10
E1	5.75 BSC			5.75 BSC		
e	0.50 BSC			0.50 BSC		
k	0.25	–	–	0.25	–	–
L	0.50	0.60	0.75	0.30	0.40	0.50
N	36			40		
Nd	6			10		
Ne	6			10		
P	0.24	0.42	0.60	0.24	0.42	0.60
U	10°	11°	12°	10°	11°	12°

EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS						
PKG. CODES	D2			E2		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
G3666-1	3.55	3.70	3.85	3.55	3.70	3.85
G4066-1	3.95	4.10	4.25	3.95	4.10	4.25

NOTES:

1. DIE THICKNESS ALLOWABLE IS 0.305mm MAXIMUM (.012 INCHES MAXIMUM).
2. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M. – 1994.
3. N IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
   Nd IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN X–DIRECTION &
   Ne IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN Y–DIRECTION.
4. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.20 AND 0.25mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
5. THE PIN #1 IDENTIFIER MUST BE EXISTED ON THE TOP SURFACE OF THE PACKAGE BY USING INDENTATION MARK OR INK/LASER MARKED. DETAILS OF PIN #1 IDENTIFIER IS OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE INDICATED.
6. EXACT SHAPE AND SIZE OF THIS FEATURE IS OPTIONAL.
7. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
8. PACKAGE WARPAGE MAX 0.05mm.
9. APPLIED FOR EXPOSED PAD AND TERMINALS. EXCLUDE EMBEDDING PART OF EXPOSED PAD FROM MEASURING.
10. MEETS JEDEC MO220.
11. THIS PACKAGE OUTLINE APPLIES TO ANVIL SINGULATION (STEPPED SIDES).
12. LEADS TO BE COPLANAR 0.08 mm

DALLAS SEMICONDUCTOR MAXIM

PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

TITLE: PACKAGE OUTLINE, 36,40L QFN, 6x6x0.90 MM

APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.	REV	
	21-0105	F	2/2

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