

# P-CHANNEL MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR FOR SWITCHING

### DESCRIPTION

The  $\mu$ PA1910 is a switching device which can be driven directly by a 2.5-V power source.

The  $\mu$ PA1910 features a low on-state resistance and excellent switching characteristics, and is suitable for applications such as power switch of portable machine and so on.

#### **FEATURES**

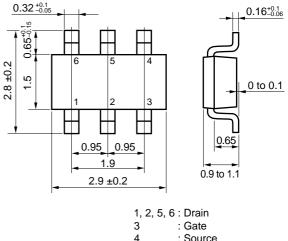
- · Can be driven by a 2.5-V power source
- Low on-state resistance
- $R_{DS(on)1} = 80 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} (V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, \text{ ID} = -1.5 \text{ A})$  $R_{DS(on)2} = 90 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} (V_{GS} = -4.0 \text{ V}, \text{ ID} = -1.5 \text{ A})$  $R_{DS(on)3} = 100 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} (V_{GS} = -3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ ID} = -1.0 \text{ A})$  $R_{DS(on)4} = 130 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX}. (V_{GS} = -2.5 \text{ V}, \text{ ID} = -1.0 \text{ A})$

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
$\mu$ PA1910TE	6-pin Mini Mold (Thin Type)

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ )

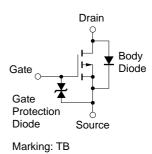
	Drain to Source Voltage	VDSS	-12	V
	Gate to Source Voltage	Vgss	-10/+5	V
	Drain Current (DC)	D(DC)	±2.5	А
	Drain Current (pulse) Note1	D(pulse)	±10	А
$\star$	Total Power Dissipation	PT1	0.2	W
	Total Power Dissipation Note2	Рт2	2	W
	Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C
	Storage Temperature	Tstg	–55 to +150	°C



PACKAGE DRAWING (Unit : mm)

# : Source

## EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



**Notes 1.** PW  $\leq$  10  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle  $\leq$  1 %

- **2.** Mounted on FR-4 board,  $t \le 5$  sec.
- Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

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D13105EJ2V0DS00 (2nd edition) Document No November 1999 NS CP(K) Date Published Printed in Japan

The mark  $\star$  shows major revised points.

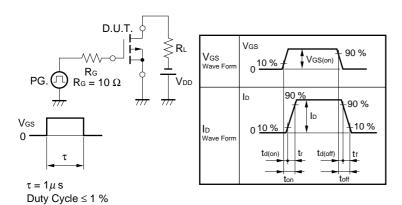
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25 °C)

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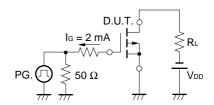
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	$V_{DS} = -12 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$			-10	μA
Gate Leakage Current	lgss	$V_{GS} = \pm 10 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$			±10	μA
Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage	VGS(off)	$V_{DS} = -10 V$ , $I_{D} = -1 mA$	-0.4	-0.72	-1.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	<b>y</b> fs	$V_{DS} = -10 V$ , $I_{D} = -1.5 A$	1	5.1		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)1	$V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, \text{ Id} = -1.5 \text{ A}$		60	80	mΩ
	RDS(on)2	$V_{GS} = -4.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Id} = -1.5 \text{ A}$		63	90	mΩ
	RDS(on)3	$V_{GS} = -3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ ID} = -1.0 \text{ A}$		75	100	mΩ
	RDS(on)4	Vgs = -2.5 V, Id = -1.0 A		86	130	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V <sub>DS</sub> = -10 V		386		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	Vgs = 0 V		283		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		154		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	td(on)	$V_{DD} = -10 V$		131		ns
Rise Time	tr	I⊳ = −1.5 A		603		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	td(off)	$V_{GS(on)} = -4.0 V$		427		ns
Fall Time	tr	Rg = 10 Ω		1470		ns
Total Gate Charge	QG	$V_{DD} = -10 V$		6.7		nC
Gate to Source Charge	QGS	I⊳ = −3.0 A		1.6		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Qgd	Vgs = -4.0 V		2.9		nC
Diode Forward Voltage	VF(S-D)	IF = 2.5 A, VGS = 0 V		0.74		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	IF = 2.5 A, VGS = 0 V		30.0		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 10 A/ $\mu$ s		2.2		nC

\* \*

#### ★ TEST CIRCUIT 1 SWITCHING TIME



# ★ TEST CIRCUIT 2 GATE CHARGE



Data Sheet D13105EJ2V0DS00

-10

-8

-6

-4

0

Drain Current - A

V<sub>GS(off)</sub> - Gate to Source Cut-off Voltage - V

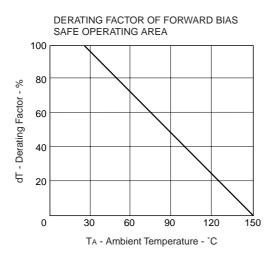
-0.5

0

-50

0





DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

-4.5 V

-4.0 V

–3.0 V –2.5 V

-0.4

-0.6

VDs - Drain to Source Voltage - V

GATE TO SOURCE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

50

Tch - Channel Temperature - °C

-0.8

 $V_{DS} = -10 V$  $I_D = -1 mA$ 

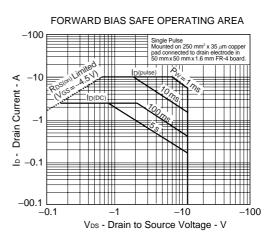
100

150

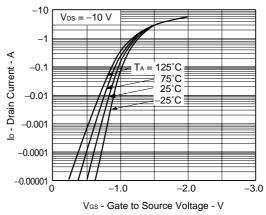
-1

Vgs=

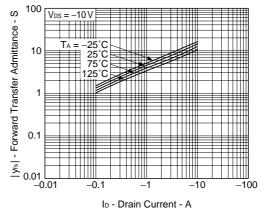
-0.2



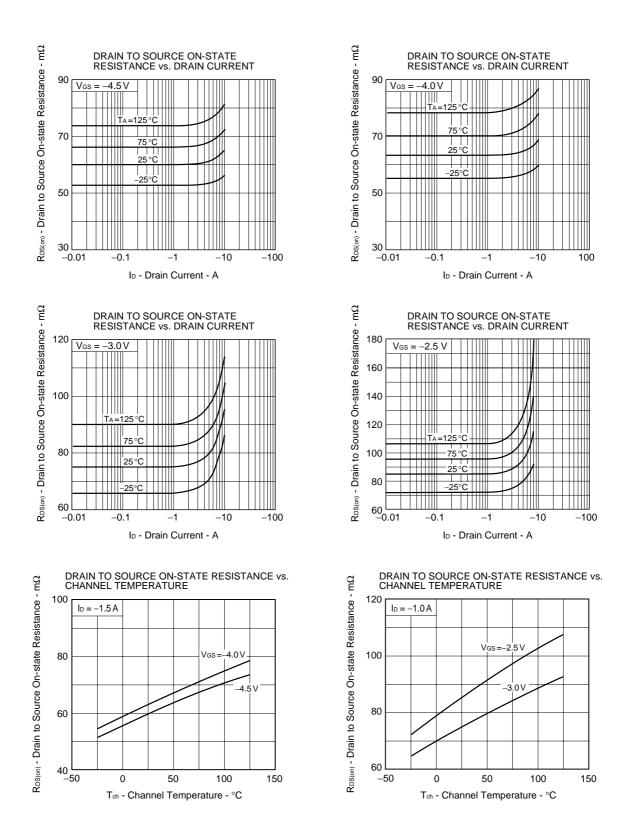
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

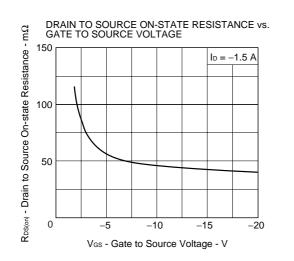


FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

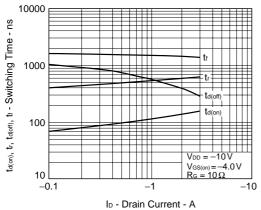


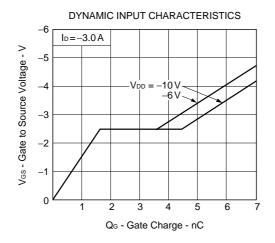
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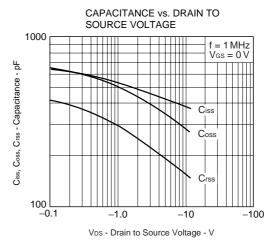




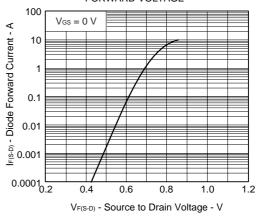


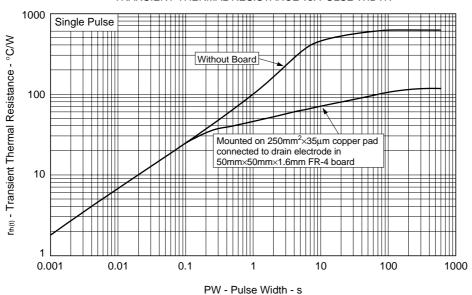












TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH

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