

# SILICON POWER TRANSISTOR 2SB1432

# PNP SILICON EPITAXIAL TRANSISTOR (DARLINGTON CONNECTION) FOR LOW-FREQUENCY POWER AMPLIFIERS AND LOW-SPEED SWITCHING

The 2SB1432 is a Darlington power transistor that can be directly driven from the output of an IC. This transistor is ideal for OA and FA equipment such as motor and solenoid drivers.

In addition, a small resin-molded insulation type package contributes to high-density mounting and reduction of mounting cost.

#### **FEATURES**

- High here due to Darlington connection here  $\geq$  1,000 @Vce = -2.0 V, Ic = -10 A)
- Mold package that does not require an insulation board or insulation bushing

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Collector to base voltage	Vсво		-100	V
Collector to emitter voltage	VCEO		-100	V
Emitter to base voltage	VEBO		-8.0	V
Collector current (DC)	Ic(DC)		∓10	Α
Collector current (pulse)	IC(pulse)	PW ≤ 300 <i>μ</i> s,	∓20	Α
		duty cycle ≤ 10%		
Base current (DC)	I <sub>B(DC)</sub>		-1.0	Α
Total power dissipation	Рт	Tc = 25°C	30	W
		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	2.0	W
Junction temperature	Tj		150	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>		-55 to +150	°C

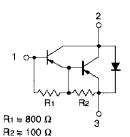
#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Part No.	Package
2SB1432	Isolated TO-220

(Isolated TO-220)



#### INTERNAL EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



1. Base

2. Collector

3. Emitter

The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Before using this document, please confirm that this is the latest version. Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

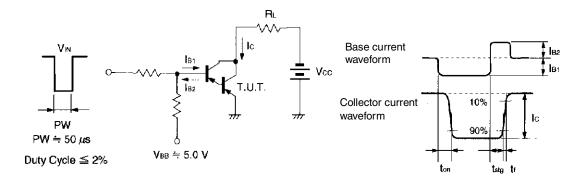


# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Collector cutoff current	Ісво	V <sub>CB</sub> = -100 V, I <sub>E</sub> = 0 A			-10	μΑ
DC current gain	hfe	$V_{CE} = -2.0 \text{ V, Ic} = -10 \text{ A}^{Note}$	1,000	6,000	30,000	
Collector saturation voltage	V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	$Ic = -10 \text{ A}, IB = -25 \text{ mA}^{\text{Note}}$		-1.1	-1.5	V
Base saturation voltage	V <sub>BE(sat)</sub>	$I_{C} = -10 \text{ A}, I_{B} = -25 \text{ mA}^{\text{Note}}$		-1.8	-2.2	V
Gain bandwidth product	f⊤	$V_{CE} = -5.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Ic} = -1.0 \text{ A}$		80		MHz
Collector capacitance	Cob	$V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}, I_E = 0 \text{ A}, f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$		200		pF
Turn-on time	ton	Ic = $-10$ A, R <sub>L</sub> = $5.0$ Ω,		1.0		μs
Storage time	tstg	$I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = -25 \text{ mA}, \text{ Vcc} \cong -50 \text{ V}$		5.0		μs
Fall time	tf	Refer to the test circuit.		2.0		μs

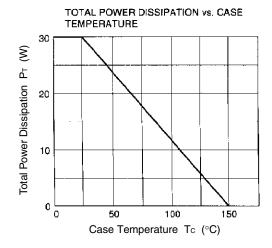
**Note** Pulse test PW  $\leq$  350  $\mu$ s, duty cycle  $\leq$  2%

# SWITCHING TIME (ton, tstg, tf) TEST CIRCUIT

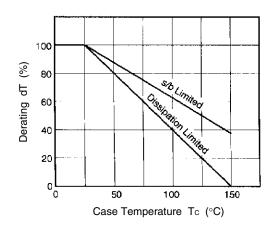


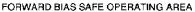


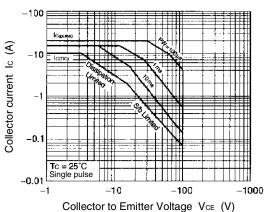
# TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)



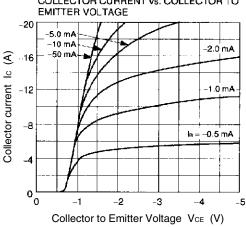
#### DERATING CURVE OF SAFE OPERATING AREA



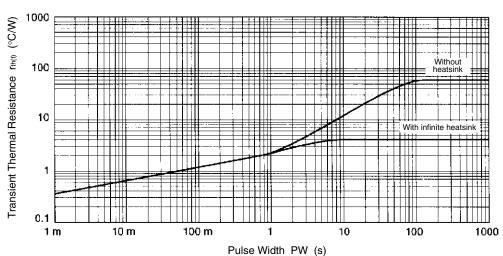




# COLLECTOR CURRENT vs. COLLECTOR TO

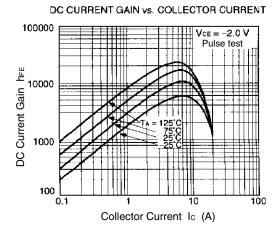


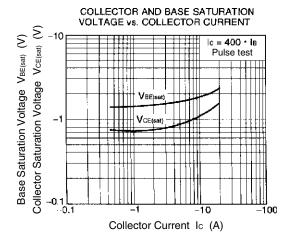
#### TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



Data Sheet D14859EJ2V0DS

3







# PACKAGE DRAWING (UNIT: mm)

