

500mA High Efficiency Charge Pump for White LED Flash Applications

ChargePump™

General Description

The AAT3112 is a member of AnalogicTech's Total Power Management ICTM (TPMICTM) family. It is a dual voltage doubling charge pump that provides a regulated output voltage. It operates with an input voltage range of 2.7 to 5.0 volts. The device can deliver a constant 200mA output load current and up to 500mA of pulsed current. The 500mA peak current capability of the AAT3112 makes it ideal for white LED flash applications. A low external parts count (two 1µF flying capacitors and two small capacitors at $\rm V_{IN}$ and $\rm V_{OUT}$) makes the AAT3112 ideally suited for small battery-powered applications.

The AAT3112 has a thermal management system to protect the device in the event of a short-circuit condition at the output pin. Built-in soft-start circuitry prevents excessive inrush current during startup. A high charge pump switching frequency enables the use of very small external capacitors. A low current shutdown feature disconnects the load from $V_{\rm IN}$ and reduces quiescent current to less than 1µA. The AAT3112 is available in a 16-pin 3x3mm QFN package and is rated over the -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

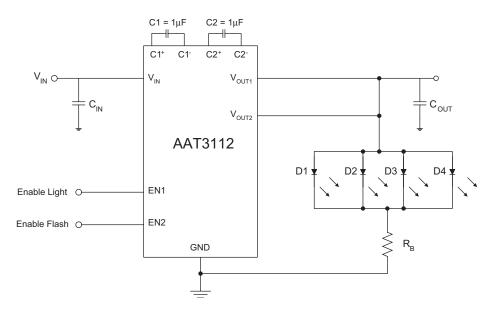
Features

- Input Voltage Range:
 - AAT3112-5.0: 2.7V to 5.0V
 - AAT3112-4.5: 2.7V to 4.5V
- Up to 500mA Peak Output Current
- 200mA Continuous Output Current
- I_{Ω} <1 μ A in Shutdown
- Regulated 4.5V or 5.0V Output
- 26µA of Quiescent Current
- Small Application Circuit
- Automatic Soft Start
- No Inductors
- Short-Circuit/Over-Temperature Protection
- 16-Pin 3x3mm QFN Package
- Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C

Applications

- General-Purpose High-Current Boost Supply
- White LED Backlighting
- White LED Photo Flash

Typical Application



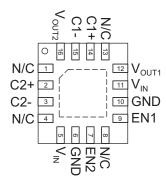


Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Symbol	Function	
1	N/C	No connect.	
2	C2+	Flying capacitor 2 positive terminal. Connect 1µF capacitor between C2+ and C2	
3	C2-	Flying capacitor 2 negative terminal.	
4	N/C	No connect.	
5	V _{IN}	Input voltage. Connect to Pin 11.	
6	GND	Ground connection.	
7	EN2	Enable pin. When connected high, Charge Pump 2 is enabled. When connected low, it disables the charge pump.	
8	N/C	No connect.	
9	EN1	Enable pin. When connected high, Charge Pump 1 is enabled. When connected low, it disables the charge pump.	
10	GND	Ground connection.	
11	V _{IN}	Input voltage. Connect to Pin 5.	
12	V _{OUT1}	Output pin for regulated output voltage. Bypass this pin to ground with a low ESR 10µF capacitor.	
13	N/C	No connect.	
14	C1+	Flying capacitor 1 positive terminal. Connect 1µF capacitor between C1+ and C1	
15	C1-	Flying capacitor 1 negative terminal.	
16	V _{OUT2}	Regulated output voltage 2. Must be connected to V _{OUT1} for higher current applications.	
		If used separately, bypass this pin to ground with a low ESR 10µF capacitor.	
EP		Exposed paddle (bottom); connect to GND directly beneath package.	

Pin Configuration

QFN33-16 (Top View)



AAT3112 500mA High Efficiency Charge Pump for White LED Flash Applications

Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Symbol	Description	Value	Units
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	-0.3 to 6	V
V _{OUT}	Charge Pump Output	-0.3 to 6	V
V_{EN}	EN to GND Voltage	-0.3 to 6	V
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 150	°C
T _{LEAD}	Maximum Soldering Temperature (at leads, 10 sec)	300	°C

Note 1: Stresses above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation at conditions other than the operating conditions specified is not implied. Only one Absolute Maximum Rating should be applied at any one time.

Thermal Information

Symbol	Description	Value	Units
P_{D}	Maximum Power Dissipation	2.0	W
θ_{JA}	Maximum Thermal Resistance ¹	50	°C/W

Note 1: Mounted on an FR4 board.

AAT3112 500mA High Efficiency Charge Pump for White LED Flash Applications

Electrical Characteristics

 $\overline{V_{\text{IN}}}$ = 3.3V, V_{OUT} = 5.0V, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 10 μ F, C1 = C2 = 1.0 μ F; T_{A} = -40°C to 85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are T_{A} = 25°C.

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
AAT3112-4.5							
Input Power	Supply						
V _{IN}	Operation Range		2.7		4.5	V	
IQ	Quiescent Current ²	$2.7 \le V_{IN} \le 4.5$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA; $EN1 = EN2 = V_{IN}$		26	60	μΑ	
I _{SHDN}	Shutdown Current	EN1 = EN2 = 0			1.0	μΑ	
I _{OUT}	Pulsed Output Current	$V_{IN} = 3.6V; V_{OUT} = 4.0V; T_{PULSE} = 50mS$ $V_{IN} = 3.6V; V_{OUT} = 4.0V; T_{PULSE} = 500mS$		590 500		mA	
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	$2.7 \le V_{\text{IN}} \le 4.5$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 100\text{mA}$ $3.0 \le V_{\text{IN}} \le 4.5$, $I_{\text{OUT}} = 200\text{mA}$	4.32	4.5 4.5	4.68 4.68	V	
Charge Pum	Section	114 . 001				-	
F _{CLK}	Clock Frequency			750		KHz	
η_{CP}	Charge Pump Efficiency	V _{IN} = 2.7V; I _{OUT} = 100mA		80		%	
EN							
$V_{EN(L)}$	Enable Threshold Low				0.3	V	
V _{EN(H)}	Enable Threshold High		1.4			V	
I _{EN}	EN Input Leakage		-1.0		1.0	μA	
AAT3112-5.0							
Input Power	Supply						
V _{IN}	Operation Range		2.7		5.0	V	
ΙQ	Quiescent Current ²	$2.7 \le V_{IN} \le 5.0$, $I_{OUT} = 0$ mA; EN1 = EN2 = V_{IN}		26	60	μA	
I _{SHDN}	Shutdown Current	EN1 = EN2 = 0			1.0	μA	
	Pulsed Output Current	$V_{IN} = 3.6V; V_{OUT} = 4.5V; T_{PULSE} = 50mS$		600		m A	
I _{OUT}		V _{IN} = 3.6V; V _{OUT} =4.5V; T _{PULSE} = 500mS		500		- mA	
	Outrout Valtage	$2.7 \le V_{IN} \le 5.0$, $I_{OUT} = 100 \text{mA}$	4.8	5.0	5.2	V	
V_{OUT}	Output Voltage	$3.0 \le V_{IN} \le 5.0$, $I_{OUT} = 200 \text{mA}$	4.8	5.0	5.2] v	
Charge Pum _l	Section						
F _{CLK}	Clock Frequency			750		KHz	
η_{CP}	Charge Pump Efficiency	V _{IN} = 2.7V; I _{OUT} = 100mA		85		%	
EN							
$V_{EN(L)}$	Enable Threshold Low				0.3	V	
V _{EN(H)}	Enable Threshold High		1.4			V	
I _{EN}	EN Input Leakage		-1.0		1.0	μΑ	

Notes:

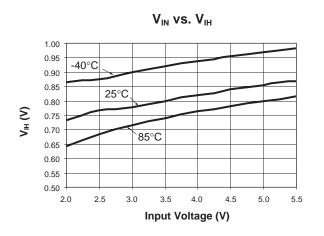
2. V_{OUT1} and V_{OUT2} are pulled high to prevent switching.

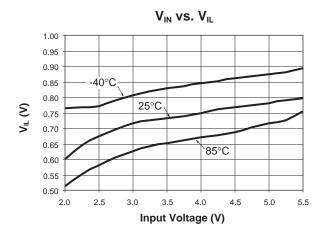
^{1.} The AAT3112 is guaranteed to meet performance specifications over the - 40° C to + 85° C operating temperature range and is assured by design, characterization, and correlation with statistical process controls.



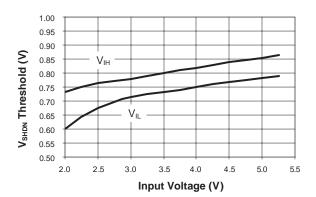
Typical Characteristics

 V_{IN} =3.5V, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} =10 μ F, C1=C2=1 μ F, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise noted.





V_{SHDN} Threshold vs. Supply Voltage

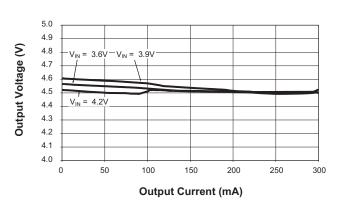




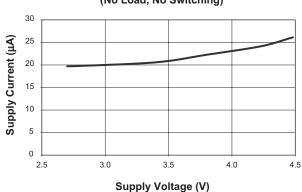
Typical Characteristics-AAT3112-4.5V

 $V_{IN}=3.5V$, $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=10\mu F$, $C1=C2=1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

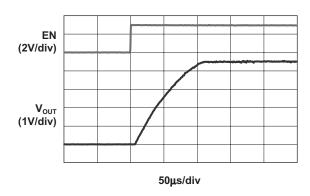
Output Voltage vs. Output Current



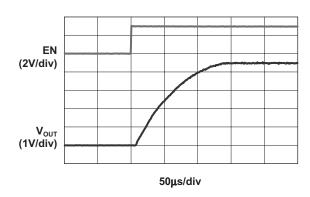
Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (No Load, No Switching)



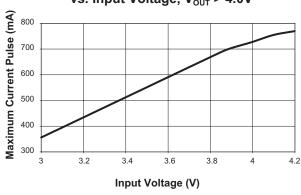
Startup Time with 100mA Load



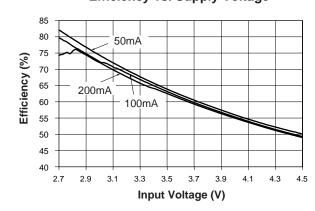
Startup Time with 200mA Load



Maximum Current Pulse (50ms pulse) vs. Input Voltage, $V_{OUT} > 4.0V$



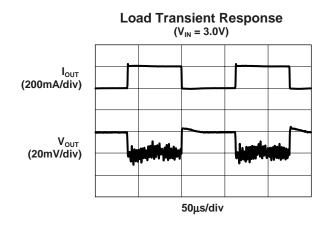
Efficiency vs. Supply Voltage

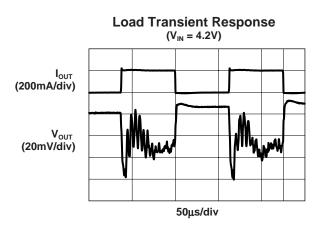




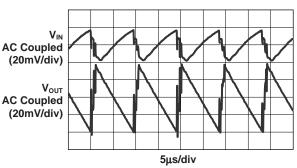
Typical Characteristics—AAT3112-4.5V

 V_{IN} =3.5V, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} =10 μ F, C1=C2=1 μ F, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise noted.

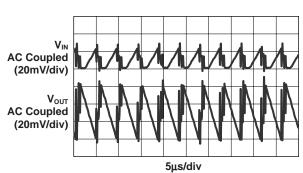




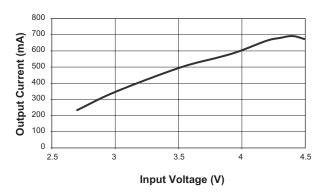
Input and Output Ripples (I_{OUT} = 50mA @ V_{IN} = 3.5V)



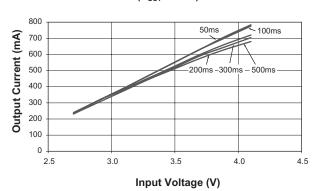
Input and Output Ripples ($I_{OUT} = 100 \text{mA} @ V_{IN} = 3.5 \text{V}$)



Output Current vs. Input Voltage (500ms Pulse Time; V_{OUT} > 4.0V)



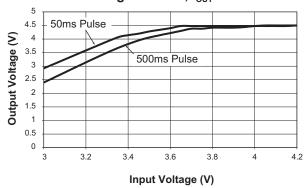
Output Current vs. Input Voltage (70°C) (V_{out} > 4.0V)





$\frac{\text{Typical Characteristics-AAT3112-4.5V}}{V_{\text{IN}} = 3.5\text{V, C}_{\text{IN}} = C_{\text{OUT}} = 10\mu\text{F, C1} = C2 = 1\mu\text{F, T}_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C, unless}} \text{ otherwise noted.}$

Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage for Pulsed High Current, I_{OUT} = 500mA



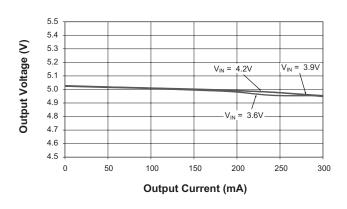




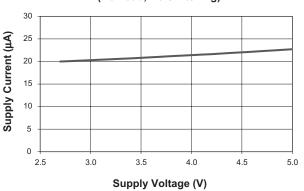
Typical Characteristics—AAT3112-5.0V

 $V_{IN}=3.5V$, $C_{IN}=C_{OUT}=10\mu F$, $C1=C2=1\mu F$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.

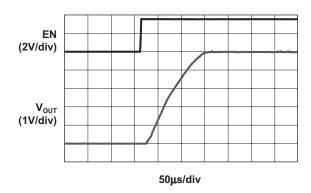
Output Voltage vs. Output Current



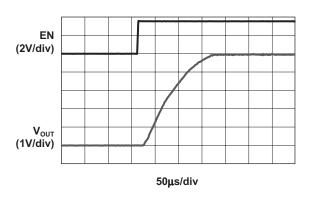
Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage (No Load, No Switching)



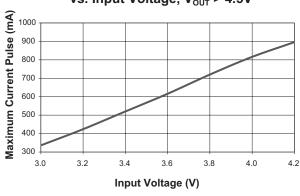
Startup Time with 100mA Load



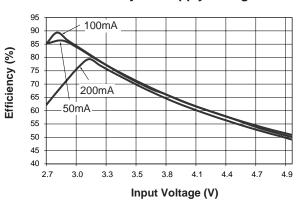
Startup Time with 200mA Load



Maximum Current Pulse (50ms pulse) vs. Input Voltage, $V_{OUT} > 4.5V$



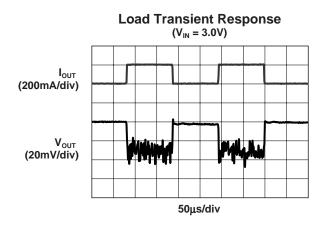
Efficiency vs. Supply Voltage

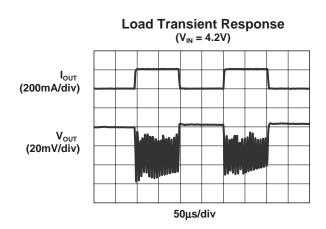




Typical Characteristics—AAT3112-5.0V

 V_{IN} =3.5V, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} =10 μ F, C1=C2=1 μ F, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise noted.





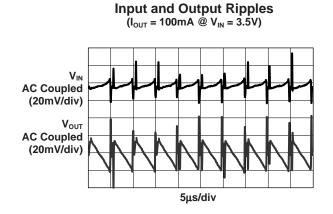
(I_{OUT} = 50mA @ V_{IN} = 3.5V)

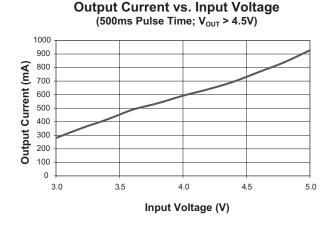
AC Coupled (20mV/div)

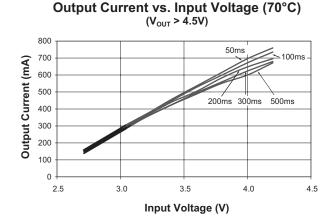
AC Coupled (20mV/div)

5µs/div

Input and Output Ripples





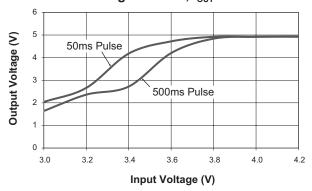


500mA High Efficiency Charge Pump for White LED Flash Applications

Typical Characteristics—AAT3112-5.0V

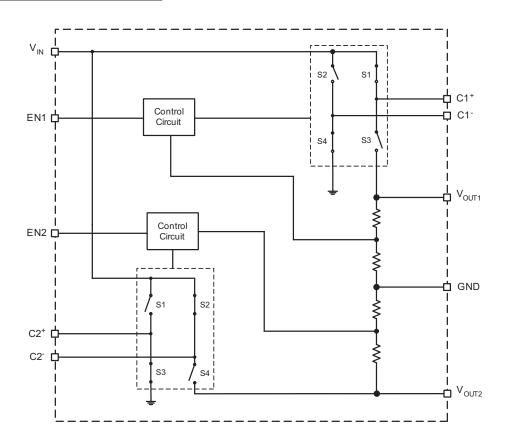
 V_{IN} =3.5V, C_{IN} = C_{OUT} =10 μ F, C1=C2=1 μ F, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise noted.

Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage for Pulsed High Current, I_{OUT} = 500mA





Functional Block Diagram



Functional Description

The AAT3112 is a dual charge pump intended for high-current applications. This device boosts an input voltage to a regulated output voltage. Regulation is achieved by sensing the output voltage through an internal resistor divider network. The AAT3112 requires only four external components: two 1.0 μ F ceramic capacitors for the charge pump (C1 and C2), one 10 μ F ceramic capacitor for C_{IN}, and one 10 μ F ceramic capacitor for C_{OUT}.

The AAT3112 is designed to deliver 200mA of continuous current and up to 500mA of pulsed current. Each charge pump engine has an independent enable pin to extend battery life. The charge pump switching frequency is approximately 750kHz, enabling the use of small external flying capacitors.

The AAT3112 has complete output short-circuit and thermal protection to safeguard the device under extreme operating conditions. An internal thermal protection circuit senses die temperature and will shut down the device if the internal junction temperature exceeds approximately 145°C.



Applications Information

Charge Pump Efficiency

The AAT3112 is a regulated output voltage doubling charge pump. The efficiency (η) can simply be defined as a linear voltage regulator with an effective output voltage that is equal to two times the input voltage. Efficiency (η) for an ideal voltage doubler can typically be expressed as the output power divided by the input power:

$$\eta = \frac{P_{OUT}}{P_{IN}}$$

In addition, with an ideal voltage doubling charge pump, the output current may be expressed as half the input current. The expression to define the ideal efficiency (η) can be rewritten as:

$$\eta = \frac{P_{\text{OUT}}}{P_{\text{IN}}} = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}} \times I_{\text{OUT}}}{V_{\text{IN}} \times 2I_{\text{OUT}}} = \frac{V_{\text{OUT}}}{2V_{\text{IN}}}$$

-or-

$$\eta(\%) = 100 \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{2V_{IN}} \right)$$

For a charge pump with an output of 4.5 volts and a nominal input of 2.8 volts, the theoretical efficiency is 80.4%. Due to internal switching losses and IC quiescent current consumption, the actual efficiency can be measured at 79.6%. These figures are in close agreement across a wide range of output load conditions. Efficiency will decrease as load current drops below 0.05mA or when the level of V_{IN} approaches V_{OUT} .

Capacitor Selection

Careful selection of the four external capacitors C_{IN} , C1, C2, and C_{OUT} is important because they will affect turn-on time, output ripple, and transient performance. Optimum performance will be obtained when low equivalent series resistance (ESR) ceramic capacitors are used. In general, low ESR may be defined as less than $100m\Omega$.

Capacitor Characteristics

Ceramic composition capacitors are highly recommended over all other types of capacitors for use with the AAT3112. Ceramic capacitors offer many advantages over their tantalum and aluminum electrolytic counterparts. A ceramic capacitor typically has very low ESR, is lowest cost, has a smaller PCB footprint, and is non-polarized. Low ESR ceramic capacitors help to maximize charge pump transient response. Since ceramic capacitors are non-polarized, they are not prone to incorrect connection damage.

Equivalent Series Resistance: ESR is an important characteristic to consider when selecting a capacitor. ESR is a resistance internal to a capacitor that is caused by the leads, internal connections, size or area, material composition, and ambient temperature. Capacitor ESR is typically measured in milliohms for ceramic capacitors and can range to more than several ohms for tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitors.

Ceramic Capacitor Materials: Ceramic capacitors less than 0.1µF are typically made from NPO or COG materials. NPO and COG materials typically have tight tolerance and are stable over temperature. Large capacitor values are typically composed of X7R, X5R, Z5U, or Y5V dielectric materials. Large ceramic capacitors, typically greater than 2.2µF, are often available in low-cost Y5V and Z5U dielectrics, but large capacitors are not required in AAT3112 applications.

Capacitor area is another contributor to ESR. Capacitors that are physically large will have a lower ESR when compared to an equivalent material smaller capacitor. These larger devices can improve circuit transient response when compared to an equal value capacitor in a smaller package size.

Layout Considerations

High charge pump switching frequencies and large peak transient currents mandate careful printed circuit board layout. As a general rule for charge pump boost converters, all external capacitors should be located as closely as possible to the device package with minimum length trace connections.

Maximize the ground plane around the AAT3112 charge pump and make sure all external capacitors are connected to the immediate ground plane. A local component side ground plane is recommended.



Application Circuits

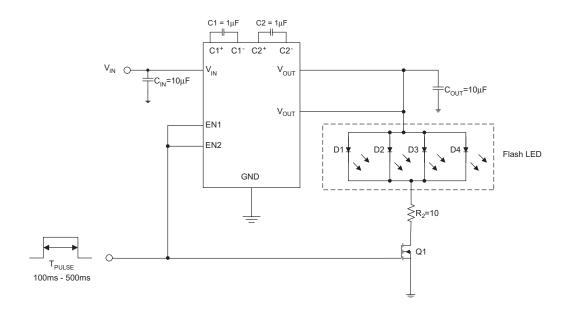


Figure 1: Flash Application.

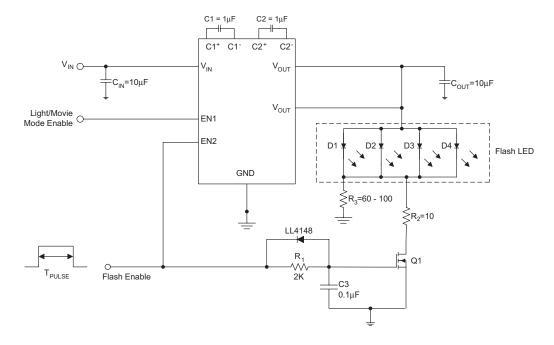


Figure 2: Movie Mode Light with Flash Function.

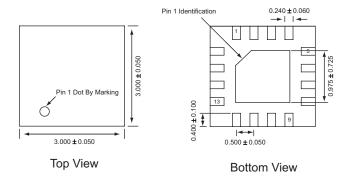


Ordering Information

Package	Marking ¹	Part Number (Tape and Reel)
QFN33-16	LGXYY	AAT3112IVN-4.5-T1
QFN33-16	MNXYY	AAT3112IVN-5.0-T1

Note 1: XYY = assembly and date code. Sample stock is held on part numbers listed in **bold**.

Package Information





All dimensions in millimeters.

500mA High Efficiency Charge Pump for White LED Flash Applications

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AnalogicTech warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with AnalogicTech's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent AnalogicTech deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed.

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