

# HD61203

## (Dot Matrix Liquid Crystal Graphic Display Common Driver)

### Description

The HD61203 is a common signal driver for dot matrix liquid crystal graphic display systems. It generates the timing signals (switch signal to convert LCD waveform to AC, frame synchronous signal) and supplies them to the column driver to control display. It provides 64 driver output lines and the impedance is low enough to drive a large screen.

As the HD61203 is produced by a CMOS process, it is fit for use in portable battery-driven equipment utilizing the liquid crystal display's low power consumption. The user can easily construct a dot matrix liquid crystal graphic display system by combining the HD61203 and the column (segment) driver HD61202.

### Features

- Dot matrix liquid crystal graphic display common driver with low impedance
- Low impedance: 1.5 k $\Omega$  max
- Internal liquid crystal display driver circuit: 64 circuits
- Internal dynamic display timing generator circuit
- Display duty cycle  
When used with the column driver HD61202: 1/48, 1/64, 1/96, 1/128  
When used with the column driver HD61200: Selectable out of 1/32 to 1/128
- Low power dissipation: During display: 5 mW
- Power supplies:  $V_{CC}$ : 5 V  $\pm$  10%
- Power supply voltage for liquid crystal display drive: 8 V to 17 V
- CMOS process

### Ordering Information

Type No.	Package
HD61203	100-pin plastic QFP(FP-100)
HD61203TFIA	100-pin thin plastic QFP(TFP-60)
HD61203D	Chip

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Limit	Unit	Note
Power supply voltage (1)	$V_{CC}$	-0.3 to +7.0	V	2
Power supply voltage (2)	$V_{EE}$	$V_{CC} - 19.0$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	5
Terminal voltage (1)	$V_{T1}$	-0.3 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	2, 3
Terminal voltage (2)	$V_{T2}$	$V_{EE} - 0.3$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	4, 5
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-20 to +75	°C	
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55 to +125	°C	

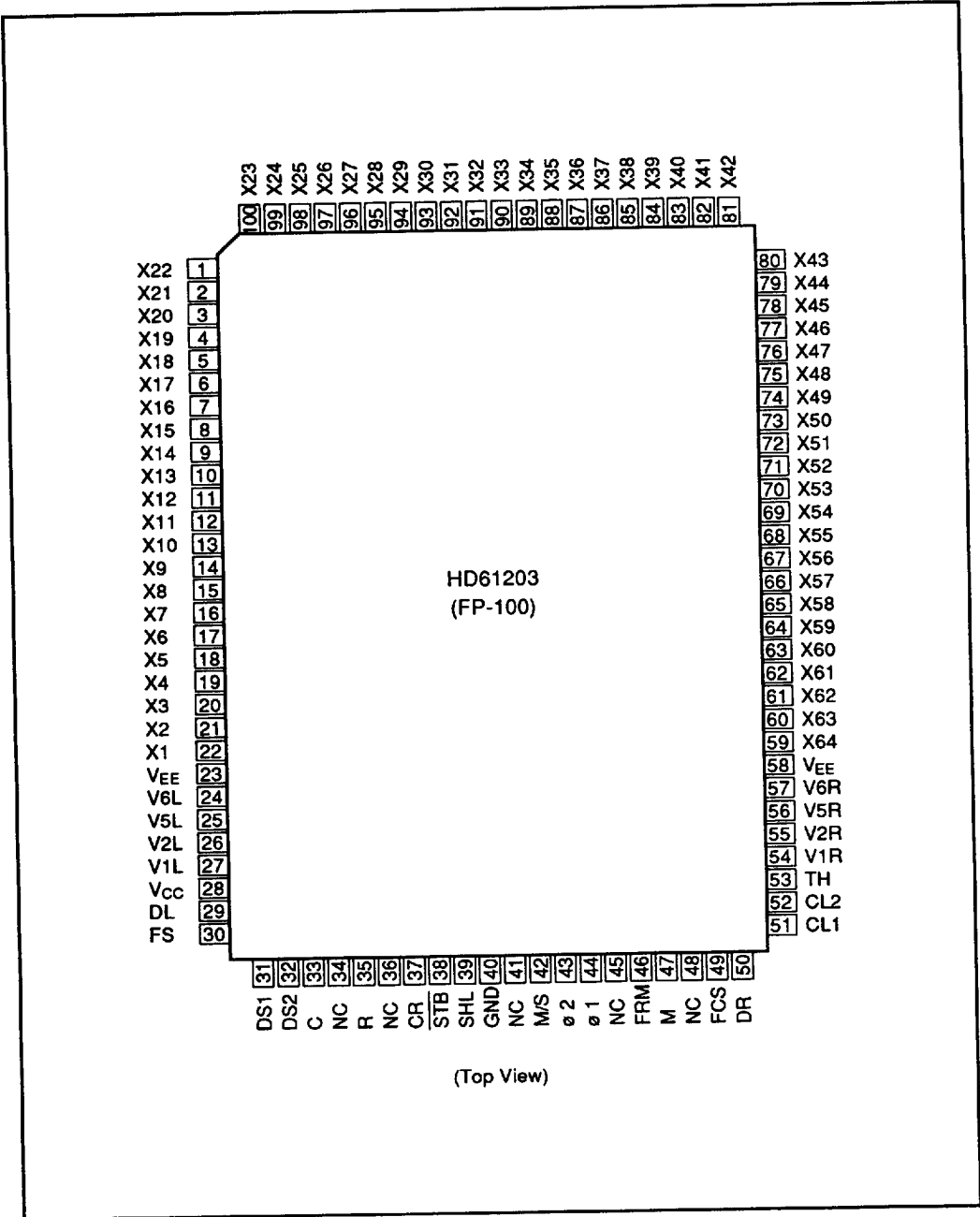
- Notes:
1. If LSIs are used beyond absolute maximum ratings, they may be permanently destroyed. We strongly recommend you to use the LSI within electrical characteristic limits for normal operation, because use beyond these conditions will cause malfunction and poor reliability.
  2. Based on GND = 0 V.
  3. Applies to input terminals (except V1L, V1R, V2L, V2R, V5L, V5R, V6L, and V6R) and I/O terminals at high impedance.
  4. Applies to V1L, V1R, V2L, V2R, V5L, V5R, V6L, and V6R.
  5. Apply the same value of voltages to V1L and V1R, V2L and V2R, V5L and V5R, V6L and V6R,  $V_{EE}$  (23 pin) and  $V_{EE}$  (58 pin) respectively.  
 Maintain  $V_{CC} \geq V1L = V1R \geq V6L = V6R \geq V5L = V5R \geq V2L = V2R \geq V_{EE}$

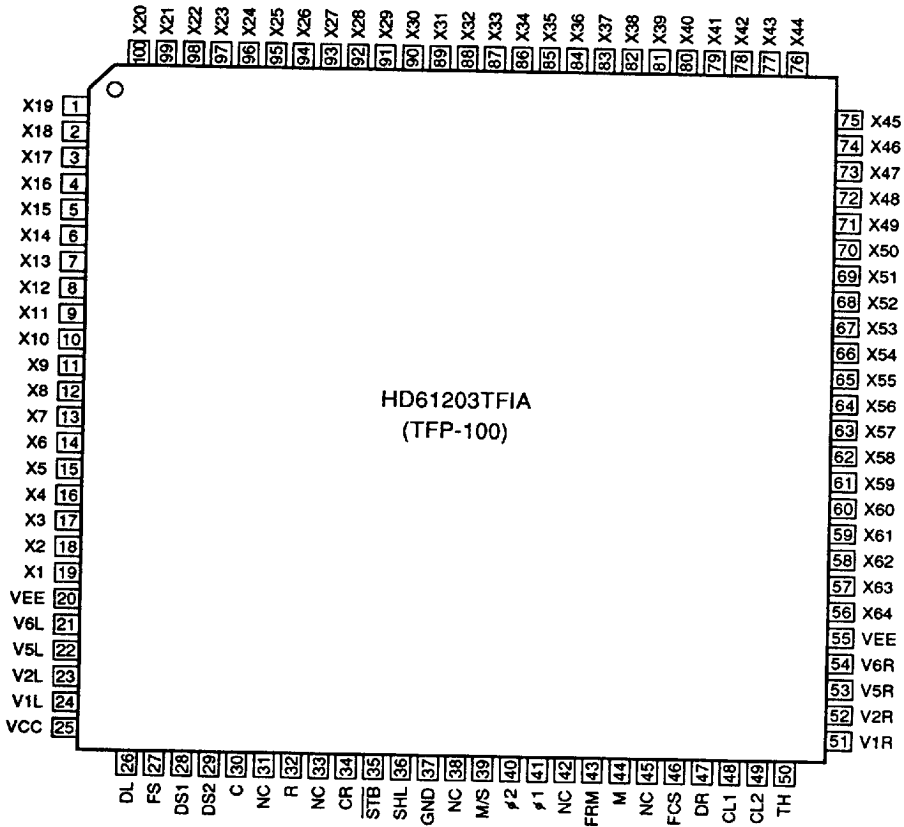
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# HD61203

## Pin Arrangement





(Top View)

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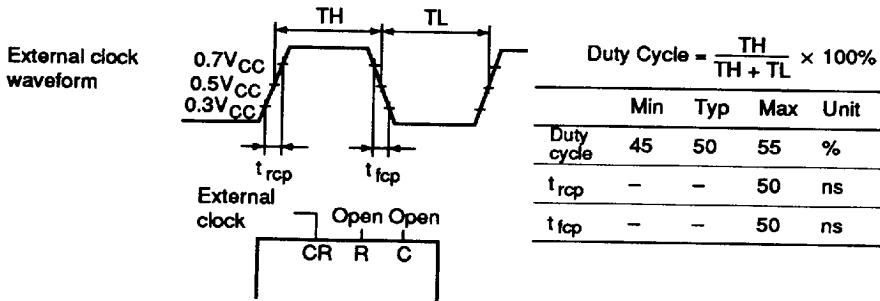
Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics

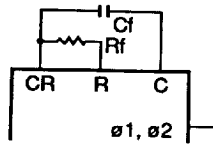
( $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $GND = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 8.0\text{ to }17.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -20\text{ to }+75^\circ\text{C}$ )

Test Item	Symbol	Specifications			Unit	Test Conditions	Note
		Min	Typ	Max			
Input high voltage	$V_{IH}$	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$	—	$V_{CC}$	V		1
Input low voltage	$V_{IL}$	GND	—	$0.3 \times V_{CC}$	V		1
Output high voltage	$V_{OH}$	$V_{CC} - 0.4$	—	—	V	$I_{OH} = -0.4\text{ mA}$	2
Output low voltage	$V_{OL}$	—	—	0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 0.4\text{ mA}$	2
Vi-Xj on resistance	$R_{ON}$	—	—	1.5	k $\Omega$	$V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 17\text{ V}$ Load current $\pm 150\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	13
Input leakage current	$I_{IL1}$	-1.0	—	1.0	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{in} = 0\text{ to }V_{CC}$	3
Input leakage current	$I_{IL2}$	-2.0	—	2.0	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{in} = V_{EE}\text{ to }V_{CC}$	4
Operating frequency	$f_{opr1}$	50	—	600	kHz	In master mode external clock operation	5
Operating frequency	$f_{opr2}$	0.5	—	1500	kHz	In slave mode shift register	6
Oscillation frequency	$f_{osc}$	315	450	585	kHz	$C_f = 20\text{ pF} \pm 5\%$ $R_f = 47\text{ k}\Omega \pm 2\%$	7, 12
Dissipation current (1)	$I_{GG1}$	—	—	1.0	mA	In master mode 1/128 duty cycle $C_f = 20\text{ pF}$ $R_f = 47\text{ k}\Omega$	8, 9
Dissipation current (2)	$I_{GG2}$	—	—	200	$\mu\text{A}$	In slave mode 1/128 duty cycle	8, 10
Dissipation current	$I_{EE}$	—	—	100	$\mu\text{A}$	In master mode 1/128 duty cycle	8, 11

- Notes:
1. Applies to input terminals FS, DS1, DS2, CR, SHL, M/S, and FCS and I/O terminals DL, M, DR, and CL2 in the input state.
  2. Applies to output terminals,  $\phi 1$ ,  $\phi 2$ , and FRM and I/O common terminals DL, M, DR, and CL2 in the output state.
  3. Applies to input terminals FS, DS1, DS2, CR,  $\overline{STB}$ , SHL, M/S, FCS, CL1, and TH, I/O terminals DL, M, DR, and CL2 in the input state and NC terminals.
  4. Applies to V1L, V1R, V2L, V2R, V5L, V5R, V6L, and V6R. Don't connect any lines to X1 to X64.
  5. External clock is as follows.

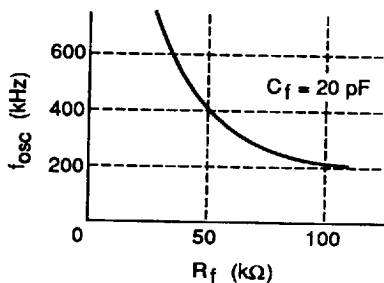


- Applies to the shift register in the slave mode. For details, refer to AC Characteristics.
- Connect oscillation resistor (Rf) and oscillation capacitance (Cf) as shown in this figure. Oscillation frequency (f<sub>osc</sub>) is twice as much as the frequency (f<sub>ø</sub>) at ø1 or ø2.



C<sub>f</sub> = 20 pF  
R<sub>f</sub> = 47 kΩ      f<sub>osc</sub> = 2 × f<sub>ø</sub>

- No lines are connected to output terminals and current flowing through the input circuit is excluded. This value is specified at V<sub>IH</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub> = GND.
- This value is specified for current flowing through GND in the following conditions: Internal oscillation circuit is used. Each terminal of DS1, DS2, FS, SHL, M/S, STB, and FCS is connected to V<sub>CC</sub> and each of CL1 and TH to GND. Oscillator is set as described in note 7.
- This value is specified for current flowing through GND under the following conditions: Each terminal of DS1, DS2, FS, SHL, STB, FCS, and CR is connected to V<sub>CC</sub>, CL1, TH, and M/S to GND and the terminals CL2, M, and DL are respectively connected to terminals CL2, M, and DL of the HD61203 under the condition described in note 9.
- This value is specified for current flowing through V<sub>EE</sub> under the condition described in note 9. Don't connect any lines to terminal V.
- This figure shows a typical relation among oscillation frequency, R<sub>f</sub> and C<sub>f</sub>. Oscillation frequency may vary with the mounting conditions.



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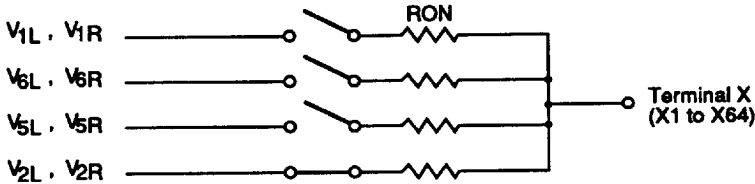
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13. Resistance between terminal X and terminal V (one of V1L, V1R, V2L, V2R, V5L, V5R, V6L, and V6R) when load current flows through one of the terminals X1 to X64. This value is specified under the following conditions:

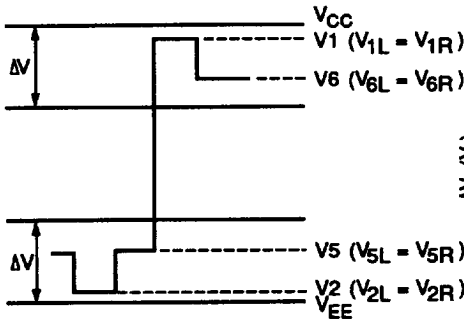
$$V_{CC} - V_{EE} = 17 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{1L} = V_{1R}, V_{6L} = V_{6R} = V_{CC} - 1/7 (V_{CC} - V_{EE})$$

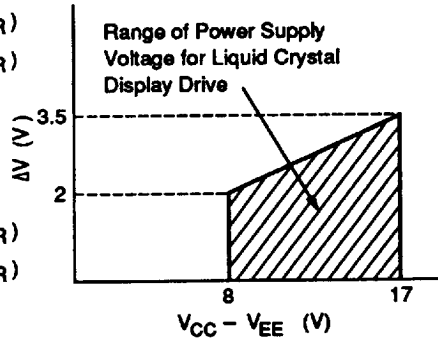
$$V_{2L} = V_{2R}, V_{5L} = V_{5R} = V_{EE} + 1/7 (V_{CC} - V_{EE})$$



The following is a description of the range of power supply voltage for liquid crystal display drive. Apply positive voltage to V1L = V1R and V6L = V6R and negative voltage to V2L = V2R and V5L = V5R within the  $\Delta V$  range. This range allows stable impedance on driver output (RON). Notice that  $\Delta V$  depends on power supply voltage  $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$ .



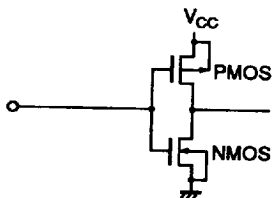
Correlation between Driver Output Waveform and Power Supply Voltages for Liquid Crystal Display Drive



Correlation between Power Supply Voltage  $V_{CC} - V_{EE}$  and  $\Delta V$

### Terminal Configuration

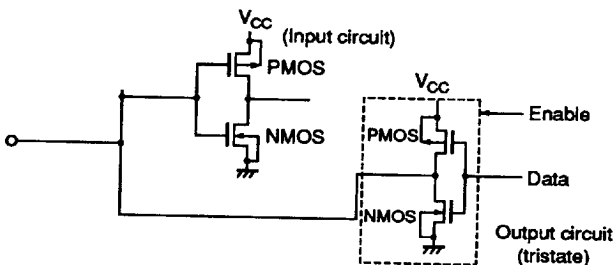
Input Terminal



Applicable Terminals :  
CR, M/S, SHL, FCS, DS1, DS2, FS

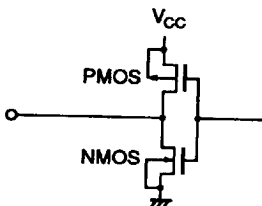
I/O Terminal

Applicable Terminals: DL, DR, CL2, M



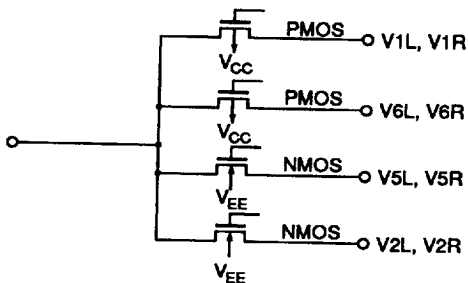
Output Terminal

Applicable Terminals: ø1, ø2, FRM



Output Terminal

Applicable Terminals:  
X1 to X64



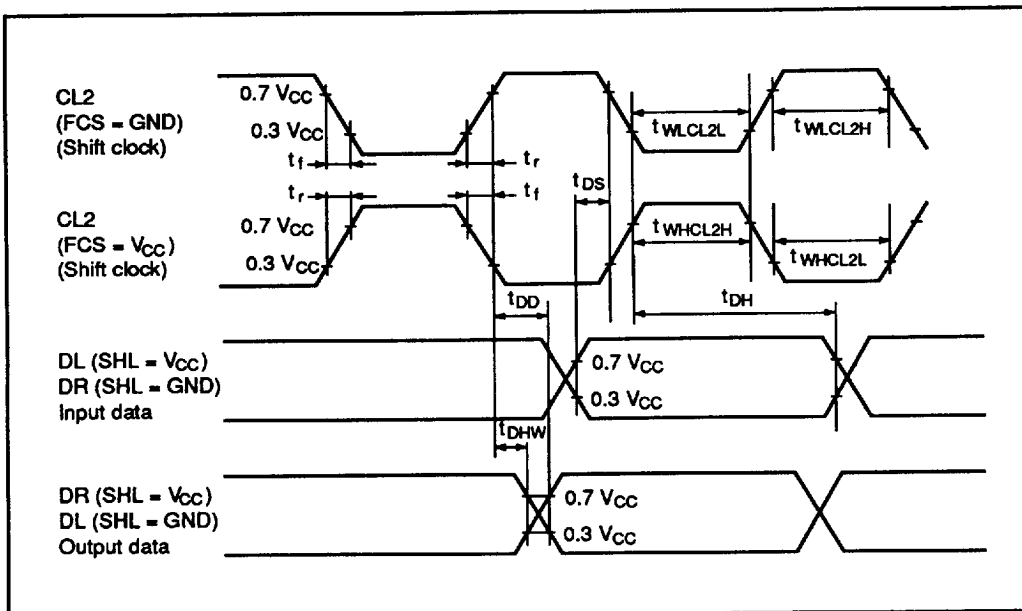
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# HD61203

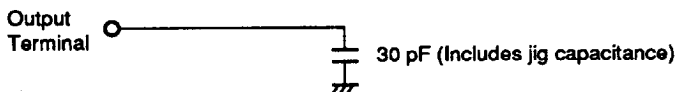
AC Characteristics ( $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ ,  $GND = 0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = -20\text{ to }+75^\circ\text{C}$ )

In the slave mode ( $M/S = GND$ )

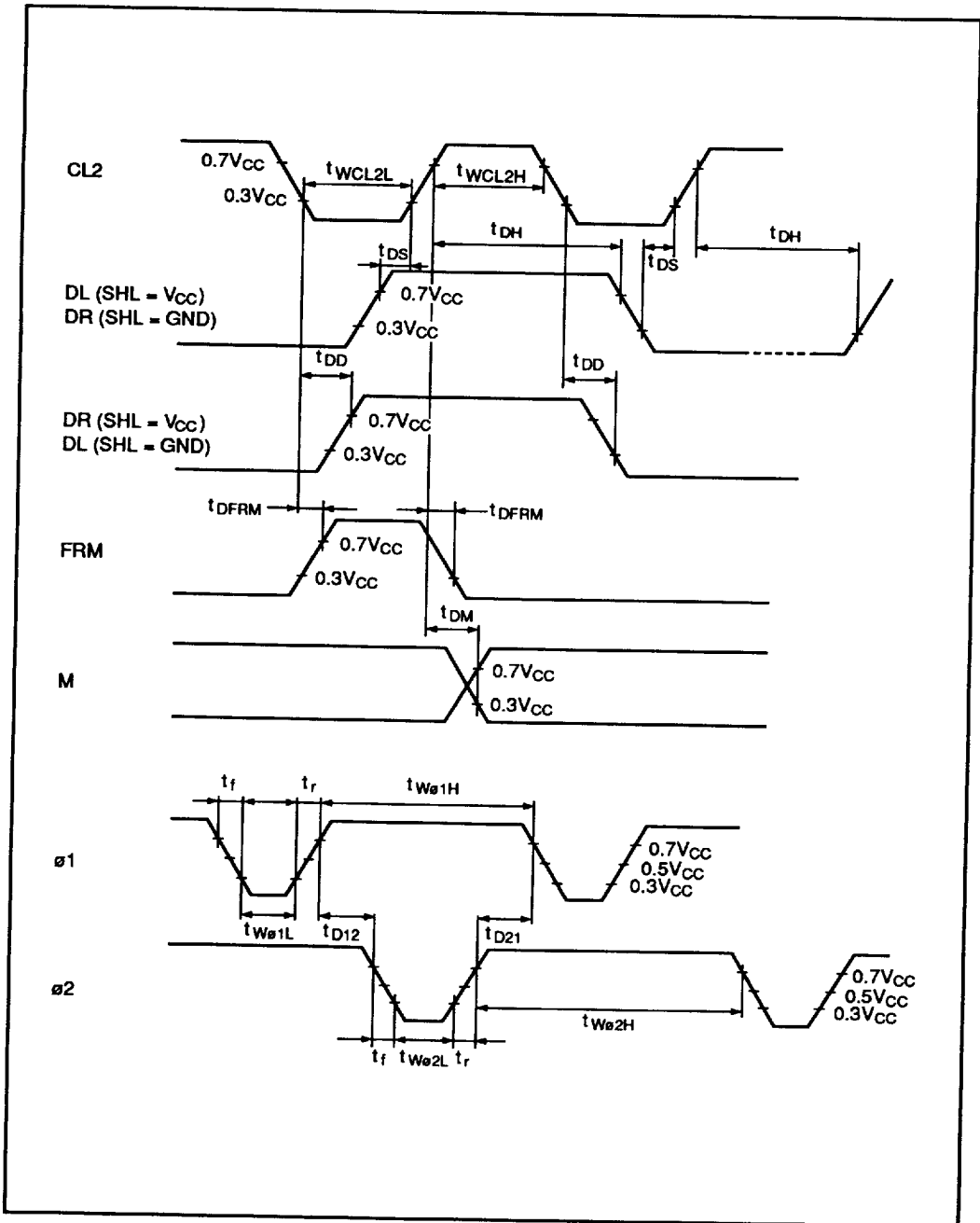


Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
CL2 low level width (FCS=GND)	$t_{WLCL2L}$	450	-	-	ns	
CL2 high level width (FCS=GND)	$t_{WLCL2H}$	150	-	-	ns	
CL2 low level width (FCS= $V_{CC}$ )	$t_{WHCL2L}$	150	-	-	ns	
CL2 high level width (FCS= $V_{CC}$ )	$t_{WHCL2H}$	450	-	-	ns	
Data setup time	$t_{DS}$	100	-	-	ns	
Data hold time	$t_{DH}$	100	-	-	ns	
Data delay time	$t_{DD}$	-	-	200	ns	1
Output data hold time	$t_{DHW}$	10	-	-	ns	
CL2 rise time	$t_r$	-	-	30	ns	
CL2 fall time	$t_f$	-	-	30	ns	

Notes: 1. The following load circuit is connected for specification:



2. In the master mode ( $M/S = V_{CC}$ ,  $FCS = V_{CC}$ ,  $C_f = 20 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_f = 47 \text{ k}\Omega$ )



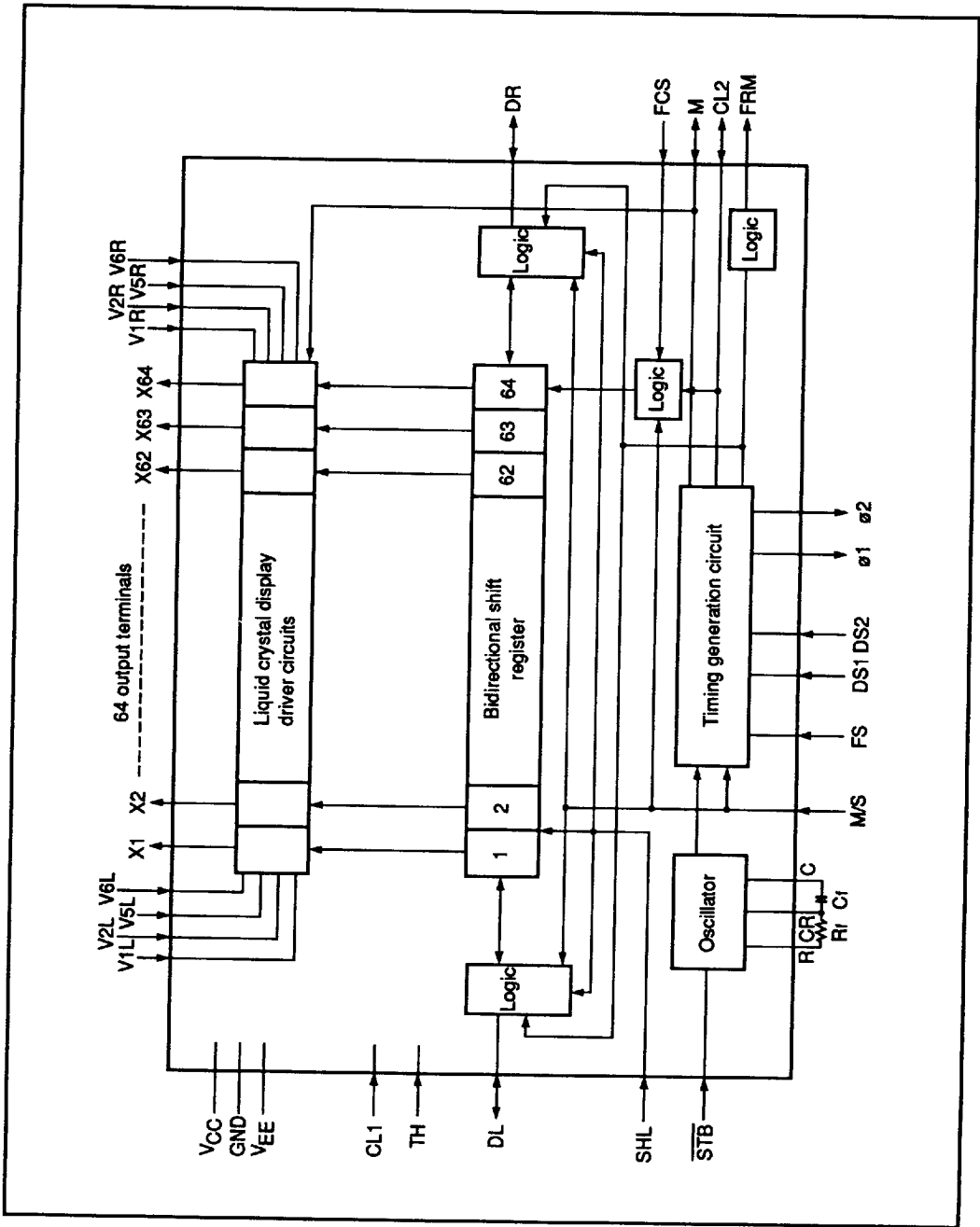
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# HD61203

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Data setup time	$t_{DS}$	20	—	—	$\mu s$
Data hold time	$t_{DH}$	40	—	—	$\mu s$
Data delay time	$t_{DD}$	5	—	—	$\mu s$
FRM delay time	$t_{DFRM}$	-2	—	2	$\mu s$
M delay time	$t_{DM}$	-2	—	2	$\mu s$
$C_{L2}$ low level width	$t_{WCL2L}$	35	—	—	$\mu s$
$C_{L2}$ high level width	$t_{WCL2H}$	35	—	—	$\mu s$
$\phi 1$ low level width	$t_{W\phi 1L}$	700	—	—	ns
$\phi 2$ low level width	$t_{W\phi 2L}$	700	—	—	ns
$\phi 1$ high level width	$t_{W\phi 1H}$	2100	—	—	ns
$\phi 2$ high level width	$t_{W\phi 2H}$	2100	—	—	ns
$\phi 1$ - $\phi 2$ phase difference	$t_{D12}$	700	—	—	ns
$\phi 2$ - $\phi 1$ phase difference	$t_{D21}$	700	—	—	ns
$\phi 1, \phi 2$ rise time	$t_r$	—	—	150	ns
$\phi 1, \phi 2$ fall time	$t_f$	—	—	150	ns

Block Diagram



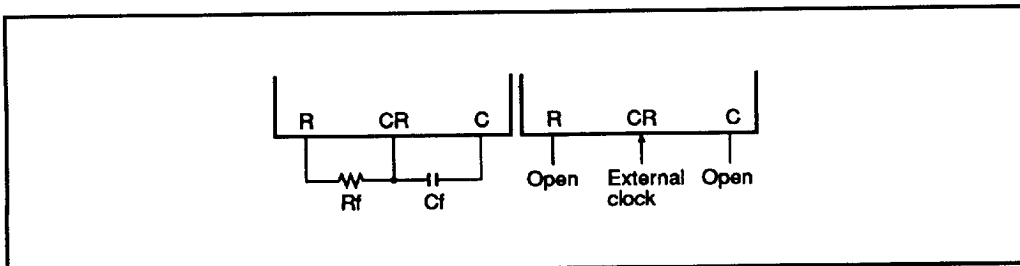
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**Block Functions**

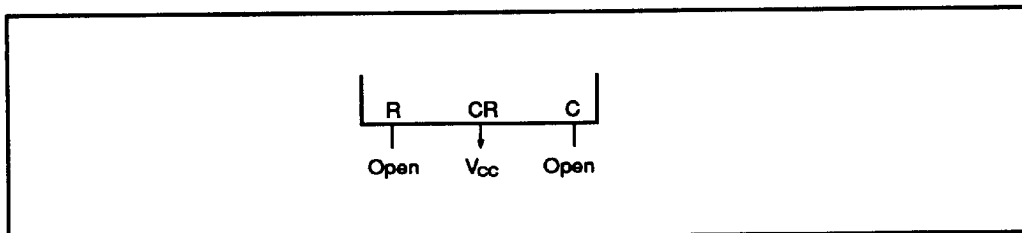
**Oscillator**

The CR oscillator generates display timing signals and operating clocks for the HD61202. It is required when the HD61203 is used with the HD61202. An oscillation resistor  $R_f$  and an oscillation capacitor  $C_f$  are attached as shown in figure 1 and terminal  $\overline{STB}$  is connected to the high level. When using an external clock, input the clock into terminal CR and don't connect any lines to terminals R and C.



**Figure 1 Oscillator Connection with HD61202**

The oscillator is not required when the HD61203 is used with the HD61830. Then, connect terminal CR to the high level and don't connect any lines to terminals R and C (figure 2).



**Figure 2 Oscillator Connection with HD61830**

**Timing Generator Circuit**

The timing generator circuit generates display timing and operating clock for the HD61202. This circuit is required when the HD61203 is used with the HD61202. Connect terminal M/S to high level (master mode). It is not necessary when the display timing signal is supplied from other circuits, for example, from HD61830. In this case connect the terminals Fs, DS1, and DS2 to high level and M/S to low level (slave mode).

**Bidirectional Shift Register**

A 64-bit bidirectional shift register. The data is shifted from DL to DR when SHL is at high level and from DR to DL when SHL is at low level. In this case, CL2 is used as shift clock. The lowest order bit of the bidirectional shift register, which is on the DL side, corresponds to X1 and the highest order bit on the DR side corresponds to X64.

**Liquid Crystal Display Driver Circuit**

The combination of the data from the shift register with the M signal allows one of the four liquid crystal display driver levels V1, V2, V5 and V6 to be transferred to the output terminals (table 1).

**Table 1 Output Levels**

Data from the Shift Register	M	Output Level
1	1	V2
0	1	V6
1	0	V1
0	0	V5

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# HD61203

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## HD61203 Terminal Functions

Terminal Name	Number of Terminals	I/O	Connected to	Function
V <sub>CC</sub>	1		Power supply	V <sub>CC</sub> -GND: Power supply for internal logic.
GND	1			V <sub>CC</sub> -V <sub>EE</sub> : Power supply for driver circuit logic.
V <sub>EE</sub>	2			
V1L, V2L V5L, V6L V1R, V2R V5R, V6R	8		Power supply	Liquid crystal display driver level power supply. V1L (V1R), V2L (V2R): Selected level V5L (V5R), V6L (V6R): Non-selected level  Voltages of the level power supplies connected to V1L and V1R should be the same. (This applies to the combination of V2L & V2R, V5L & V5R and V6L & V6R respectively)
M/S	1	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Selects master/slave.  M/S = V <sub>CC</sub> : Master mode  When the HD61203 is used with the HD61202, timing generation circuit operates to supply display timing signals and operation clock to the HD61202. Each of I/O common terminals DL, DR, CL2, and M is in the output state.  M/S = GND: Slave mode  The timing operation circuit stops operating. The HD61203 is used in this mode when combined with the HD61830. Even if combined with the HD61202, this mode is used when display timing signals (M, data, CL2, etc.) are supplied by another HD61203 in the master mode.  Terminals M and CL2 are in the input state.  When SHL is V <sub>CC</sub> , DL is in the input state and DR is in the output state.  When SHL is GND, DL is in the output state and DR is in the input state.
FCS	1	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Selects shift clock phase.  FCS = V <sub>CC</sub> : Shift register operates at the rising edge of CL2. Select this condition when HD61203 is used with HD61202 or when MA of the HD61830 connects to CL2 in combination with the HD61830.  FCS = GND: Shift register operates at the fall of CL2. Select this condition when CL1 of HD61830 connects to CL2 in combination with the HD61830.
FS	1	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Selects frequency.  When the frame frequency is 70 Hz, the oscillation frequency should be:  $f_{osc} = 430 \text{ kHz at FCS} = V_{CC}$ $f_{osc} = 215 \text{ kHz at FCS} = GND$  This terminal is active only in the master mode. Connect it to V <sub>CC</sub> in the slave mode.

**HD61203 Terminal Functions (cont)**

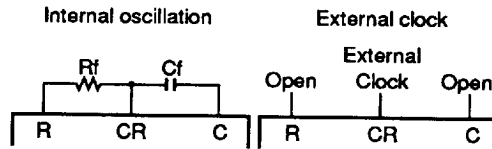
Terminal Name	Number of Terminals	I/O	Connected to	Function		
DS1, DS2	2	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Selects display duty factor		
Display Duty Factor						
			1/48	1/64	1/96	1/128
DS1			GND	GND	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>
DS2			GND	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	V <sub>CC</sub>

These terminals are valid only in the master mode. Connect them to V<sub>CC</sub> in the slave mode.

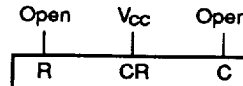
STB	1	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Input terminal for testing.
TH	1			Connect to STB V <sub>CC</sub> .
CL1	1			Connect TH and CL1 to GND.

CR, R, C	3			Oscillator.
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In the master mode, use these terminals as shown below:



In the slave mode, stop the oscillator as shown below:



ø1, ø2	2	O	HD61202	Operating clock output terminals for the HD61202. Master mode: Connect these terminals to terminals ø1 and ø2 of the HD61202 respectively. Slave mode: Don't connect any lines to these terminals.
FRM	1	O	HD61202	Frame signal. Master mode: Connect this terminal to terminal FRM of the HD61202. Slave mode: Don't connect any lines to this terminal.
M	1	I/O	MB of HD61830 or M of HD61202	Signal to convert LCD driver signal into AC. Master mode: Output terminal. Connect this terminal to terminal M of the HD61202. Slave mode: Input terminal. Connect this terminal to terminal MB of the HD61830.



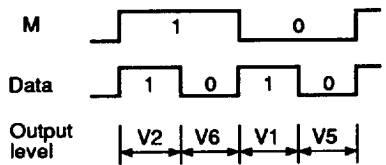
# HD61203

## HD61203 Terminal Functions (cont)

Terminal Name	Number of Terminals	I/O	Connected to	Function																				
CL2	1	I/O	CL1 or MA of HD61830 or CL of HD61202	Shift clock <b>Master mode:</b> Output terminal Connect this terminal to terminal CL of the HD61202. <b>Slave mode:</b> Input terminal Connect this terminal to terminal CL1 or MA of the HD61830.																				
DL, DR	2	I/O	Open or FLM of HD61830	Data I/O terminals of bidirectional shift register. DL corresponds to X1's side and DR to X64's side. <b>Master mode:</b> Output common scanning signal. Don't connect any lines to these terminals normally. <b>Slave mode:</b> Connect terminal FLM of the HD61830 to DL (when SHL = V <sub>CC</sub> ) or DR (when SHL = GND)																				
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>M/S</th> <th>V<sub>CC</sub></th> <th>GND</th> <th>GND</th> <th>GND</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>SHL</td> <td>V<sub>CC</sub></td> <td>GND</td> <td>V<sub>CC</sub></td> <td>GND</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DL</td> <td>Output</td> <td>Output</td> <td>Input</td> <td>Output</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DR</td> <td>Output</td> <td>Output</td> <td>Output</td> <td>Input</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					M/S	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	GND	GND	SHL	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	DL	Output	Output	Input	Output	DR	Output	Output	Output	Input
M/S	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	GND	GND																				
SHL	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND	V <sub>CC</sub>	GND																				
DL	Output	Output	Input	Output																				
DR	Output	Output	Output	Input																				
NC	5		Open	Not used. Don't connect any lines to this terminal.																				
SHL	1	I	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	Selects shift direction of bidirectional shift register. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>SHL</th> <th>Shift Direction</th> <th>Common Scanning Direction</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>V<sub>CC</sub></td> <td>DL → DR</td> <td>X1 → X64</td> </tr> <tr> <td>GND</td> <td>DL ← DR</td> <td>X1 ← X64</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SHL	Shift Direction	Common Scanning Direction	V <sub>CC</sub>	DL → DR	X1 → X64	GND	DL ← DR	X1 ← X64											
SHL	Shift Direction	Common Scanning Direction																						
V <sub>CC</sub>	DL → DR	X1 → X64																						
GND	DL ← DR	X1 ← X64																						

**X1-X64**    64    O    Liquid crystal display

Liquid crystal display driver output.  
 Output one of the four liquid crystal display driver levels V1, V2, V5, and V6 with the combination of the data from the shift register and M signal.



When SHL is V<sub>CC</sub>, X1 corresponds to COM1 and X64 corresponds to COM64.  
 When SHL is GND, X64 corresponds to COM1 and X1 corresponds to COM64.

Example of Application

HD61203 Connection List

MS TH	CL1	FCS	FS	DS1	DS2	STB	CR	R	C	φ1	φ2	FRM	M	CL2	SHL	DL	DR	X1-X64	
										H: V <sub>cc</sub> } Fixed		Rf: Oscillation resistor							
										L: GND } Fixed		Cf: Oscillation capacitor							
										"-" means "open".									
A	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	—	—	—	from MB of HD61830	from CL1 of HD61830	H	from FLM of HD61830	—	COM1-COM64	
															L	from FLM of HD61830		COM64-COM1	
B	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	—	—	—	from MB of HD61830	from MA of HD61830	H	from FLM of HD61830	to DL/DR of HD61203 No. 2	COM1-COM64	
															L	to DL/DR of HD61203 No. 2	from FLM of HD61830	COM64-COM1	
C	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	—	—	—	from MB of HD61830	from MA of HD61830	H	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 1	—	COM65-COM128	
															L	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 1	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 1	COM128-COM65	
D	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	—	to φ1 of HD61202	to φ2 of HD61202	FRM of HD61202	M of HD61202	to CL of HD61202	H	—	COM1-COM64	
															L	—	—	COM64-COM1	
E	H	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	—	to φ1 of HD61202	to φ2 of HD61202	FRM of HD61202	M of HD61202	to CL of HD61202	H	to DL/DR of HD61203 No. 2	COM1-COM64	
															L	to DL/DR of HD61203 No. 2	—	COM64-COM1	
F	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	H	H	—	—	—	from M of HD61203 No. 1	from CL2 of HD61203 No. 1	H	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 1	—	COM1-COM64	
															L	—	from DL/DR of HD61203 No. 1	COM64-COM1	

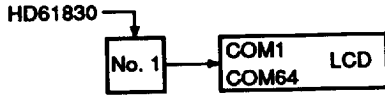
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Outline of HD61203 System Configuration

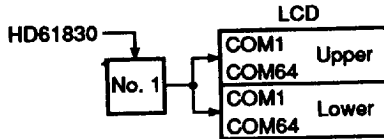
1. Use with HD61830

a. When display duty ratio of LCD is 1/64



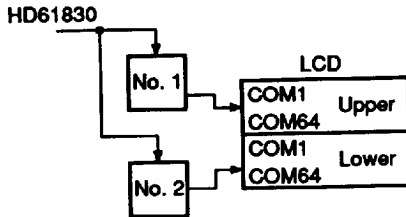
One HD61203 drives common signals.

Refer to Connection list A.



One HD61203 drives common signals for upper and lower panels.

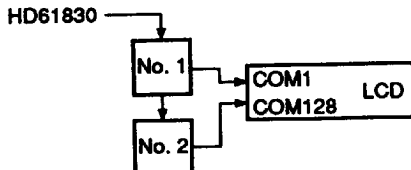
Refer to Connection list A.



Two HD61203s drive upper and lower panels separately to ensure the quality of display. No. 1 and No. 2 operate in parallel.

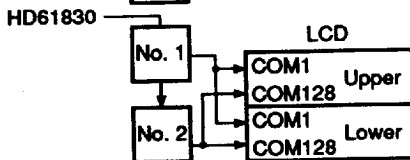
For both of No. 1 and No. 2, refer to Connection list A.

b. When display duty ratio of LCD is from 1/65 to 1/128



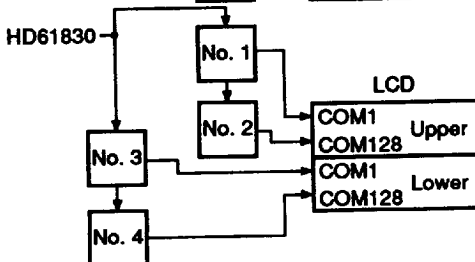
Two HD61203s connected serially drive common signals.

Refer to Connection list B for No. 1. Refer to Connection list C for No. 2.



Two HD61203s connected serially drive upper and lower panels in parallel.

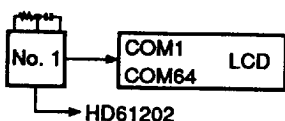
Refer to Connection list B for No. 1. Refer to Connection list C for No. 2.



Two sets of HD61203s connected serially drive upper and lower panels in parallel to ensure the quality of display.

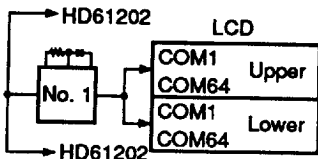
Refer to Connection list B for No. 1 and 3. Refer to Connection list C for No. 2 and 4.

2. Use with HD61202 (1/64 duty ratio)



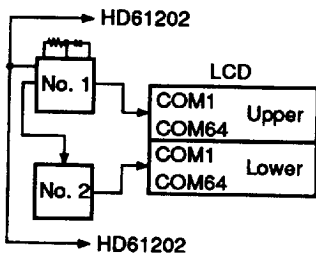
One HD61203 drives common signals and supplies timing signals to the HD61202s.

Refer to Connection list D.



One HD61203 drives upper and lower panels and supplies timing signals to the HD61202s.

Refer to Connection list D.



Two HD61203s drive upper and lower panels in parallel to ensure the quality of display. No. 1 supplies timing signals to No. 2 and the HD61202s.

Refer to Connection list E for No. 1.

Refer to Connection list F for No. 2.

# HD61203

## Connection Example 1

Use with HD61202 (RAM type segment driver)

a. 1/64 duty ratio (See Connection List D)

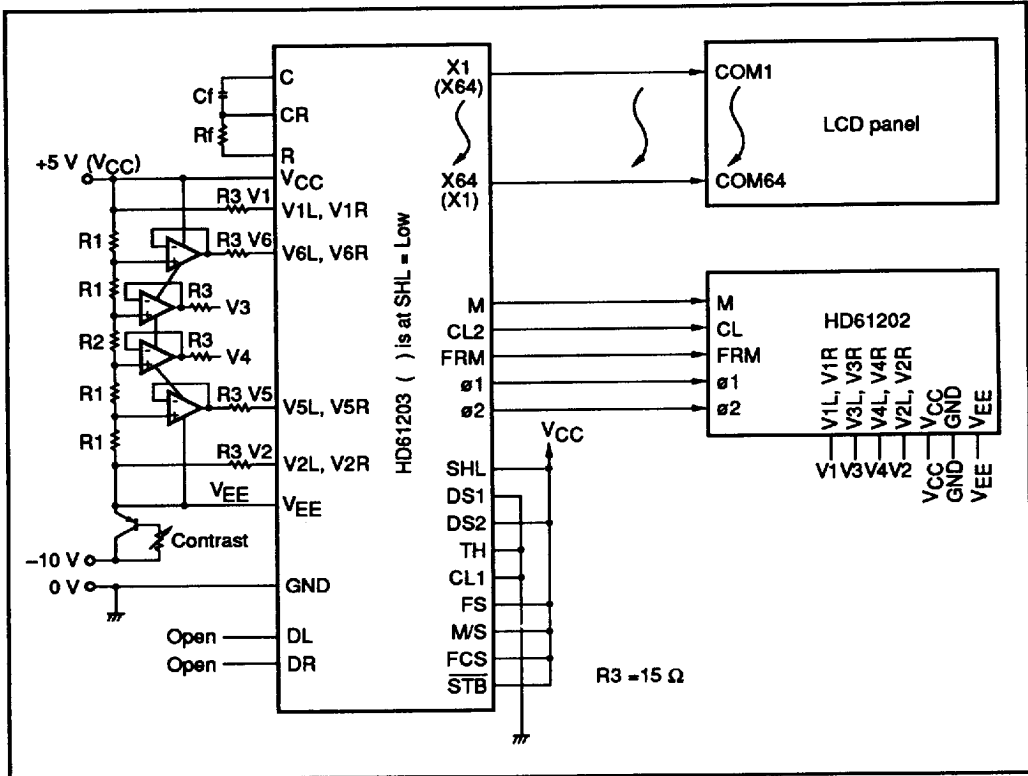


Figure 1 Example 1

Note: The values of R1 and R2 vary with the LCD panel used.  
When bias factor is 1/9, the values of R1 and R2 should satisfy

$$\frac{R1}{4R1 + R2} = \frac{1}{9}$$

For example,  
R1 = 3 kΩ, R2 = 15 kΩ

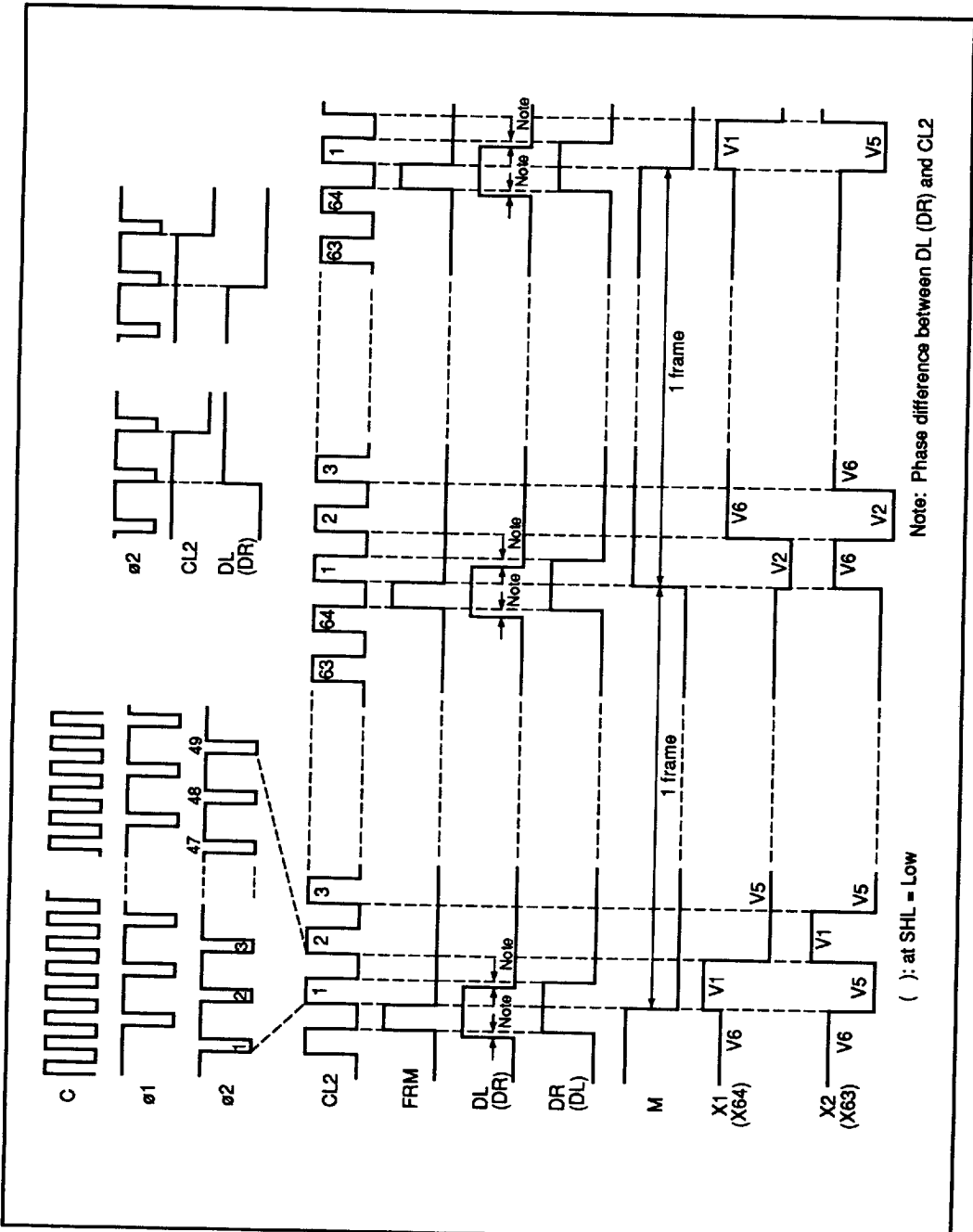


Figure 2 Example 1 Waveform (RAM Type, 1/64 Duty Cycle)

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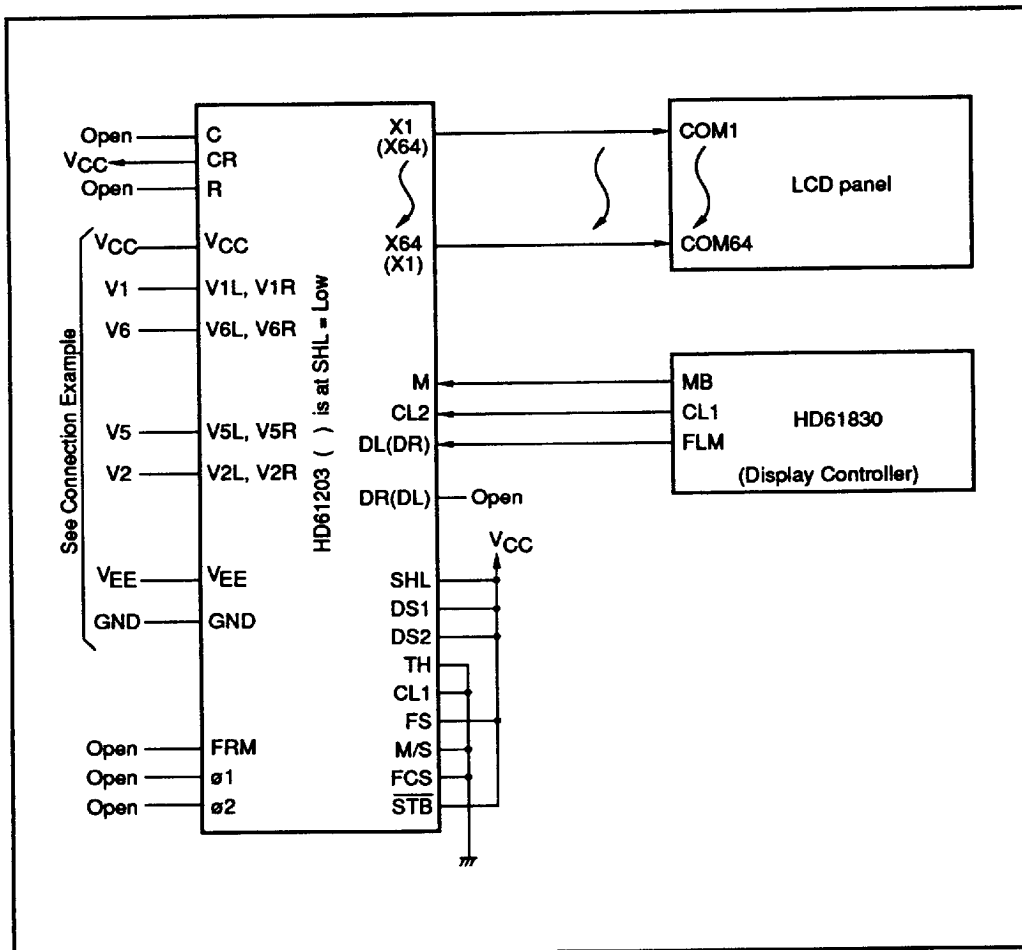
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# HD61203

## Connection Example 2

Use with HD61830 (Display controller)

a. 1/64 duty ratio (See Connection List A)



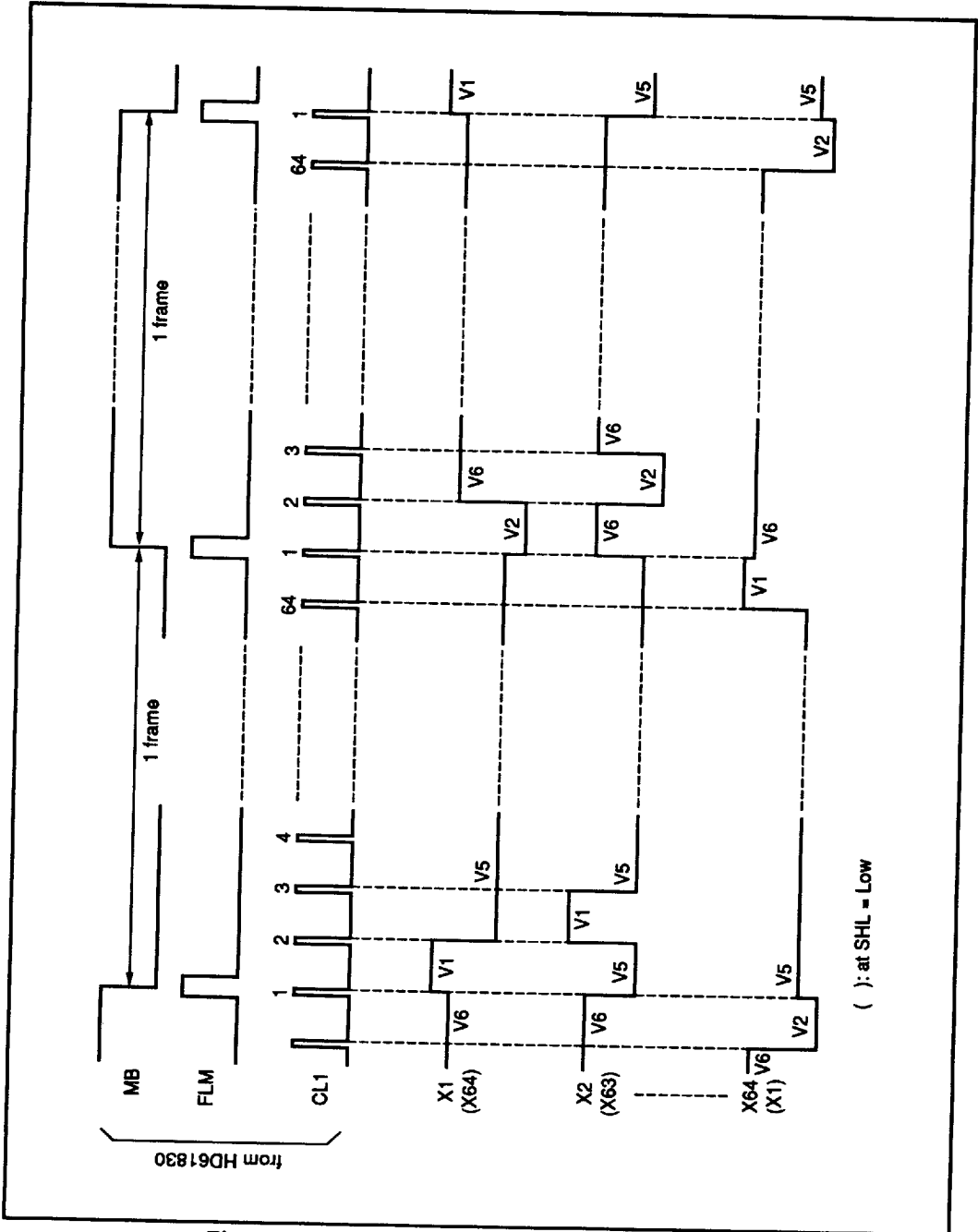


Figure 4 Example 2 Waveform (1/64 Duty Ratio)

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# HD61203

b. 1/100 duty ratio (See Connection List B, C)

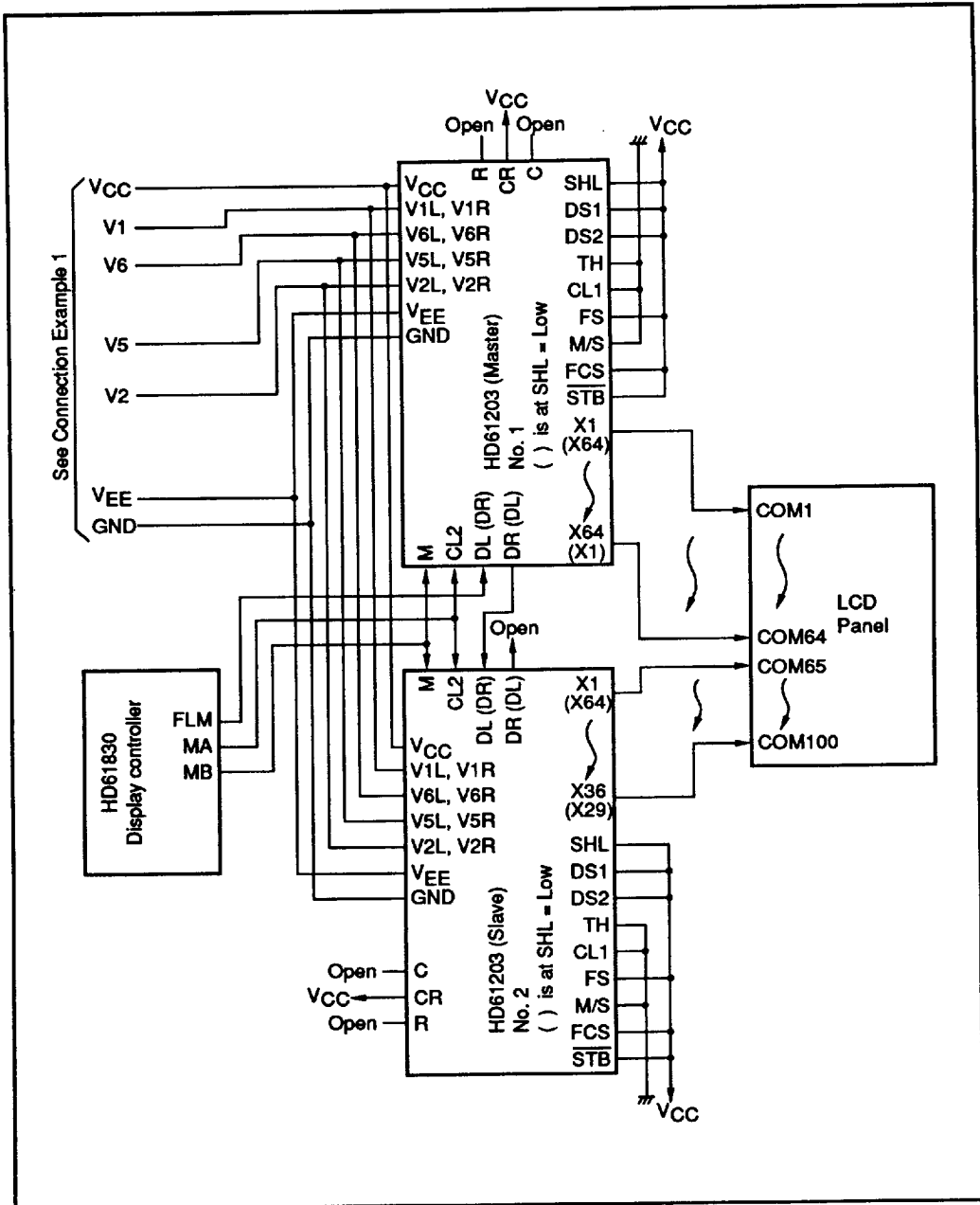


Figure 5 Example 2 (1/100 Duty Ratio)

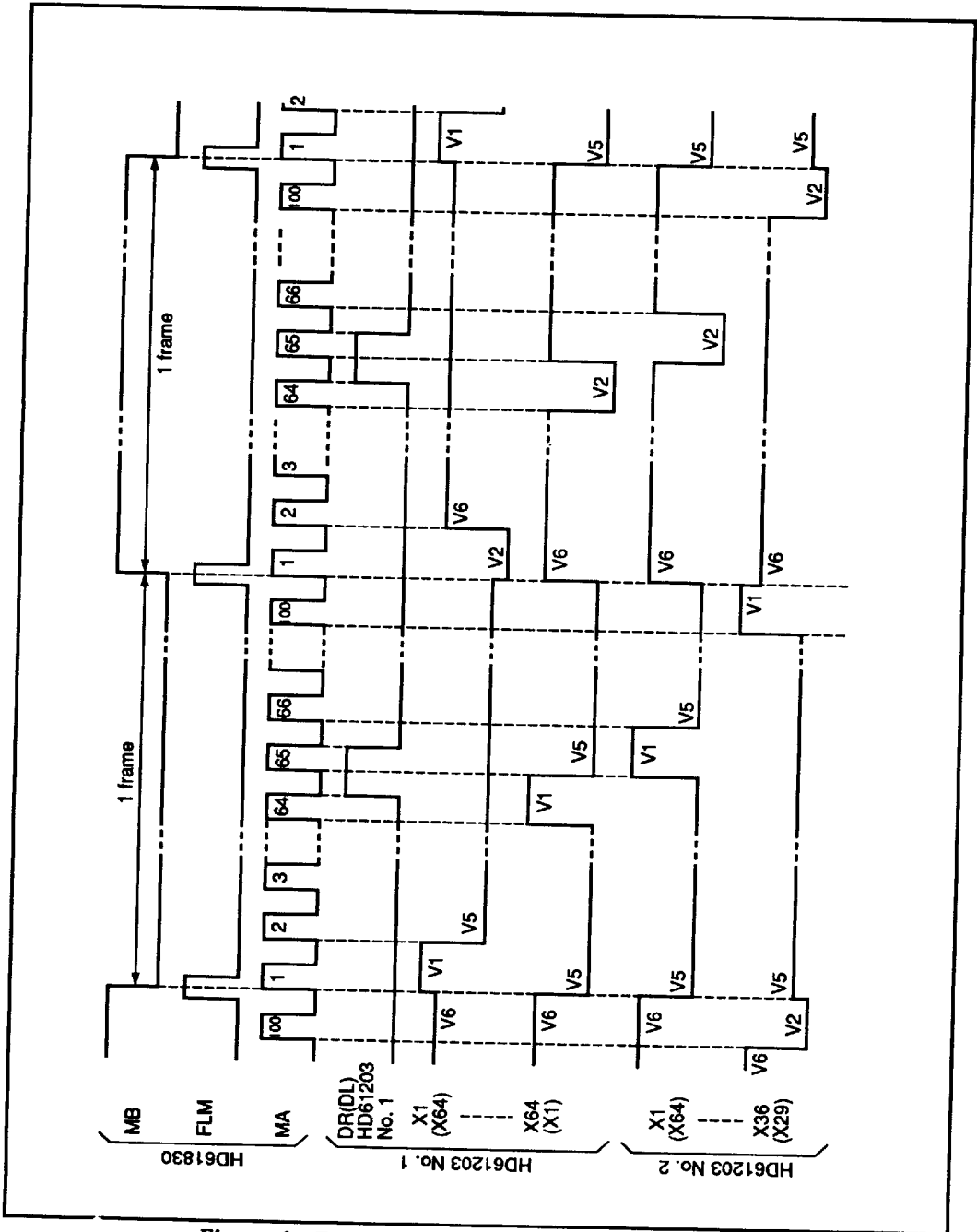


Figure 6 Example 2 Waveform (1/100 Duty Ratio)

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