

FAN8008

6-Channel Motor Drive IC

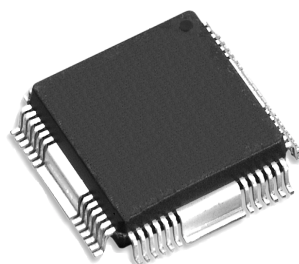
Features

- 4-CH balanced transformerless (BTL) driver
- 2-CH (forward-reverse) control DC motor driver
- Operating supply voltage (4.5V ~ 16V)
- Built-in thermal shut down circuit (TSD)
- Built-in under voltage lockout circuit (UVLO)
- Built-in over voltage protection circuit (OVP)
- Built-in mute circuit (CH1, CH2, CH3 and CH4)
- Built-in normal op-amp
- Built-in 3.3V regulator with reset

Description

The FAN8008 is a monolithic integrated circuit suitable for a 6-ch motor driver which drives the tracking actuator, focus actuator, sled motor, tray motor, change motor and spindle motor of the CDP/CAR-CD systems.

48-QFPH-1414



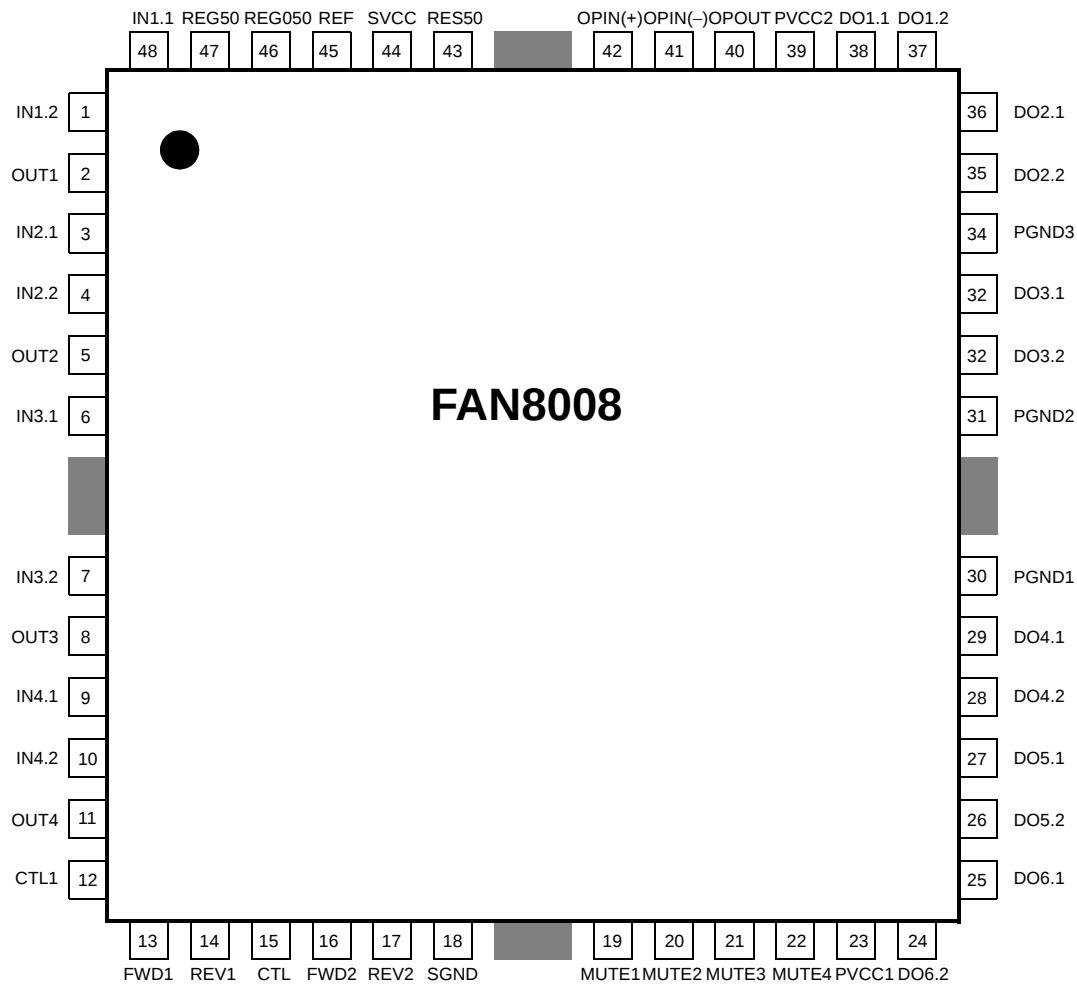
Typical Applications

- Compact disk player (CDP) with tray and changer
- Video compact disk player (VCD) with tray and changer
- Automotive compact disk player (CDP) with tray and changer
- Other compact disk media

Ordering Information

Device	Package	Operating Temp.
FAN8008	48-QFPH-1414	-35°C ~ +85°C

Pin Assignments



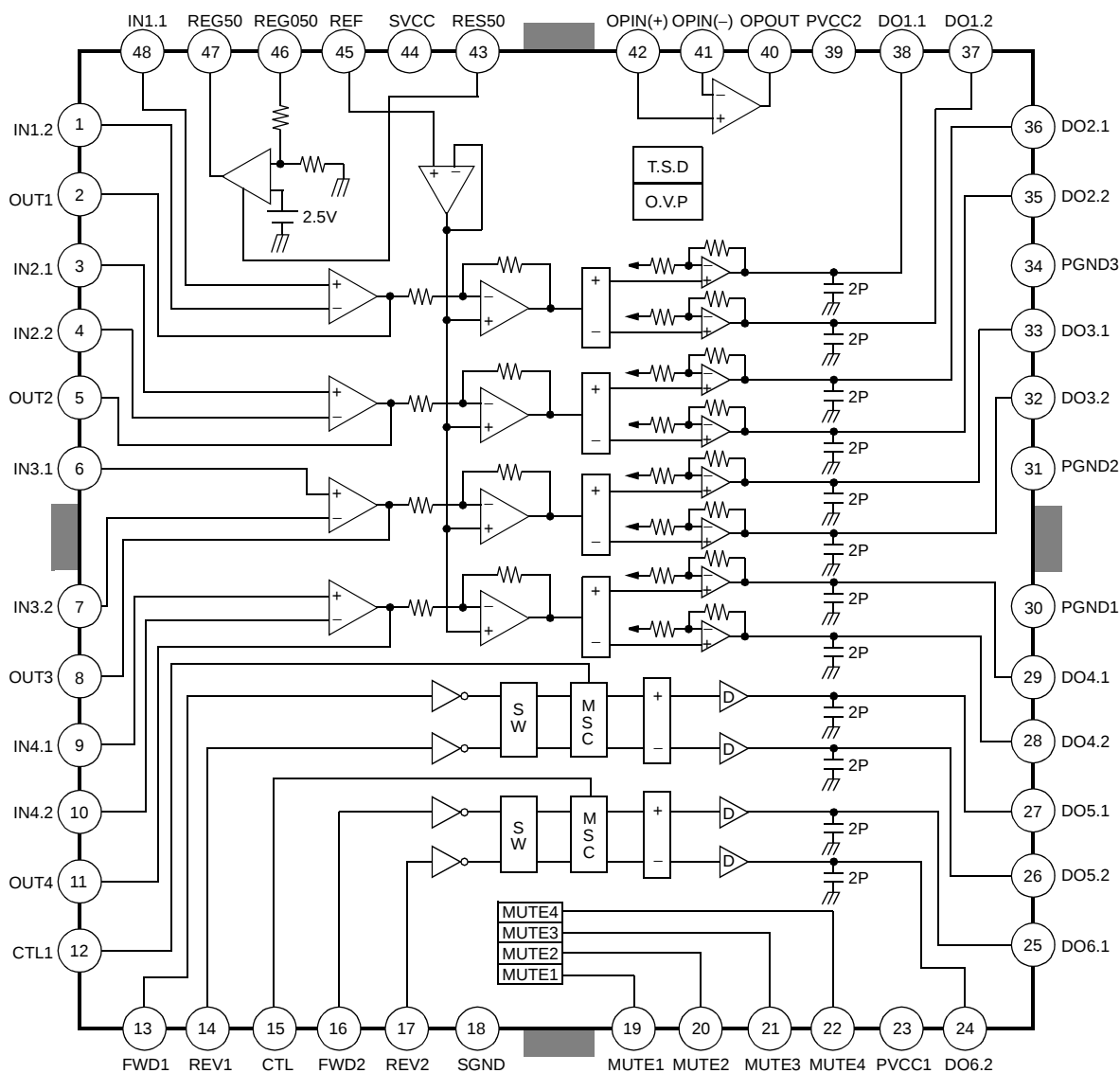
Pin Definitions

Pin Number	Pin Name	I/O	Pin Function Description
1	IN1.2	I	CH 1 op-amp input (–)
2	OUT1	O	CH 1 op-amp output
3	IN2.1	I	CH 2 op-amp input (+)
4	IN2.2	I	CH 2 op-amp input (–)
5	OUT2	O	CH 2 op-amp output
6	IN3.1	I	CH 3 op-amp input (+)
7	IN3.2	I	CH 3 op-amp input (–)
8	OUT3	O	CH 3 op-amp output
9	IN4.1	I	CH 4 op-amp input (+)
10	IN4.2	I	CH 4 op-amp input (–)
11	OUT4	O	CH 4 op-amp output
12	CTL1	I	CH 5 motor speed control
13	FWD1	I	CH 5 forward input
14	REW1	I	CH 5 reverse input
15	CTL2	I	CH 6 motor speed control
16	FWD2	I	CH 6 forward input
17	REW2	I	CH 6 reverse input
18	SGND	-	Signal ground
19	MUTE1	I	CH 1 mute
20	MUTE2	I	CH 2 mute
21	MUTE3	I	CH 3 mute
22	MUTE4	I	CH 4 mute
23	PVCC1	-	Power supply voltage (For CH 5, CH 6)
24	DO6.2	O	CH 6 drive output
25	DO6.1	O	CH 6 drive output
26	DO5.2	O	CH 5 drive output
27	DO5.1	O	CH 5 drive output
28	DO4.2	O	CH 4 drive output
29	DO4.1	O	CH 4 drive output
30	PGND	-	Power ground
31	PGND	-	Power ground
32	DO3.2	O	CH 3 drive output
33	DO3.1	O	CH 3 drive output
34	PGND	-	Power ground
35	DO2.2	O	CH 2 drive output
36	DO2.1	O	CH 2 drive output
37	DO1.2	O	CH 1 drive output
38	DO1.1	O	CH 1 drive output
39	PVCC2	-	Power supply voltage (For CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, CH 4)
40	OPOUT	O	Opamp output

Pin Definitions (Continued)

Pin Number	Pin Name	I/O	Pin Function Description
41	OPIN(-)	I	Opamp input (-)
42	OPIN(+)	I	Opamp input (+)
43	RES50	I	Regulator 3.3V reset
44	SVCC	-	Signal supply voltage
45	REF	I	Bias voltage input
46	REG050	O	Regulator 3.3V output
47	REG50	O	Regulator output
48	IN1.1	I	CH 1 opamp input (+)

Internal Block Diagram



Notes:

1. SW = Logic switch
2. MSC = Motor speed control
3. D = Output driver

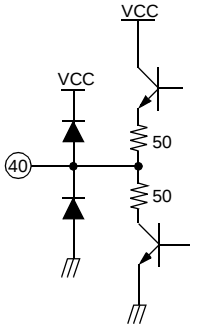
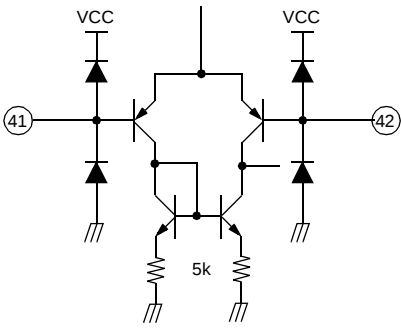
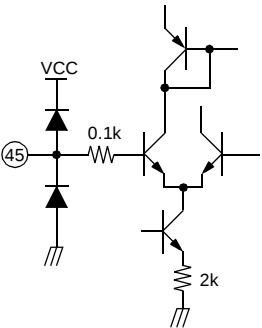
Equivalent Circuit

Description	Pin No.	Internal circuit
Input OPIN (+) OPIN (-)	48, 3, 6, 9 1, 4, 7, 10	
Input opout	2, 5, 8, 11	
CTL	12, 15	

Equivalent Circuit (Continued)

Description	Pin No.	Internal circuit
Logic drive FWD input REV input	13, 16 14, 17	
CH mute	19, 20 21, 22	
Logic drive output	24, 25 26, 27	
4-CH drive output	28, 29 32, 33 35, 36 37, 38	

Equivalent Circuit (Continued)

Description	Pin No.	Internal circuit
Normal opout	40	
Normal OPIN(+) OPIN(-)	42 41	
Ref	45	

Equivalent Circuit (Continued)

Description	Pin No.	Internal circuit
RES50	43	
REG050	46	
REG50	47	

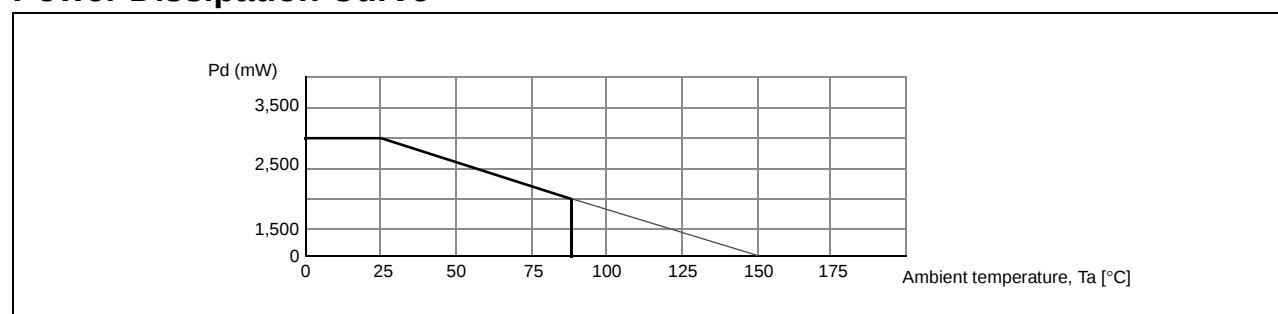
Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{CC}	18	V
Power dissipation	P _D	3 ^{note}	W
Operating temperature	T _{OPR}	-35 ~ +85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-55 ~ +150	°C
Maximum output current	I _{OMAX}	1	A

NOTE:

1. When mounted on 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm PCB.
2. Power dissipation reduces 16mW / °C for using above Ta=25°C.
3. Do not exceed P_D and SOA.

Power Dissipation Curve



Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Operating supply voltage	V _{CC}	4.5	-	16	V

Electrical Characteristics

(SVCC=PVCC1=PVCC2=8V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Quiescent circuit current	ICC	under no-load	9	12	16	mA
CH mute on voltage	V _{MON CH}	Pin 19, 20, 21, 22=Variation	-	-	0.5	V
CH mute off voltage	V _{MOFF CH}	Pin 19, 20, 21, 22=Variation	2	-	-	V
DRIVER PART (R_L=8Ω)						
Input offset voltage	V _{IO}	-	-20	-	+20	mV
Output offset voltage	V _{OO}	V _{IN} =2.5V	-50	-	+50	mV
Maximum output voltage 1	V _{OM1}	V _{CC} =8V, R _L =8Ω	4.0	5.5	-	V
Maximum output voltage 2	V _{OM2}	V _{CC} =13V, R _L =24Ω	7	9	-	V
Closed-loop voltage gain	A _{VF}	V _{IN} =0.1V _{RMS}	9	10.5	12	dB
Ripple rejection ratio	RR	V _{IN} =0.1V _{RMS} , f=120kHz	-	50	-	dB
Slew rate	SR	Square, V _{out} =2V _{p-p} , f=120kHz	-	0.8	-	V/μs
NORMAL OPAMP PART						
Input offset voltage	V _{OF1}	-	-10	-	+10	mV
Input bias current	I _{B1}	-	-	-	300	nA
High level output voltage	V _{OH1}	R _L =50Ω	6	6.8	-	V
Low level output voltage	V _{OL1}	R _L =50Ω	-	1.0	1.8	V
Output sink current	I _{SINK1}	V _{IN} =-75dB, f=1kHz	10	40	-	mA
Output source current	I _{SOURCE1}	V _{IN} =-20dB, f=120kHz	10	40	-	mA
Open loop voltage gain	G _{VO1}	Square, V _{out} =2V _{p-p} , f=120kHz	-	75	-	dB
Ripple rejection ratio	RR1	V _{IN} =-20dB, f=1kHz	-	65	-	dB
Slew rate	SR1	-	-	1	-	V/μs
Common mode rejection ratio	CMRR1	-	-	80	-	dB

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(SVCC=PVCC1=PVCC2=8V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
INPUT OPAMP PART						
Input offset voltage	VOF2	-	-10	-	+10	mV
Input bias current	IB2	-	-	-	400	nA
High level output voltage	VOH2	-	7	7.7	-	V
Low level output voltage	VOL2	-	-	0.2	0.5	V
Output sink current	ISINK2	-	500	800	-	μA
Output source current	ISOURCE2	-	500	800	-	μA
Open loop voltage gain	GVO2	VIN=-75dB, f=1kHz	-	80	-	dB
Slew rate	SR2	Square, Vout=2Vp-p, f=120kHz	-	1	-	V/μs
Common mode rejection ratio	CMRR2	VIN=-20dB, f=1kHz	-	80	-	dB
3.3V REGULATOR PART						
Regulator output voltage	Vreg	IL=100mA	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
Load regulation	ΔVR1	IL=0→200mA	-40	0	+10	mV
Line regulation	ΔVCC	IL=200mA, VCC=6V→9V	-20	0	+30	mV
Reset on voltage	Reson	-	-	-	0.5	V
Reset off voltage	Resoff	-	2	-	-	V
TRAY, CHANGER DRIVER PART (RL=45Ω)						
Input high level voltage	VIH	-	2	-	-	V
Input low level voltage	VIH	-	-	-	0.5	V
Output voltage 1	VO1	VCC=8V, VCTL=3.5V	5.2	6.0	6.8	V
Output voltage 2	VO2	VCC=13V, VCTL=4.5V	7.5	8.5	9.5	V
Output load regulation	ΔVR1	-	-	300	700	mV
Output offset voltage 1	VOO1	VIN=5V, 5V	-10	-	+10	mV
Output offset voltage 2	VOO2	VIN=0V, 0V	-10	-	+10	mV

Application Information

1. Reference Input

Pin 45 (REF) can use the reference Input pin .

- Reference input
In the case of the reference input pin, you must keep the applied voltage range between 2[V] and 6.5[V] at $V_{CC} = 8[V]$.

2. Separated Channel Mute Function

These pins are used for individual channel mute operation.

- When the mute pins (pin19, 20, 21 and 22) are lowlevel, the mute circuits are activated so that the output circuit is muted.
- When the voltage of the mute pins (pin19, 20, 21 and 22) are high level, the mute circuit is stopped and output circuits operate normally.
- If the chip temperature rises above 175°C, then the thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit is activated and the output circuits are muted.
 - Mute 1 (pin 19)-CH1 mute control input pin.
 - Mute 2 (pin 20)-CH2 mute control input pin.
 - Mute 3 (pin 21)-CH3 mute control input pin.
 - Mute 4 (pin 22)-CH4 mute control input pin.

3. Protection Function

- Thermal shutdown (TSD)
If the chip temperature rises above 175°C, then the thermal shutdown (TSD) circuit is activated and the output circuit is will be mute. The TSD circuit is temperature hysteresis 25°C.
- Under voltage lockout (UVLO) and over voltage protection (OVP)
It is designed to mute-operate the internal bias by the function of UVLO and OVP, when the power supply voltage falls below 3.5[V] or above 20[V].

4. Regulator & Reset Function

The regulator and reset circuits are as illustrated in Figure 1.
where $R1=R2$.

- The external circuit is composed of the transistor, KSB772 and a capacitor, about $33\mu\text{F}$. The capacitor is used as a ripple eliminator and should have good temperature characteristics.
- The regulator output voltage (pin 46) is decided as follows.
 $V_{\text{out}} = 2 \times 1.65 = 3.3[\text{V}]$ (where $R1 = R2$)
- When the voltage of pin 43 (Vreset) is at $3.3[\text{V}]$, the regulator output voltage (pin 46) because $3.3[\text{V}]$. If the voltage of pin 43 is $0[\text{V}]$, the output voltage of pin 46 because $0[\text{V}]$.

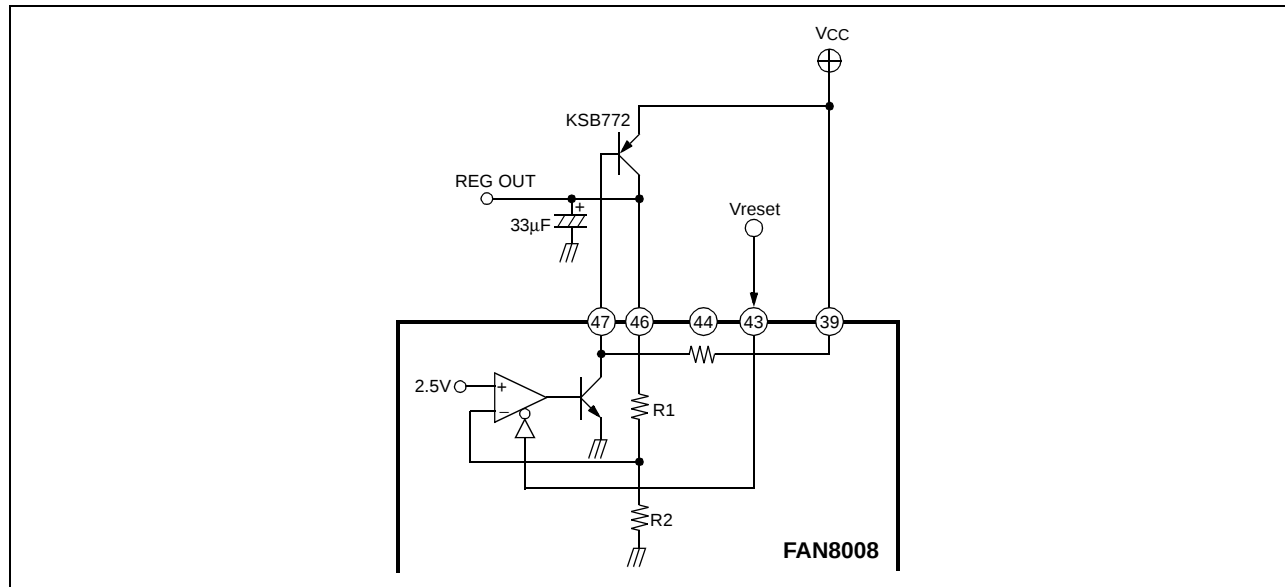
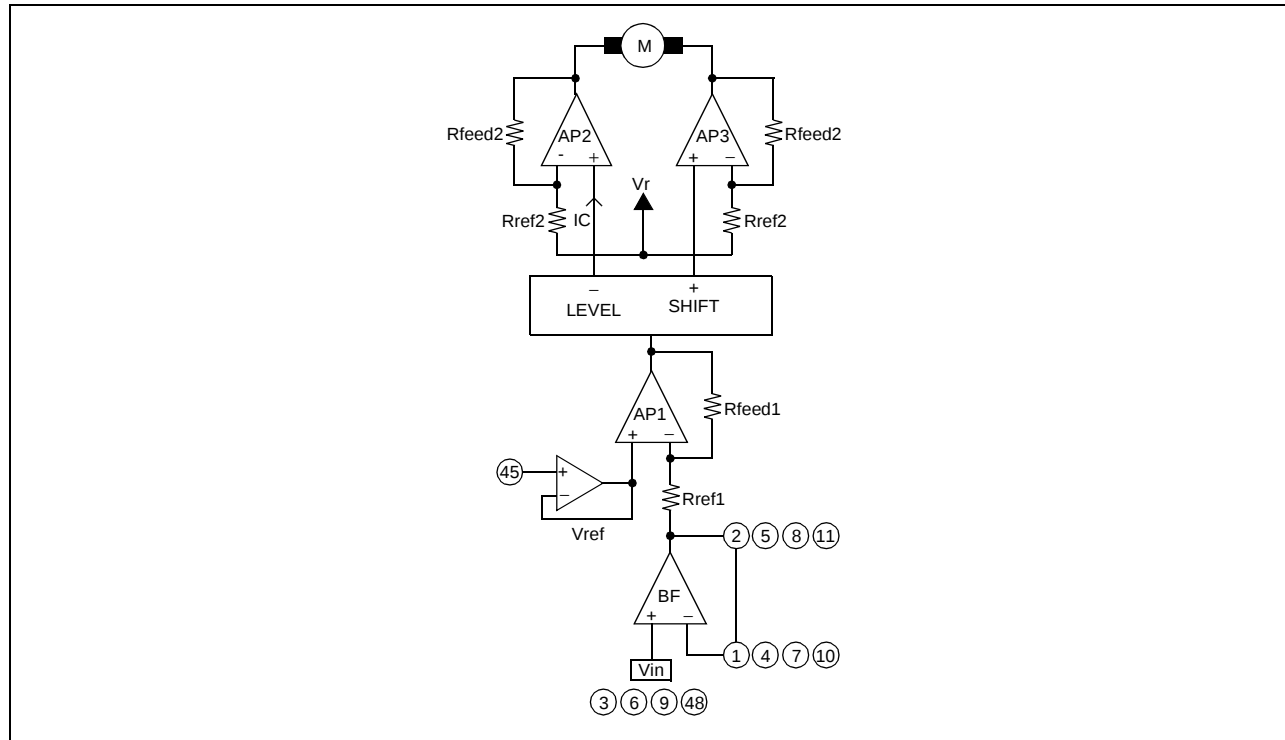


Figure 1. Regulator circuit

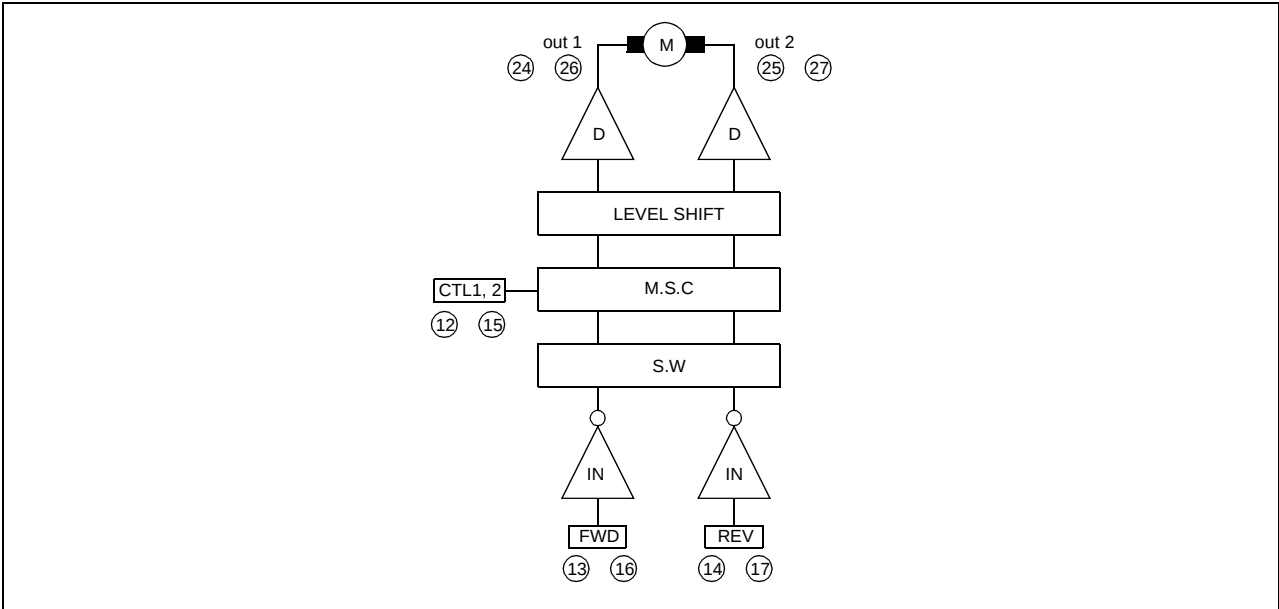
5. Focus, Tracking Actuator, Spindle, Sled Motor Drive Part



- The voltage, V_{ref} is the reference voltage given by the external bias voltage of the pin 45.
- The input signal (V_{in}) through pins 3, 6, 9 and 48 is amplified one times ($R_{ref1} = R_{feed1}$) by the AP1 and then fed to the level shift.
- The level shift produces the current due to the difference between the input signal and the arbitrary reference signal. The current produced as $+\Delta I$ and $-\Delta I$ are fed into the output amplifier, where output amplifier (AP2, 3) gain is two times (all $R_{ref2} = R_{feed2}$).
- If you desire to change the gain, the input buffer amplifier (BF) can be used.
- The output stage is the balanced transformerless (BTL) driver.
- The bias voltage V_r is expressed as below;

$$V_r = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{BE}}{2} [V]$$

6. Tray, Change Motor Drive Part



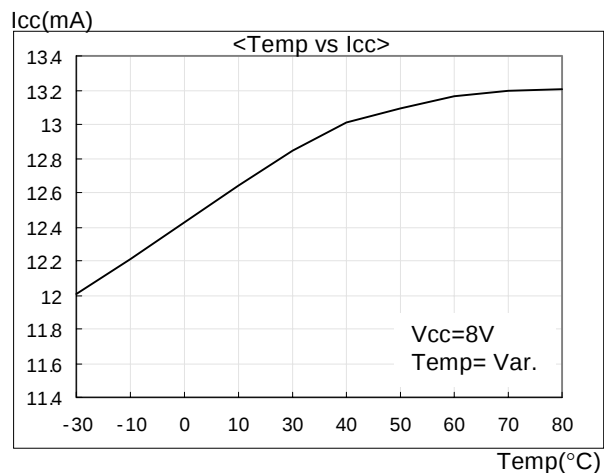
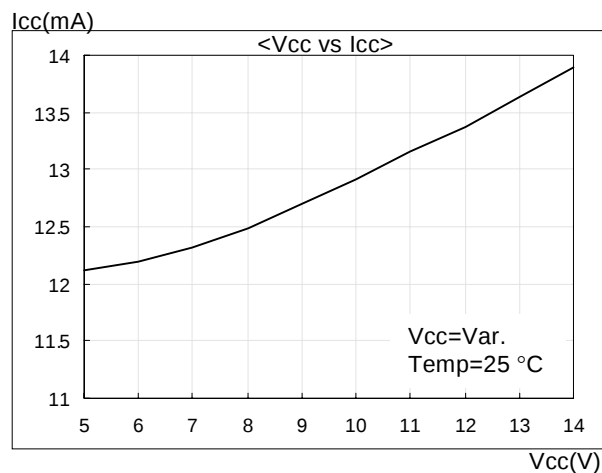
- Rotational direction control
The forward and reverse rotational direction is controlled by FWD (pin 13, 16) and REV (pin 14, 17) input conditions are as follows.

INPUT		OUTPUT		
FWD	REV	OUT 1	OUT 2	State
H	H	Vr	Vr	Brake
H	L	H	L	Forward
L	H	L	H	Reverse
L	L	Vr	Vr	Brake

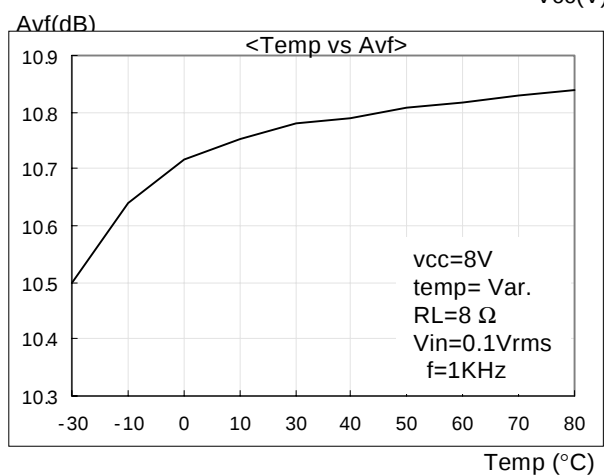
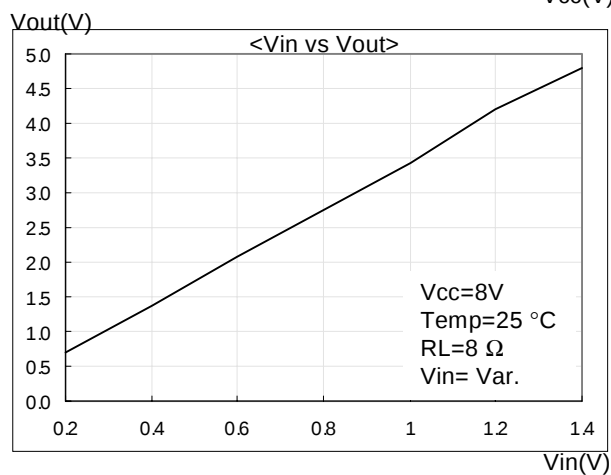
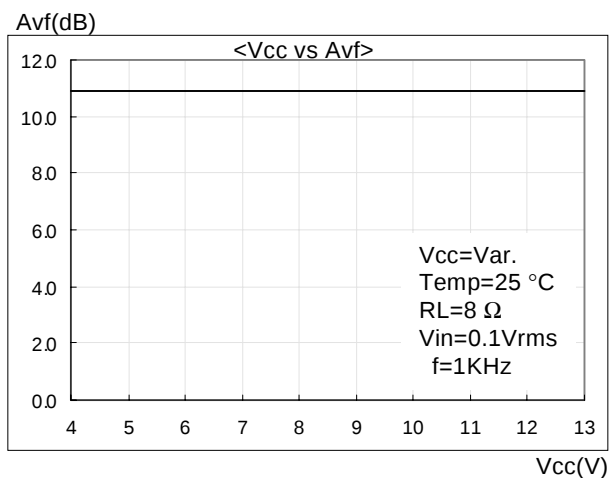
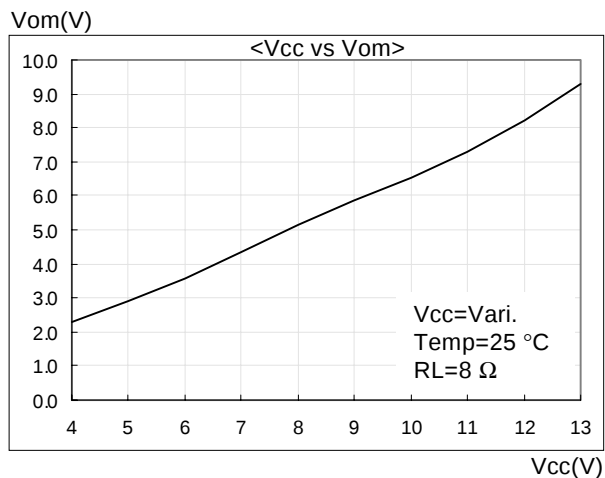
- where Vr is $(V_{cc} - V_{be}) / 2 = 3.65V$ (at $V_{cc}=8V$)
- where Out1 pins are pins 24 and 26, and out2 pins aer pins 25 and 27
- Motor speed control
 - The almost maximum torque is obtained when it is used with the pins 12 and 15 (CTL1, 2) open.
 - If the torque of the motor is too low, then the applied voltage at pins 12 and 15 (CTL1, 2) are 0[V].
 - When motor speed controlled, the applied voltage of the pins 12 and 15 (CTL1, 2) is between 0 and 4V.
Also, if the speed control is constant, the applied voltage of the pins 12 and 15 (CTL1, 2) is between 4 and 5V.
 - This IC's applied maximum voltage is 6V when VCC is 8V.
 - You must not use the applied CTL1, 2 voltage above 5.8V when VCC is 8V, and 3V when VCC is 5V.

Typical Performance Characteristics

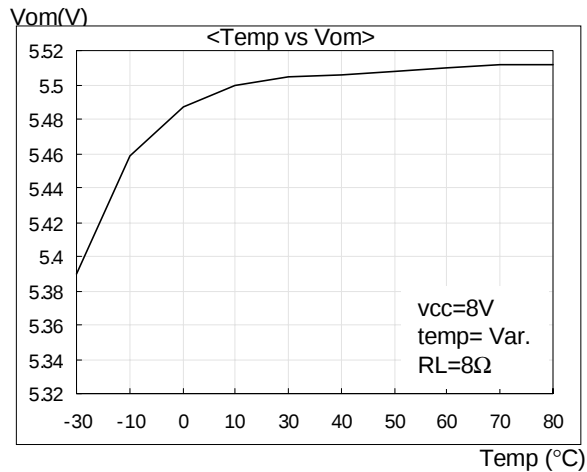
Total circuit



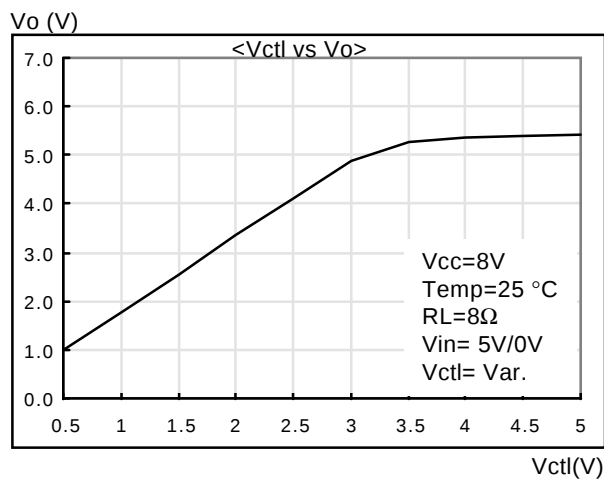
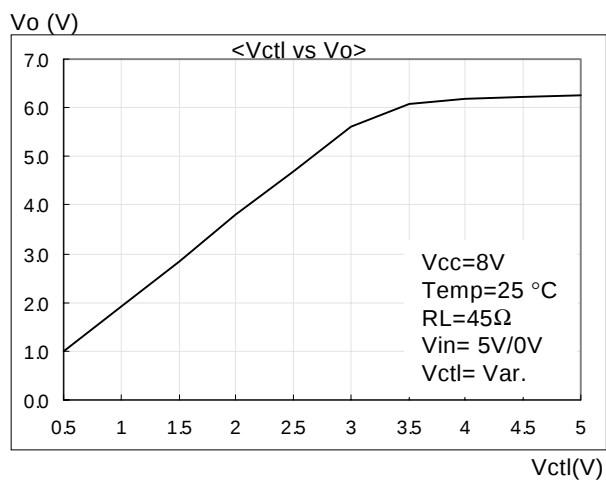
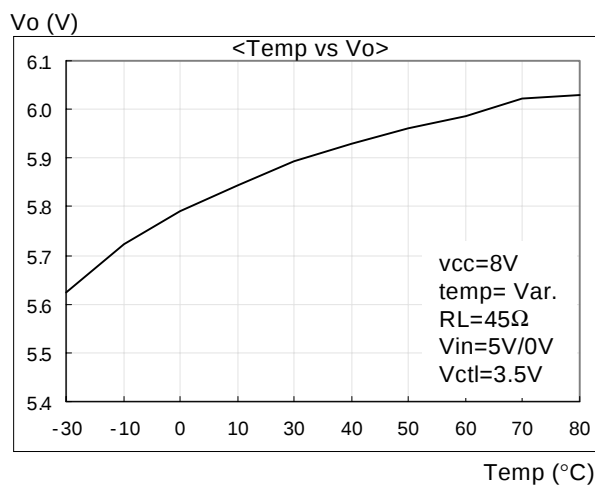
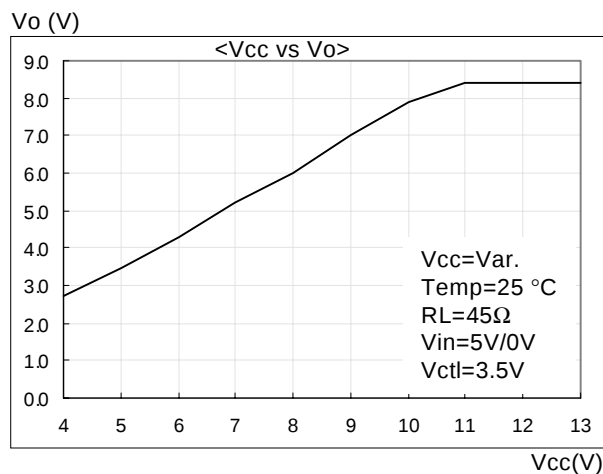
Focus, Tracking, Spindle, Sled drive part



Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

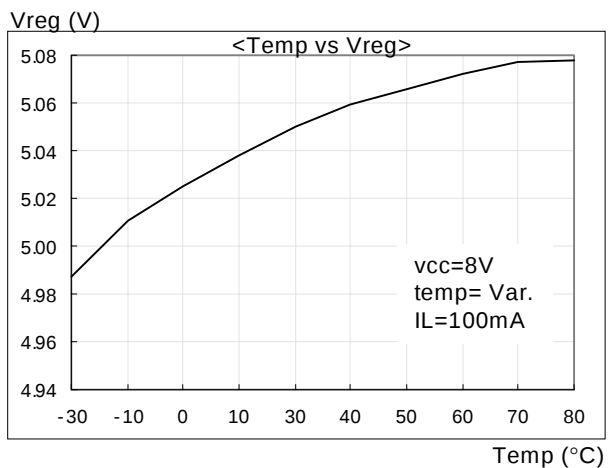
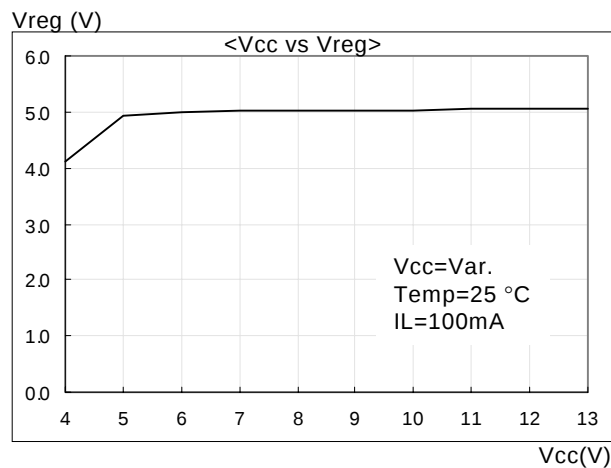


Tray, Change drive part

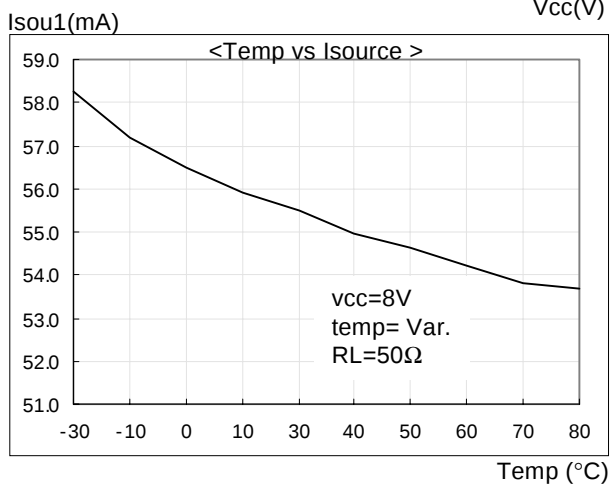
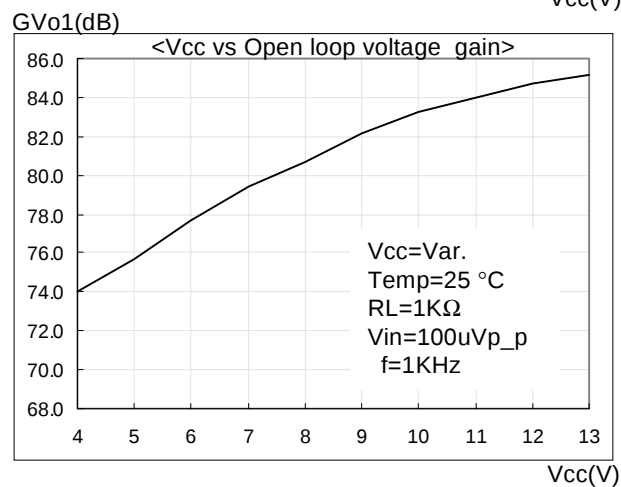
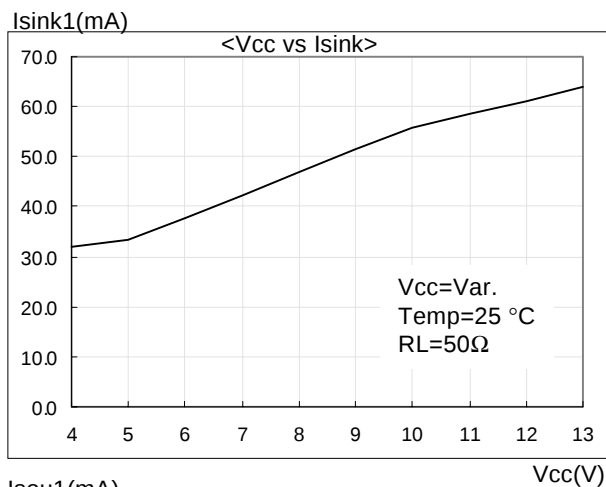
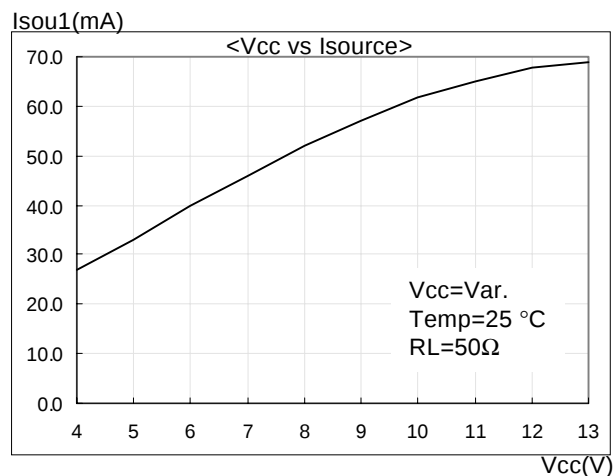


Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

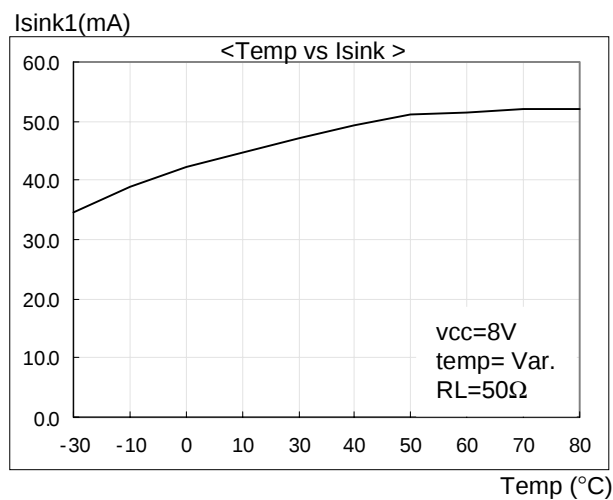
Regulator part



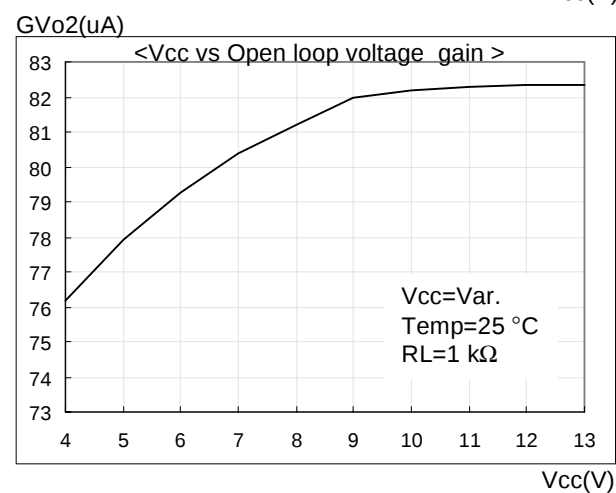
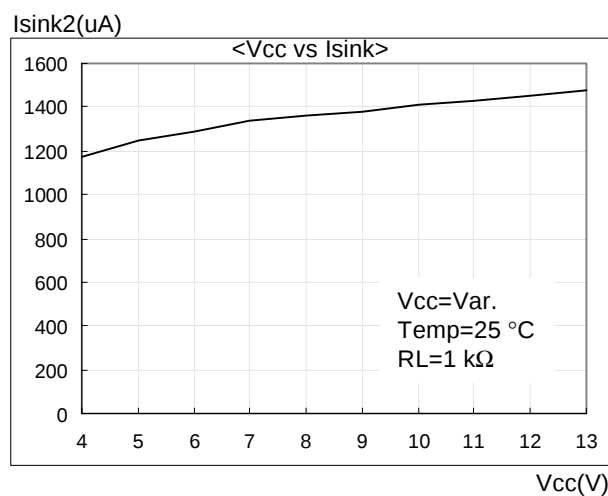
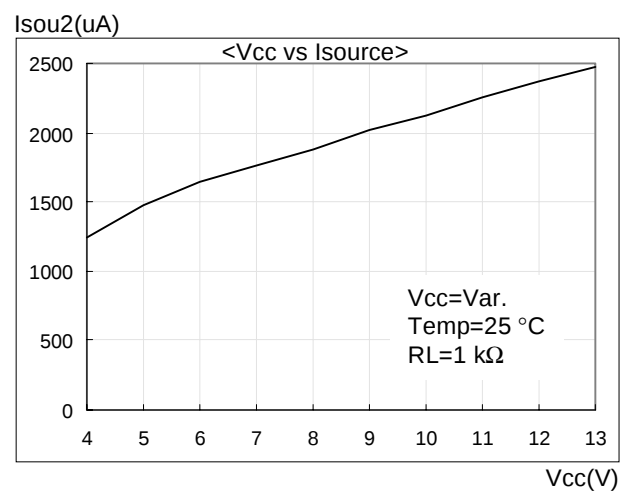
Normal op amp part



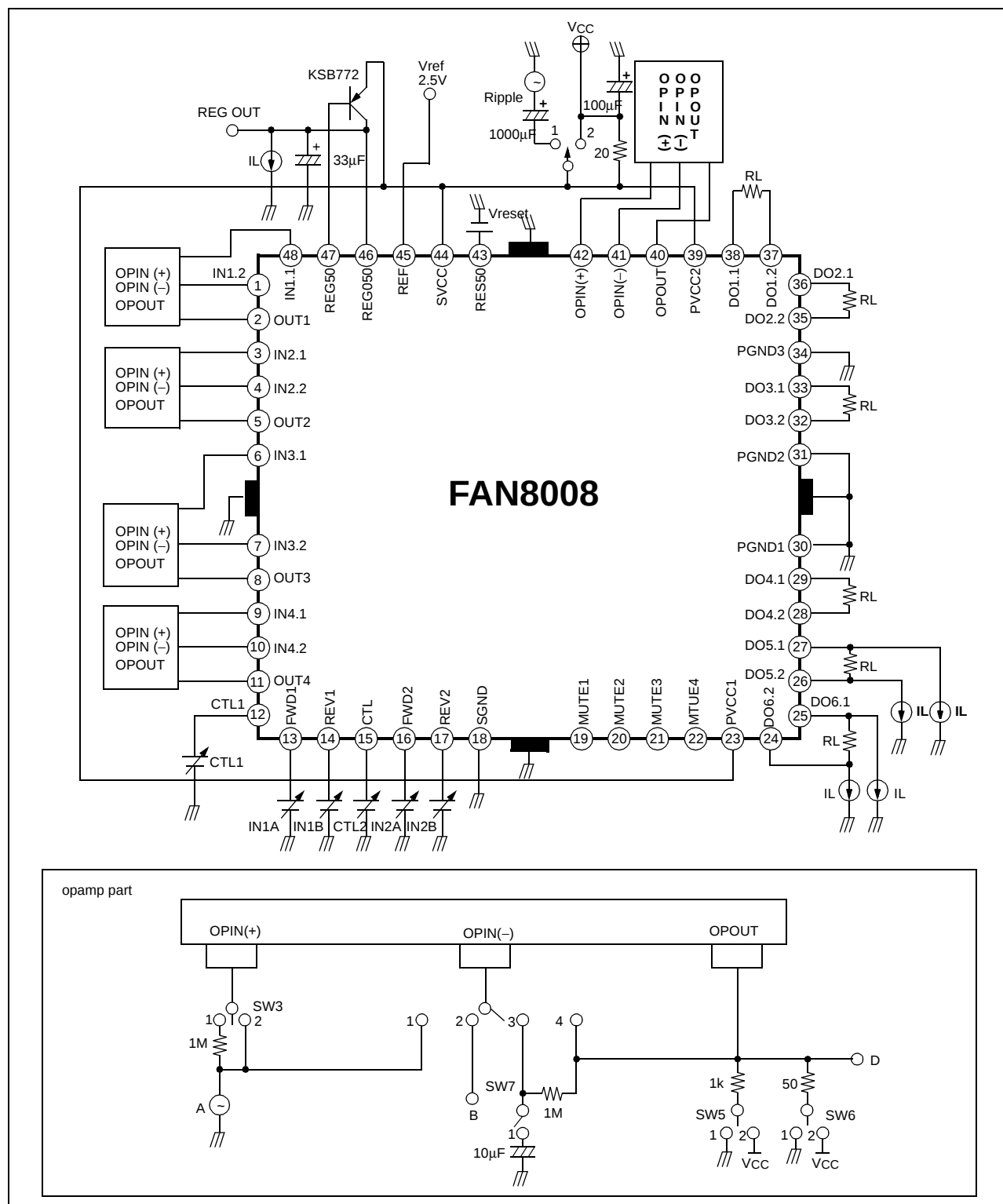
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



Input op amp part

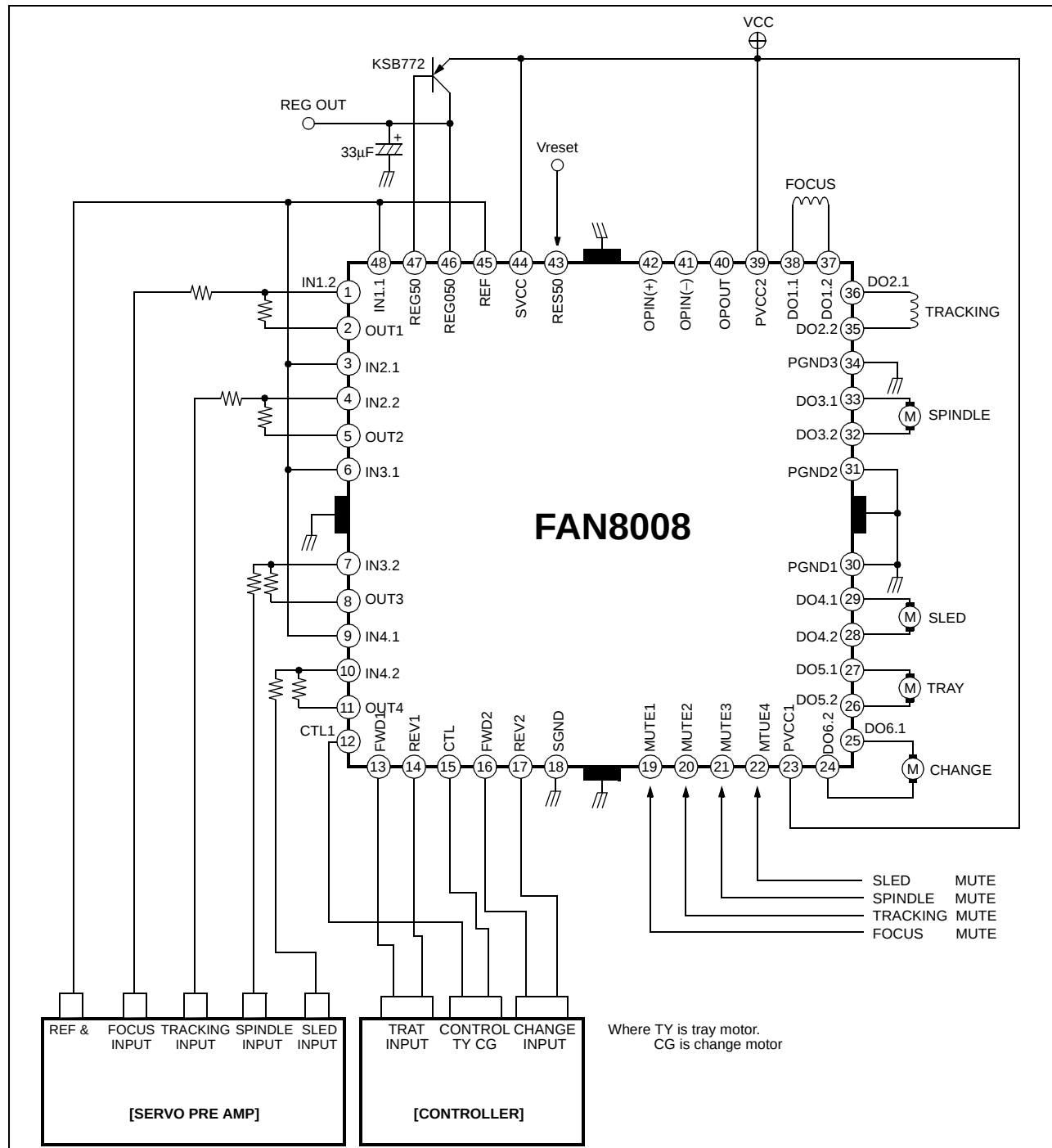


Test Circuits



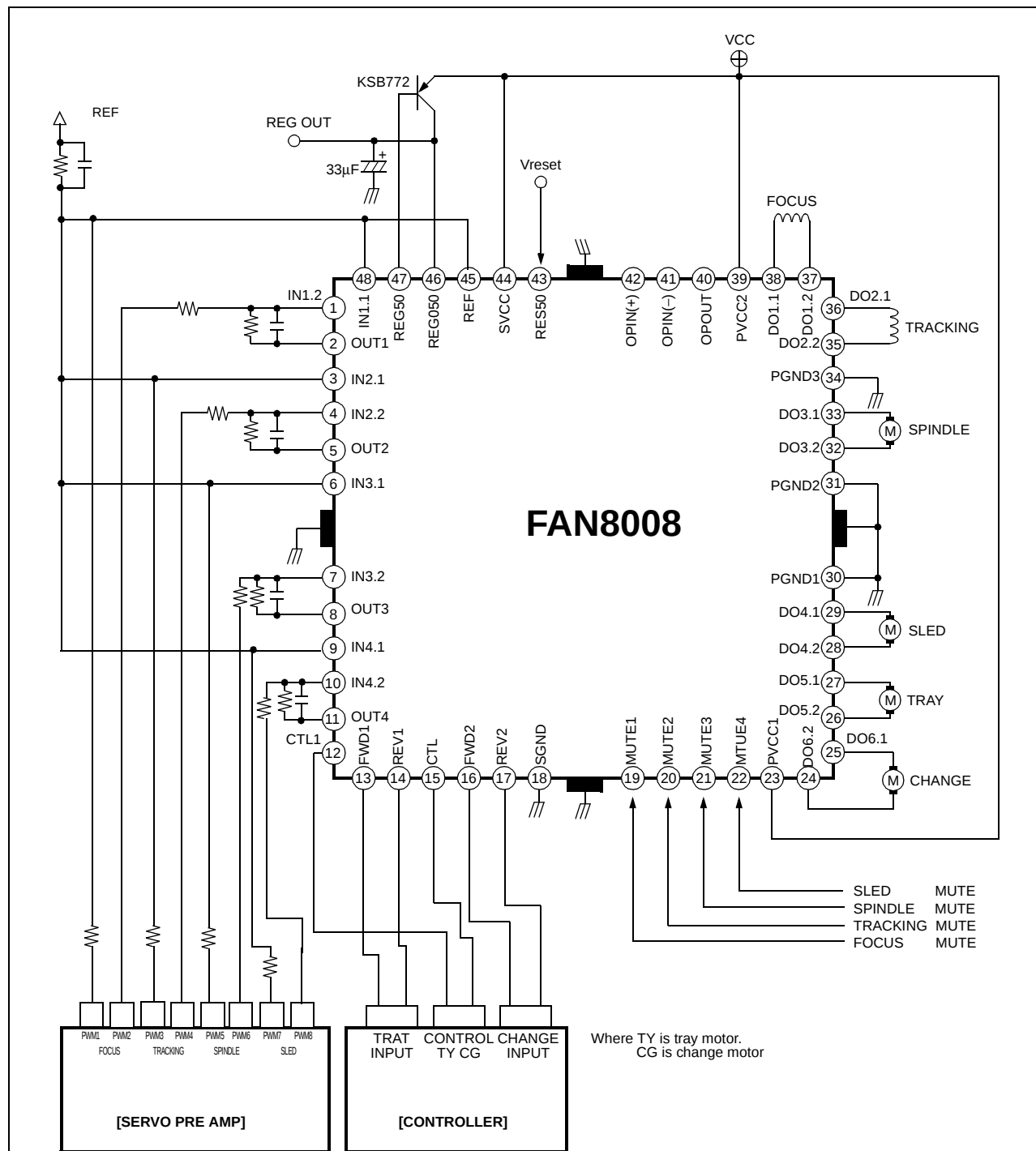
Application Circuits 1

Voltage Mode Control



Application Circuits 2 (Continued)

Differential Mode Control



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