

CMOS 4-BIT MICROCONTROLLER

TMP47P840VN
TMP47P840VF

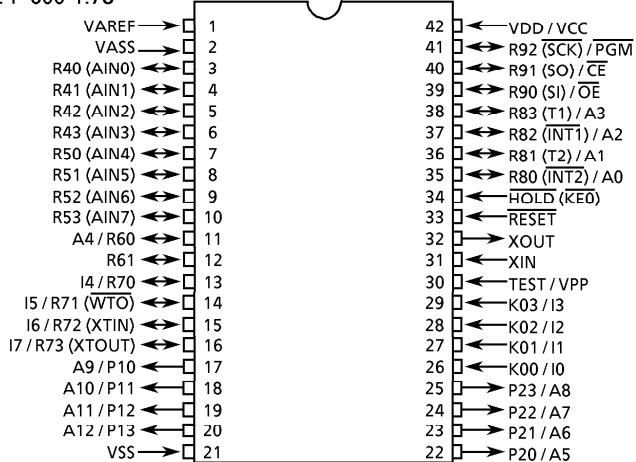
The 47P840V is the OTP microcontroller with 64Kbits PROM. For program operation, the programming is achieved by using with EPROM programmer (TMM2764AD type) and adapter socket.

The function of this device is exactly same as the 47C640/840.

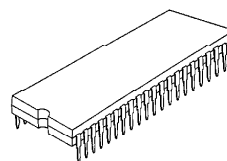
| PART No. | ROM | RAM | PACKAGE | ADAPTER SOCKET |
|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------|
| TMP47P840VN | OTP | 512 x 4-bit | SDIP42-P-600-1.78 | BM1171 |
| TMP47P840VF | 8192 x 8-bit | | QFP44-P-1414-0.80D | BM1172 |

PIN ASSIGNMENT (TOP VIEW)

SDIP42-P-600-1.78

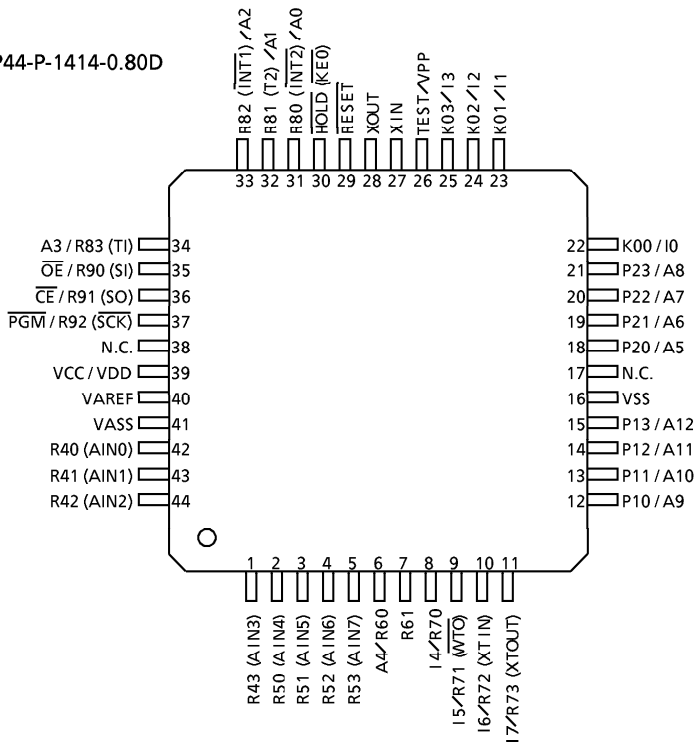


SDIP42-P-600-1.78

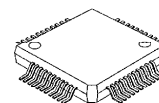


TMP47P840VN

QFP44-P-1414-0.80D



QFP44-P-1414-0.80D



TMP47P840VF

PIN FUNCTION

The 47P840V has MCU mode and PROM mode.

(1) MCU mode

The 47C640/840 and the 47P840V are pin compatible (TEST pin for out-going test. Be fixed to low level.).

(2) PROM mode

| PIN NAME | INPUT / OUTPUT | FUNCTIONS | PIN NAME(MCU mode) |
|---------------------------|----------------|---|--------------------|
| A12 to A9 | INPUT | Address inputs | P13 to P10 |
| A8 to A5 | | | P23 to P20 |
| A4 | | | R60 |
| A3 to A0 | | | R83 to R80 |
| I7 to I4 | I/O | Data outputs (Inputs) | R73 to R70 |
| I3 to I0 | | | K03 to K00 |
| $\overline{\text{PGM}}$ | Input | Program control input | R92 |
| $\overline{\text{CE}}$ | | Chip Enable input | R91 |
| $\overline{\text{OE}}$ | | Output Enable input | R90 |
| VPP | Power supply | + 12.5V / 5V (Program supply voltage) | TEST |
| VCC | | + 5V | VDD |
| VSS | | 0V | VSS |
| R43 to R40 | I/O | Be fixed to low level | |
| R53 to R50 | | | |
| R61 | | | |
| $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ | Input | PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed to low level. | |
| $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ | Input | | |
| XIN | Input | Resonator connecting pin | |
| XOUT | Output | | |
| VAREF | Power supply | Be fixed to low level | |
| VASS | | | |

OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

The following is an explanation of hardware configuration and operation in relation to the 47P840V. The 47P840V is the same as the 47C640/840 except that an EPROM or OTP is used instead of a built-in mask ROM.

1. OPERATION mode

The 47P840V has an MCU mode and a PROM mode.

1.1 MCU mode

The MCU mode is set by fixing the TEST/VPP pin at the "L" level. Operation in the MCU mode is the same as for the 47C640/840, except that the TEST/VPP pin does not have built in pull-down resistor and cannot be used open.

1.1.1 Program Memory

The program storage area is the same as for the 47C840. Data conversion tables must be set in two locations when using the 47P840V to check 47C640 operation.

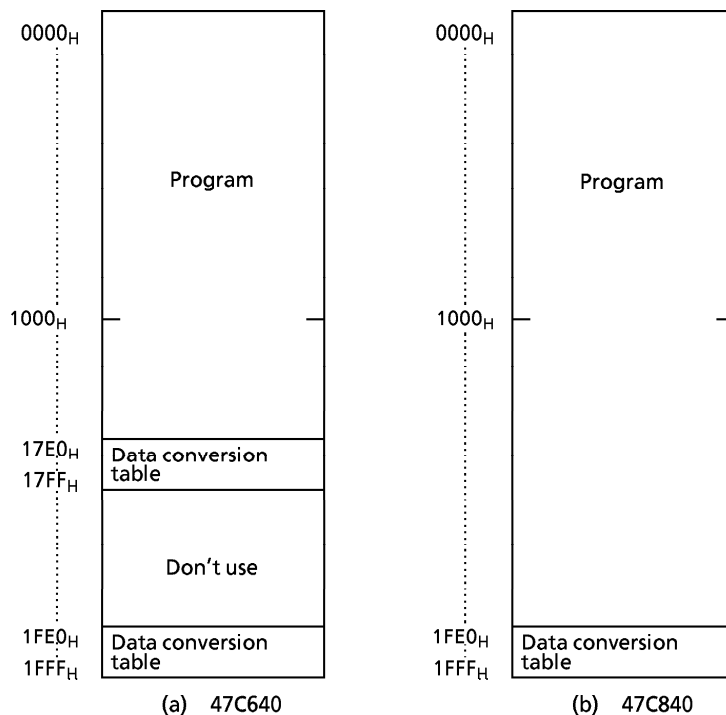


Figure 1-1. Program area

1.1.2 Data Memory

The 47P840V has 512×4 -bit data memory bank (RAM).

When using the 47P840V as a 47C640 evaluator, do not write data to address 80H and following, even though the bank 1 addresses are 00 to FFH. There is no necessity to take into consideration a special common function area because one is built in bank 0.

1.1.3 Input/Output Circuitry

(1) Control pins

This is the same as for the 47C640/840 except that there is no built-in pull-down resistance for the TEST pin.

(2) I/O Ports

The input/output circuit of the 47P840V is the same as I/O code IA of the 47C640/840. External resistance, for example, is required when using as evaluator of other I/O codes (IB, IC), (Refer to Figure 1.2)



Figure 1-2. I/O code and external circuitry

1.2 PROM mode

The PROM mode is set by setting the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ pins to the "L" level. The PROM mode can be used as a general-purpose PROM writer for program writing and verification. (A high-speed program mode is used set the ROM type the same as for the TMM 2764AD.)

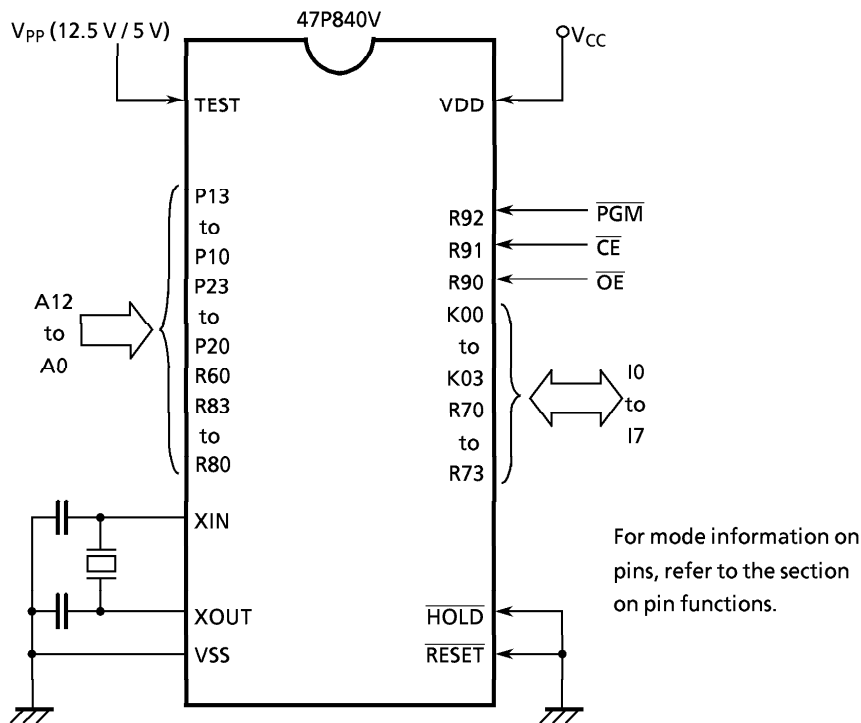


Figure 1-3. Setting for PROM mode

An adapter socket is available for connecting a PROM writer.

- BM1171 : TMP47P840VN
- BM1172 : TMP47P840VF

1.2.1 High Speed Programming Mode

The device is set up in the high speed programming mode when the programming voltage (12.5V) is applied to the Vpp terminal with Vcc = 6V and PGM = VIH4. The programming is achieved by applying a single TTL low level 1 ms, pulse the PGM input after addresses and data are stable. Then the programmed data is verified by using program Verify Mode. If the programmed data is not correct, another program pulse of 1 ms is applied and then programmed data is verified. This should be repeated until the program operates correctly (max. 25 times). After correctly programming the selected address, one additional program pulse with pulse width 3 times that needed for programming is applied. When programming has been completed, the data in all addresses should be verified with Vcc = Vpp = 5 V.

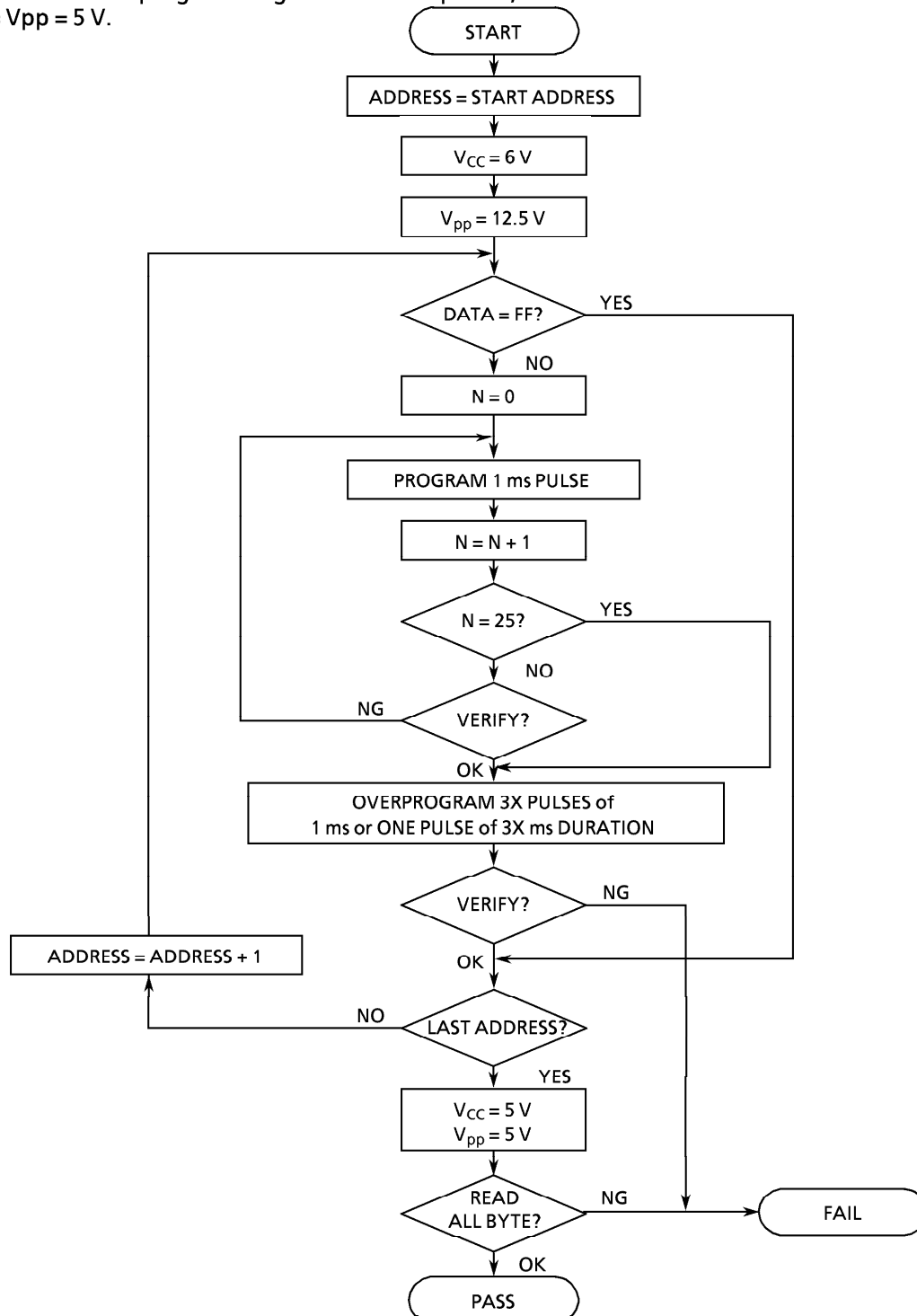


Figure1-4. Flow Chart

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(V_{SS} = 0V)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | PINS | RATING | UNIT |
|---|--------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{DD} | | - 0.3 to 6.5 | V |
| Program Voltage | V _{PP} | TEST / VPP pin | - 0.3 to 13.0 | V |
| Input Voltage | V _{IN} | | - 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| Output Voltage | V _{OUT} | | - 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3 | V |
| Output Current (per 1 pin) | I _{OUT1} | Ports P1, P2 | 30 | mA |
| | I _{OUT2} | Ports R4 to R9 | 3.2 | |
| Output Current (Total) | ΣI _{OUT1} | Ports P1, P2 | 120 | mA |
| Power Dissipation [T _{opr} = 70°C] | PD | | 600 | mW |
| Soldering Temperature (time) | T _{sld} | | 260 (10 s) | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | | - 55 to 125 | °C |
| Operating Temperature | T _{opr} | | - 40 to 70 | °C |

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(V_{SS} = 0V, T_{opr} = - 40 to 70°C)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | PINS | CONDITIONS | Min. | Max. | UNIT |
|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{DD} | | fc = 6 MHz | 4.5 | 5.5 | V |
| | | | fc = 4.2 MHz | 2.7 | | |
| | | | In the SLOW mode | 2.7 | | |
| | | | In the HOLD mode | 2.0 | | |
| Input High Voltage | V _{IH1} | Except Hysteresis Input | V _{DD} ≥ 4.5 V | V _{DD} × 0.7 | V _{DD} | V |
| | V _{IH2} | Hysteresis Input | | V _{DD} × 0.75 | | |
| | V _{IH3} | | V _{DD} < 4.5 V | V _{DD} × 0.9 | | |
| Input Low Voltage | V _{IL1} | Except Hysteresis Input | V _{DD} ≥ 4.5 V | 0 | V _{DD} × 0.3 | V |
| | V _{IL2} | Hysteresis Input | | | V _{DD} × 0.25 | |
| | V _{IL3} | | V _{DD} < 4.5 V | | V _{DD} × 0.1 | |
| Clock Frequency | fc | XIN, XOUT | | 0.4 | 6.0 | MHz |
| | fs | XTIN, XTOUT | | 30 | 34 | kHz |

Note. : Input voltage V_{IH3}, V_{IL3} : in the SLOW or HOLD mode

D.C. CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{SS} = 0V, T_{opr} = -40 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | PINS | CONDITIONS | Min. | Typ. | Max. | UNIT |
|--|-----------|--|--|------|------|---------|------------------|
| Hysteresis Voltage | V_{HS} | Hysteresis Input | | — | 0.7 | — | V |
| Input Current | I_{IN1} | K0, TEST, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, HOLD | $V_{DD} = 5.5V,$ | — | — | ± 2 | μA |
| | I_{IN2} | ports R (open drain) | $V_{IN} = 5.5V / 0V$ | | | | |
| Input Resistance | R_{IN} | $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ | | 100 | 220 | 450 | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| Output Leakage Current | I_{LO} | sink open drain | $V_{DD} = 5.5V, V_{IN} = 5.5V$ | — | — | 2 | μA |
| Output Level Low Voltage | V_{OL} | Except Xout, ports P | $V_{DD} = 4.5V, I_{OL} = 1.6\text{mA}$ | — | — | 0.4 | V |
| Output Level Low Voltage | I_{OL} | Ports P1, P2 | $V_{DD} = 4.5V, V_{OL} = 1.0V$ | — | 20 | — | mA |
| Supply Current (in the Normal mode) | I_{DD} | | $V_{DD} = 5.5V,$ $f_c = 4\text{MHz}$ | — | 3 | 6 | mA |
| Supply Current (in the SLOW mode) | I_{DDS} | | $V_{DD} = 3.0V,$ $f_s = 32.768\text{kHz}$ | — | 30 | 60 | μA |
| Supply Current (in the HOLD mode) | I_{DDH} | | $V_{DD} = 5.5V$ | — | 0.5 | 10 | μA |

Note 1. Typ. values show those at $T_{opr} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{DD} = 5V$.

Note 2. Input Current I_{IN1} ; The current through resistor is not included, when the input resistor (pull-up/pull-down) is contained.

Note 3. Supply Current I_{DD}, I_{DDH} ; $V_{IN} = 5.3V/0.2V$

The K0 port is open when the input resistor is contained. The voltage applied to the R port is within the valid range.

Supply Current I_{DDS} ; $V_{IN} = 2.8V/0.2V$

Low frequency clock is only oscillated (connecting XTIN, XTOUT).

A / D CONVERSION CHARACTERISTICS

 $(T_{opr} = -40 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C})$

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | Min. | Typ. | Max. | UNIT |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------|------|------------|-------------|
| Analog Reference Voltage | V_{AREF} | | $V_{DD} - 1.5$ | — | V_{DD} | V |
| | V_{ASS} | | V_{SS} | — | 1.5 | |
| Analog Reference Voltage Range | ΔV_{AREF} | $V_{AREF} - V_{ASS}$ | 2.5 | — | — | V |
| Analog Input Voltage | V_{AIN} | | V_{ASS} | — | V_{AREF} | V |
| Analog Supply Current | I_{REF} | | — | 0.5 | 1.0 | mA |
| Nonlinearity Error | | $V_{DD} = 5.0V, V_{SS} = 0.0V$ $V_{AREF} = V_{DD} \pm 0.001V$ $V_{ASS} = 0.000V$ | — | — | ± 1 | LSB |
| Zero Point Error | | | — | — | ± 1 | |
| Full Scale Error | | | — | — | ± 1 | |
| Total Error | | | — | — | ± 2 | |

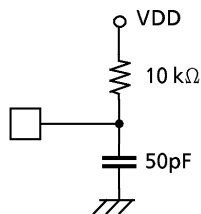
A.C. CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{SS} = 0V, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 6.0V, T_{opr} = - 40 to 70°C)

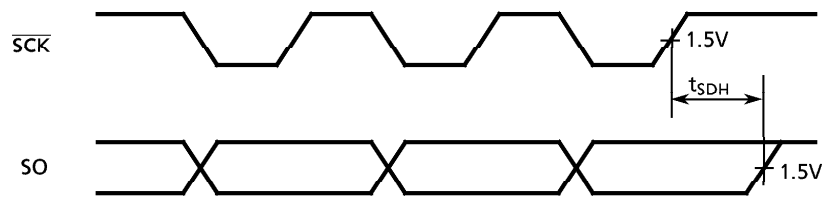
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | Min. | Typ. | Max. | UNIT |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|
| Instruction Cycle Time | t _{cy} | in the Normal mode | 1.33 | — | 20 | μs |
| | | in the SLOW mode | 235 | — | 267 | |
| High Level Clock pulse Width | t _{WCH} | External clock mode | 80 | — | — | ns |
| Low Level Clock pulse Width | t _{WCL} | | | | | |
| A/D Sampling Time | t _{AIN} | f _c = 4 MHz | — | 4 | — | μs |
| Shift Data Hold Time | t _{SDH} | | 0.5t _{cy} - 300 | — | — | ns |

Note. Shift data Hold time :

External circuit for \overline{SCK} pin and SO pin



Serial port (completion of transmission)



RECOMMENDED OSCILLATING CONDITIONS

(V_{SS} = 0V, V_{DD} = 4.5 to 6.0V, T_{opr} = - 40 to 70°C)

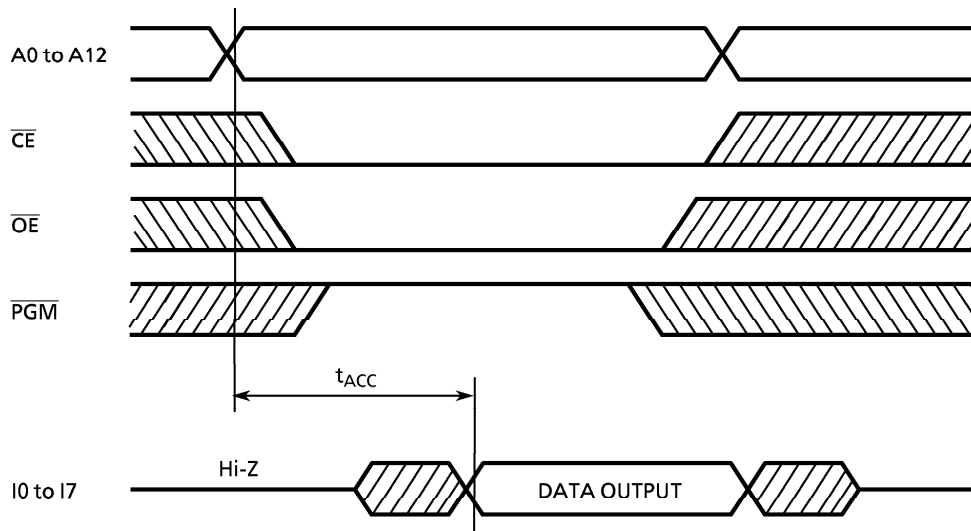
Recommended oscillating conditions of the 47P840V are equal to the 47C840's.

D.C./A.C. CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{SS} = 0V)

(1) Read Operation

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITION | Min. | Typ. | Max. | UNIT |
|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|------|
| Output Level High Voltage | V _{IH4} | | V _{CC} × 0.7 | — | V _{CC} | V |
| Output Level Low Voltage | V _{IL4} | | 0 | — | V _{CC} × 0.3 | V |
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | | 4.75 | — | 6.0 | V |
| Programming Voltage | V _{PP} | | | | | |
| Address Access Time | t _{ACC} | V _{CC} = 5.0 ± 0.25V | 0 | — | 350 | ns |



(2) High Speed Programming Operation

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITION | Min. | Typ. | Max. | UNIT |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------------|------|
| Input High Voltage | V_{IH4} | | $V_{CC} \times 0.7$ | – | V_{CC} | V |
| Input Low Voltage | V_{IL4} | | 0 | – | $V_{CC} \times 0.3$ | V |
| Supply Voltage | V_{CC} | | 4.75 | – | 6.0 | V |
| V_{PP} Power Supply Voltage | V_{PP} | | 12.25 | 12.50 | 12.75 | V |
| Programming Pulse Width | t_{PW} | $V_{CC} = 6.0 \pm 0.25V$ | 0.95 | 1.0 | 1.05 | ms |

