

# ILC5062

## SOT-23 Power Supply reset Monitor with 1% precision

### Features

- All-CMOS design in SOT-23 or SC70 package
- A grade  $\pm 1\%$  precision in Reset Detection
- Standard grade :  $\pm 2\%$  precision in Reset Detection
- Only  $1\mu\text{A}$  of  $I_q$
- Over  $2\text{mA}$  of sink current capability
- Built-in hysteresis of 5% of detection voltage
- Voltage options of 2.6, 2.7, 2.8, 2.9, 3.1, 4.4, and 4.6V fit most supervisory applications
- Active low push-pull output

### Applications

- Microprocessor reset circuits
- Memory battery back-up circuitry
- Power-on reset circuits
- Portable and battery powered electronics

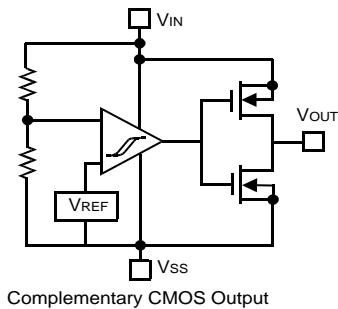
### Description

All-CMOS voltage monitoring circuit in either a 3-lead SOT-23 or SC70 package offers the best performance in power consumption and accuracy.

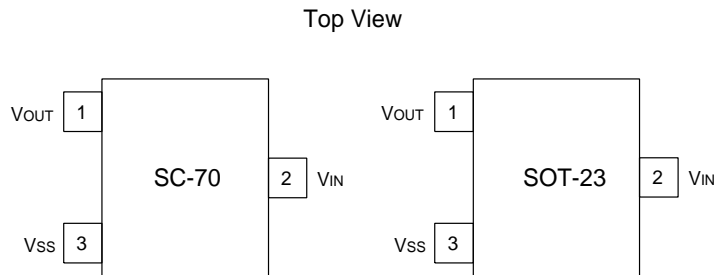
The ILC5062 is available in a series of  $\pm 1\%$  (A-grade) or 2% (standard grade) accurate trip voltages to fit most microprocessor applications. Even though its output can sink over  $2\text{mA}$ , the device draws only  $1\mu\text{A}$  in normal operation.

Additionally, a built-in hysteresis of 5% of detect voltage simplifies system design.

### Block Diagram



### Pin-Package Configurations



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	12	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	50	mA
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$V_{SS}-0.3\sim V_{IN}+0.3$	V
Continuous Total Power Dissipation (SOT-23)	$P_D$	150	mW
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_{opr}$	-30~+80	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40~+125	°C

## Electrical Characteristics ILC5062 ( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

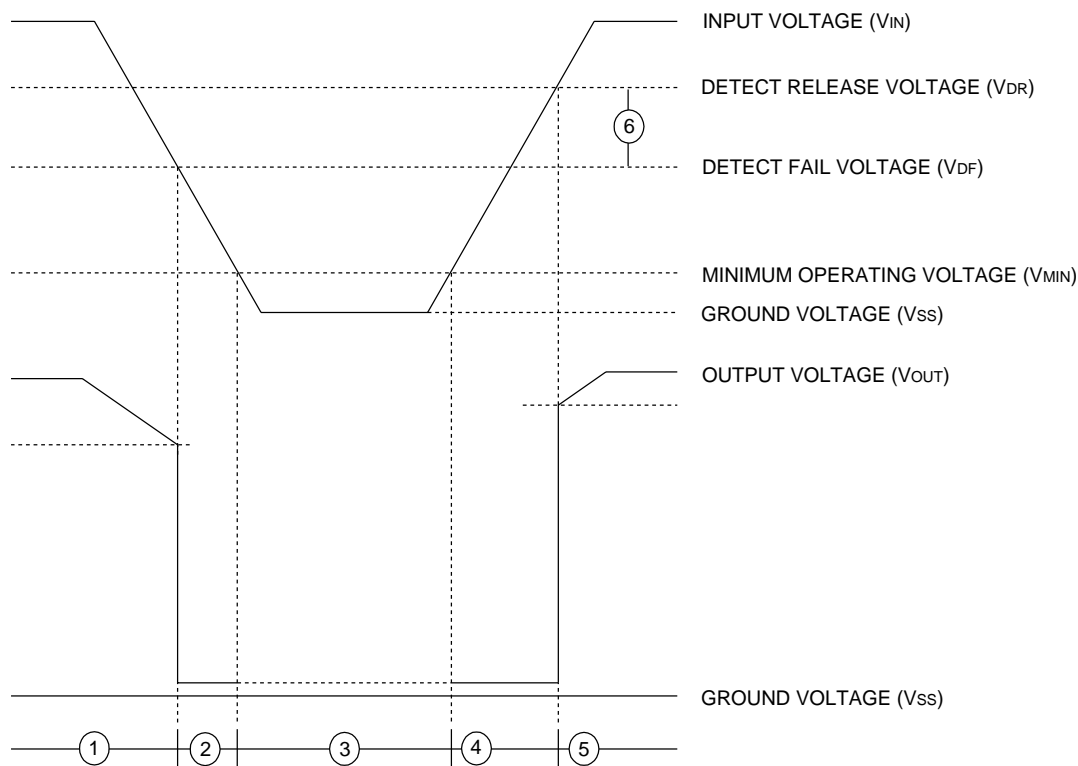
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Detect Fail Voltage	$V_{DF}$	A grade	$V_{DF} \times 0.99$	$V_{DF}$	$V_{DF} \times 1.01$	V
Detect Fail Voltage	$V_{DF}$	Standard grade	$V_{DF} \times 0.98$	$V_{DF}$	$V_{DF} \times 1.02$	V
Hysteresis Range	$V_{HYS}$		$V_{DF} \times 0.02$	$V_{DF} \times 0.05$	$V_{DF} \times 0.08$	V
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = 1.5\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 2.0\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 3.0\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 4.0\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 5.0\text{V}$		0.9 1.0 1.3 1.6 2.0	2.6 3.0 3.4 3.8 4.2	$\mu\text{A}$
Operating Voltage	$V_{IN}$	$V_{DF} = 2.1 \sim 6.0\text{V}$	1.5		10.0	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	N-ch $V_{DS} = 0.5\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 1.0\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 2.0\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 3.0\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 4.0\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 5.0\text{V}$  P-Ch $V_{DS} = 2.1\text{V}$ $V_{IN} = 8\text{V}$		2.2 7.7 10.1 11.5 13.0  -10		mA
Temperature Characteristics	$\Delta V_{DF}/(\Delta T_{opr} \cdot V_{DF})$	$-30^\circ\text{C} \leq T_{opr} \leq 80^\circ\text{C}$		$\pm 100$		ppm/°C
Delay Time (Release Voltage $\rightarrow$ Output Inversion)	$t_{DLY}$ ( $V_{DR} - V_{OUT}$ Inversion)				0.2	ms

Note: An additional resistor between the  $V_{IN}$  pin and supply voltage may cause deterioration of the characteristics due to increasing of  $V_{DR}$ .

## Functional Description

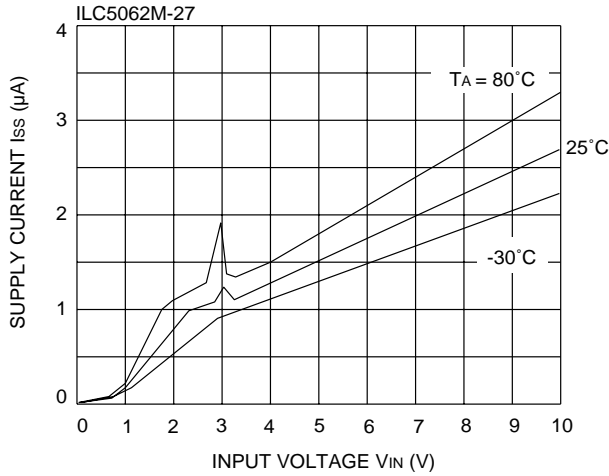
The following designators 1~6 refer to the timing diagram below.

1. While the input voltage ( $V_{IN}$ ) is higher than the detect voltage ( $V_{DF}$ ), the output voltage at  $V_{OUT}$  pin equals the input voltage at  $V_{IN}$  pin.
2. When the input  $V_{IN}$  voltage falls lower than  $V_{DF}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  drops near ground voltage.
3. If the input voltage decreases below the minimum operating voltage ( $V_{MIN}$ ), the  $V_{OUT}$  output voltage will be undefined.
4. During an increase of the input voltage from the  $V_{SS}$  voltage,  $V_{OUT}$  is undefined at the voltage below  $V_{MIN}$ . Exceeding the  $V_{MIN}$  level, the output stays at the ground level ( $V_{SS}$ ) between the minimum operating voltage ( $V_{MIN}$ ) and the detect release voltage ( $V_{DR}$ ).
5. If the input voltage increases more than  $V_{DR}$ , the output voltage at  $V_{OUT}$  pin equals the input voltage at  $V_{IN}$  pin.
6. The difference between  $V_{DR}$  and  $V_{DF}$  is the hysteresis in the system.

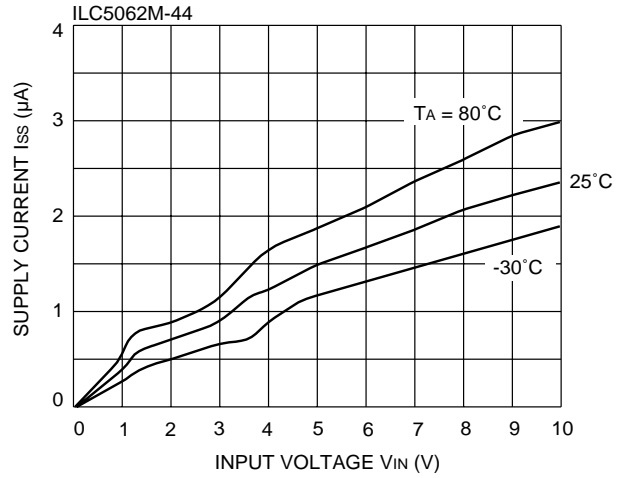


# Typical Performance Characteristics - General conditions for all curves

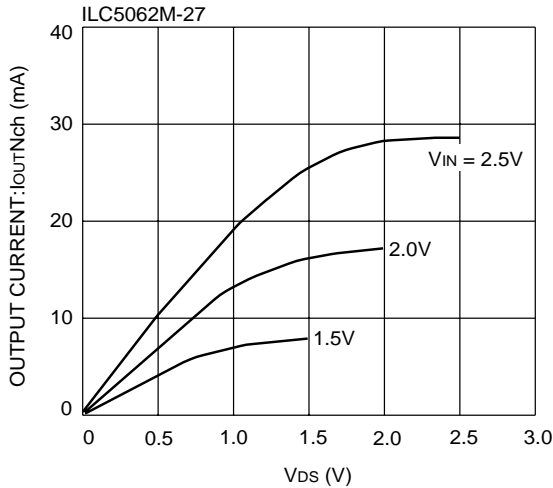
**Supply Current vs Input Voltage**



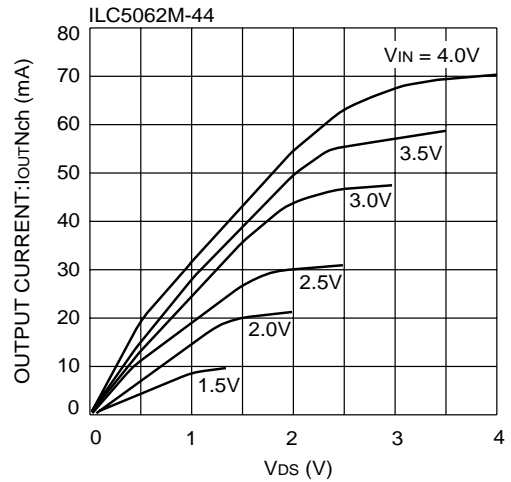
**Supply Current vs Input Voltage**



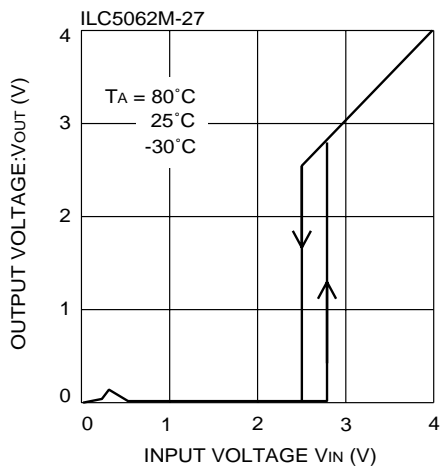
**N-ch Driver Output Current vs V<sub>DS</sub>**



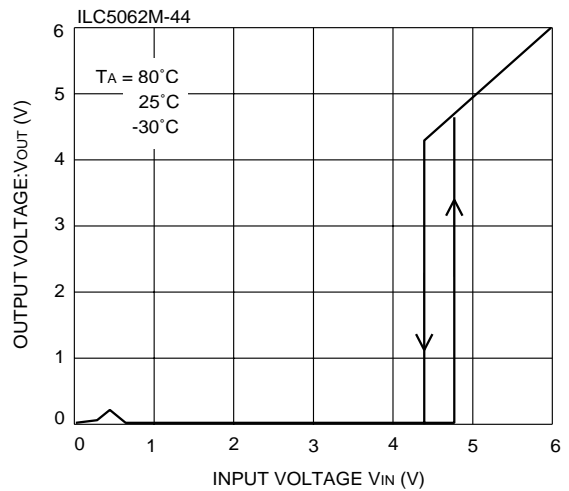
**N-ch Driver Output Current vs V<sub>DS</sub>**



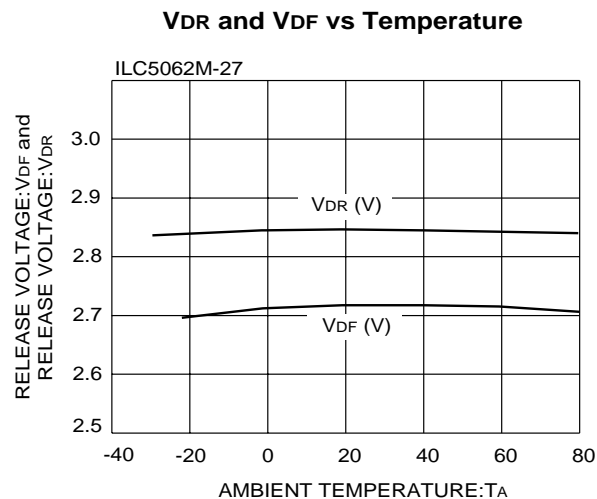
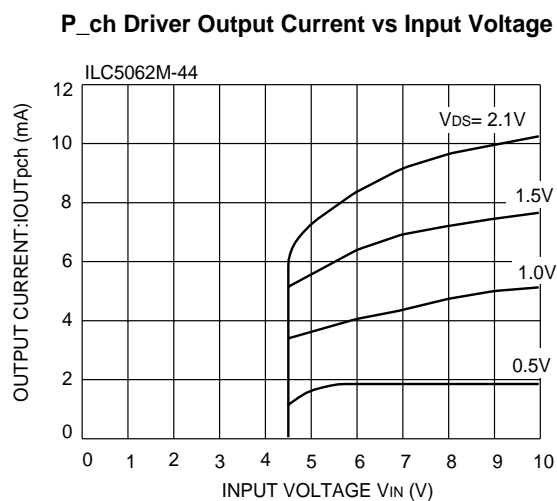
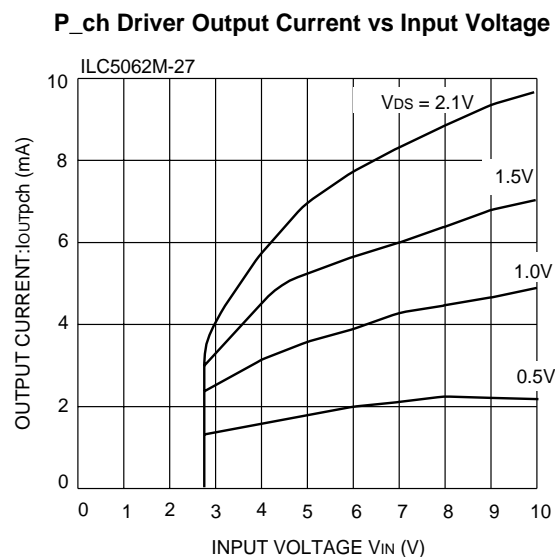
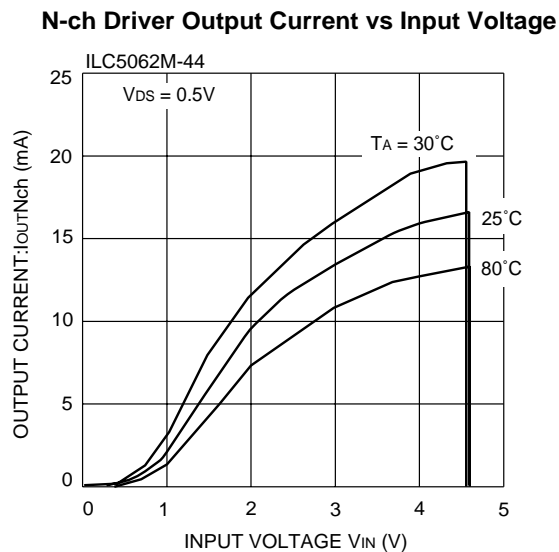
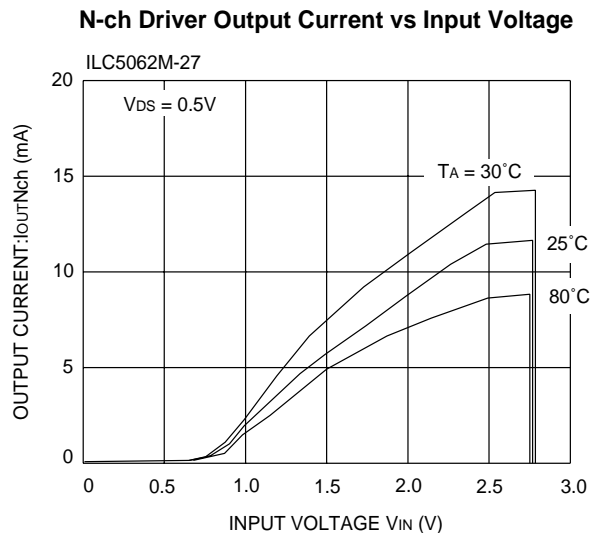
**V<sub>OUT</sub> vs V<sub>IN</sub>**



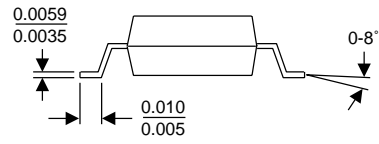
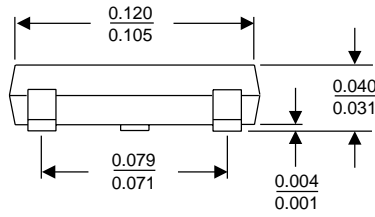
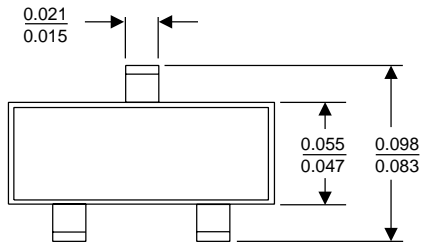
**V<sub>OUT</sub> vs V<sub>IN</sub>**



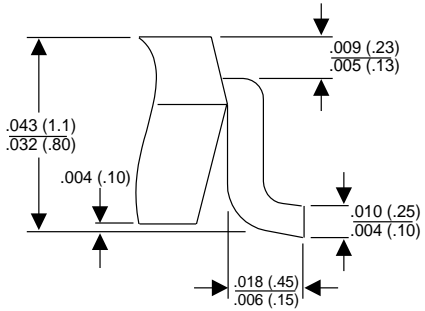
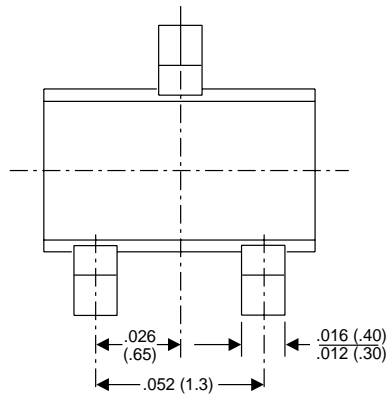
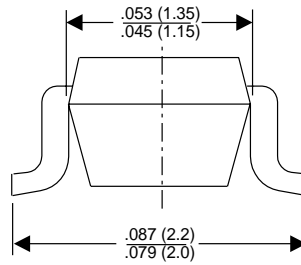
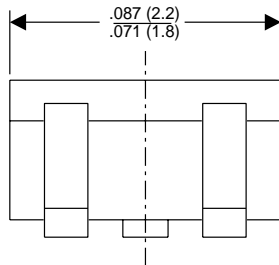
## Typical Performance Characteristics - General conditions for all curves



### SOT-23



### SC70



Ordering Information*	
ILC5062AM-23	2.3V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-25	2.5V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-26	2.6V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-27	2.7V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-28	2.8V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-29	2.9V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-31	3.1V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-37	3.7V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-44	4.4V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062AM-46	4.6V±1% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-23	2.3V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-25	2.5V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-26	2.6V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-27	2.7V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-28	2.8V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-29	2.9V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-31	3.1V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-37	3.7V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-44	4.4V±2% Monitor in SOT-23
ILC5062M-46	4.6V±2% Monitor in SOT-23

Ordering Information*	
ILC5062AIC-23	2.3V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-25	2.5V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-26	2.6V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-27	2.7V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-28	2.8V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-29	2.9V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-31	3.1V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-37	3.7V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-44	4.4V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AIC-46	4.6V±1% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-23	2.3V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-25	2.5V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-26	2.6V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-27	2.7V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-28	2.8V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-29	2.9V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-31	3.1V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-37	3.7V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-44	4.4V±2% Monitor in SC-70
ILC5062AC-46	4.6V±2% Monitor in SC-70

\*Standard product offering comes in tape & reel, quantity 3000 per reel, orientation right.

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.