
Document Title

256Kx36 & 512Kx18-Bit Synchronous Burst SRAM

Revision History

<u>Rev. No.</u>	<u>History</u>	<u>Draft Date</u>	<u>Remark</u>
0.0	Initial draft	May. 18 . 2001	Preliminary
0.1	Add x32 org part and industrial temperature part	Aug. 11. 2001	Preliminary
0.2	1. change scan order(1) form 4T to 6T at 119BGA(x18)	Aug. 28. 2001	Preliminary
1.0	1. Final spec release 2. Change ISB2 form 50mA to 60mA	Nov. 16. 2001	Final
2.0	Change ordering information(remove 225MHz at SPB)	April. 01. 2002	Final
2.1	1. Delete 119BGA package	April. 04. 2003	Final
3.0	1. Remove x32 organization 2. Remove -85 speed bin	Nov. 17. 2003	Final

The attached data sheets are prepared and approved by SAMSUNG Electronics. SAMSUNG Electronics CO., LTD. reserve the right to change the specifications. SAMSUNG Electronics will evaluate and reply to your requests and questions on the parameters of this device. If you have any questions, please contact the SAMSUNG branch office near your office, call or contact Headquarters.



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8Mb SB/SPB Synchronous SRAM Ordering Information

Org.	Part Number	Mode	VDD	Speed FT ; Access Time(ns) Pipelined ; Cycle Time(MHz)	PKG	Temp
512Kx18	K7B801825B-QC(I)65/75	SB	3.3	6.5/7.5 ns	Q: 100TQFP	C: Commercial Temperature Range I: Industrial Temperature Range
	K7A801800B-QC(I)16/14	SPB(2E1D)	3.3	167/138 MHz		
	K7A801809B-QC(I)25	SPB(2E1D)	3.3	250 MHz		
256Kx36	K7B803625B-QC(I)65/75	SB	3.3	6.5/7.5 ns	Q: 100TQFP	C: Commercial Temperature Range I: Industrial Temperature Range
	K7A803600B-QC(I)16/14	SPB(2E1D)	3.3	167/138 MHz		
	K7A803609B-QC(I)25	SPB(2E1D)	3.3	250 MHz		

256Kx36 & 512Kx18-Bit Synchronous Burst SRAM**FEATURES**

- Synchronous Operation.
- On-Chip Address Counter.
- Self-Timed Write Cycle.
- On-Chip Address and Control Registers.
- 3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V Power Supply.
- I/O Supply Voltage 3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V for 3.3V I/O or 2.5V+0.4V/-0.125V for 2.5V I/O
- 5V Tolerant Inputs Except I/O Pins.
- Byte Writable Function.
- Global Write Enable Controls a full bus-width write.
- Power Down State via ZZ Signal.
- LBO Pin allows a choice of either a interleaved burst or a linear burst.
- Three Chip Enables for simple depth expansion with No Data Contention only for TQFP.
- Asynchronous Output Enable Control.
- ADSP, ADSC, ADV Burst Control Pins.
- TTL-Level Three-State Output.
- 100-TQFP-1420A
- Operating in commercial and industrial temperature range.

FAST ACCESS TIMES

PARAMETER	Symbol	-65	-75	-85	Unit
Cycle Time	t _{CYC}	7.5	8.5	10	ns
Clock Access Time	t _{CD}	6.5	7.5	8.5	ns
Output Enable Access Time	t _{OE}	3.5	3.5	4.0	ns

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The K7B803625B and K7B801825B are 9,437,184-bit Synchronous Static Random Access Memory designed for high performance second level cache of Pentium and Power PC based System.

It is organized as 256K(512K) words of 36(18) bits and integrates address and control registers, a 2-bit burst address counter and added some new functions for high performance cache RAM applications; GW, BW, LBO, ZZ. Write cycles are internally self-timed and synchronous.

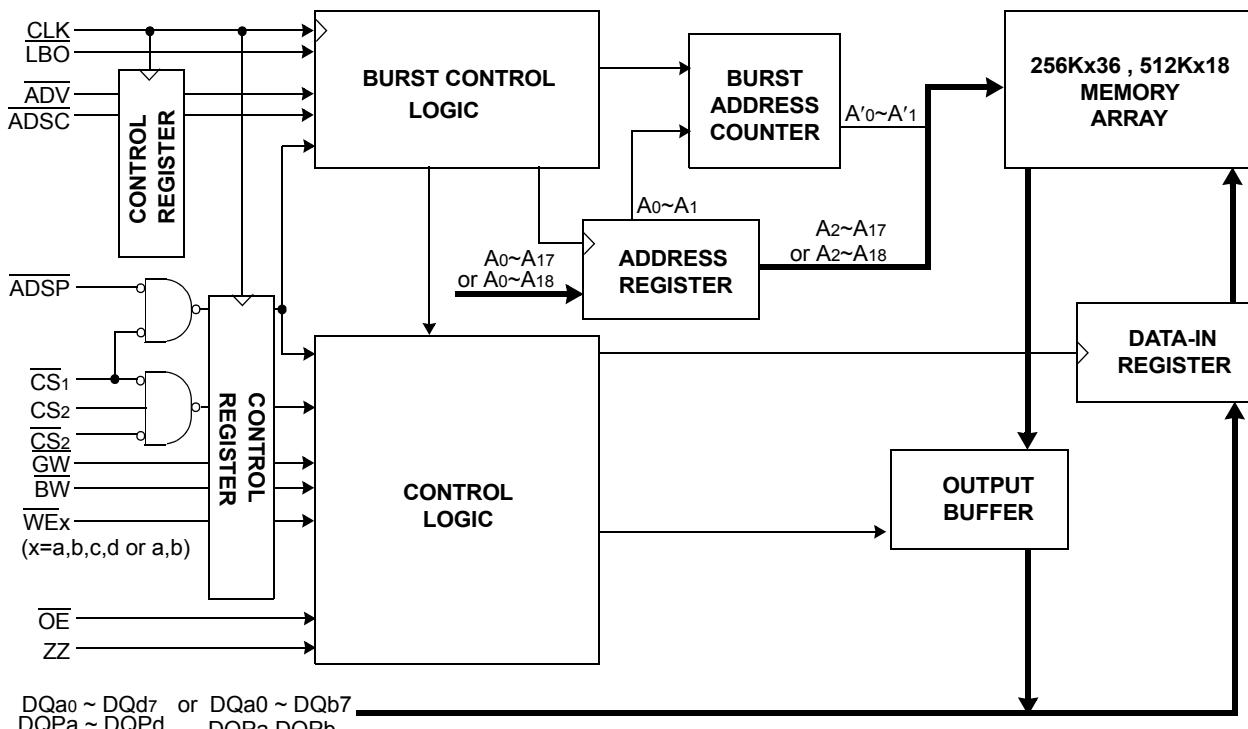
Full bus-width write is done by GW, and each byte write is performed by the combination of WEx and BW when GW is high. And with CS1 high, ADSP is blocked to control signals.

Burst cycle can be initiated with either the address status processor(ADSP) or address status cache controller(ADSC) inputs. Subsequent burst addresses are generated internally in the system's burst sequence and are controlled by the burst address advance(ADV) input.

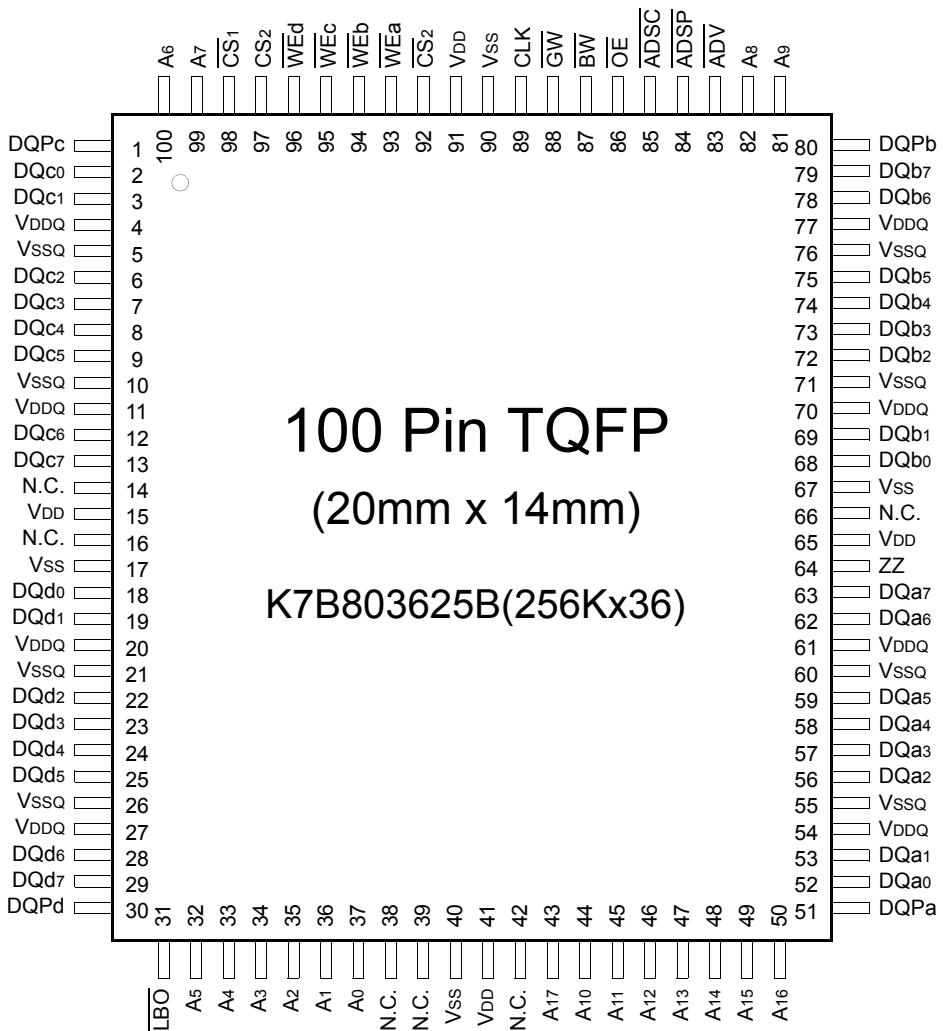
LBO pin is DC operated and determines burst sequence(linear or interleaved).

ZZ pin controls Power Down State and reduces Stand-by current regardless of CLK.

The K7B803625B and K7B801825B are fabricated using SAMSUNG's high performance CMOS technology and is available in a 100pin TQFP and Multiple power and ground pins are utilized to minimize ground bounce.

LOGIC BLOCK DIAGRAM

PIN CONFIGURATION(TOP VIEW)



PIN

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.	SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.
A ₀ - A ₁₇	Address Inputs	32,33,34,35,36,37,43 44,45,46,47,48,49,50 81,82,99,100	V _{DD}	Power Supply(+3.3V)	15,41,65,91
<u>ADV</u>	Burst Address Advance	83	V _{SS}	Ground	17,40,67,90
<u>ADSP</u>	Address Status Processor	84	N.C.	No Connect	14,16,38,39,42,66
<u>ADSC</u>	Address Status Controller	85	DQa ₀ ~a ₇	Data Inputs/Outputs	52,53,56,57,58,59,62,63
<u>CLK</u>	Clock	89	DQb ₀ ~b ₇		68,69,72,73,74,75,78,79
<u>CS₁</u>	Chip Select	98	DQc ₀ ~c ₇		2,3,6,7,8,9,12,13
<u>CS₂</u>	Chip Select	97	DQd ₀ ~d ₇		18,19,22,23,24,25,28,29
<u>CS₂</u>	Chip Select	92	DQP _a ~P _d		51,80,1,30
<u>WE_{x(x=a,b,c,d)}</u>	Byte Write Inputs	93,94,95,96	V _{DDQ}	Output Power Supply (2.5V or 3.3V)	4,11,20,27,54,61,70,77
<u>OE</u>	Output Enable	86	V _{SSQ}	Output Ground	5,10,21,26,55,60,71,76
<u>GW</u>	Global Write Enable	88			
<u>BW</u>	Byte Write Enable	87			
<u>ZZ</u>	Power Down Input	64			
<u>LBO</u>	Burst Mode Control	31			

Notes : 1. A₀ and A₁ are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.
2. The pin 42 is reserved for address bit for the 16Mb .

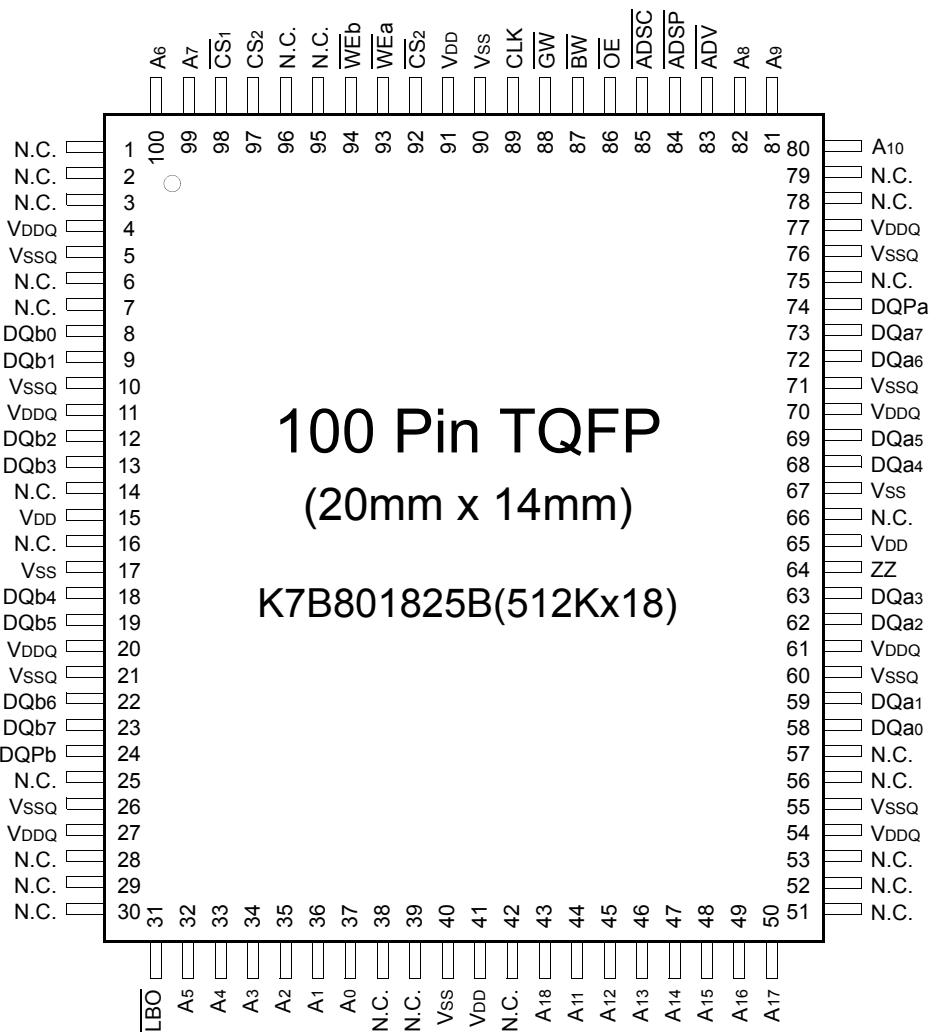


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K7B803625B
K7B801825B

256Kx36 & 512Kx18 Synchronous SRAM

PIN CONFIGURATION(TOP VIEW)



PIN NAME

SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.	SYMBOL	PIN NAME	TQFP PIN NO.
A0 - A18	Address Inputs	32,33,34,35,36,37,43 44,45,46,47,48,49,50 80,81,82,99,100	VDD Vss N.C.	Power Supply(+3.3V) Ground No Connect	15,41,65,91 17,40,67,90 1,2,3,6,7,14,16,25,28,29, 30,38,39,42,51,52,53,56, 57,66,75,78,79,95,96
<u>ADV</u>	Burst Address Advance	83			
<u>ADSP</u>	Address Status Processor	84			
<u>ADSC</u>	Address Status Controller	85			
<u>CLK</u>	Clock	89	DQa0 ~ a7	Data Inputs/Outputs	58,59,62,63,68,69,72,73
<u>CS1</u>	Chip Select	98	DQb0 ~ b7		8,9,12,13,18,19,22,23
<u>CS2</u>	Chip Select	97	DQPa, Pb		74,24
<u>CS2</u>	Chip Select	92	VDDQ	Output Power Supply (2.5V or 3.3V)	4,11,20,27,54,61,70,77
<u>WEx</u>	Byte Write Inputs	93,94			
<u>OE</u>	Output Enable	86	VSSQ	Output Ground	5,10,21,26,55,60,71,76
<u>GW</u>	Global Write Enable	88			
<u>BW</u>	Byte Write Enable	87			
<u>ZZ</u>	Power Down Input	64			
<u>LBO</u>	Burst Mode Control	31			

Notes : 1. A₀ and A₁ are the two least significant bits(LSB) of the address field and set the internal burst counter if burst is desired.
2. The pin 42 is reserved for address bit for the 16Mb .

K7B803625B**K7B801825B****256Kx36 & 512Kx18 Synchronous SRAM****FUNCTION DESCRIPTION**

The K7B803625B and K7B801825B are synchronous SRAM designed to support the burst address accessing sequence of the Power PC based microprocessor. All inputs (with the exception of \overline{OE} , \overline{LBO} and \overline{ZZ}) are sampled on rising clock edges. The start and duration of the burst access is controlled by \overline{ADSC} , \overline{ADSP} and \overline{ADV} and chip select pins.

The accesses are enabled with the chip select signals and output enabled signals. Wait states are inserted into the access with \overline{ADV} .

When \overline{ZZ} is pulled high, the SRAM will enter a Power Down State. At this time, internal state of the SRAM is preserved. When \overline{ZZ} returns to low, the SRAM normally operates after 2cycles of wake up time. \overline{ZZ} pin is pulled down internally.

Read cycles are initiated with \overline{ADSP} (or \overline{ADSC}) using the new external address clocked into the on-chip address register when both \overline{GW} and \overline{BW} are high or when \overline{BW} is low and \overline{WEa} , \overline{WEb} , \overline{WEc} , and \overline{WEd} are high. When \overline{ADSP} is sampled low, the chip selects are sampled active, and the output buffer is enabled with \overline{OE} . the data of cell array accessed by the current address are projected to the output pins.

Write cycles are also initiated with \overline{ADSP} (or \overline{ADSC}) and are differentiated into two kinds of operations; All byte write operation and individual byte write operation.

All byte write occurs by enabling \overline{GW} (independent of \overline{BW} and \overline{WEx}), and individual byte write is performed only when \overline{GW} is high and \overline{BW} is low. In K7B803625B, a 256Kx36 organization, \overline{WEa} controls DQa0 ~ DQa7 and DQP_a, \overline{WEb} controls DQb0 ~ DQb7 and DQP_b, \overline{WEc} controls DQc0 ~ DQc7 and DQP_c and \overline{WEd} controls DQd0 ~ DQd7 and DQP_d.

$\overline{CS1}$ is used to enable the device and conditions internal use of \overline{ADSP} and is sampled only when a new external address is loaded.

\overline{ADV} is ignored at the clock edge when \overline{ADSP} is asserted, but can be sampled on the subsequent clock edges. The address increases internally for the next access of the burst when \overline{ADV} is sampled low.

Addresses are generated for the burst access as shown below, The starting point of the burst sequence is provided by the external address. The burst address counter wraps around to its initial state upon completion. The burst sequence is determined by the state of the \overline{LBO} pin. When this pin is Low, linear burst sequence is selected. And this pin is High, Interleaved burst sequence is selected.

BURST SEQUENCE TABLE

(Interleaved Burst)

\overline{LBO} PIN	HIGH	Case 1		Case 2		Case 3		Case 4	
		A_1	A_0	A_1	A_0	A_1	A_0	A_1	A_0
First Address ↓ Fourth Address	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0

(Linear Burst)

\overline{LBO} PIN	LOW	Case 1		Case 2		Case 3		Case 4	
		A_1	A_0	A_1	A_0	A_1	A_0	A_1	A_0
First Address ↓ Fourth Address	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0

Note : 1. \overline{LBO} pin must be tied to High or Low, and Floating State must not be allowed.



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TRUTH TABLES

SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE

CS ₁	CS ₂	CS ₂	ADSP	ADSC	ADV	WRITE	CLK	ADDRESS ACCESSED	OPERATION
H	X	X	X	L	X	X	↑	N/A	Not Selected
L	L	X	L	X	X	X	↑	N/A	Not Selected
L	X	H	L	X	X	X	↑	N/A	Not Selected
L	L	X	X	L	X	X	↑	N/A	Not Selected
L	X	H	X	L	X	X	↑	N/A	Not Selected
L	H	L	L	X	X	X	↑	External Address	Begin Burst Read Cycle
L	H	L	H	L	X	L	↑	External Address	Begin Burst Write Cycle
L	H	L	H	L	X	H	↑	External Address	Begin Burst Read Cycle
X	X	X	H	H	L	H	↑	Next Address	Continue Burst Read Cycle
H	X	X	X	H	L	H	↑	Next Address	Continue Burst Read Cycle
X	X	X	H	H	L	L	↑	Next Address	Continue Burst Write Cycle
H	X	X	X	H	L	L	↑	Next Address	Continue Burst Write Cycle
X	X	X	H	H	H	H	↑	Current Address	Suspend Burst Read Cycle
H	X	X	X	H	H	H	↑	Current Address	Suspend Burst Read Cycle
X	X	X	H	H	H	L	↑	Current Address	Suspend Burst Write Cycle
H	X	X	X	H	H	L	↑	Current Address	Suspend Burst Write Cycle

Notes : 1. X means "Don't Care". 2. The rising edge of clock is symbolized by ↑.

3. WRITE = L means Write operation in WRITE TRUTH TABLE.

WRITER = H means Read operation in WRITE TRUTH TABLE.

4. Operation finally depends on status of asynchronous input pins(ZZ and \overline{OE}).

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x36)

GW	BW	WE _a	WE _b	WE _c	WE _d	OPERATION
H	H	X	X	X	X	READ
H	L	H	H	H	H	READ
H	L	L	H	H	H	WRITE BYTE a
H	L	H	L	H	H	WRITE BYTE b
H	L	H	H	L	L	WRITE BYTE c and d
H	L	L	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES
L	X	X	X	X	X	WRITE ALL BYTES

Notes : 1. X means "Don't Care".

2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of CLK(↑).

WRITE TRUTH TABLE(x18)

GW	BW	WE _a	WE _b	OPERATION
H	H	X	X	READ
H	L	H	H	READ
H	L	L	H	WRITE BYTE a
H	L	H	L	WRITE BYTE b
H	L	L	L	WRITE ALL BYTES
L	X	X	X	WRITE ALL BYTES

Notes : 1. X means "Don't Care".

2. All inputs in this table must meet setup and hold time around the rising edge of CLK(↑).



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K7B803625B**K7B801825B****256Kx36 & 512Kx18 Synchronous SRAM****ASYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE**

Operation	ZZ	\overline{OE}	I/O STATUS
Sleep Mode	H	X	High-Z
Read	L	L	DQ
	L	H	High-Z
Write	L	X	Din, High-Z
Deselected	L	X	High-Z

Notes

1. X means "Don't Care".
2. ZZ pin is pulled down internally.
3. For write cycles that follow read cycles, the output buffers must be disabled with OE, otherwise data bus contention will occur.
4. Sleep Mode means power down state of which stand-by current does not depend on cycle time.
5. Deselected means power down state of which stand-by current depends on cycle time.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

PARAMETER		SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Voltage on VDD Supply Relative to Vss		VDD	-0.3 to 4.6	V
Voltage on VDDQ Supply Relative to Vss		VDDQ	VDD	V
Voltage on Input Pin Relative to Vss		VIN	-0.3 to VDD+0.3	V
Voltage on I/O Pin Relative to Vss		VIO	-0.3 to VDDQ+0.3	V
Power Dissipation		PD	1.6	W
Storage Temperature		TSTG	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature	Commercial	TOPR	0 to 70	°C
	Industrial	TOPR	-40 to 85	°C
Storage Temperature Range Under Bias		TBIAS	-10 to 85	°C

*Note : Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

OPERATING CONDITIONS at 3.3V I/O($0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{TA} \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	Typ.	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	VDD	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	VDDQ	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	0	V

* The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

OPERATING CONDITIONS at 2.5V I/O($0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{TA} \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	Typ.	MAX	UNIT
Supply Voltage	VDD	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	VDDQ	2.375	2.5	2.9	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	0	V

* The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

CAPACITANCE*($\text{TA}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f=1\text{MHz}$)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}	V _{IN} =0V	-	5	pF
Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}	V _{OUT} =0V	-	7	pF

*Note : Sampled not 100% tested.



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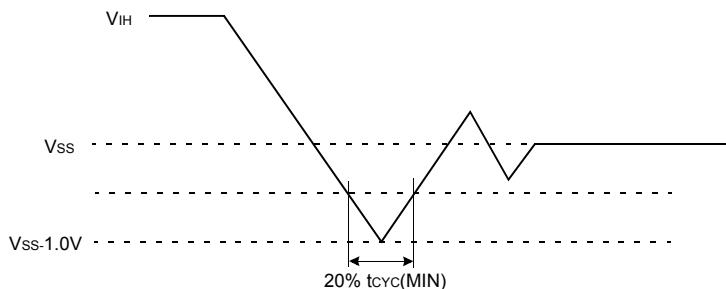
K7B803625B**K7B801825B****256Kx36 & 512Kx18 Synchronous SRAM****DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**($V_{DD}=3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V$, $T_A=0^{\circ}C$ to $+70^{\circ}C$)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions		Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input Leakage Current(except ZZ)	I _{IL}	$V_{DD}=Max$; $V_{IN}=V_{SS}$ to V_{DD}		-2	+2	μA	
Output Leakage Current	I _{OL}	Output Disabled, $V_{out}=V_{SS}$ to V_{DDQ}		-2	+2	μA	
Operating Current	I _{CC}	Device Selected, $I_{OUT}=0mA$, $ZZ \leq V_{IL}$, Cycle Time $\geq t_{CYC}$ Min	-65	-	300	mA	1,2
			-75	-	280		
Standby Current	I _{SB}	Device deselected, $I_{OUT}=0mA$, $ZZ \leq V_{IL}$, $f=Max$, All Inputs $\leq 0.2V$ or $\geq V_{DD}-0.2V$	-65	-	140	mA	
			-75	-	130		
	I _{SB1}	Device deselected, $I_{OUT}=0mA$, $ZZ \leq 0.2V$, $f=0$, All Inputs=fixed ($V_{DD}-0.2V$ or $0.2V$)	-	-	100	mA	
	I _{SB2}	Device deselected, $I_{OUT}=0mA$, $ZZ \geq V_{DD}-0.2V$, $f=Max$, All Inputs $\leq V_{IL}$ or $\geq V_{IH}$	-	-	60	mA	
	V _{OL}	$I_{OL}=8.0mA$	-	-	0.4	V	
	V _{OH}	$I_{OH}=-4.0mA$	-	2.4	-	V	
Output Low Voltage(3.3V I/O)	V _{OL}	$I_{OL}=1.0mA$	-	-	0.4	V	
Output High Voltage(3.3V I/O)	V _{OH}	$I_{OH}=-1.0mA$	-	2.0	-	V	
Input Low Voltage(3.3V I/O)	V _{IL}		-	-0.3*	0.8	V	
Input High Voltage(3.3V I/O)	V _{IH}		-	2.0	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V	3
Input Low Voltage(2.5V I/O)	V _{IL}		-	-0.3*	0.7	V	
Input High Voltage(2.5V I/O)	V _{IH}		-	1.7	$V_{DD}+0.3$	V	3

Notes : The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

1. Reference AC Operating Conditions and Characteristics for input and timing.

2. Data states are all zero.

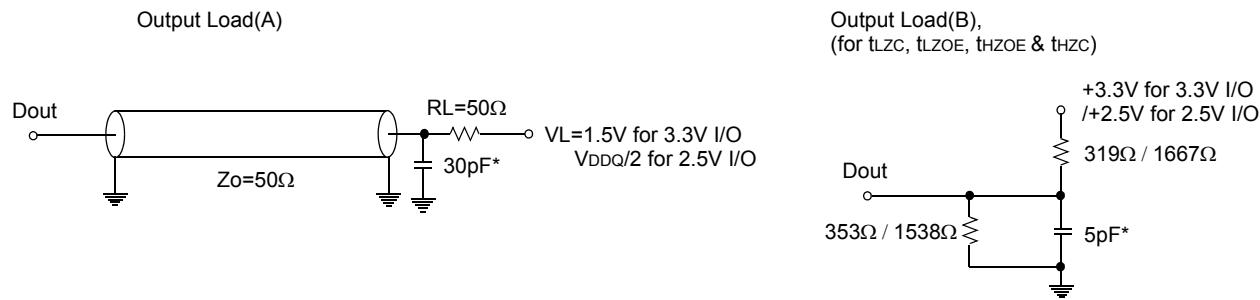
3. In Case of I/O Pins, the Max. $V_{IH}=V_{DDQ}+0.3V$ **TEST CONDITIONS** $(V_{DD}=3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V, V_{DDQ}=3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V$ or $V_{DD}=3.3V+0.165V/-0.165V, V_{DDQ}=2.5V+0.4V/-0.125V$, $T_A=0$ to $70^{\circ}C$)

PARAMETER	VALUE
Input Pulse Level(for 3.3V I/O)	0 to 3.0V
Input Pulse Level(for 2.5V I/O)	0 to 2.5V
Input Rise and Fall Time(Measured at 20% to 80% for 3.3V I/O)	1.0V/ns
Input Rise and Fall Time(Measured at 20% to 80% for 2.5V I/O)	1.0V/ns
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels for 3.3V I/O	1.5V
Input and Output Timing Reference Levels for 2.5V I/O	$V_{DDQ}/2$
Output Load	See Fig. 1

* The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.



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* Including Scope and Jig Capacitance

Fig. 1

AC TIMING CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{DD} = 3.3V + 0.165V/-0.165V$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+70^\circ C$)

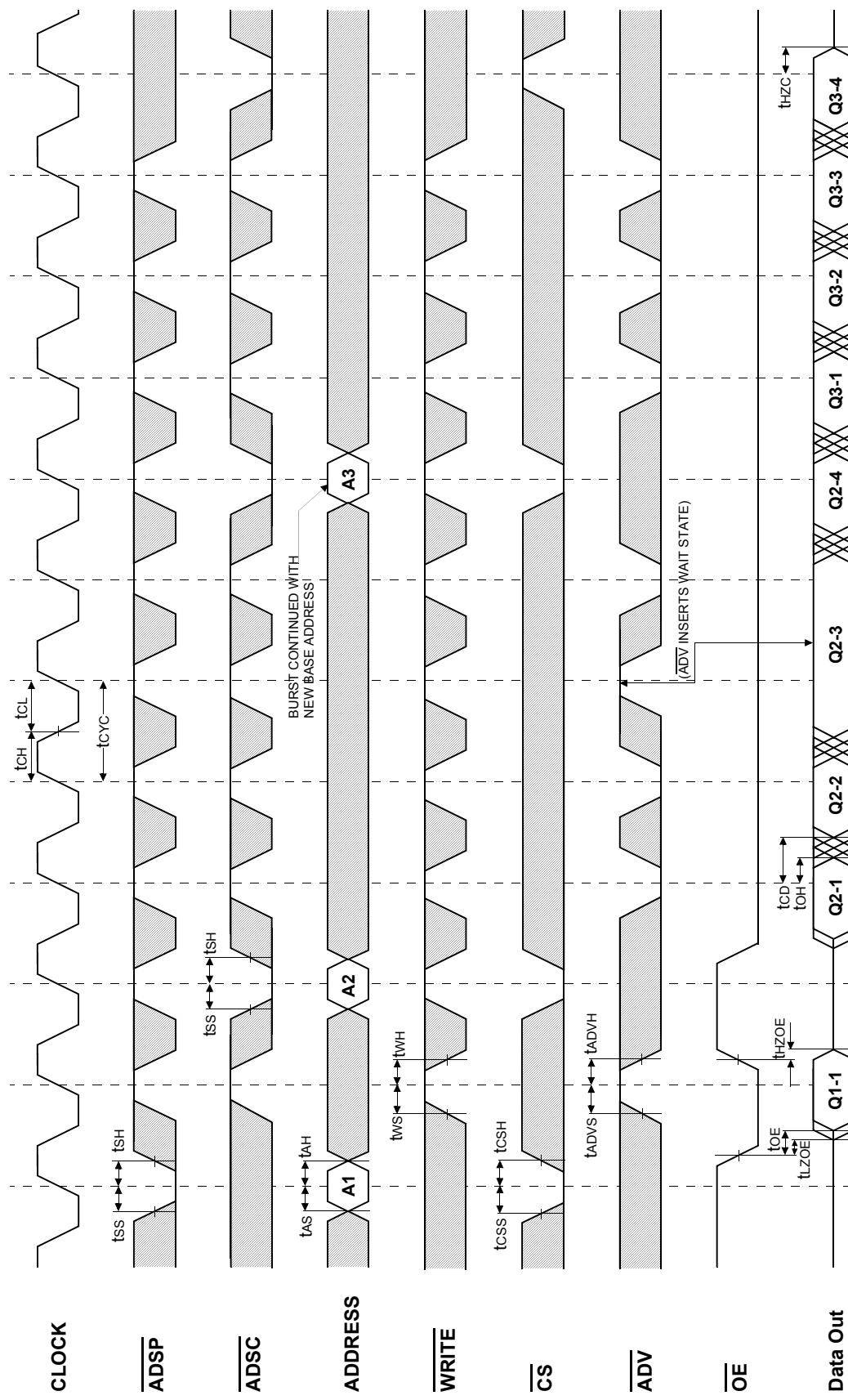
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	-65		-75		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Cycle Time	t_{CYC}	7.5	-	8.5	-	ns
Clock Access Time	t_{CD}	-	6.5	-	7.5	ns
Output Enable to Data Valid	t_{OE}	-	3.5	-	3.5	ns
Clock High to Output Low-Z	t_{LZC}	2.5	-	2.5	-	ns
Output Hold from Clock High	t_{OH}	2.5	-	2.5	-	ns
Output Enable Low to Output Low-Z	t_{LZOE}	0	-	0	-	ns
Output Enable High to Output High-Z	t_{HZOE}	-	3.5	-	3.5	ns
Clock High to Output High-Z	t_{HZC}	-	3.8	-	4.0	ns
Clock High Pulse Width	t_{CH}	2.2	-	2.5	-	ns
Clock Low Pulse Width	t_{CL}	2.2	-	2.5	-	ns
Address Setup to Clock High	t_{AS}	1.5	-	2.0	-	ns
Address Status Setup to Clock High	t_{SS}	1.5	-	2.0	-	ns
Data Setup to Clock High	t_{DS}	1.5	-	2.0	-	ns
Write Setup to Clock High (\overline{GW} , \overline{BW} , \overline{WEx})	t_{WS}	1.5	-	2.0	-	ns
Address Advance Setup to Clock High	t_{ADVS}	1.5	-	2.0	-	ns
Chip Select Setup to Clock High	t_{CSS}	1.5	-	2.0	-	ns
Address Hold from Clock High	t_{AH}	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Address Status Hold from Clock High	t_{SH}	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Data Hold from Clock High	t_{DH}	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Write Hold from Clock High (\overline{GW} , \overline{BW} , \overline{WEx})	t_{WH}	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Address Advance Hold from Clock High	t_{ADVH}	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
Chip Select Hold from Clock High	t_{CSH}	0.5	-	0.5	-	ns
ZZ High to Power Down	t_{PDS}	2	-	2	-	cycle
ZZ Low to Power Up	t_{PUS}	2	-	2	-	cycle

- Notes :**
1. The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.
 2. All address inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for all rising clock edges whenever \overline{ADSC} and/or \overline{ADSP} is sampled low and \overline{CS} is sampled low. All other synchronous inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times whenever this device is chip selected.
 3. Both chip selects must be active whenever \overline{ADSC} or \overline{ADSP} is sampled low in order for the this device to remain enabled.
 4. \overline{ADSC} or \overline{ADSP} must not be asserted for at least 2 Clock after leaving ZZ state.



ELECTRONICS

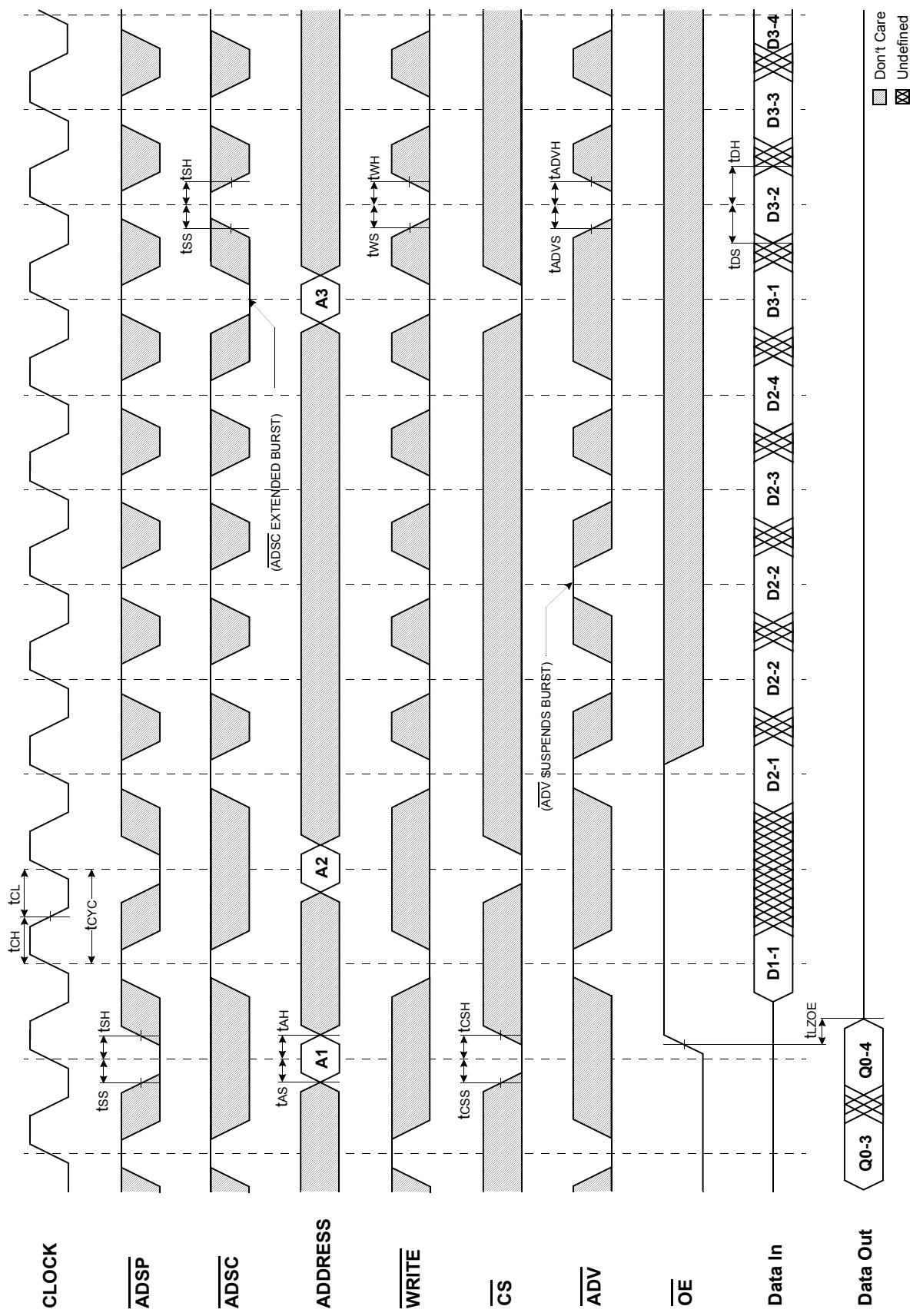
TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE



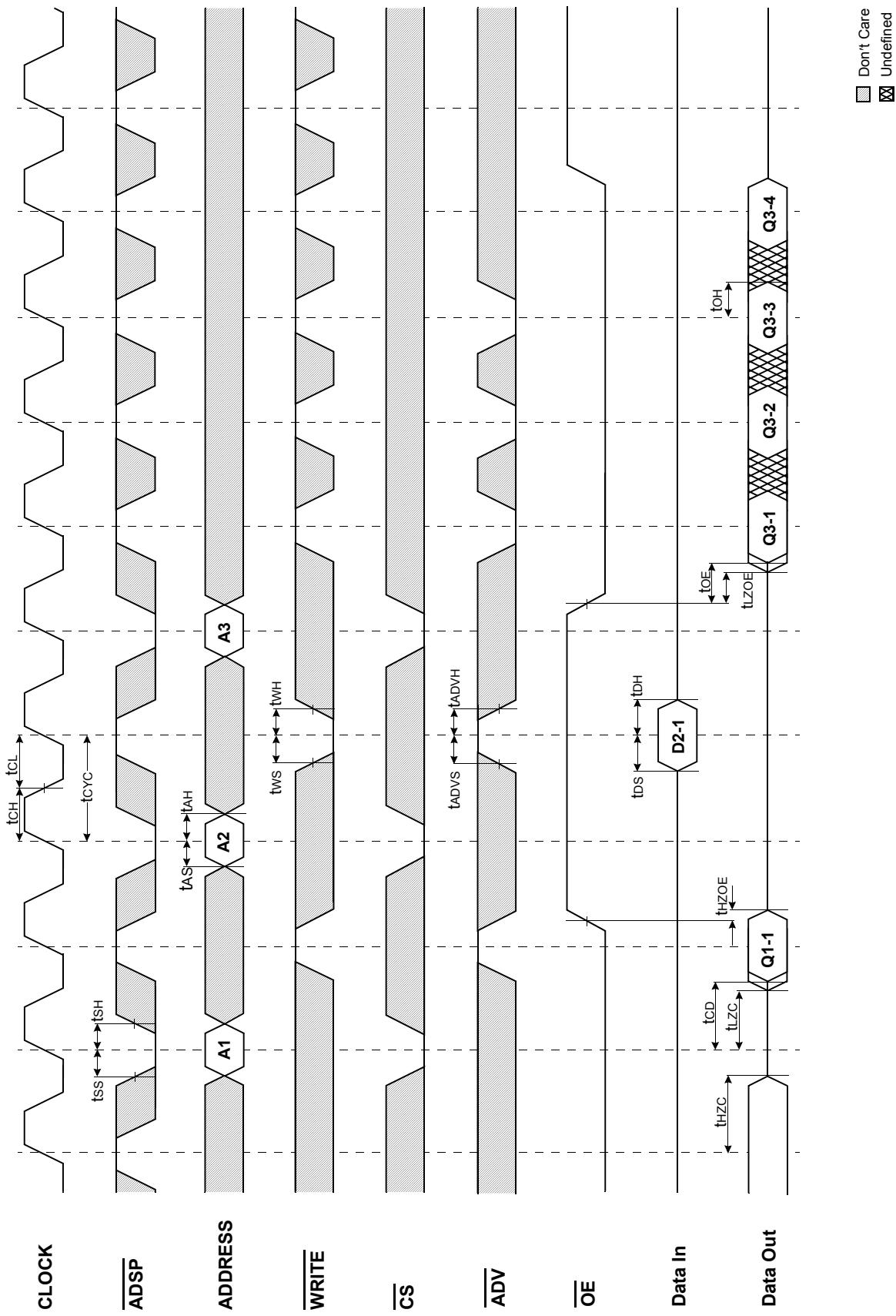
■ Don't Care
☒ Undefined

NOTES : $\overline{\text{WRITE}} = \text{L}$ means $\overline{\text{G}\overline{\text{W}}} = \text{L}$, or $\overline{\text{G}\overline{\text{W}}} = \text{H}$, $\overline{\text{BW}} = \text{L}$, $\overline{\text{WE}}_{\text{x}} = \text{L}$
 $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{L}$ means $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$, $\text{CS}_2 = \text{H}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{L}$
 $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{H}$ means $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{H}$, or $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$ and $\overline{\text{CS}}_2 = \text{H}$, or $\overline{\text{CS}}_1 = \text{L}$, and $\text{CS}_2 = \text{L}$

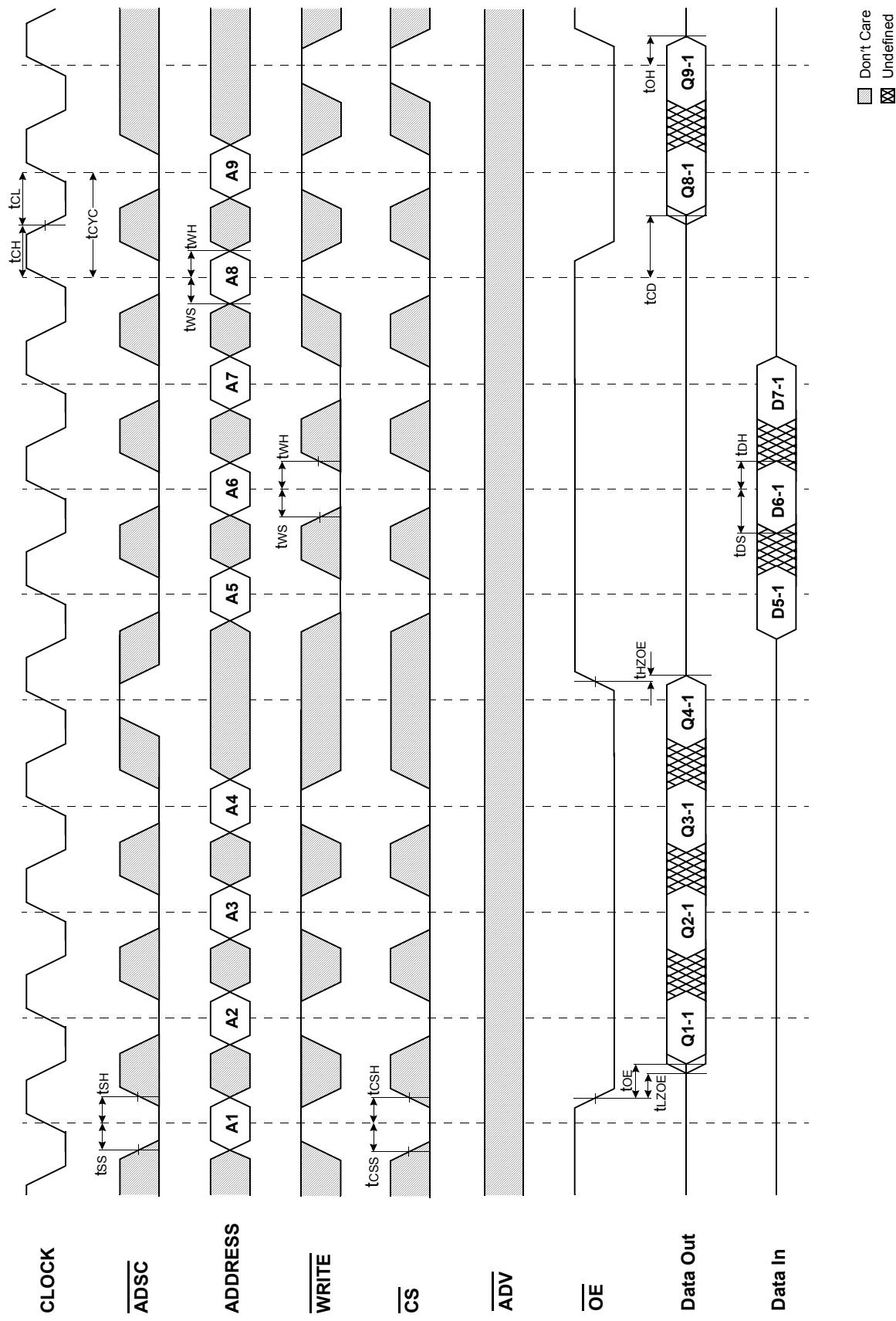
TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE



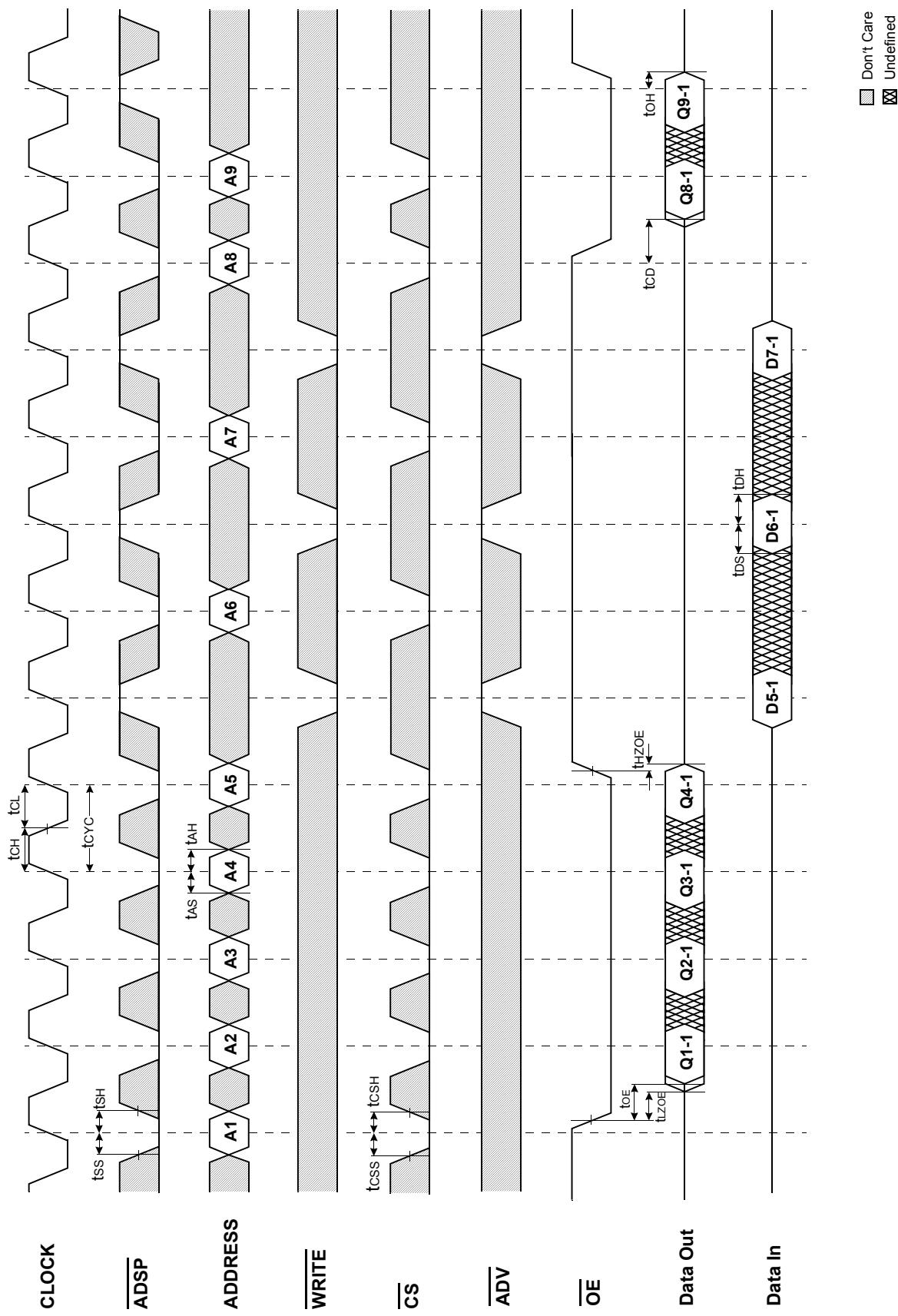
TIMING WAVEFORM OF COMBINATION READ/WRTE CYCLE($\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ CONTROLLED, $\overline{\text{ADSP}} = \text{HIGH}$)

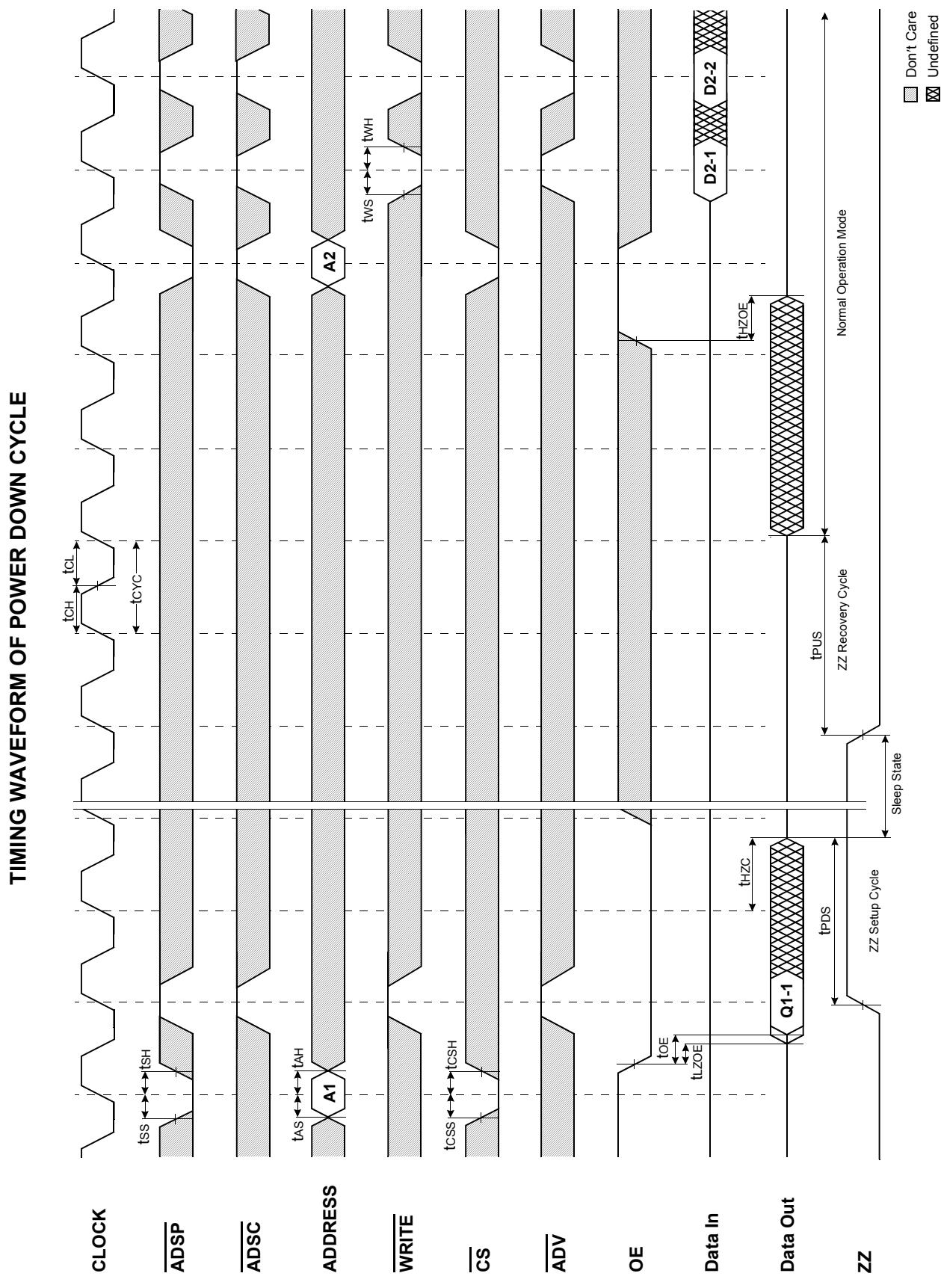


TIMING WAVEFORM OF SINGLE READ/WRITE CYCLE(\overline{ADSC} CONTROLLED, $\overline{ADSP}=\text{HIGH}$)



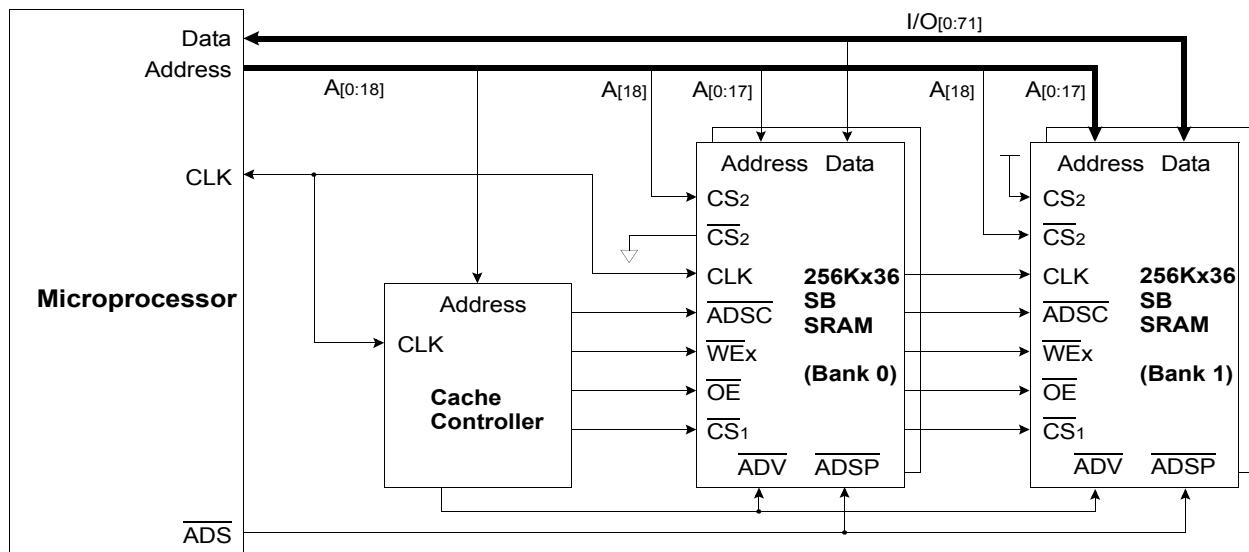
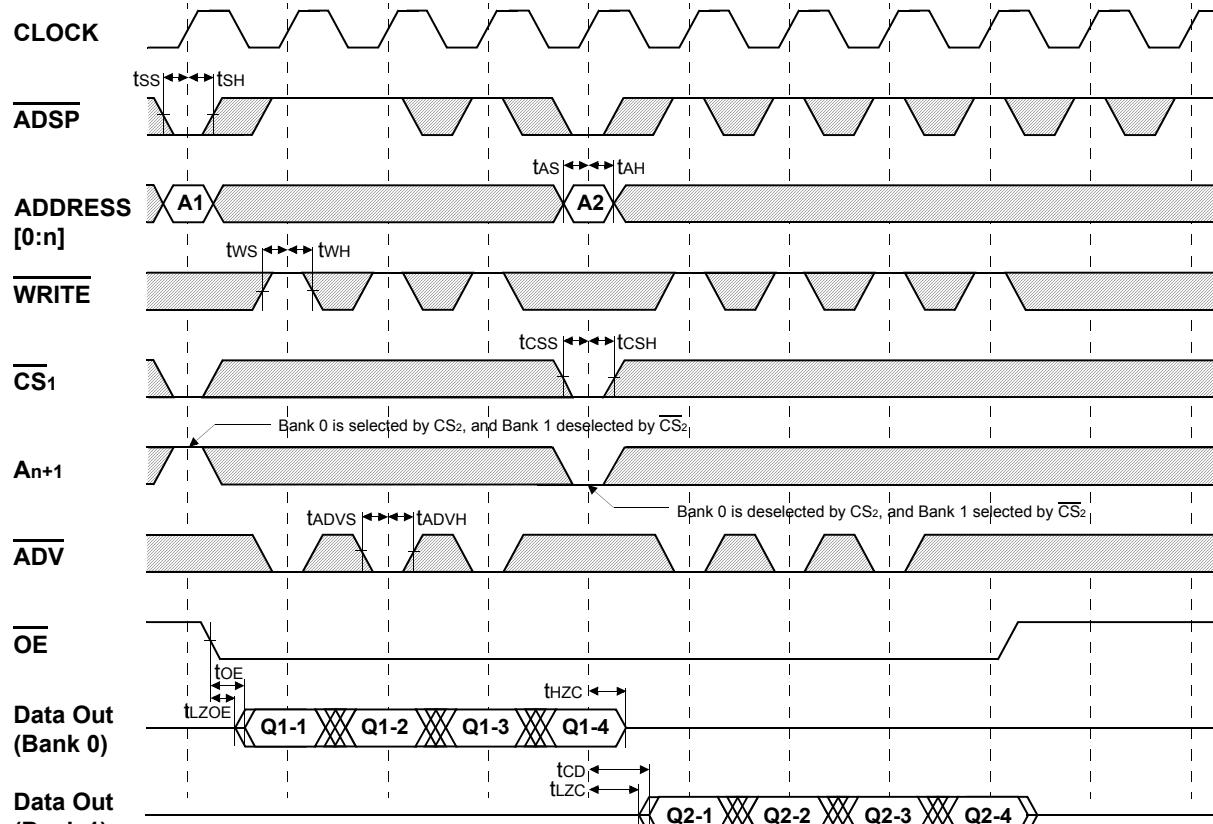
TIMING WAVEFORM OF SINGLE READ/WRITE CYCLE($\overline{\text{ADSP}}$ CONTROLLED, $\overline{\text{ADSC}}=\text{HIGH}$)





APPLICATION INFORMATION**DEPTH EXPANSION**

The Samsung 256Kx36 Synchronous Burst SRAM has two additional chip selects for simple depth expansion. This permits easy secondary cache upgrades from 256K depth to 512K depth without extra logic.

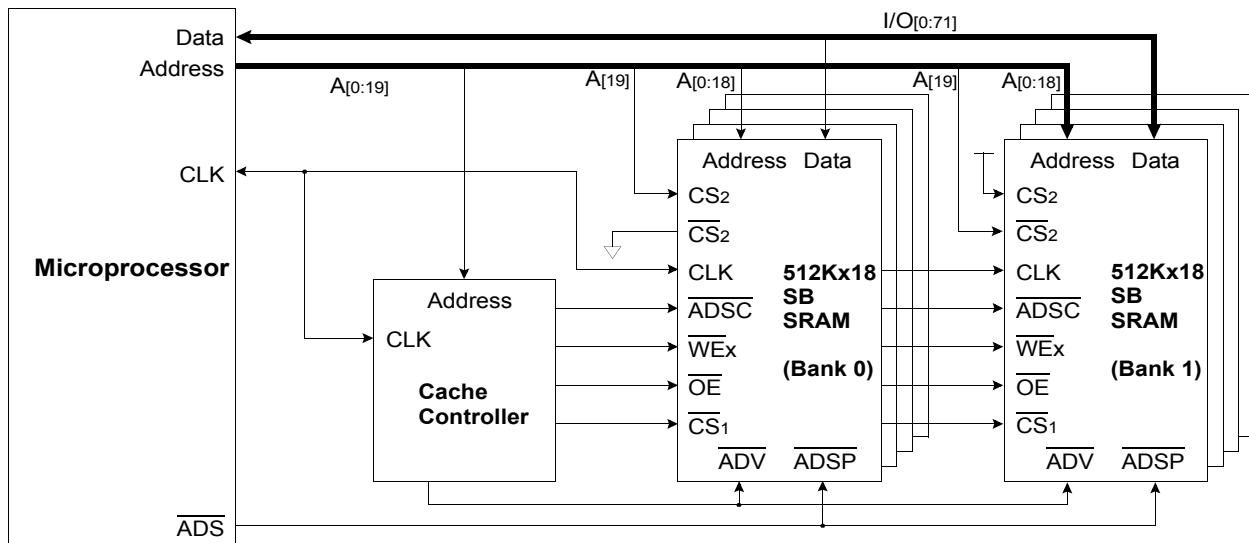
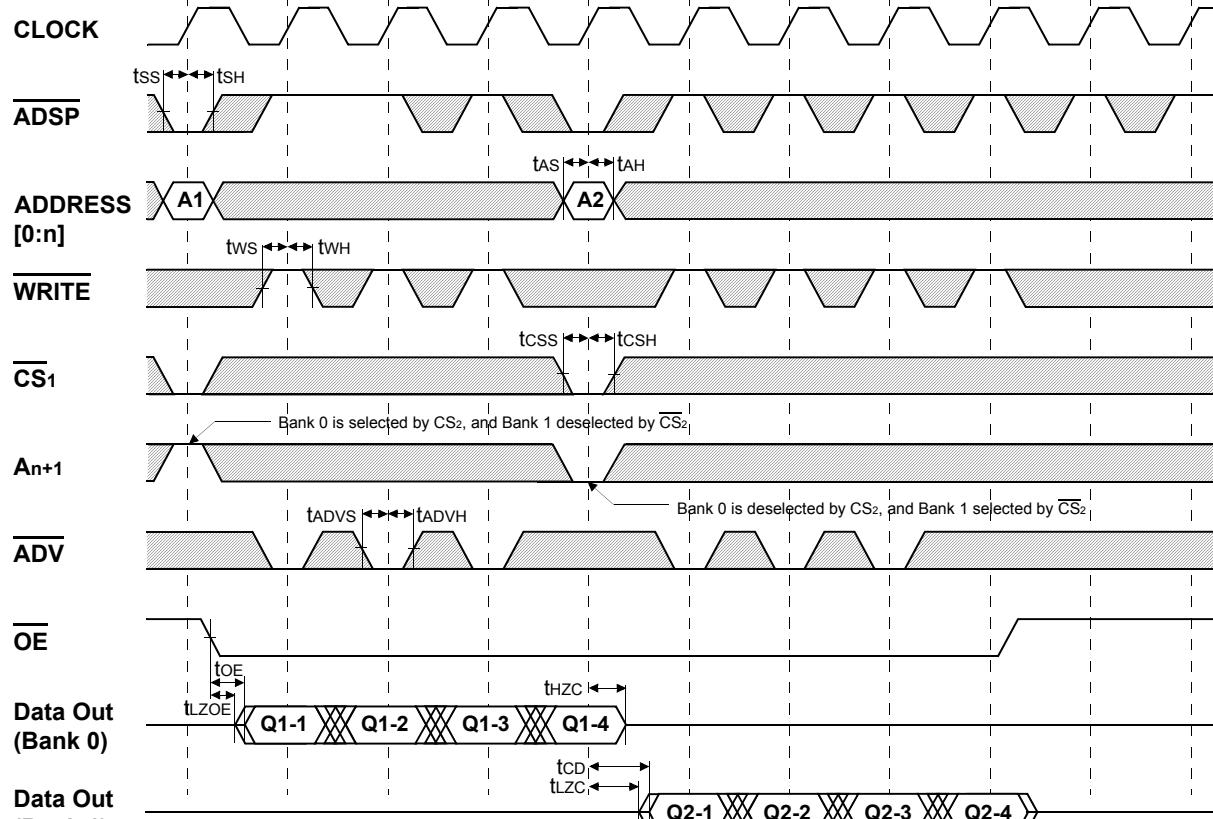
**INTERLEAVE READ TIMING** (Refer to non-interleave write timing for interleave write timing)**(ADSP CONTROLLED , ADSC=HIGH)**

*Notes : n = 14 32K depth , 15 64K depth
 16 128K depth , 17 256K depth
 18 512K depth

■ Don't Care X Undefined

APPLICATION INFORMATION**DEPTH EXPANSION**

The Samsung 512Kx18 Synchronous Burst SRAM has two additional chip selects for simple depth expansion. This permits easy secondary cache upgrades from 512K depth to 1M depth without extra logic.

**INTERLEAVE READ TIMING** (Refer to non-interleave write timing for interleave write timing)**(ADSP CONTROLLED , ADSC=HIGH)**

*Notes : n = 14 32K depth , 15 64K depth
 16 128K depth , 17 256K depth
 18 512K depth , 19 1M depth

■ Don't Care X Undefined

K7B803625B

K7B801825B

256Kx36 & 512Kx18 Synchronous SRAM

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

