

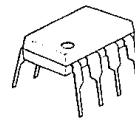
DUAL VIDEO 6dB AMPLIFIER WITH 75Ω DRIVER

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

NJM2267 is a dual video 6dB amplifier with 75Ω drivers for S-VHS VCRs, HI-BAND VCRs, etc..Each channel has clamp function that fixes DC level of video signal and 75Ω drivers to be connected to TV monitors directly. Further more it has sag corrective circuits that prevent the generation of sag with smaller capacitance than ever.

Its operating supply voltage is 4.85 to 9V and bandwidth is 7MHz.

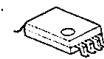
■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM2267D



NJM2267M



NJM2267V

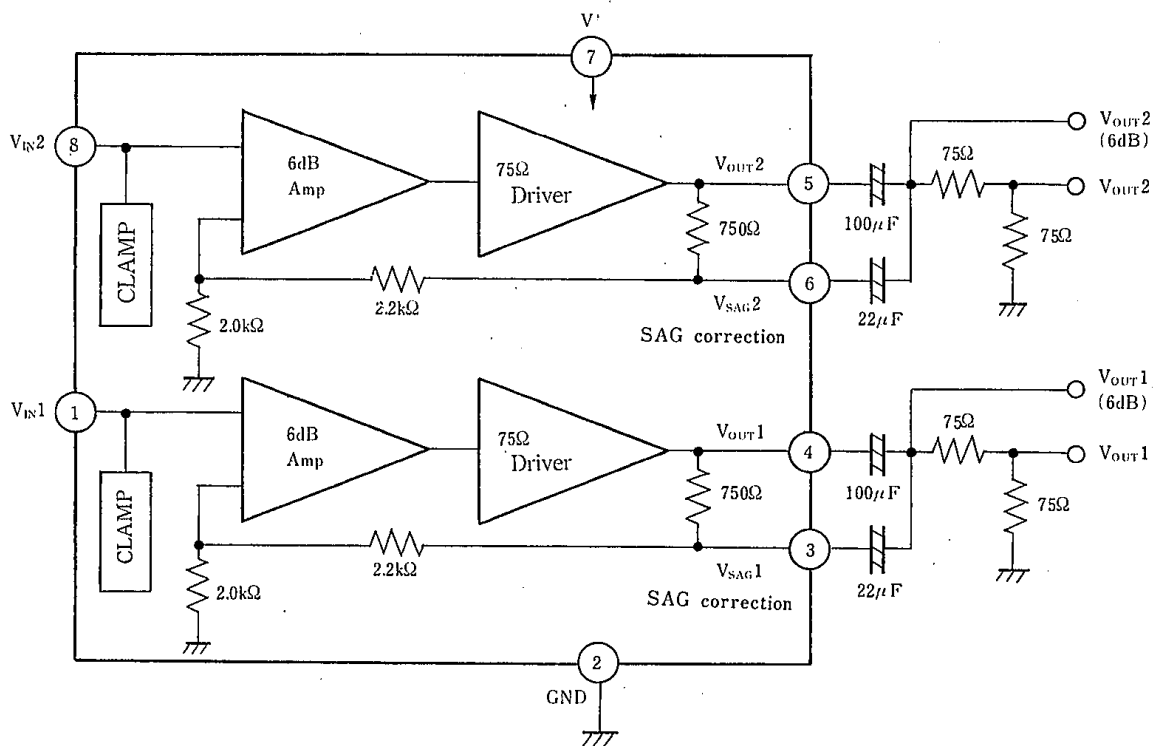
■ FEATURES

- Wide Operating Voltage (4.85~9.0V)
- Dual Channel
- Internal Clamp Function
- Internal Driver Circuit For 75Ω Load
- SAG Corrective Function
- Wide Frequency Range (7MHz)
- Low Operating Current 14.0mA (Dual)
- Package Outline DIP8, DMP8, SSOP8
- Bipolar Technology

■ APPLICATIONS

- VCR, Video Camera, TV, Video Disc Player

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



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■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V*	10	V
Power Dissipation	Pd	(DIP8) 500	mW
		(DMP8) 300	mW
		(SSOP8) 250	mW
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tsig	-40~+125	°C

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V+=5V, Ta=25±2°C)

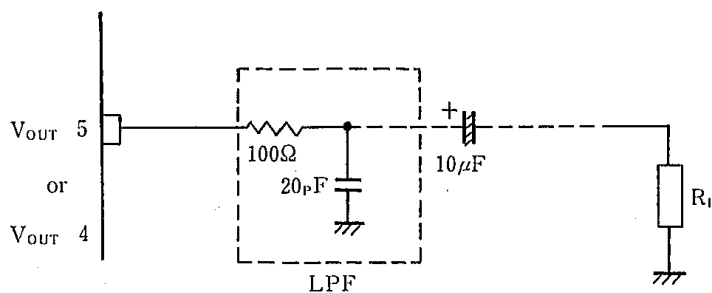
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Current	ICC	No Signal	—	14.0	18.2	mA
Voltage Gain	Gv	VIN=1MHz, 1Vp-p Sinewave	5.7	6.2	6.7	dB
Frequency Characteristic	Gf	VIN=1Vp-p, Sinewave, 7MHz/1MHz	—	—	±1.0	dB
Differentail Gain *	DG	VIN=1Vp-p, Staircase	—	1.0	3.0	%
Differentail Phase *	DP	VIN=1Vp-p, Staircase	—	1.0	3.0	deg
Crosstalk	CT	VIN=4.43MHz, 1Vp-p, Sinewave	—	-70	—	dB
Gain Offset	GCH	VIN=1MHz, 1Vp-p, GCH=VOUT1-VOUT2	—	—	±0.5	dB
Input Clamp Voltage	VCL		1.79	1.91	2.03	V
SAG Terminal Gain	GSAG		35	45	—	dB

■ APPLICATION

Oscillation Prevention

It is much effective to insert LPF (Cutoff Frequency 70MHz) under light loading conditions ($R_L \gg 1k\Omega$).

This IC requires 1MΩ resistance between INPUT and GND pin for clamp type input since the minute current causes an unstable pin voltage.

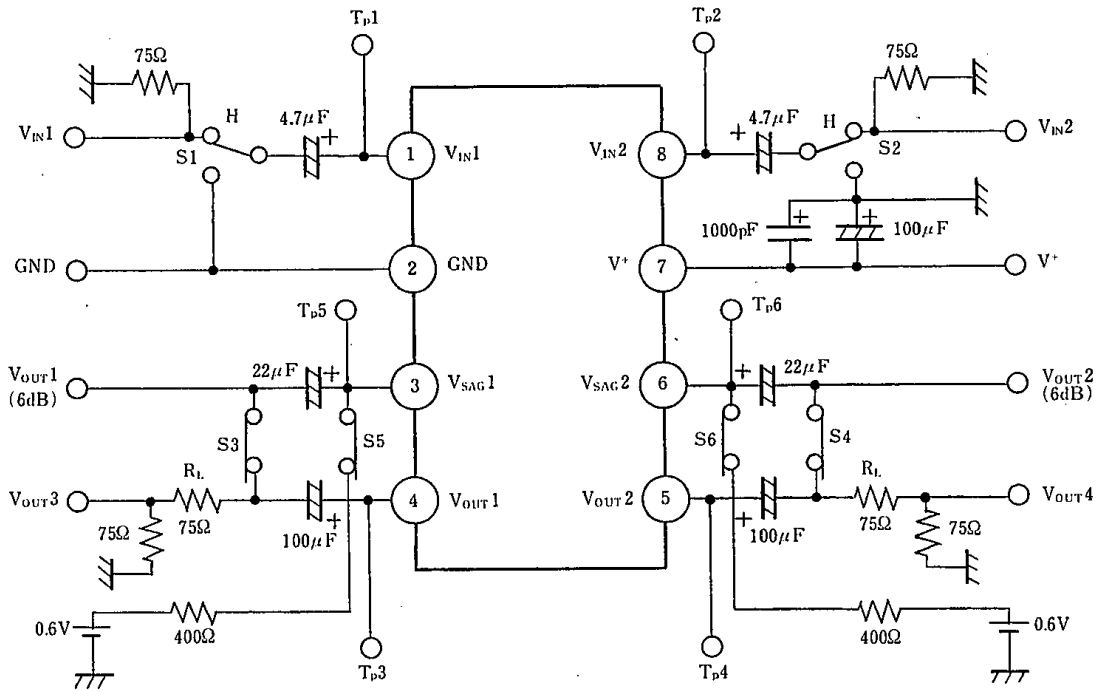


■ TERMINAL FUNCTION

(V⁺=5.0V, T_a=25°C)

PIN No.	PIN NAME	SYMBOL	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT	FUNCTIONS
1	Input Clamp Terminal	V _{IN1}		Input terminal of 1V _{p-p} composite signal or Y signal. Clamp level is 1.9V
2	GND	GND		Ground
3	SAG correction	V _{SAG1}		SAG caused by a coupling capacitor of the output can be prevented by connecting this terminal with the output terminal through an external capacitor.(see block diagram) When SAG correcting function is not necessary, this terminal must be connected with pin "4" directly.
4	Video Output1	V _{OUT1}		Output terminal that can drive 75Ω line.
5	Video Output2	V _{OUT2}		Output terminal that can drive 75Ω line.
6	SAG correction	V _{SAG2}		SAG caused by a coupling capacitor of the output can be prevented by connecting this terminal with the output terminal through an external capacitor.(see block diagram) When SAG correcting function is not necessary, this terminal must be connected with pin "5" directly.
7	V ⁺	V ⁺		Supply Voltage
8	Input Clamp Terminal	V _{IN2}		Input terminal of 1V _{p-p} composite signal or Y signal. Clamp level is 1.9V.

■ TEST CIRCUIT



■ TEST METHODES

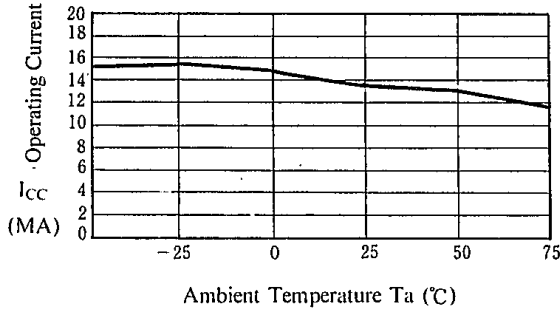
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	SWITCH CONDITIONS						CONDITIONS
		S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	
Supply Current	I_{CC}	H	H					7PIN Sink Current
Voltage Gain	G_V	H	H	ON	ON			V_{OUT1}/V_{IN1} , V_{OUT2}/V_{IN2} at $V_{IN1}(V_{IN2})=1\text{MHz}$, $1V_{P-P}$, Sinewave
Frequency Characteristic	G_f	H	H	ON	ON			G_{V1M} ; Voltage Gain at $V_{IN1}(V_{IN2})=1\text{MHz}$, $1V_{P-P}$ G_{V10M} ; Voltage Gain at $V_{IN1}(V_{IN2})=10\text{MHz}$, $1V_{P-P}$ $G_f = G_{V10M} - G_{V1M}$
Differential Gain	DG	H	H	ON	ON			Measuring V_{OUT3} at $V_{IN1}=\text{Staircase Signal}$
Differential Phase	DP	H	H	ON	ON			Measuring V_{OUT3} at $V_{IN1}=\text{Staircase Signal}$
Crosstalk	CT	H	L	ON	ON			V_{OUT2}/V_{OUT1} at $V_{IN1}=4.43\text{MHz}$, $1V_{P-P}$, Sinewave V_{OUT1}/V_{IN2} at $V_{IN2}=4.43\text{MHz}$, $1V_{P-P}$, Sinewave
Gain Offset	G_{CH}	H	H	ON	ON			$G_{V1} = V_{OUT1}/V_{IN1}$, $G_{V2} = V_{OUT2}/V_{IN2}$ $G_{CH} = G_{V1} - G_{V2}$
Input Clamp Voltage	V_{CL}	H	H					Measuring at TP1(TP2)

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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

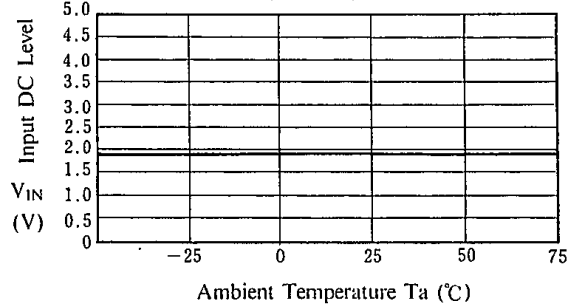
Operating Current vs. Ta

(V⁺ = 5V)



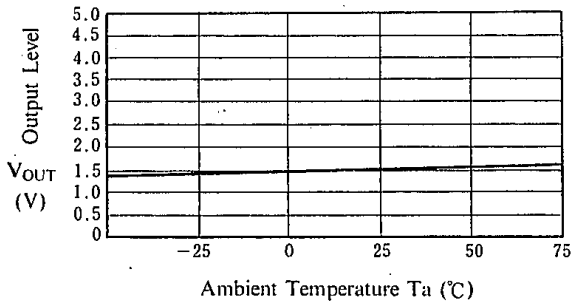
Input DC Level vs. Ta

(V⁺ = 5V)



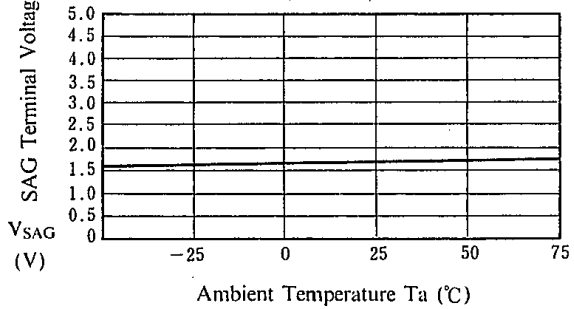
Output DC Level vs. Ta

(V⁺ = 5V)



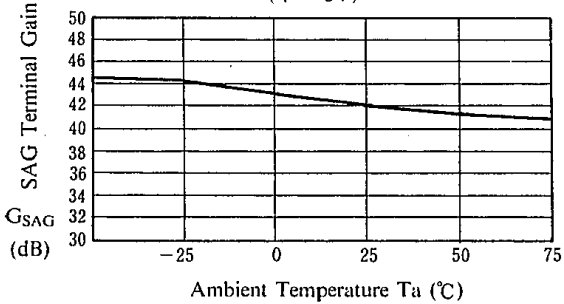
SAG Terminal Voltage vs. Ta

(V⁺ = 5V)



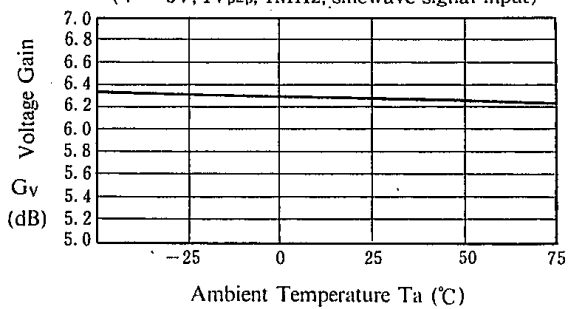
SAG Terminal Gain vs. Ta

(V⁺ = 5V)

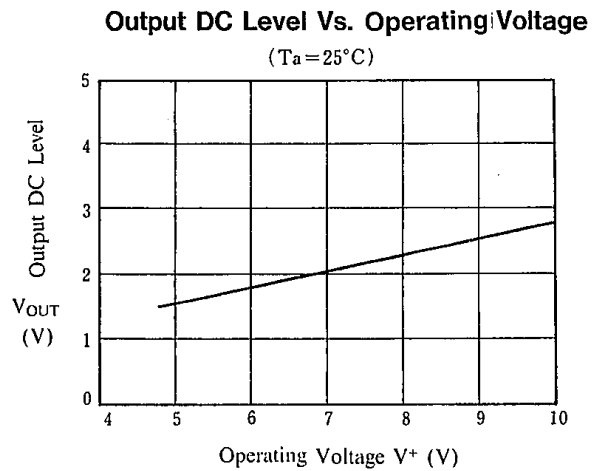
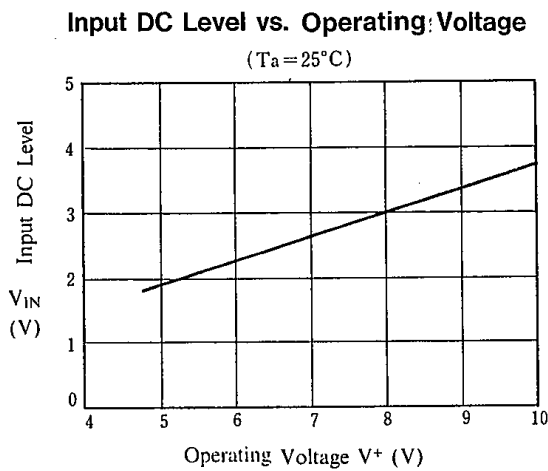
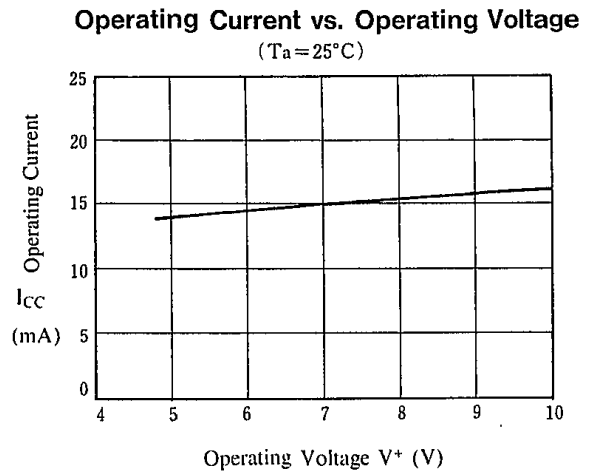
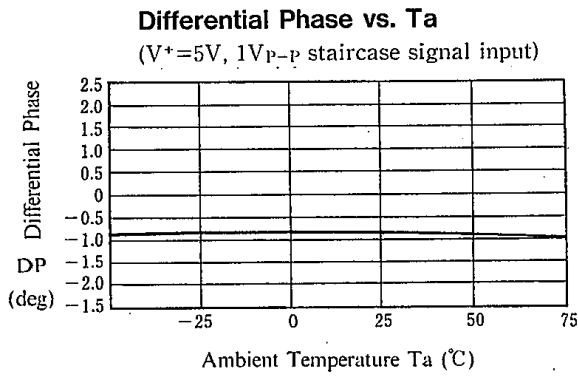
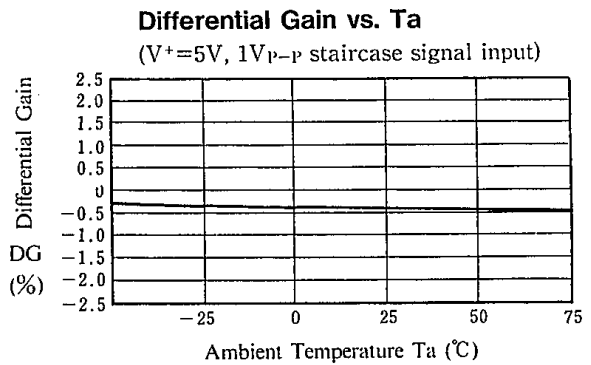
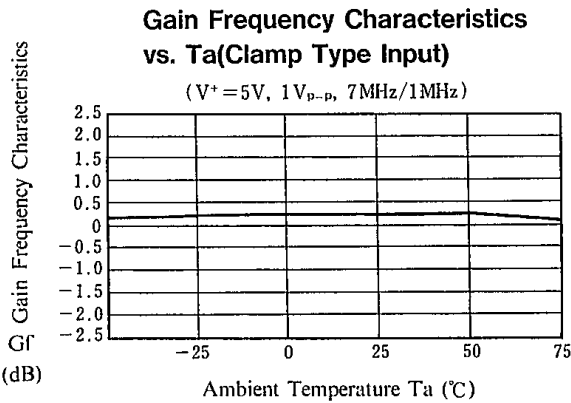


Voltage Gain vs. Ta(Clamp Type Input)

(V⁺ = 5V, 1V_{p-p}, 1MHz, sinewave signal input)



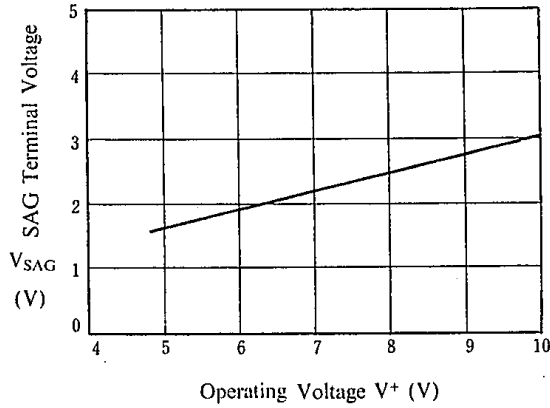
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



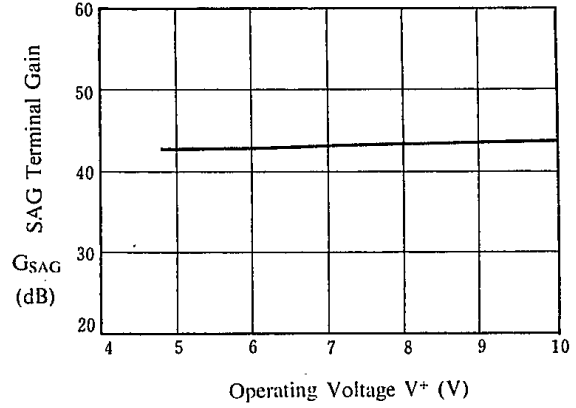
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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

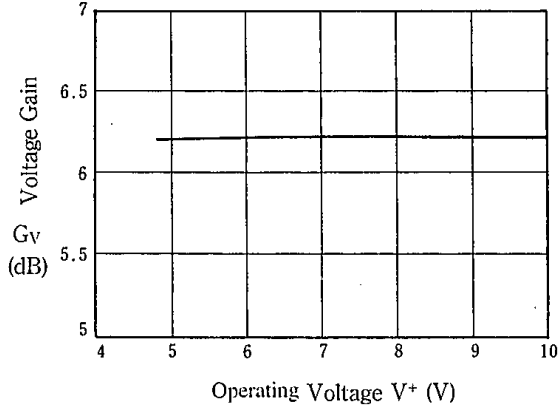
SAG Terminal Voltage vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)



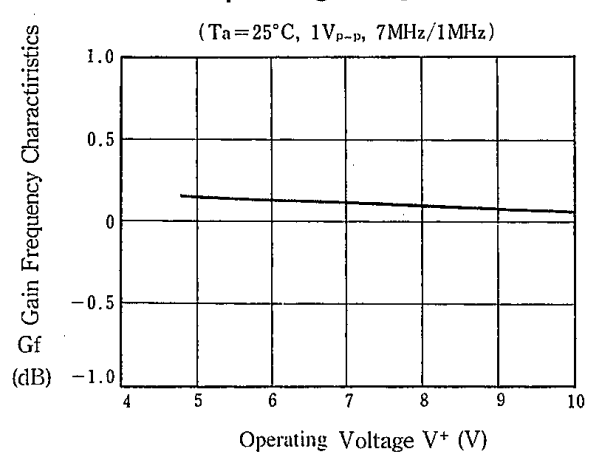
SAG Terminal Gain vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$)



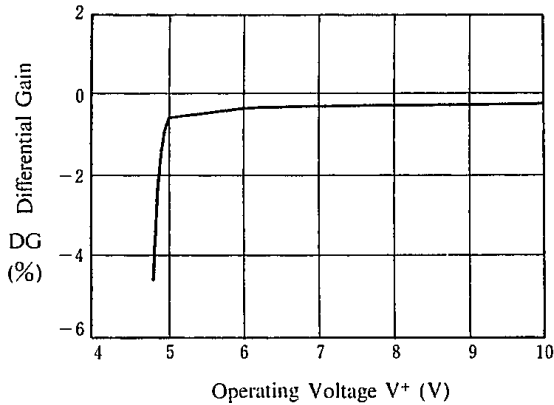
Voltage Gain vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $1V_{p-p}$, 1MHz sinewave signal input)



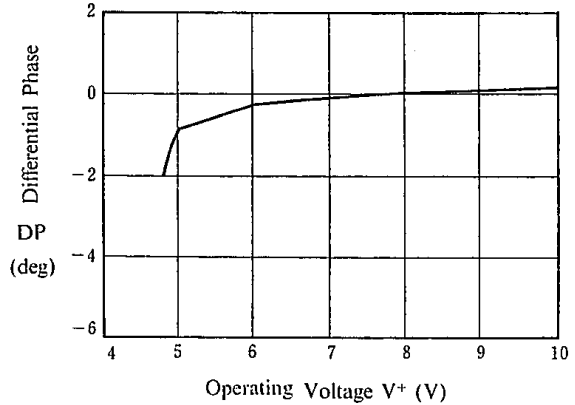
Gain Frequency Characteristics vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $1V_{p-p}$, 7MHz/1MHz)



Differential Gain vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $1V_{p-p}$ staircase signal input)



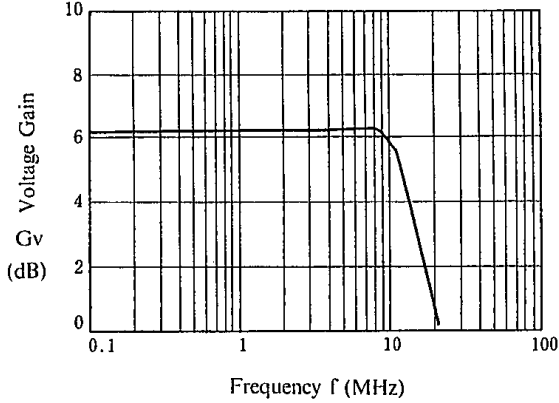
Differential Phase vs. Operating Voltage
($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $1V_{p-p}$ staircase signal input)



■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

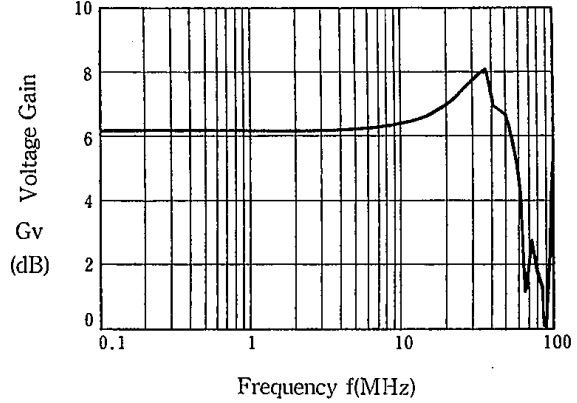
Voltage Gain vs. Frequency

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V^+=5\text{V}$, $1\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ sinewave signal input)



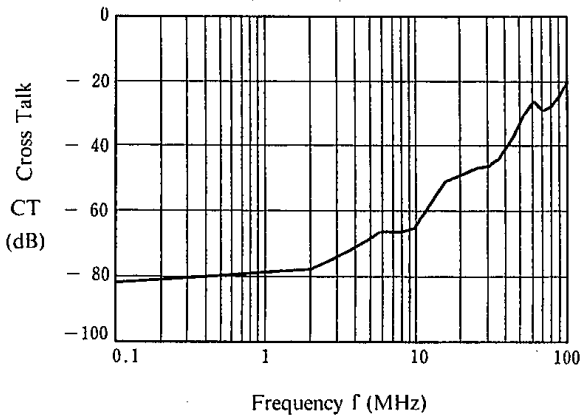
Small Signal Voltage Gain vs. Frequency

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V^+=5\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$, $25\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ sinewave signal input)



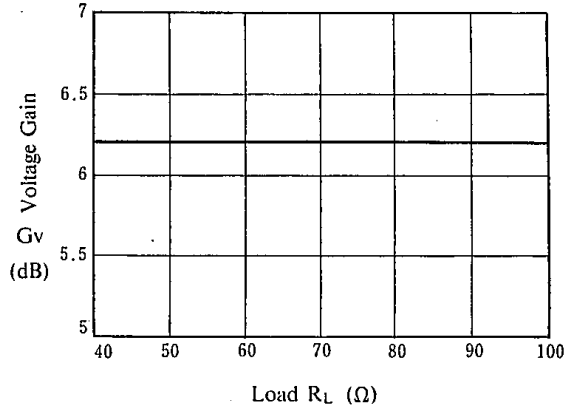
Cross Talk vs. Frequency

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V^+=5\text{V}$, $1\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ sinewave signal input)



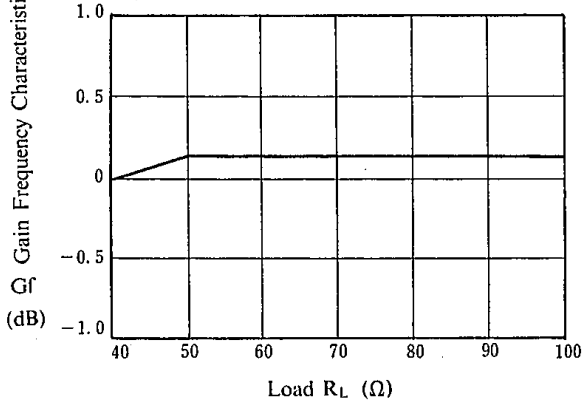
Voltage Gain vs. R_L

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V^+=5\text{V}$, $1\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ 1MHz sinewave signal input)



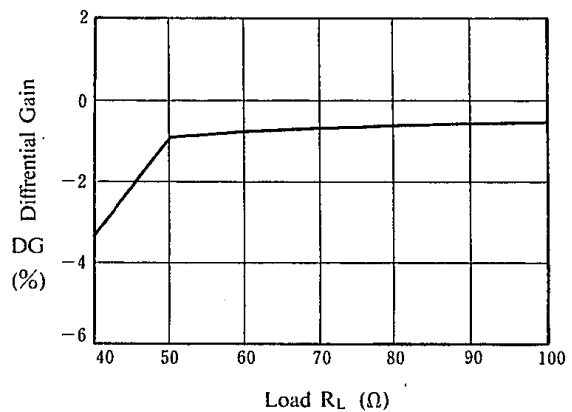
Gain Frequency Characteristics vs. R_L

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V^+=5\text{V}$, $1\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$, 7MHz/1MHz)



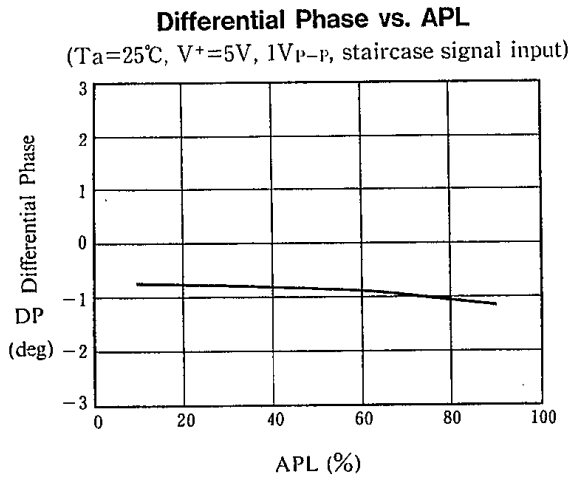
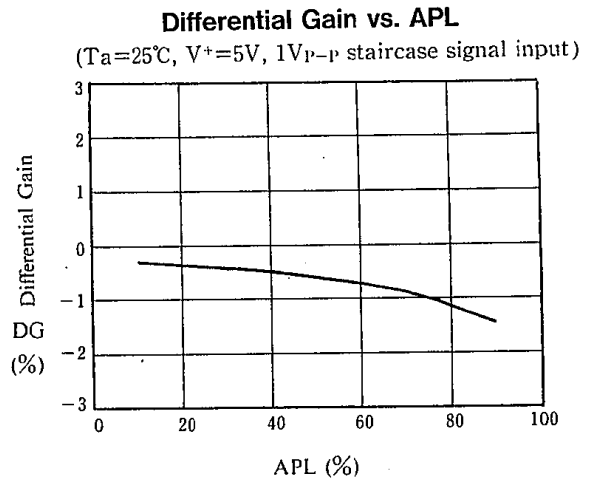
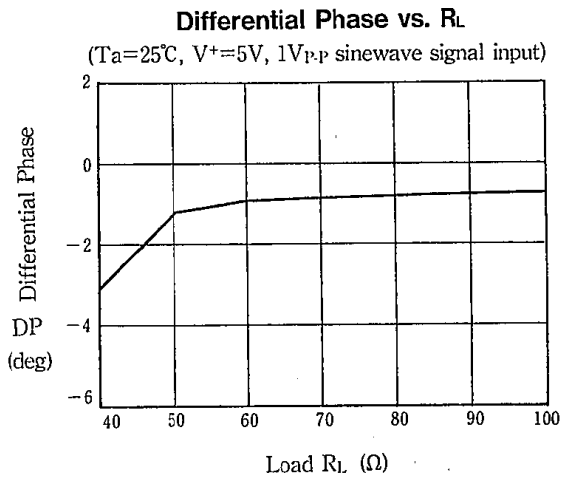
Differential Gain vs. R_L

($T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$, $V^+=5\text{V}$, $1\text{V}_{\text{p-p}}$ staircase signal input)



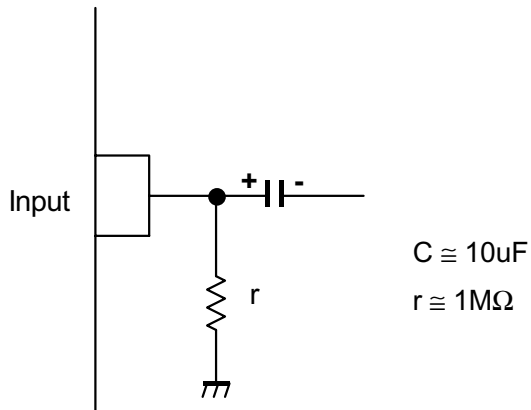
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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



■APPLICATION

This IC requires $1M\Omega$ resistance between INPUT and GND pin for clamp type input since the minute current causes an unstable pin voltage.



[CAUTION]

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