

T-41-11

# GL527/GL528 $\phi$ 5mm Resin Mold Type Infrared Light Emitting Diode

# GL537/GL538

### Features

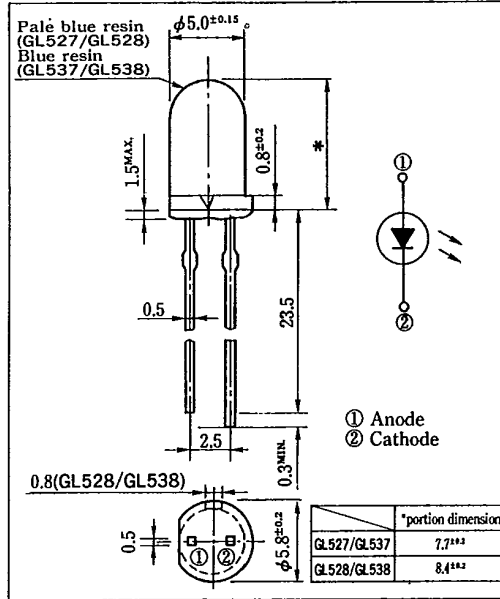
- High output power  
GL528  
 $I_E$ : MIN. 12mW/sr at  $I_F=50mA$   
GL538  
 $I_E$ : MIN. 15mW/sr at  $I_F=50mA$
- Beam angle  
GL528/GL538  $\Delta\theta$ : TYP.  $\pm 13^\circ$   
GL527/GL537  $\Delta\theta$ : TYP.  $\pm 25^\circ$
- $\phi$ 5mm epoxy resin package

### Applications

- Infrared remote controllers for TVs, VCRs, audio equipment and air conditioners

### Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

( $T_a=25^\circ C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power dissipation	P	150	mW
Forward current	$I_F$	100	mA
*1 Peak forward current	$I_{FM}$	1	A
Reverse voltage	$V_R$	6	V
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-25 ~ +85	$^\circ C$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-40 ~ +85	$^\circ C$
*2 Soldering temperature	$T_{sol}$	260	$^\circ C$

\*1 Pulse width  $\leq 100\mu s$ , Duty ratio = 0.01

\*2 For 3 seconds at the position of 2.6mm from the bottom face of resin package

### Electro-optical Characteristics

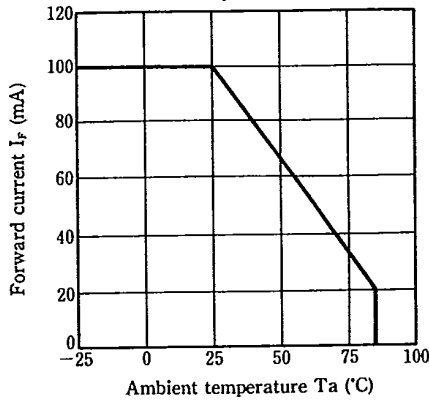
( $T_a=25^\circ C$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Forward voltage	$V_F$	$I_F=50mA$	—	1.3	1.5	V
Peak forward voltage	$V_{FM}$	$I_{FM}=0.5A$	—	1.9	3.0	V
Reverse current	$I_R$	$V_R=3V$	—	—	10	$\mu A$
Terminal capacitance	$C_t$	$V_R=0, f=1kHz$	—	50	140	pF
Response frequency	$f_c$		—	300	—	kHz
**Radiation intensity	GL527	$I_E$ $I_F=50mA$	5.0	10	—	mW/sr
	GL528		12	23	—	
	GL537		6.0	13	—	
	GL538		15	30	—	
Peak emission wavelength	$\lambda_p$	$I_F=5mA$	—	940	—	nm
Half intensity wavelength	$\Delta\lambda$	$I_F=5mA$	—	45	—	nm
Half intensity angle	GL527/GL537	$\Delta\theta$	—	$\pm 25$	—	deg.
	GL528/GL538		—	$\pm 13$	—	deg.

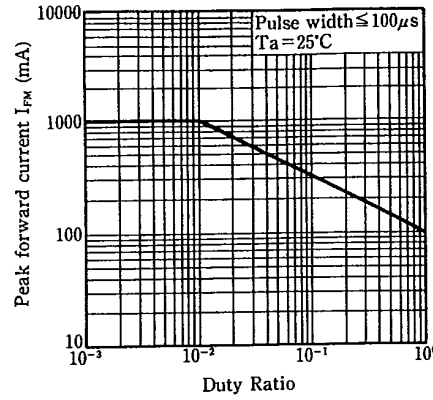
\*3  $I_E$ : Value obtained by converting the value in power of radiant fluxes emitted at the solid angle of 0.01 sr (steradian) in the direction of mechanical axis of the lens portion into 1 sr of all those emitted from the light emitting diode.

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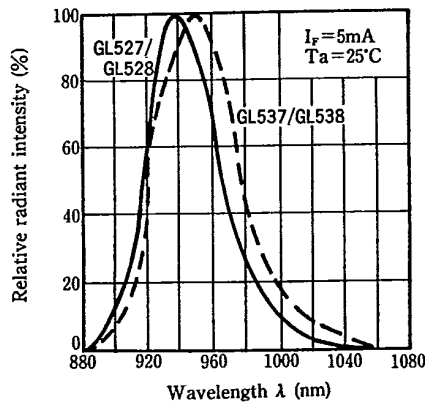
**Fig. 1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



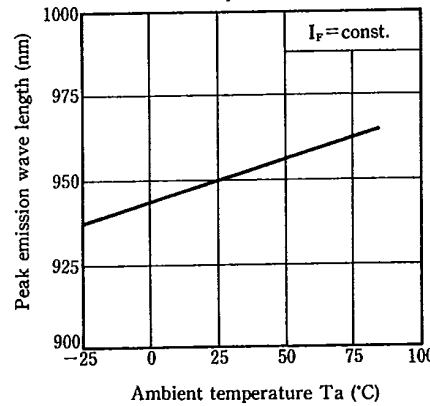
**Fig. 2 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio**



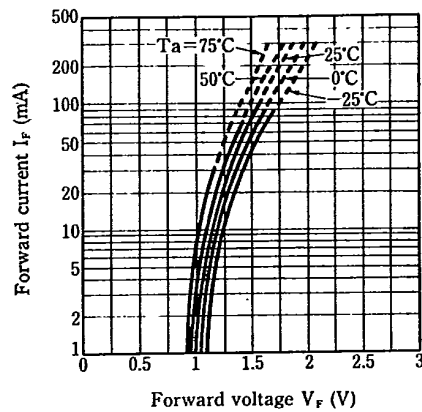
**Fig. 3 Spectral Distribution (GL527/GL528)**



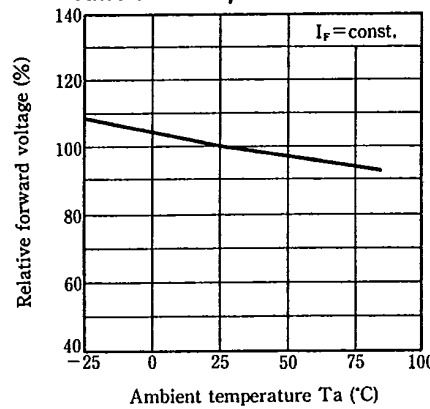
**Fig. 4 Peak Emission Wave length vs. Ambient Temperature**



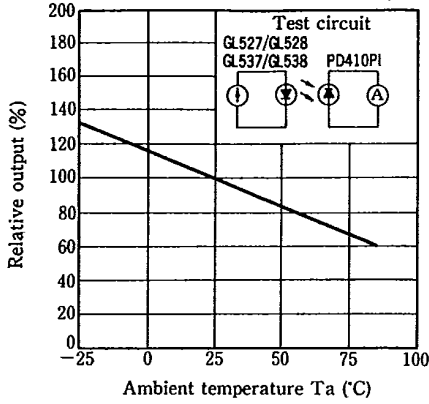
**Fig. 5 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage**



**Fig. 6 Relative Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**

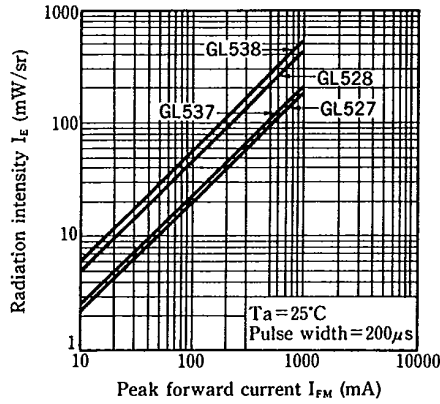


**Fig. 7 Relative Output vs. Ambient Temperature (Detector : PD410PI)**

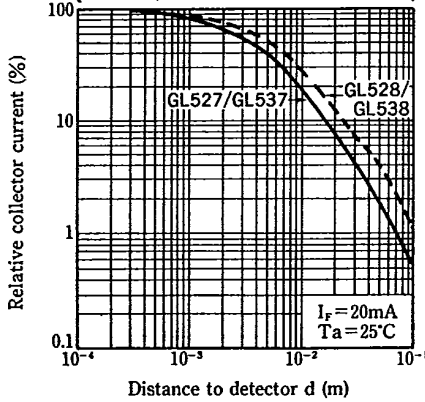


**Fig. 8 Radiation Intensity vs. Peak Forward Current**

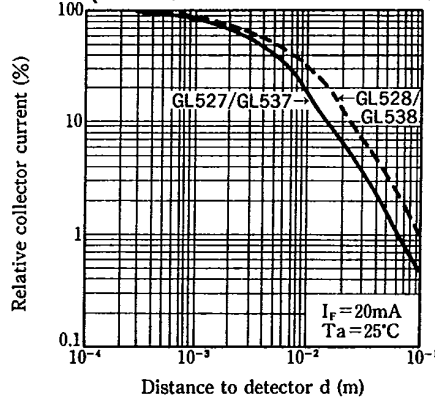
T-41-11



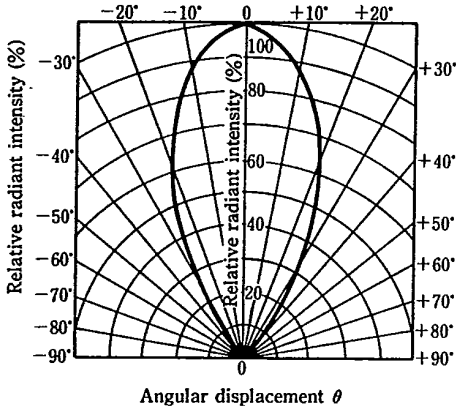
**Fig. 9 Relative Collector Current vs. Distance (Detector : PD410PI) (GL527/GL537/GL528/GL538)**



**Fig. 10 Relative Collector Current vs. Distance (Detector : PD49PI) (GL527/GL537/GL528/GL538)**



**Fig. 11 Radiation Diagram (GL527/GL537) (Ta = 25°C)**



**Fig. 12 Radiation Diagram (GL528/GL538) (Ta = 25°C)**

