

Data Sheet April 4, 2006 FN6240.1

# Low Voltage, Dual SPDT, USB/Audio Switches with Negative Signal Capability

The Intersil ISL54400, ISL54401, ISL54402 dual SPDT (Single Pole/Double Throw) switches combine low distortion audio and accurate USB 2.0 Full Speed data signal switching in the same low voltage device. When operated with a 2.5V to 3.6V single supply these analog switches allow audio signal swings below-ground, allowing the use of a common USB and audio headphone connector in Personal Media Players and other portable battery powered devices.

The ISL54400 and ISL54401 incorporate circuitry for detection of the USB  $V_{BUS}$  voltage, which is used to switch between the audio and USB signal source in the portable device. In addition, the ISL54400 includes circuitry for generation of a  $V_{TERM}$  voltage of 3.3V for use with USB speed setting pull-up resistor.

The ISL54400, ISL54401, ISL54402 are available in 10 Ld 3mm x 3mm TDFN and 10 Ld tiny 2.1mm x 1.6mm ultra-thin  $\mu$ QFN packages. They operate over a temperature range of -40 to +85°C.

### Related Literature

- Technical Brief TB363 "Guidelines for Handling and Processing Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices (SMDs)"
- Application Note AN557 "Recommended Test Procedures for Analog Switches"

### **Features**

- · Low Distortion Negative Signal Capability
- Detection of V<sub>BUS</sub> Voltage on USB Cable (ISL54400 and ISL54401)
- Generation of V<sub>TERM</sub> Voltage for USB D+/D- Pull-up Resistor (ISL54400)
- Low Distortion Headphone Audio Signals

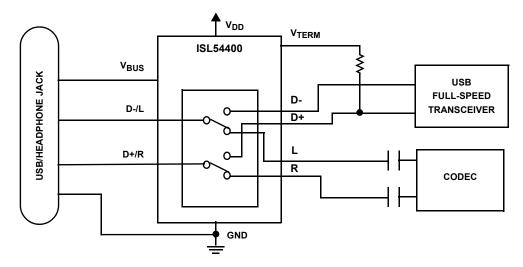
   THD+N at 12mW into 32Ω Load .....

   Cross-talk (20Hz to 20kHz) .....
   1.8V Logic Compatible (ISL54402)
- Available in Ultra-thin μQFN and TDFN Packages
- Pb-Free Plus Anneal Available (RoHS Compliant)

# **Applications**

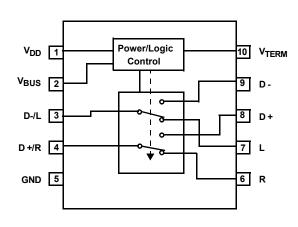
- · MP3 and other Personal Media Players
- Cellular/Mobile Phones
- PDA's
- USB Switching
- · Audio/USB Switching

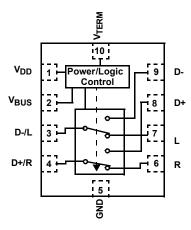
# Application Block Diagram



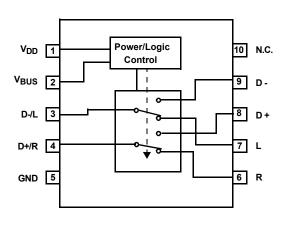
### Pinouts (Note 1)

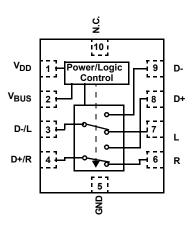




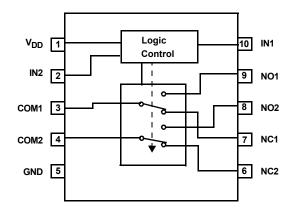


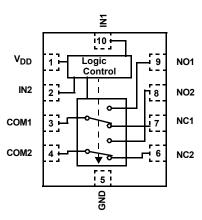
### ISL54401 (TDFN, μTQFN) TOP VIEW





### ISL54402 (TDFN, µTQFN) TOP VIEW





### NOTE:

1. ISL54400, ISL54401 Switches Shown for V<sub>BUS</sub> not present (or idle). ISL54402 Switches Shown for Logic "0" Input.

# Truth Table

ISL54401						
V <sub>BUS</sub>	L, R	D+, D-				
0	ON	OFF				
1	OFF	ON				

Logic "0" when  $\leq$   $V_{DD}$  + 0.2V, Logic "1" when  $\geq$   $V_{DD}$  + 0.8V

### Truth Table

	ISL54400							
$V_{DD}$	V <sub>BUS</sub>	L, R	D+, D-	V <sub>TERM</sub>				
0	0	ON	OFF	Open				
0	1	OFF	ON	Open				
1	0	ON	OFF	Open				
1	1	OFF	ON	3.0V to 3.6V				

 $V_{DD}\text{:}\ \text{Logic "0"}\ \text{when < 2.4V, Logic "1"}\ \text{when} \geq 2.5V$ 

 $V_{BUS}\!\!:$  Logic "0" when  $\leq$   $V_{DD}$  + 0.2V, Logic "1" when  $\geq$   $V_{DD}$  + 0.8V

### Truth Table

ISL54402						
IN	NCx	NOx				
0	ON	OFF				
1	OFF	ON				

Logic "0"  $\leq$  0.5V. Logic "1"  $\geq$  1.4V, with  $V_{DD}$  between 2.7V and 3.6V

# Pin Descriptions

		ISL54400		ISL54401	ISL54402	
NO.	NAME	FUNCTION	NAME	FUNCTION	NAME	FUNCTION
1	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply (Audio Switches) Control Input for V <sub>TERM</sub>	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply (Audio Switches)	$V_{DD}$	System Power Supply Input
2	V <sub>BUS</sub>	Digital Control Input Power Supply (USB Switches)	V <sub>BUS</sub>	Digital Control Input Power Supply (USB Switches)	IN2	Digital Control Input
3	D-/L	Voice and Data Common Pin	D-/L	Voice and Data Common Pin	COM1	Common Pin
4	D+/R	Voice and Data Common Pin	D+/R	Voice and Data Common Pin	COM2	Common Pin
5	GND	Ground Connection	GND	Ground Connection	GND	Ground Connection
6	R	Audio Right Input	R	Audio Right Input	NC2	Normally Closed Pin
7	L	Audio Left Input	L	Audio Left Input	NC1	Normallly Closed Pin
8	D+	USB Differential Input	D+	USB Differential Input	NO2	Normally Open Pin
9	D-	USB Differential Input	D-	USB Differential Input	NO1	Normallly Open Pin
10	V <sub>TERM</sub>	USB V <sub>TERM</sub> Voltage, Outputs 3.3V when V <sub>BUS</sub> and V <sub>DD</sub> = logic "1" and connected to Upstream USB Termination.	N.C.	No Connect	IN1	Digital Control Input

# **Ordering Information**

PART NUMBER (Note)	BRAND	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (Pb-Free)	PKG. DWG. #
ISL54400IRZ	400Z	-40 to 85	10 Ld 3x3 thin DFN	L10.3x3A
ISL54400IRZ-T	400Z	-40 to 85	10 Ld 3x3 thin DFN Tape and Reel	L10.3x3A
ISL54401IRZ	401Z	-40 to 85	10 Ld 3x3 thin DFN	L10.3x3A
ISL54401IRZ-T	401Z	-40 to 85	10 Ld 3x3 thin DFN Tape and Reel	L10.3x3A
ISL54402IRZ	402Z	-40 to 85	10 Ld 3x3 thin DFN	L10.3x3A
ISL54402IRZ-T	402Z	-40 to 85	10 Ld 3x3 thin DFN Tape and Reel	L10.3x3A
ISL54400IRUZ	FA	-40 to 85	10 Ld 2.1 x 1.6mm μTQFN	L10.2.1x1.6A
ISL54400IRUZ-T	FA	-40 to 85	10 Ld 2.1 x 1.6mm μTQFN Tape and Reel	L10.2.1x1.6A
ISL54401IRUZ	FB	-40 to 85	10 Ld 2.1 x 1.6mm μTQFN	L10.2.1x1.6A
ISL54401IRUZ-T	FB	-40 to 85	10 Ld 2.1 x 1.6mm μTQFN Tape and Reel	L10.2.1x1.6A
ISL54402IRUZ	FC	-40 to 85	10 Ld 2.1 x 1.6mm μTQFN	L10.2.1x1.6A
ISL54402IRUZ-T	FC	-40 to 85	10 Ld 2.1 x 1.6mm μTQFN Tape and Reel	L10.2.1x1.6A

NOTE: Intersil Pb-free plus anneal products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate termination finish, which are RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

<u>intersil</u>

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

V <sub>DD</sub> to GND0.3 to 6.0V
V <sub>BUS</sub> to GND0.3 to 6.0V
Input Voltages
NOx, NCx, L, R (Note 2)2V to ((V <sub>DD</sub> ) + 0.3V)
D+, D- (Note 2)2V to ((V <sub>BUS</sub> ) + 0.3V)
IN (Note 2)0.3 to ((V <sub>DD</sub> ) + 0.3V)
Output Voltages (ISL54400 and ISL54401)
D-/L, D+/R (Note 2) Audio Mode $\dots$ -2V to ((V <sub>DD</sub> ) + 0.3V)
D-/L, D+/R (Note 2) USB Mode2V to ((V <sub>BUS</sub> ) + 0.3V)
Output Voltages (ISL54402)
COMx (Note 2)2V to ((V <sub>DD</sub> ) + 0.3V)
Continuous Current (L, R, NCx, or COMx) ±300mA
Peak Current (L, R, NCx, or COMx)
(Pulsed 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle, Max) ±500mA
Continuous Current (D+, D-, NOx) ±40mA
Peak Current (D+, D-, NOx)
(Pulsed 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle, Max) ±100mA
ESD Rating:
HBM COMx, D-/L, D+/R, V <sub>BUS</sub>
HBM All Other Pins>4kV
MM COMx, D-/L, D+/R, V <sub>BUS</sub>
MM All Other Pins>300V
CDM>1kV

# **Thermal Information**

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 3)	θ <sub>JA</sub> (°C/W)
10 Ld 3x3 TDFN Package	110
10 Ld μQFN Package	96
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package)	150°C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range6	5°C to 150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)	300°C
(Lead Tips Only)	

### **Operating Conditions**

Temperature Range	
ISL5440XIR and ISL5440XIRU	-40°C to 85°C

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTES:

- $2. \ \ Signals \ on \ NC, \ NO, \ IN, \ or \ COM \ exceeding \ V_{DD} \ or \ GND \ are \ clamped \ by \ internal \ diodes. \ Limit \ forward \ diode \ current \ to \ maximum \ current \ ratings.$
- 3. θJA is measured with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.

# Electrical Specifications - 2.7V to 5.5V Supply Test Conditions: $V_{DD}$ = +3.0V, GND = 0V, $V_{BUSH}$ = 3.8V, $V_{BUSL}$ = 3.2V, $V_{INH}$ = 1.4V, $V_{INL}$ = 0.5V (Notes 4, 6), Unless Otherwise Specified

PARAMETER	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS		(NOTE 5) MIN	TYP	(NOTE 5) MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERI	STICS				1	
Audio Switches (L, R, NC1, NC2)						
Analog Signal Range, V <sub>ANALOG</sub>		Full	-1.5	-	1.5	V
R <sub>ON</sub> Matching Between Channels,	$V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $V_{BUS} = 3.2V$ or $V_{IN} = 0.5V$ , $I_{COM} = 40$ mA, $V_{L}$	25	-	0.02	0.12	Ω
$\Delta R_{ON}$	or $V_R$ or $V_{NCx}$ = Voltage at max $R_{ON}$ over signal range of -0.85V to 0.85V, (Note 9)	Full	-	-	0.15	Ω
R <sub>ON</sub> Flatness, R <sub>FLAT(ON)</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V, V <sub>BUS</sub> = 3.2V or V <sub>IN</sub> = 0.5V, I <sub>COM</sub> = 40mA,	25	-	0.03	0.08	Ω
	$V_L$ or $V_R$ or $V_{NCx}$ = -0.85V to 0.85V, (Note 7)		-	-	0.095	Ω
Discharge Pull Down Resistance, R <sub>L</sub> , R <sub>R</sub> , R <sub>COM</sub>	No Resistance, $ V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{V}, V_{BUS} = 0 \text{V or } V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{V}, V_{D\text{-/L}} \text{ or } V_{D\text{+/R}} \text{ or } V_{COM} = -0.85 \text{V}, 0.85 \text{V}, V_{L} \text{ or } V_{R} \text{ or } V_{NCx} = -0.85 \text{V}, 0.85 \text{V}, V_{D\text{+}} \text{ and } V_{D\text{-}} = \text{floating}, \text{Measure current through the discharge pull down resistor and calculate resistance value}. $		-	50	-	kΩ
USB Switches (D+, D-, NO1, NO2	)		1			
Analog Signal Range, V <sub>ANALOG</sub>		Full	-1.5	-	V <sub>BUS</sub>	V
ON Resistance, R <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>BUS</sub> = 4.4V or V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.4V, I <sub>COM</sub> = 40mA,	25	-	5.5	6	Ω
	$V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-}$ or $V_{NOx} = 0V$ to $V_{BUS}$ , (See Figure 3)		-	-	6.5	Ω
R <sub>ON</sub> Matching Between Channels,	22 200	25	-	0.2	0.4	Ω
$\Delta R_{ON}$	$V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-}$ or $V_{NOx}$ = Voltage at max $R_{ON}$ , (Note 9)		-	-	0.45	Ω

# ISL54400, ISL54401, ISL54402

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	(NOTE 5) MIN	TYP	(NOTE 5)	UNITS
R <sub>ON</sub> Flatness, R <sub>FLAT(ON)</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 3.6V, $V_{BUS}$ = 4.4V or $V_{IN}$ = 1.4V, $I_{COM}$ = 40mA, $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-}$ or $V_{NOx}$ = 0V to $V_{BUS}$ , (Note 7)	25	-	1.0	1.9	Ω
		Full	-	-	2.5	Ω
OFF Leakage Current, $I_{D+(OFF)}$ or $I_{D-(OFF)}$ , $I_{NOx(OFF)}$	$V_{COM}$ = 1.5V, 0V, $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-}$ or $V_{NOX}$ = 0V, 1.5V, $V_{L}$ and	25 Full	-5 -15	-	5 15	μA μA
	V <sub>R</sub> = floating	ı un	10		10	μι
ON Leakage Current, I <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 3.6V, $V_{BUS}$ = 5.25V or $V_{IN}$ = 1.4V, $V_{D-/L}$ or $V_{D+/R}$ or $V_{COM}$ = 0.3V, 3.6V, $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-}$ or $V_{NOX}$ = 0.3V, 3.6V,	25 Full	-30 -35	10	30 35	μA μA
	V <sub>L</sub> and V <sub>R</sub> = floating	ı uli	-55	_	33	μΛ
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS			1	T		1
Turn-ON Time, t <sub>ON</sub>	$V_{DD} = 2.7V$ , $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 1.5V$ , $R_L = 300\Omega$ , $C_L = 35pF$ ,	25	-	40	-	ns
(ISL54402 Only)	ee Figure 1)		-	60	-	ns
Turn-OFF Time, t <sub>OFF</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 2.7V, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC}$ = 1.5V, $R_L$ = 300 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 35pF,	25	-	20	-	ns
(ISL54402 Only)	(See Figure 1)	Full	-	40	-	ns
Break-Before-Make Time Delay, t <sub>D</sub> (ISL54402 Only)	$V_{DD}$ = 3.3V, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC}$ = 1.5V, $R_L$ = 300 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 35pF, (See Figure 2)	Full	-	8	-	ns
Skew, t <sub>SKEW</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 3.0V, $V_{BUS}$ = 3.8V, $R_{L}$ = 39 $\Omega$ , $C_{L}$ = 50pF, $t_{R}$ = $t_{F}$ = 12ns at 12Mbps, (Duty Cycle = 50%) (See Figure 7)	25	-	0.15	-	ns
Rise/Fall Time Mismatch, t <sub>M</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 3.0V, $V_{BUS}$ = 3.8V, $R_{L}$ = 39 $\Omega$ , $C_{L}$ = 50pF, $t_{R}$ = $t_{F}$ = 12ns at 12Mbps, (Duty Cycle = 50%), (See Figure 6)	25	-	10	-	%
Total Jitter, t <sub>J</sub>	$V_{DD}$ =3.0V, $V_{BUS}$ = 3.8V, $R_{L}$ = 39 $\Omega$ , $C_{L}$ = 50pF, $t_{R}$ = $t_{F}$ = 12ns at 12Mbps		-	1.6	-	ns
Propagation Delay, t <sub>PD</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = 3.0V, $V_{BUS}$ = 3.8V, $R_L$ = 39 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 50pF, (See Figure 7)	25	-	0.9	-	ns
Crosstalk (Channel-to-Channel), R to D-/L, L to D+/R, NC2 to COM1, NC1 to COM2	$R_L$ = 32 $\Omega$ , f = 20Hz to 20kHz, $V_R$ or $V_L$ = 1.75 $V_{P-P}$ , (See Figure 4)	25	-	-110	-	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	f = 20Hz to 20kHz, $V_{DD}$ = 3.0V, $V_{BUS}$ = 3.2V or $V_{IN}$ = 0.5V, $V_{L}$ or $V_{R}$ or $V_{NCx}$ = 0.60 $V_{RMS}$ , $R_{L}$ = 32 $\Omega$	25	-	0.01	-	%
Audio (NC) Switch -3dB Bandwidth	Signal = 8dBm, $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 5pF$	25	-	394	-	MHz
USB (NO) Switch -3dB Bandwidth	Signal = 18dBm, 1Vdc offset, $R_L$ = 50 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 5pF	25	-	239	-	MHz
D+/D- OFF Capacitance, C <sub>D+OFF</sub> , C <sub>D-OFF</sub> , C <sub>NOxOFF</sub>	f = 1MHz, $V_{DD}$ = 3.0V, $V_{BUS}$ = 3.2V or $V_{IN}$ = 0.5V, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC}$ = $V_{COM}$ = 0V, (See Figure 5)	25	-	10	-	pF
L/R OFF Capacitance, C <sub>LOFF</sub> , C <sub>ROFF</sub> , C <sub>NCxOFF</sub>	f = 1MHz, $V_{DD}$ = 3.0V, $V_{BUS}$ = 3.8V or $V_{IN}$ = 1.4V, $V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC}$ = $V_{COM}$ = 0V, (See Figure 5)	25	-	13	-	pF
COM ON Capacitance, C <sub>D-/L(ON)</sub> , C <sub>D+/R(ON)</sub> , C <sub>COMx(ON)</sub>	f = 1MHz, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V, V <sub>BUS</sub> = 3.8V or V <sub>IN</sub> = 1.4V, V <sub>NO</sub> or V <sub>NC</sub> = V <sub>COM</sub> = 0V, (See Figure 5)		-	46	-	pF
POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERIS	TICS		1	I.		
Power Supply Range, V <sub>DD</sub> (ISL54400/01 only)		Full	2.5		3.6	V
Power Supply Range, V <sub>DD</sub> (ISL54402 Only)		Full	1.8		5.5	V
Positive Supply Current, I <sub>DD</sub> Audio Mode	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>BUS</sub> = Float	25	-	4.5	8	μА
(ISL54400/01 only)		Full	-	-	10	μΑ

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# ISL54400, ISL54401, ISL54402

Electrical Specifications - 2.7V to 5.5V Supply Test Conditions:  $V_{DD}$  = +3.0V, GND = 0V,  $V_{BUSH}$  = 3.8V,  $V_{BUSL}$  = 3.2V,  $V_{INH}$  = 1.4V,  $V_{INL}$  = 0.5V (Notes 4, 6), Unless Otherwise Specified (Continued)

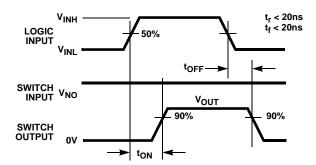
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TEMP (°C)	(NOTE 5) MIN	TYP	(NOTE 5) MAX	UNITS
Positive Supply Current, I <sub>BUS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6V, V <sub>BUS</sub> = 5.25V	25	-	3.5	8	μА
USB Mode (ISL54400/01 only)		Full	-	-	25	μА
Positive Supply Current, I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V	25	-	-	11	μА
(ISL54402 Only)		Full	-	-	15	μА
Positive Supply Current, I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 5.5V	25	-	-	0.06	μΑ
(ISL54402 Only)		Full	-	-	1	μА
Positive Supply Current, I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.85V	25	-	-	8	μА
(ISL54402 Only)		Full	-	-	10	μА
V <sub>TERM</sub> Voltage, V <sub>VTERM</sub> (ISL54400 Only)	$V_{DD}$ = 2.5V, $V_{BUS}$ = 4.4V, $R_{TERM}$ = 16.5k $\Omega$ to Ground	25	3.0V	-	3.6V	V
V <sub>TERM</sub> Voltage, V <sub>VTERM</sub> (ISL54400 Only)			0V	-	0.5V	V
DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERIS	TICS		-1			
V <sub>BUS</sub> Voltage Low, V <sub>BUSL</sub> (ISL54400/01 Only)		Full	-	-	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.2	V
V <sub>BUS</sub> Voltage High, V <sub>BUSH</sub> (ISL54400/01 Only)		Full	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.8	-	-	V
Input Voltage Low, V <sub>INL</sub> (ISL54402 Only)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V to 3.6V	Full	-	-	0.5	V
Input Voltage High, V <sub>INH</sub> (ISL54402 Only)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V to 3.6V	Full	1.4	-	-	V
Input Voltage Low, V <sub>INL</sub> (ISL54402 Only)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V	Full	-	-	0.8	V
Input Voltage High, V <sub>INH</sub> (ISL54402 Only)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.0V	Full	2.3	-	-	V
Input Current, I <sub>INH</sub> , I <sub>INL</sub> (ISL54402 Only)	$V_{DD}$ = 5.5V, $V_{IN}$ = 0V or $V_{DD}$	Full	-	0.1	-	μА

#### NOTES:

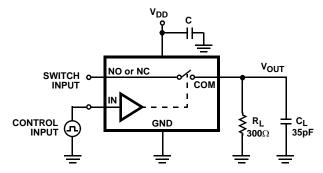
- 4.  $V_{IN}$  = input voltage to perform proper function.
- 5. The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.
- 6. Parts are 100% tested at +25°C. Limits across the full temperature range are guaranteed by design and correlation.
- 7. Flatness is defined as the difference between maximum and minimum value of on-resistance over the specified analog signal range.
- 8. Guaranteed by design.
- 9. R<sub>ON</sub> matching between channels is calculated by subtracting the channel with the highest max Ron value from the channel with lowest max Ron value, between L and R, between NC1 and NC2 or between D+ and D-, or between NO1 and NO2.

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### Test Circuits and Waveforms



Logic input waveform is inverted for switches that have the opposite logic sense.



Repeat test for all switches. C<sub>L</sub> includes fixture and stray capacitance.

 $V_{OUT} = V_{(NO \text{ or NC})} \frac{R_L}{R_L + R_{(ON)}}$ 

FIGURE 1B. TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 1A. MEASUREMENT POINTS

FIGURE 1. SWITCHING TIMES

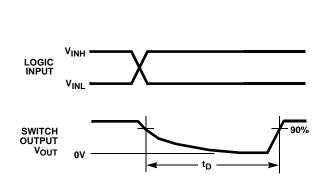
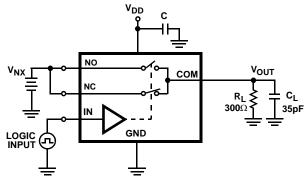


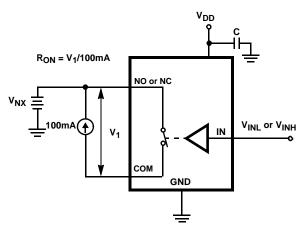
FIGURE 2A. MEASUREMENT POINTS



Repeat test for all switches. CL includes fixture and stray capacitance.

FIGURE 2B. TEST CIRCUIT

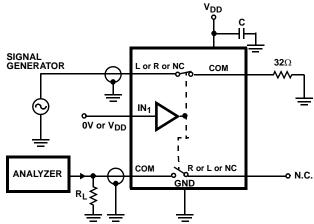
FIGURE 2. BREAK-BEFORE-MAKE TIME



Repeat test for all switches.

FIGURE 3. R<sub>ON</sub> TEST CIRCUIT

8



Signal direction through switch is reversed, worst case values are recorded. Repeat test for all switches.

FIGURE 4. CROSSTALK TEST CIRCUIT

FN6240.1 intersil April 4, 2006

# Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)

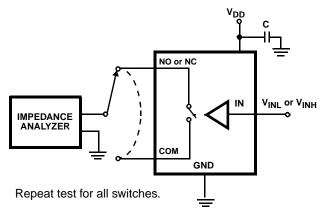
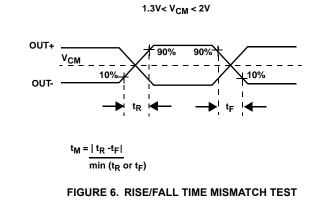


FIGURE 5. CAPACITANCE TEST CIRCUIT



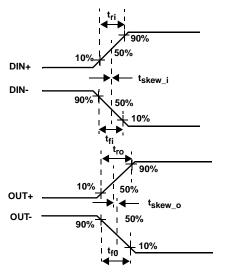
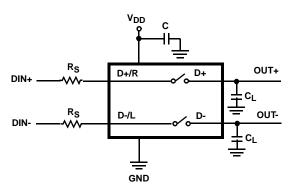


FIGURE 7A. MEASUREMENT POINTS

9

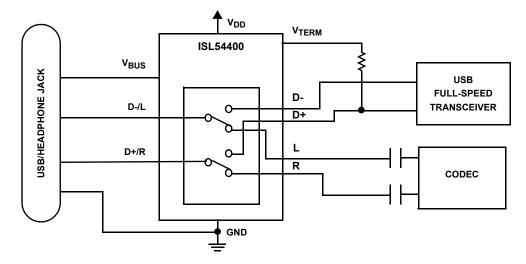


|tro - tri| Delay Due to Switch for Rising Input and Rising Output Signals. |tfo - tfi| Delay Due to Switch for Falling Input and Falling Output Signals. |tskew\_0| Change in Skew through the Switch for Output Signals. |tskew\_i| Change in Skew through the Switch for Input Signals.

FIGURE 7B. TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 7. SKEW TEST

# **Application Block Diagram**



# **Detailed Description**

The ISL5440X family of devices are dual single pole/double throw (SPDT) analog switches that operate from a single power supply. They were designed to function as dual 2 to 1 multiplexers to select between USB differential data signals and audio L and R stereo signals. They come in tiny  $\mu$ TQFN package for use in MP3 players, PDAs, cellphones, and other personal media players.

All devices in this family consist of two  $1\Omega$  normally closed (NC) audio switches and two  $5\Omega$  normally open (NO) USB switches. The audio switches can accept signals that swing below ground. They were designed to pass audio left and right stereo signals, that are ground referenced, with minimal distortion. The USB switches were designed to pass full-speed USB differential data signals with minimal edge and phase distortion.

The ISL54400 and ISL54401 were specifically designed for MP3 players, personal media players and cellphone applications that need to combine the audio headphone jack and the USB data connector into a single shared connector, thereby saving space and component cost. A typical application block diagram of this functionality is shown above. The ISL54400 and ISL54401 incorporate circuitry for the detection of the USB  $V_{BUS}$  voltage, which is used to switch between the audio CODEC drivers and USB transceiver of the MP3 player or cellphone. The ISL54400 contains additional circuitry to generate the required USB  $V_{TERM}$  of 3.3V for use with the USB speed setting pull-up resistor.

The ISL54402 is an audio/data switch and its functionality is typical of a standard dual SPDT device.

A detailed description of the two types of switches and of each part type in the ISL5440x family are provided in the sections below. The USB transmission and audio playback are intended to be mutally exclusive operations.

#### **Audio Switches**

The two NC (normally closed) audio switches (L, R, NCx) are  $1\Omega$  switches that can pass signals that swing below ground. Crosstalk between the audio switches is < -110dB and has a -3dB bandwidth of 394MHz.

The recommended maximum signal range is from -1.5V to 1.5V. You can apply positive signals greater than 1.5V but the  $R_{ON}$  resistance of the switch increases rapidly above 1.5V. The audio signal should not be allowed to exceed the  $V_{DD}$  rail or swing more negative than -1.5V.

Over a signal range of  $\pm 1V$  these switches have an extremely low R<sub>ON</sub> flatness. They can pass ground referenced audio signals with very low distortion (<0.01% THD+N) when delivering 12mW into a  $32\Omega$  headphone speaker load. See Figures 8 and 9 THD+N performance curves.

These switches are uni-directional switches. The audio sources should be connected at the NC side of the switch (pins 7 and 8) and the speaker loads should be connected at the COM side of the switch (pins 3 and 4).

For the ISL54400 and ISL54401 parts the audio switches are active (turned ON) whenever the  $V_{BUS}$  voltage is  $\leq$  to  $V_{DD}$  + 0.2V. The  $V_{BUS}$  pin is internally pulled low through a pulldown resistor allowing the  $V_{BUS}$  pin to float. When the  $V_{BUS}$  pin is floating the audio switches are ON.

Note: Whenever the audio switches are ON the USB transceivers need to be in the high impedance state or static high or low state to keep from interfering with the audio transmission.

For the ISL54402 part the NC1 audio switch is active (turned ON) whenever logic pin IN1 (pin 10) is LOW. The NC2 audio switch is active (turned ON) whenever the logic pin IN2 (pin 2) is LOW. Unlike the ISL54400 and ISL54401 parts

were the two SPDT switches work in tandem, the ISL54402 gives you independent control over each SPDT switch.

#### **USB Switches**

The two NO (normally open) USB switches (D+, D-, NOx) are  $5\Omega$  bidirectional switches that are designed to pass low speed and full-speed USB differential signals typically in the range of 0V to 3.6V. The switches have low capacitance and high bandwidth to pass USB full-speed signals (12Mbps) with minimum edge and phase distortion to meet USB 2.0 signal quality specifications.

For the ISL54400 and ISL54401 parts the maximum signal range for the USB switches is from -1.5V to  $V_{BUS}$ . The signal voltage should not be allow to exceed the  $V_{BUS}$  voltage rail or go below ground by more than -1.5V.

For the ISL54402 part the maximum signal range is from - 1.5V to  $V_{DD}$ . The signal voltage should not be allowed to exceed the  $V_{DD}$  voltage rail or go below ground by more than -1.5V.

When using the ISL54400 and ISL54401 parts the USB switches are active (turned ON) whenever the  $V_{BUS}$  voltage is  $\geq$  to  $V_{DD}$  + 0.8V.  $V_{BUS}$  is internally pulled low, so when  $V_{BUS}$  is floating the USB switches are OFF.

Note: Whenever the USB switches are ON the audio drivers of the CODEC need to be at ac or dc ground or floating to keep from interfering with the data transmission.

When using the ISL54402 part the NO1 USB switch is active (turned ON) whenever logic pin IN1 (pin 10) is HIGH. The NO2 USB switch is active (turned ON) whenever the logic pin IN2 (pin 2) is HIGH. Unlike the ISL54400 and ISL54401 parts were the two SPDT switches work in tandem, the ISL54402 gives you independent control over each SPDT switch.

### ISL54400 and ISL54401 Operation

The ISL54400 and ISL54401 function the same except the ISL54401 does not have the  $V_{TERM}$  feature. The discussion that follows pertains to both devices and will discuss using the parts in the typical application shown in the block diagram on page 10.

#### LOGIC CONTROL

The state of the ISL54400 and ISL54401 devices are determined by the voltage at the  $V_{BUS}$  pin (pin 2). The  $V_{BUS}$  pin is internally pulled low and can be left floating.

If  $V_{BUS}$  (pin 2) is floating or the  $V_{BUS}$  voltage  $\leq V_{DD} + 0.2V$  the part will be in the Audio mode. In Audio mode the L (left) and R (right)  $1\Omega$  audio switches are ON and the D- and D+  $5\Omega$  switches are OFF (high impedance). In this state power to the part will be provided by the DC voltage connected at the  $V_{DD}$  pin (pin 1). In a typical application  $V_{DD}$  will be in the range of 2.5V to 3.6V and will be connected to the battery or LDO of the MP3 player or cellphone. When a headphone is

plugged into the common connector, nothing gets connected at the  $V_{BUS}$  pin (its floating) and the ISL54400/01 part remains in the audio mode and the MP3 player or cellphone audio drivers can drive the headphones and play music.

If V<sub>BUS</sub> (pin 2) voltage is greater than V<sub>DD</sub> by 0.8V the part will go into USB mode. In USB mode the D- and D+  $5\Omega$  switches are ON and the L and R  $1\Omega$  audio switches are OFF (high impedance). In this state the part will be powered by the voltage connected at the V<sub>BUS</sub> pin (pin 2). When a USB cable from a computer or USB hub is connected at the common connector the V<sub>BUS</sub> voltage is driven to between 4.4V and 5.25V. The ISL54400/01 part will go into the USB mode. In USB mode the computer or USB hub transceiver and the MP3 player or cellphone USB transceiver are connected and digital data will be able to be transmit back and forth.

When the USB cable is disconnected the switch automatically turns the D+ and D- switches OFF and turns the L and R audio switches ON.

#### **POWER**

In audio mode the power supply connected at V<sub>DD</sub> (pin 1) provides power to the ISL54400 and ISL54401 parts. Its voltage should be kept in the range of 2.5V to 3.6V when used in a USB / Audio application to ensure you get proper switching when the V<sub>BUS</sub> voltage is at its lower limit of 4.4V.

In USB mode power for the ISL54400 and ISL54401 parts is provided from the  $V_{BUS}$  line from the host USB controller of the computer or USB hub. Its voltage will be between 4.4V and 5.25V.

### **V<sub>TERM</sub> OPERATION (ISL54400 ONLY)**

When  $V_{DD} \ge 2.5V$  and  $V_{BUS} \ge V_{DD} + 0.8V$ , the  $V_{TERM}$  pin (pin 10) will output an open circuit voltage equal to the voltage at the  $V_{BUS}$  pin. Otherwise the  $V_{TERM}$  pin will be in a HI-Z state.

The  $V_{TERM}$  circuitry has an internal series resistor that has been sized to output a voltage in the range of 3.0V to 3.6V when connected to one of the USB differential lines through the upstream USB termination resistance, when the  $V_{BUS}$  voltage is in the range of 4.4V to 5.25V and the voltage at the  $V_{DD}$  pin > 2.5V.

The  $V_{TERM}$  voltage range of 3.0V to 3.6V is a requirement of the USB specification. When a USB cable from a computer is connected to a USB device the  $V_{TERM}$  voltage must be applied to a speed indicating pullup resistor to properly terminate the bus and facilitate digital transmission. When the cable is removed from the device the  $V_{TERM}$  voltage must be disconnected from the speed indicating pullup resistor. The ISL54400 device can perform this operation.

### ISL54402 Operation

The ISL54402 is an audio/data switch. Its logic control is typical of a standard dual SPDT switch.

The digital control for the ISL54402 are the IN pins (pin 2 and pin 10). These pins are 1.8V logic compatible when operated with a 3.0V supply. The device has been designed to have low  $I_{DD}$  current even when the logic voltage is not at the rail. With  $V_{DD}$  = 5.5V and VIN = 2.85V the ISL54402 draws only 8 $\mu$ A current.

When logic pin IN1 (pin 10) is LOW the NC1 audio switch is ON and the NO1 USB data switch is OFF. When logic pin

IN1 (pin 10) is HIGH the NC1 audio switch is OFF and the NO1 USB data switch is ON.

When logic pin IN2 (pin 2) is LOW the NC2 audio switch is ON and the NO2 USB data switch is OFF. When logic pin IN2 (pin 2) is HIGH the NC2 audio switch is OFF and the NO2 USB data switch is ON.

Power for the ISL54402 device is always provided by the DC voltage source connected at the  $V_{DD}$  pin (pin 1). The  $V_{DD}$  power supply voltage range is from 1.8V to 5.5V.

# Typical Performance Curves T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, Unless Otherwise Specified

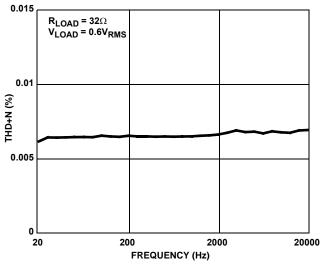


FIGURE 8. THD+N vs FREQUENCY

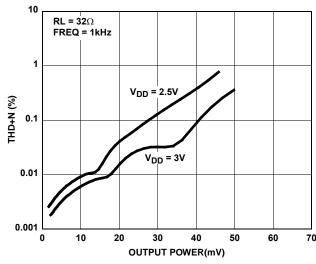


FIGURE 9. THD+N vs POWER

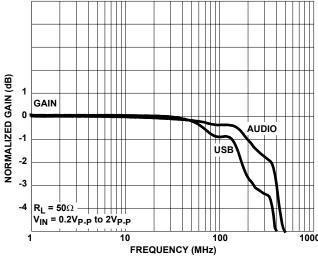


FIGURE 10. FREQUENCY RESPONSE

### Die Characteristics

### SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):

GND (TDFN Paddle Connection: Tie to GND or Float)

### TRANSISTOR COUNT:

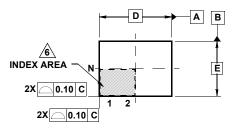
98

### PROCESS:

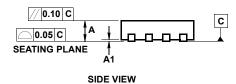
Submicron CMOS

intersil FN6240.1 April 4, 2006

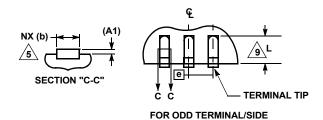
# Ultra Thin Quad Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (UTQFN)

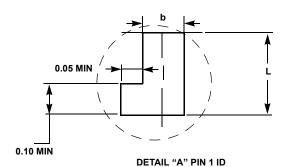


**TOP VIEW** 



**BOTTOM VIEW** 





L10.2.1x1.6A

10 LEAD ULTRA THIN QUAD FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

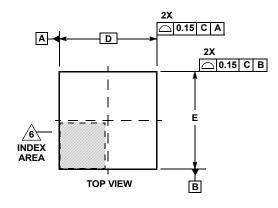
	N			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOMINAL	NOMINAL MAX	
Α	0.45	0.55	0.60	-
A1	-	-	0.05	-
A3	0.1	127 to 0.15 R	EF	-
b	0.15	0.20	0.25	5, 9
D	2.05	2.05 2.10 2.15		-
E	1.55	1.55 1.60 1.65		-
е		0.50 BSC		-
k	0.20	-	-	-
L	0.35	0.40	0.45	9
N		10	2	
Nd	4			3
Ne		1		
θ	0	-	12	4

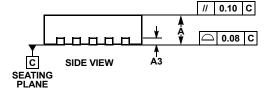
Rev. 1 1/06

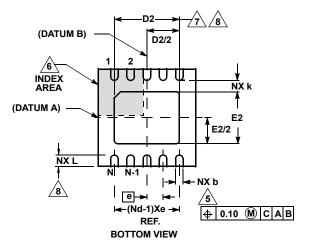
#### NOTES:

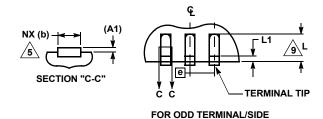
- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
- 2. N is the number of terminals.
- Nd and Ne refer to the number of terminals on D and E side, respectively.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
- 5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- 7. Maximum package warpage is 0.05mm.
- 8. Maximum allowable burrs is 0.076mm in all directions.
- Nominal dimensions are provided to assist with PCB Land Pattern Design efforts, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.
- Same as JEDEC MO-255UABD except:
   No lead-pull-back, "A" MIN dimension = 0.45 not 0.50mm
   "L" MAX dimension = 0.45 not 0.42mm.

# Thin Dual Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (TDFN)









L10.3x3A 10 LEAD THII

### 10 LEAD THIN DUAL FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

	MILLIMETERS			
SYMBOL	MIN	NOMINAL	MAX	NOTES
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80	-
A1	-	-	0.05	-
A3	0.20 REF			-
b	0.20	0.25	0.30	5, 8
D	2.95	3.0	3.05	-
D2	2.25	2.30	2.35	7, 8
Е	2.95	3.0	3.05	-
E2	1.45	1.50	1.55	7, 8
е	0.50 BSC			-
k	0.25	-	-	-
L	0.25	0.30	0.35	8
N	10			2
Nd	5			3

Rev. 2 1/06

#### NOTES:

- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
- 2. N is the number of terminals.
- 3. Nd refers to the number of terminals on D.
- 4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
- 5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
- The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
- 7. Dimensions D2 and E2 are for the exposed pads which provide improved electrical and thermal performance.
- 8. Nominal dimensions are provided to assist with PCB Land Pattern Design efforts, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.
- Compliant to JEDEC MO-229-WEED-3 except for D2 dimensions.

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