

TrilithIC

BTS 7750 GP

Data Sheet

1 Overview

1.1 Features

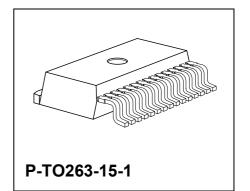
- Quad D-MOS switch driver
- Free configurable as bridge or quad-switch
- Optimized for DC motor management applications
- Low R_{DS ON}: 70 mΩ high-side switch, 45 mΩ lowside switch (typical values @ 25 °C)
- Maximum peak current: typ. 12 A @ 25 ℃
- Very low quiescent current: typ. 5 μA @ 25 ℃
- Small outline, thermal optimized PowerPak
- Full short-circuit-protection
- Operates up to 40 V
- Status flag diagnosis
- Overtemperature shut down with hysteresis
- Internal clamp diodes
- · Isolated sources for external current sensing
- · Under-voltage detection with hysteresis
- PWM frequencies up to 1 kHz

Туре	Ordering Code	Package
BTS 7750 GP	Q67006-A9402	P-TO263-15-1

1.2 Description

The **BTS 7750 GP** is part of the **TrilithIC** family containing three dies in one package: One double high-side switch and two low-side switches. The drains of these three vertical DMOS chips are mounted on separated leadframes. The sources are connected to individual pins, so the **BTS 7750 GP** can be used in H-bridge- as well as in any other configuration. Both the double high-side and the two low-side switches of the **BTS 7750 GP** are manufactured in **SMART SIPMOS**[®] technology which combines low $R_{\text{DS ON}}$ vertical DMOS power stages with CMOS control circuitry. The high-side switch is fully protected and contains the control and diagnosis circuitry. Also the low-side switches are fully protected, the equivalent standard product is the **BTS 134 D**.

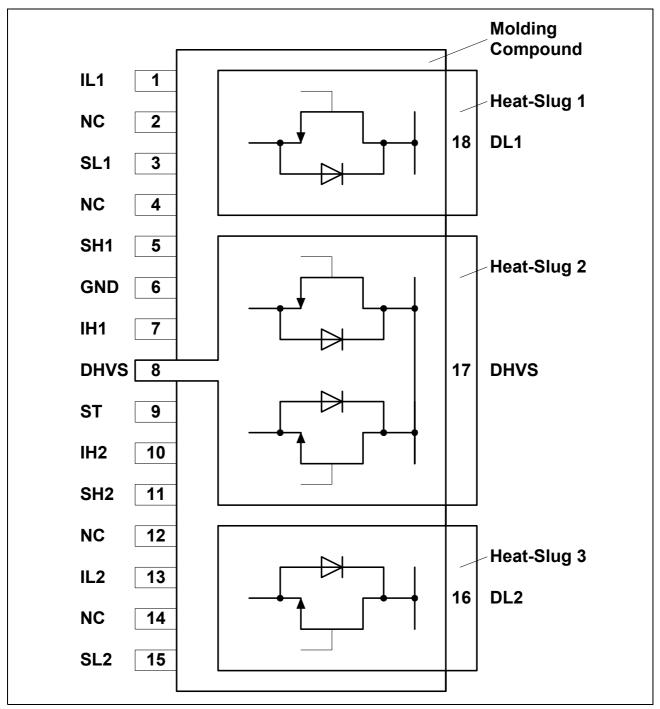
In contrast to the **BTS 7750 G**, which consists of the same chips in an **P-DSO-28** package, the **P-TO263-15-1** PowerPack offers a much lower thermal resistance, which opens up applications with even higher currents in the automotive and industrial area.





1.3 Pin Configuration

(top view)







Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	IL1	Analog input of low-side switch 1
2	NC	Not connected
3	SL1	Source of low-side switch 1
4	NC	Not connected
5	SH1	Source of high-side switch 1
6	GND	Ground of high-side switches
7	IH1	Digital input of high-side switch 1
8	DHVS	Drain of high-side switches and power supply voltage
9	ST	Status; open Drain output
10	IH2	Digital input of high-side switch 2
11	SH2	Source of high-side switch 2
12	NC	Not connected
13	IL2	Analog input of low-side switch 2
14	NC	Not connected
15	SL2	Source of low-side switch 2
16	DL2	Drain of low-side switch 2 Heat-Slug 3 or Heat-Dissipator
17	DHVS	Drain of high-side switches and power supply voltage Heat-Slug 2 or Heat-Dissipator
18	DL1	Drain of low-side switch 1 Heat-Slug 1 or Heat-Dissipator

1.4 Pin Definitions and Functions

Pins written in **bold type** need power wiring.



1.5 Functional Block Diagram

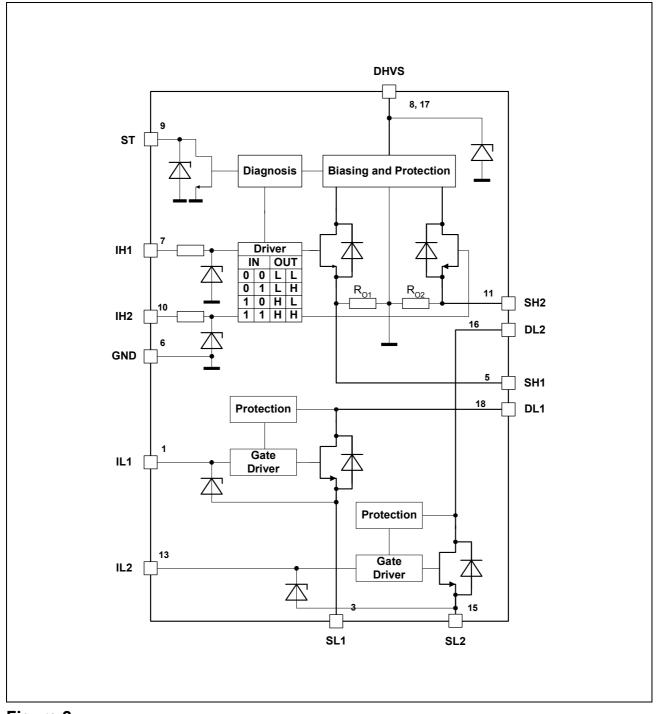


Figure 2 Block Diagram



1.6 Circuit Description

Input Circuit

The control inputs IH1,2 consist of TTL/CMOS compatible Schmitt-Triggers with hysteresis. Buffer amplifiers are driven by these stages and convert the logic signal into the necessary form for driving the power output stages. The inputs are protected by ESD clamp-diodes.

The inputs IL1 and IL2 are connected to the internal gate-driving units of the N-channel vertical power-MOS-FETs.

Output Stages

The output stages consist of an low $R_{\text{DS ON}}$ Power-MOS H-bridge. In H-bridge configuration, the D-MOS body diodes can be used for freewheeling when commutating inductive loads. If the high-side switches are used as single switches, positive and negative voltage spikes which occur when driving inductive loads are limited by integrated power clamp diodes.

Short Circuit Protection

The outputs are protected against

- output short circuit to ground
- output short circuit to the supply voltage, and
- overload (load short circuit).

An internal OP-Amp controls the Drain-Source-Voltage by comparing the DS-Voltage-Drop with an internal reference voltage. Above this trippoint the OP-Amp reduces the output current depending on the junction temperature and the drop voltage.

In the case of overloaded high-side switches the status output is set to low.

The fully protected low-side switches have no status output.

Overtemperature Protection

The high-side and the low-side switches also incorporate an overtemperature protection circuit with hysteresis which switches off the output transistors. In the case of the high-side switches, the status output is set to low.

Undervoltage-Lockout (UVLO)

When $V_{\rm S}$ reaches the switch-on voltage $V_{\rm UVON}$ the IC becomes active with a hysteresis. The High-Side output transistors are switched off if the supply voltage $V_{\rm S}$ drops below the switch off value $V_{\rm UVOFF}$.



Status Flag

The status flag output is an open drain output with Zener-diode which requires a pull-up resistor, c.f. the application circuit on page 14. Various errors as listed in the table "Diagnosis" are detected by switching the open drain output ST to low. A open load detection is not available. Freewheeling condition does not cause an error.

2 Truthtable and Diagnosis (valid only for the High-Side-Switches)

Flag	IH1	IH2	SH1	SH2	ST	Remarks
	In	puts	Out	Outputs		
	0	0	L	L	1	stand-by mode
Normal operation;	0	1	L	н	1	switch2 active
identical with functional truth table	1	0	н	L	1	switch1 active
	1	1	Н	Н	1	both switches active
Overtemperature high-side switch1	0	Х	L	Х	1	
	1	X	L	Х	0	detected
Overtemperature high-side switch2	X	0	Х	L	1	
	Х	1	X	L	0	detected
Overtemperature both high-side switches	0	0	L	L	1	
	X	1	L	L	0	detected
	1	Х	L	L	0	detected
Undervoltage	Х	Х	L	L	1	not detected

Inputs:

Outputs:

Z = Output in tristate condition

L = Output in sink condition

X = don't care

0 = Logic LOW

1 = Logic HIGH

H = Output in source condition

X = Voltage level undefined

Status: 1 = No error 0 = Error



3 Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

– 40 °C < *T*_j < 150 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Values	Unit	Remarks
		min.	max.		

High-Side-Switches (Pins DHVS, IH1,2 and SH1,2)

Supply voltage	Vs	- 0.3	42	V	-
Supply voltage for full short circuit protection	$V_{\rm S(SCP)}$		28	V	
HS-drain current	Is	- 10	*	А	<i>T</i> _c = 125°C; DC
HS-input current	I _{IH}	- 5	5	mA	Pin IH1 and IH2
HS-input voltage	V_{IH}	- 10	16	V	Pin IH1 and IH2

Note: * internally limited

Status Output ST

Status pull up voltage	V _{ST}	- 0.3	5.4	V	
Status Output current	$I_{\rm ST}$	- 5	5	mA	Pin ST

Low-Side-Switches (Pins DL1,2, IL1,2 and SL1,2)

Drain-Source-Clamp voltage	$V_{\rm DSL}$	42	_	V	$V_{\rm IL}$ = 0 V; $I_{\rm D} \le$ 1 mA
Supply voltage for short	$V_{\rm DSL(SCP)}$		36	V	$V_{\rm IL}$ = 5 V
circuit protection			20	V	<i>V</i> _{IL} = 10 V
LS-drain current	$I_{\rm DL}$	- 12	*	А	<i>T</i> _C = 125°C; DC
LS-input voltage	V_{IL}	- 0.3	10	V	-

Note: * internally limited

Temperatures

Junction temperature	Tj	- 40	150	°C	-
Storage temperature	$T_{ m stg}$	- 55	150	°C	-



3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (cont'd)

– 40 °C < *T*i < 150 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Limit Values		Remarks
		min.	max.		

Thermal Resistances (one HS-LS-Path active)

LS-junction case	$R_{ m thjC\ L}$	_	1.7	K/W	
HS-junction case	$R_{ m thjC~H}$	-	1.7	K/W	
Junction ambient $R_{thja} = T_{j(HS)}/(P_{(HS)}+P_{(LS)})$	R_{thja}	_	26	K/W	device soldered to reference PCB with 6 cm ² cooling area

ESD Protection (Human Body Model acc. MIL STD 883D, method 3015.7 and EOS/ ESD assn. standard S5.1 - 1993)

Input LS-Switch	$V_{\rm ESD}$	-	2	kV	
Input HS-Switch	$V_{\rm ESD}$	-	1	kV	
Status HS-Switch	$V_{\rm ESD}$	-	2	kV	
Output LS and HS-Switch	$V_{\rm ESD}$	_	8	kV	all other pins connected to Ground

Note: Maximum ratings are absolute ratings; exceeding any one of these values may cause irreversible damage to the integrated circuit.

3.2 Operating Range

 $-40 \circ C < T_i < 150 \circ C$

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Limit Values I			Remarks	
		min.	max.			
Supply voltage	Vs	$V_{\rm UVOFF}$	42	V	After $V_{\rm S}$ rising above $V_{\rm UVON}$	
Input voltages	V _{IH}	- 0.3	15	V	-	
Input voltages	V _{IL}	- 0.3	10	V	-	
Output current	I _{ST}	0	2	mA	-	
Junction temperature	Tj	- 40	150	°C	-	

Note: In the operating range the functions given in the circuit description are fulfilled.



3.3 Electrical Characteristics

 $I_{\rm SH1}$ = $I_{\rm SH2}$ = $I_{\rm SL1}$ = $I_{\rm SL2}$ = 0 A; – 40 °C < $T_{\rm j}$ < 150 °C; 8 V < $V_{\rm S}$ < 18 V unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		

Current Consumption HS-switch

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1			
Quiescent current	Is	-	5	8	μA	IH1 = IH2 = 0 V T _j = 25 °C
		-	_	12	μA	IH1 = IH2 = 0 V
Supply current	Is	-	1.5	2.6	mA	IH1 or IH2 = 5 V $V_{\rm S}$ = 12 V
		-	3	5.2	mA	IH1 and IH2 = 5 V $V_{\rm S}$ = 12 V
Leakage current of highside switch	I _{sh lk}	-	-	6	μA	$V_{\rm IH}$ = $V_{\rm SH}$ = 0 V
Leakage current through logic GND in free wheeling condition	$I_{\rm LKCL} = I_{\rm FH} + I_{\rm SH}$	_	_	10	mA	<i>I</i> _{FH} = 3 Α

Current Consumption LS-switch

Input current	I _{IL}	_	8	30	μA	$V_{\rm IL}$ = 5 V; normal operation
		_	160	300	μA	$V_{\rm IL}$ = 5 V; failure mode
Leakage current of lowside switch	$I_{\rm DLLK}$	_	2	10	μA	$V_{\rm IL} = 0 V$

Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO) HS-switch

Switch-ON voltage	$V_{\rm UVON}$	_	_	4.5	V	$V_{\rm S}$ increasing
Switch-OFF voltage	$V_{\rm UVOFF}$	1.8	-	3.2	V	$V_{\rm S}$ decreasing
Switch ON/OFF hysteresis	$V_{\rm UVHY}$	-	1	-	V	$V_{\rm UVON} - V_{\rm UVOFF}$



3.3 Electrical Characteristics (cont'd)

 I_{SH1} = I_{SH2} = I_{SL1} = I_{SL2} = 0 A; – 40 °C < T_j < 150 °C; 8 V < V_S < 18 V unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		

Output stages

Inverse diode of high-side switch; Forward-voltage	V_{FH}	_	0.8	1.2	V	I _{FH} = 3 А
Inverse diode of lowside switch; Forward-voltage	V_{FL}	_	0.8	1.2	V	<i>I</i> _{FL} = 3 A
Static drain-source on-resistance of highside switch	R _{DS ON H}	_	70	90	mΩ	<i>I</i> _{SH} = 1 A <i>T</i> _j = 25 °C
Static drain-source on-resistance of lowside switch	R _{DS ON L}	_	45	60	mΩ	I_{SL} = 1 A; V_{GL} = 5 V T_{j} = 25 °C
Static path on-resistance	$R_{\rm DS \ ON}$	-	-	285	mΩ	$\begin{aligned} R_{\text{DS ON H}} + R_{\text{DS ON L}} \\ I_{\text{SH}} = 1 \text{ A;} \end{aligned}$

Short Circuit of highside switch to GND

Initial peak SC current	$I_{\rm SCPH}$	14	15	18	А	<i>T</i> _j = − 40 °C
		10	12	15	А	<i>T</i> _j = + 25 °C
		7	8.5	10	А	<i>T</i> _j = + 150 °C

Short Circuit of highside switch to V_s

Output pull-down-resistor R_{o}	8	15	35	kΩ	$V_{\rm DSL}$ = 3 V
-----------------------------------	---	----	----	----	---------------------

Short Circuit of lowside switch to V_s

Initial peak SC current	$I_{\rm SCPL}$	21	28	34	А	<i>T</i> _j = − 40 °C
		16	22	27	А	<i>T</i> _j = 25 °C
		11	14	18	А	<i>T</i> _j = 150 °C



3.3 Electrical Characteristics (cont'd)

 $I_{SH1} = I_{SH2} = I_{SL1} = I_{SL2} = 0 \text{ A}; -40 \text{ °C} < T_j < 150 \text{ °C}; 8 \text{ V} < V_S < 18 \text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		

Thermal Shutdown

Thermal shutdown junction temperature	$T_{\rm jSD}$	155	180	190	°C	_
Thermal switch-on junction temperature	T _{j SO}	150	170	180	°C	_
Temperature hysteresis	ΔT	I	10	_	°C	$\Delta T = T_{\rm jSD} - T_{\rm jSO}$

Status Flag Output ST of highside switch

Low output voltage	V _{ST L}	_	0.2	0.6	V	<i>I</i> _{ST} = 1.6 mA
Leakage current	$I_{\rm STLK}$	-	-	10	μA	$V_{\rm ST}$ = 5 V
Zener-limit-voltage	V _{ST Z}	5.4		-	V	<i>I</i> _{ST} = 1.6 mA

Switching times of highside switch

Turn-ON-time; to 90% V _{SH}	t _{on}	_	85	180	μS	R_{Load} = 12 Ω V_{s} = 12 V
Turn-OFF-time; to 10% V _{SH}	t _{OFF}	_	80	180	μS	R_{Load} = 12 Ω V_{s} = 12 V
Slew rate on 10 to 30% $V_{\rm SH}$	<i>dV/dt</i> _{ON}	_	_	1.1	V∕µs	R_{Load} = 12 Ω V_{s} = 12 V
Slew rate off 70 to 40% $V_{\rm SH}$	-dV/ dt _{OFF}	—	—	1.5	V/µs	R_{Load} = 12 Ω V_{S} = 12 V

Note: switching times are guaranteed by design



3.3 Electrical Characteristics (cont'd)

 $I_{SH1} = I_{SH2} = I_{SL1} = I_{SL2} = 0 \text{ A}; -40 \text{ °C} < T_j < 150 \text{ °C}; 8 \text{ V} < V_S < 18 \text{ V}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Test Condition	
		min.	typ.	max.		

Switching times of lowside switch

Turn-ON-time 70 to 50% $V_{SH}V_{IL}$ = 0 to 10 V	t _{on}	_	70	170	μS	R_{Load} = 12 Ω V_{s} = 12 V
Turn-OFF-time; to 10% V_{SL}	t _{OFF}	_	40	150	μs	R_{Load} = 12 Ω V_{s} = 12 V
Slew rate on 70 to 50% $V_{\rm SH}$ $V_{\rm IL}$ = 0 to 10 V	-dV/dt _{on}	_	_	1.0	V/µs	R_{Load} = 12 Ω V_{s} = 12 V
Slew rate off 50 to 70% $V_{\rm SH}$ $V_{\rm IL}$ = 0 to 10 V	<i>dV/dt</i> _{OFF}	_	_	1.0	V/µs	R_{Load} = 12 Ω V_{s} = 12 V

Note: switching times are guaranteed by design

Control Inputs of highside switches GH 1, 2

H-input voltage	$V_{\rm IH \; High}$	-	-	2.5	V	-
L-input voltage	$V_{\rm IH\ Low}$	1	-	-	V	-
Input voltage hysterese	V _{IH HY}	-	0.3	-	V	-
H-input current	$I_{IH\;High}$	15	30	60	μA	V _{IH} = 5 V
L-input current	$I_{IH \ Low}$	5	-	20	μA	V _{IH} = 0.4 V
Input series resistance	R_{I}	2.7	4	5.5	kΩ	-
Zener limit voltage	V _{IH Z}	5.4	-	-	V	I _{IH} = 1.6 mA

Control Inputs GL1, 2

Gate-threshold-voltage	$V_{\rm IL\ th}$	0.9	1.7	2.2	V	<i>I</i> _{DL} = 2 mA
------------------------	------------------	-----	-----	-----	---	-------------------------------

Note: The listed characteristics are ensured over the operating range of the integrated circuit. Typical characteristics specify mean values expected over the production spread. If not otherwise specified, typical characteristics apply at T_A = 25°C and the given supply voltage.



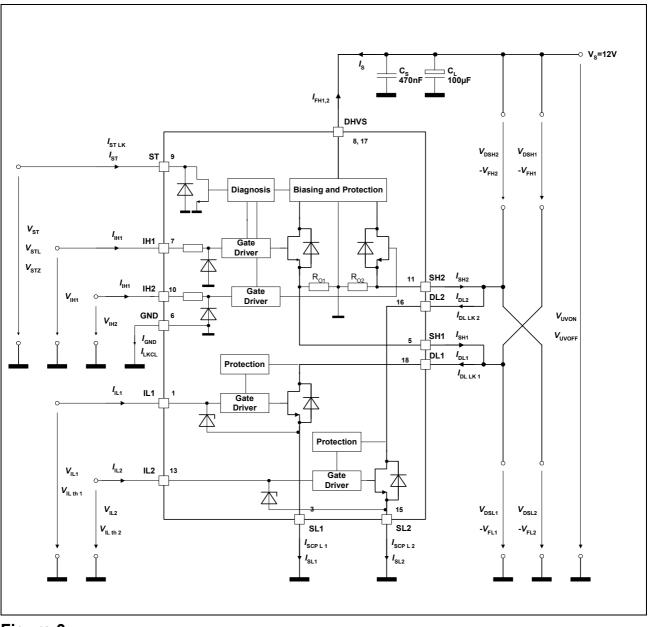


Figure 3 Test Circuit

HS-Source-Current	Named during Short Circuit	Named during Leakage- Cond.
I _{SH1,2}	I _{SCP H}	I _{dl lk}



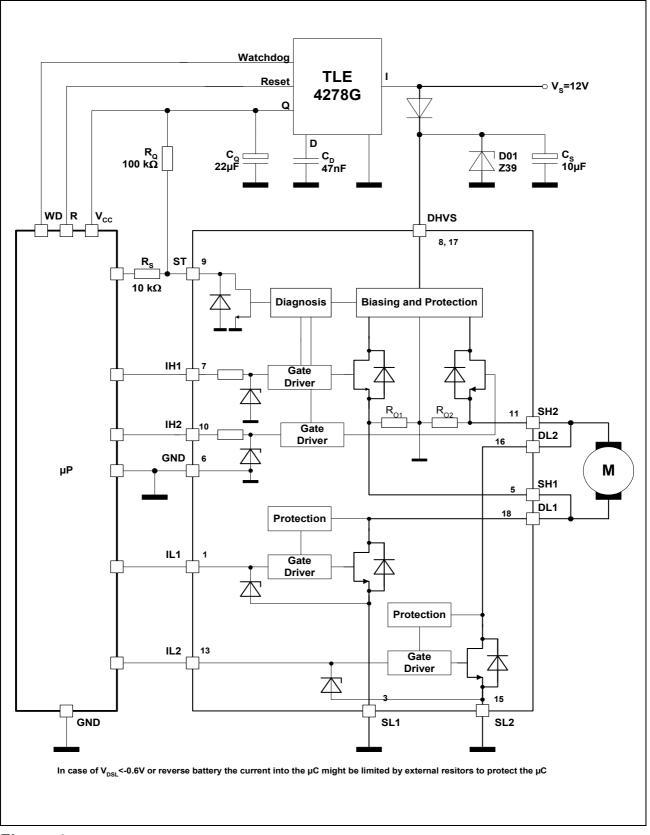
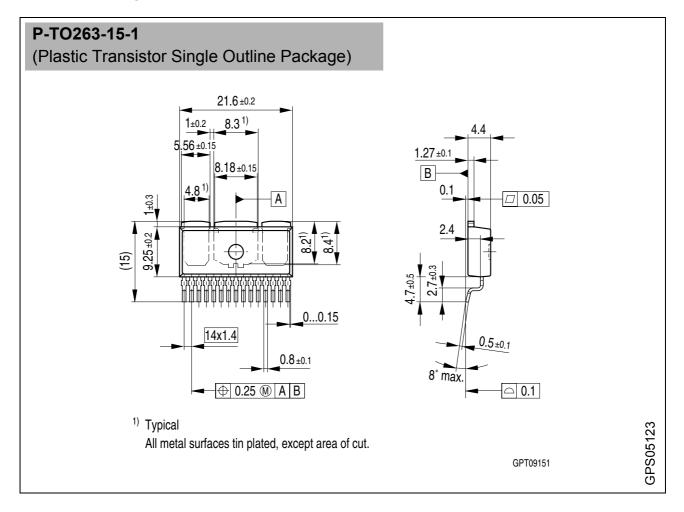


Figure 4 Application Circuit



4 Package Outlines



Sorts of Packing Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information". SMD = Surface Mounted Device

Dimensions in mm



Published by Infineon Technologies AG i Gr., Bereichs Kommunikation St.-Martin-Strasse 53, D-81541 München © Infineon Technologies AG 1999 All Rights Reserved.

Attention please!

The information herein is given to describe certain components and shall not be considered as warranted characteristics.

Terms of delivery and rights to technical change reserved.

We hereby disclaim any and all warranties, including but not limited to warranties of non-infringement, regarding circuits, descriptions and charts stated herein.

Infineon Technologies is an approved CECC manufacturer.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office in Germany or our Infineon Technologies Representatives worldwide (see address list).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.

Copyright © Each Manufacturing Company.

All Datasheets cannot be modified without permission.

This datasheet has been download from :

www.AllDataSheet.com

100% Free DataSheet Search Site.

Free Download.

No Register.

Fast Search System.

www.AllDataSheet.com