## **MOSEL VITELIC**

V53C808H HIGH PERFORMANCE 1M x 8 BIT EDO PAGE MODE CMOS DYNAMIC RAM OPTIONAL SELF REFRESH

## **PRELIMINARY**

| HIGH PERFORMANCE   | 35    | 40    | 45    | 50    |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Max. RAS Access Time, (t <sub>RAC</sub> )                  | 35 ns | 40 ns | 45 ns | 50 ns |
| Max. Column Address Access Time, (t <sub>CAA</sub> )       | 18 ns | 20 ns | 22 ns | 24 ns |
| Min. Extended Data Out Mode Cycle Time, (t <sub>PC</sub> ) | 14 ns | 15 ns | 17 ns | 19 ns |
| Min. Read/Write Cycle Time, (t <sub>RC</sub> )             | 70 ns | 75 ns | 80 ns | 90 ns |

#### Features

- 1M x 8-bit organization
- EDO Page Mode for a sustained data rate of 72 MHz
- RAS access time: 35, 40, 45, 50 ns
- Low power dissipation
- Read-Modify-Write, RAS-Only Refresh, CAS-Before-RAS Refresh capability
- Optional Self Refresh (V53C808SH)
- Refresh Interval: 1024 cycles/16 ms
- Available in 28-pin 400 mil SOJ package
- Single +5V ± 10% Power Supply
- TTL Interface

#### Description

The V53C808H is a ultra high speed 1,048,576 x 8 bit CMOS dynamic random access memory. The V53C808H offers a combination of features: Page Mode with Extended Data Output for high data bandwidth, and Low CMOS standby current.

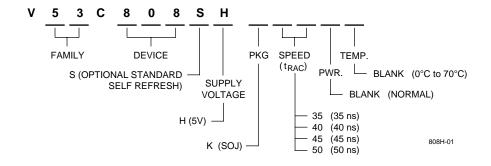
All inputs and outputs are TTL compatible. Input and output capacitances are significantly lowered to allow increased system performance. Page Mode with Extended Data Output operation allows random access of up to 1024 x 8 bits within a row with cycle times as fast as 14 ns.

The V53C808H is ideally suited for graphics, digital signal processing and high-performance computing systems.

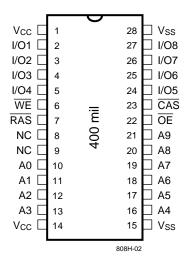
### **Device Usage Chart**

| Operating            | Package | Outline |    | Access | Γime (ns) | Power | T    |                     |
|----------------------|---------|---------|----|--------|-----------|-------|------|---------------------|
| Temperature<br>Range | K       | Т       | 35 | 40     | 45        | 50    | Std. | Temperature<br>Mark |
| 0°C to 70 °C         | •       | •       | •  | •      | •         | •     | •    | Blank               |

| Part Name    | Self Refresh                          | Supply Voltage | Package | Speed       |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|-------------|
| V53C808HKxx  | No Self Refresh                       | 5V             | SOJ     | 35/40/45/50 |
| V53C808HTxx  | No Self Refresh                       | 5V             | TSOP    | 35/40/45/50 |
| V53C808SHKxx | Optional Standard Self Refresh (16ms) | 5V             | SOJ     | 35/40/45/50 |
| V53C808SHTxx | Optional Standard Self Refresh (16ms) | 5V             | TSOP    | 35/40/45/50 |



## 28-Pin Plastic SOJ PIN CONFIGURATION Top View



## Pin Names

| A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>9</sub>     | Address Inputs        |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| RAS                                | Row Address Strobe    |
| CAS                                | Column Address Strobe |
| WE                                 | Write Enable          |
| ŌĒ                                 | Output Enable         |
| I/O <sub>1</sub> -I/O <sub>8</sub> | Data Input, Output    |
| V <sub>CC</sub>                    | +5V Supply            |
| V <sub>SS</sub>                    | 0V Supply             |
| NC                                 | No Connect            |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

\*Note: Operation above Absolute Maximum Ratings can adversely affect device reliability.

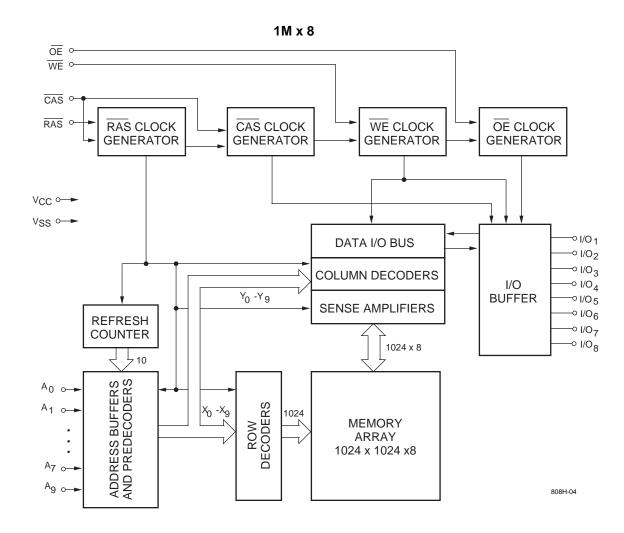
## Capacitance\*

 $T_A = 25$ °C,  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V} \pm 10$ %, f = 1 MHz

| Symbol           | Parameter         | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|-------------------|------|------|------|
| C <sub>IN1</sub> | Address Input     | 3    | 4    | pF   |
| C <sub>IN2</sub> | RAS, CAS, WE, OE  | 4    | 5    | pF   |
| C <sub>OUT</sub> | Data Input/Output | 5    | 7    | pF   |

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Capacitance is sampled and not 100% tested

## **Block Diagram**



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# DC and Operating Characteristics

 $T_A$  = 0°C to 70°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V  $\pm$  10%,  $V_{SS}$  = 0 V, unless otherwise specified.

|                  | V53C808H  |                | Н    |      |                     |      |   |       |
|------------------|---|----------------|------|------|---------------------|------|---|-------|
| Symbol           | Parameter   | Access<br>Time | Min. | Тур. | Max.                | Unit | Test Conditions   | Notes |
| I <sub>LI</sub>  | Input Leakage Current (any input pin)                         |                | -10  |      | 10                  | μΑ   | V <sub>SS</sub> ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>   |       |
| I <sub>LO</sub>  | Output Leakage Current (for High-Z State)                     |                | -10  |      | 10                  | μΑ   | $V_{SS} \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$ RAS, CAS at $V_{IH}$  |       |
| I <sub>CC1</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current,                               | 35             |      |      | 160                 | mA   | $t_{RC} = t_{RC} \text{ (min.)}$  | 1, 2  |
|                  | Operating   | 40             |      |      | 150                 |      |   |       |
|                  |   | 45             |      |      | 145                 |      |   |       |
|                  |   | 50             |      |      | 135                 |      |   |       |
| I <sub>CC2</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current,<br>TTL Standby                |                |      |      | 2                   | mA   | RAS, CAS at V <sub>IH</sub> other inputs ≥ V <sub>SS</sub>  |       |
| I <sub>CC3</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current,                               | 35             |      |      | 160                 | mA   | $t_{RC} = t_{RC}$ (min.)  | 2     |
|                  | RAS-Only Refresh  | 40             |      |      | 150                 |      |   |       |
|                  |   | 45             |      |      | 145                 |      |   |       |
|                  |   | 50             |      |      | 135                 |      |   |       |
| I <sub>CC4</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current,<br>EDO Page Mode<br>Operation | 35             |      |      | 95                  | mA   | Minimum cycle   | 1, 2  |
|                  |   | 40             |      |      | 90                  |      |   |       |
|                  |   | 45             |      |      | 85                  |      |   |       |
|                  |   | 50             |      |      | 80                  |      |   |       |
| I <sub>CC5</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current,<br>Standby, Output Enabled    |                |      |      | 2.0                 | mA   | RAS = V <sub>IH</sub> , CAS = V <sub>IL</sub> other inputs ≥ V <sub>SS</sub>  | 1     |
| I <sub>CC6</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current,<br>CMOS Standby               |                |      |      | 2.0                 | mA   | $\overline{RAS} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ $\overline{CAS} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},$ All other inputs $\ge V_{SS}$             |       |
| I <sub>CC7</sub> | Self Refresh Current  |                |      |      | 400                 | μΑ   | CBR Cycle with $t_{RAS} \ge t_{RASS}$ (Min.) and $\overline{CAS} = V_{IL}$ ; WE = $V_{CC}$ -0.2V; A0-A8 and $D_{IN} = V_{CC}$ -0.2V |       |
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | Supply Voltage  |                | 4.5  | 5.0  | 5.5                 | V    |   |       |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | Input Low Voltage   |                | -1   |      | 0.8                 | V    |   | 3     |
| V <sub>IH</sub>  | Input High Voltage  |                | 2.4  |      | V <sub>CC</sub> + 1 | V    |   | 3     |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Output Low Voltage  |                |      |      | 0.4                 | V    | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA  |       |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | Output High Voltage   |                | 2.4  |      |                     | V    | I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA   |       |

# AC Characteristics

 $T_A$  = 0°C to 70°C,  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V ±10%,  $V_{SS}$  = 0V unless otherwise noted AC Test conditions, input pulse levels 0 to 3V

|    |                      |   | 35   |      | 4    | 40 45 |      | 45   |      | 50   |      |          |
|----|----------------------|---|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|----------|
| #  | Symbol               | Parameter                                   | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max.  | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes    |
| 1  | t <sub>RAS</sub>     | RAS Pulse Width                             | 35   | 75K  | 40   | 75K   | 45   | 75K  | 50   | 75K  | ns   |          |
| 2  | t <sub>RC</sub>      | Read or Write Cycle Time                    | 70   |      | 75   |       | 80   |      | 90   |      | ns   |          |
| 3  | t <sub>RP</sub>      | RAS Precharge Time                          | 25   |      | 25   |       | 25   |      | 30   |      | ns   |          |
| 4  | t <sub>CSH</sub>     | CAS Hold Time                               | 35   |      | 40   |       | 45   |      | 50   |      | ns   |          |
| 5  | t <sub>CAS</sub>     | CAS Pulse Width                             | 7    |      | 8    |       | 9    |      | 9    |      | ns   |          |
| 6  | t <sub>RCD</sub>     | RAS to CAS Delay                            | 16   | 23   | 17   | 28    | 18   | 32   | 19   | 36   | ns   |          |
| 7  | t <sub>RCS</sub>     | Read Command Setup Time                     | 0    |      | 0    |       | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   | 4        |
| 8  | t <sub>ASR</sub>     | Row Address Setup Time                      | 0    |      | 0    |       | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   |          |
| 9  | t <sub>RAH</sub>     | Row Address Hold Time                       | 6    |      | 7    |       | 8    |      | 9    |      | ns   |          |
| 10 | t <sub>ASC</sub>     | Column Address Setup Time                   | 0    |      | 0    |       | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   |          |
| 11 | t <sub>CAH</sub>     | Column Address Hold Time                    | 4    |      | 5    |       | 6    |      | 7    |      | ns   |          |
| 12 | t <sub>RSH (R)</sub> | RAS Hold Time (Read Cycle)                  | 14   |      | 14   |       | 15   |      | 15   |      | ns   |          |
| 13 | t <sub>CRP</sub>     | CAS to RAS Precharge Time                   | 5    |      | 5    |       | 5    |      | 5    |      | ns   |          |
| 14 | t <sub>RCH</sub>     | Read Command Hold Time<br>Referenced to CAS | 0    |      | 0    |       | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   | 5        |
| 15 | t <sub>RRH</sub>     | Read Command Hold Time<br>Referenced to RAS | 0    |      | 0    |       | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   | 5        |
| 16 | t <sub>ROH</sub>     | RAS Hold Time Referenced to OE              | 8    |      | 8    |       | 9    |      | 10   |      | ns   |          |
| 17 | t <sub>OAC</sub>     | Access Time from OE                         |      | 12   |      | 12    |      | 13   |      | 14   | ns   |          |
| 18 | t <sub>CAC</sub>     | Access Time from CAS (EDO)                  |      | 12   |      | 12    |      | 13   |      | 14   | ns   | 6, 7     |
| 19 | t <sub>RAC</sub>     | Access Time from RAS                        |      | 35   |      | 40    |      | 45   |      | 50   | ns   | 6, 8, 9  |
| 20 | t <sub>CAA</sub>     | Access Time from Column Address             |      | 18   |      | 20    |      | 22   |      | 24   | ns   | 6, 7, 10 |
| 21 | t <sub>LZ</sub>      | CAS to Low-Z Output                         | 0    |      | 0    |       | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   | 16       |
| 22 | t <sub>HZ</sub>      | Output buffer turn-off delay time           | 0    | 6    | 0    | 6     | 0    | 7    | 0    | 8    | ns   | 16       |
| 23 | t <sub>AR</sub>      | Column Address Hold Time from RAS           | 28   |      | 30   |       | 35   |      | 40   |      | ns   |          |
| 24 | t <sub>RAD</sub>     | RAS to Column Address Delay Time            | 11   | 17   | 12   | 20    | 13   | 23   | 14   | 26   | ns   | 11       |
| 25 | t <sub>RSH (W)</sub> | RAS or CAS Hold Time in Write Cycle         | 12   |      | 12   |       | 13   |      | 14   |      | ns   |          |
| 26 | t <sub>CWL</sub>     | Write Command to CAS Lead Time              | 12   |      | 12   |       | 13   |      | 14   |      | ns   |          |
| 27 | t <sub>WCS</sub>     | Write Command Setup Time                    | 0    |      | 0    |       | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   | 12, 13   |
| 28 | t <sub>WCH</sub>     | Write Command Hold Time                     | 5    |      | 5    |       | 6    |      | 7    |      | ns   |          |
| 29 | t <sub>WP</sub>      | Write Pulse Width                           | 5    |      | 5    |       | 6    |      | 7    |      | ns   |          |
| 30 | t <sub>WCR</sub>     | Write Command Hold Time from RAS            | 28   |      | 30   |       | 35   |      | 40   |      | ns   |          |
| 31 | t <sub>RWL</sub>     | Write Command to RAS Lead Time              | 12   |      | 12   |       | 13   |      | 14   |      | ns   |          |

# AC Characteristics (Cont'd)

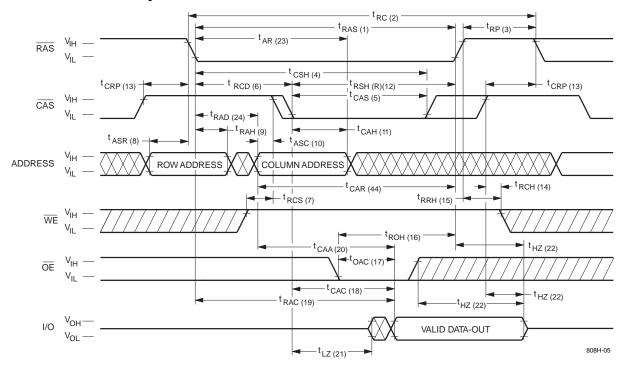
|     |                   |   | 35   |      | 4    | 0    | 45   |      | 50   |      |      |       |
|-----|-------------------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| #   | Symbol            | Parameter                                     | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
| 32  | t <sub>DS</sub>   | Data in Setup Time                            | 0    |      | 0    |      | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   | 14    |
| 33  | t <sub>DH</sub>   | Data in Hold Time                             | 4    |      | 5    |      | 6    |      | 7    |      | ns   | 14    |
| 34  | t <sub>WOH</sub>  | Write to OE Hold Time                         | 5    |      | 6    |      | 7    |      | 8    |      | ns   | 14    |
| 35  | t <sub>OED</sub>  | OE to Data Delay Time                         | 5    |      | 6    |      | 7    |      | 8    |      | ns   | 14    |
| 36  | t <sub>RWC</sub>  | Read-Modify-Write Cycle Time                  | 105  |      | 110  |      | 115  |      | 130  |      | ns   |       |
| 37  | t <sub>RRW</sub>  | Read-Modify-Write Cycle RAS Pulse Width       | 70   |      | 75   |      | 80   |      | 87   |      | ns   |       |
| 38  | t <sub>CWD</sub>  | CAS to WE Delay                               | 28   |      | 30   |      | 32   |      | 34   |      | ns   | 12    |
| 39  | t <sub>RWD</sub>  | RAS to WE Delay in                            | 54   |      | 58   |      | 62   |      | 68   |      | ns   | 12    |
| 40  | t <sub>CRW</sub>  | CAS Pulse Width (RMW)                         | 46   |      | 48   |      | 50   |      | 52   |      | ns   |       |
| 41  | t <sub>AWD</sub>  | Col. Address to WE Delay                      | 35   |      | 38   |      | 41   |      | 42   |      | ns   | 12    |
| 42  | t <sub>PC</sub>   | EDO Page Mode Read or Write<br>Cycle Time     | 14   |      | 15   |      | 17   |      | 19   |      | ns   |       |
| 43  | t <sub>CP</sub>   | CAS Precharge Time                            | 4    |      | 5    |      | 6    |      | 7    |      | ns   |       |
| 44  | t <sub>CAR</sub>  | Column Address to RAS Setup Time              | 18   |      | 20   |      | 22   |      | 24   |      | ns   |       |
| 45  | t <sub>CAP</sub>  | Access Time from Column Precharge             |      | 21   |      | 23   |      | 25   |      | 27   | ns   | 7     |
| 46  | t <sub>DHR</sub>  | Data in Hold Time Referenced to RAS           | 28   |      | 30   |      | 35   |      | 40   |      | ns   |       |
| 47  | t <sub>CSR</sub>  | CAS Setup Time CAS-before-RAS Refresh         | 10   |      | 10   |      | 10   |      | 10   |      | ns   |       |
| 48  | t <sub>RPC</sub>  | RAS to CAS Precharge Time                     | 0    |      | 0    |      | 0    |      | 0    |      | ns   |       |
| 49  | t <sub>CHR</sub>  | CAS Hold Time CAS-before-RAS Refresh          | 8    |      | 8    |      | 10   |      | 12   |      | ns   |       |
| 50  | t <sub>PCM</sub>  | EDO Page Mode Read-Modify-Write<br>Cycle Time | 58   |      | 60   |      | 65   |      | 70   |      | ns   |       |
| 51  | t <sub>T</sub>    | Transition Time (Rise and Fall)               | 3    | 50   | 3    | 50   | 3    | 50   | 3    | 50   | ns   | 15    |
| 52  | t <sub>REF</sub>  | Refresh Interval (1024 Cycles)                |      | 16   |      | 16   |      | 16   |      | 16   | ms   |       |
| 53  | t <sub>COH</sub>  | Output Hold After CAS Low                     |      | 5    |      | 5    |      | 5    |      | 5    | ns   |       |
| Opt | ional Self        | Refresh                                       |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |      |       |
| 54  | t <sub>RASS</sub> | RAS Pulse Width During Self Refresh           | 100  |      | 100  |      | 100  |      | 100  |      | μS   | 18    |
| 55  | t <sub>RPS</sub>  | RAS Precharge Time During Self<br>Refresh     | 100  |      | 100  |      | 100  |      | 100  |      | ns   | 18    |
| 56  | t <sub>CHS</sub>  | CAS Hold Time Width During Self<br>Refresh    | 100  |      | 100  |      | 100  |      | 100  |      | ns   | 18    |
| 57  | t <sub>CHD</sub>  | CAS Low Time During Self<br>Refresh           | 100  |      | 100  |      | 100  |      | 100  |      | μS   | 18    |

#### Notes:

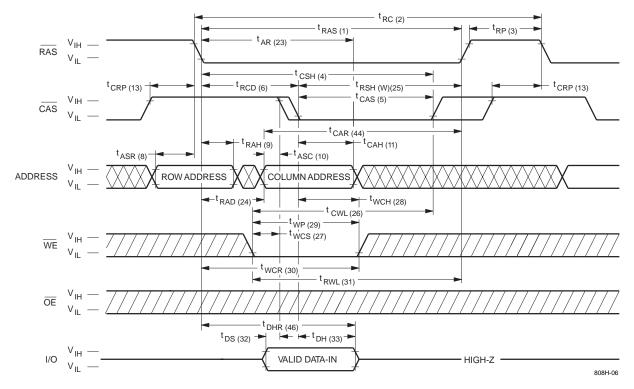
 I<sub>CC</sub> is dependent on output loading when the device output is selected. Specified I<sub>CC</sub> (max.) is measured with the output open.

- 2. I<sub>CC</sub> is dependent upon the number of address transitions. Specified I<sub>DD</sub> (max.) is measured with a maximum of two transitions per address cycle in EDO Page Mode.
- Specified V<sub>IL</sub> (min.) is steady state operating. During transitions, V<sub>IL</sub> (min.) may undershoot to −1.0 V for a period not to exceed 20 ns. All AC parameters are measured with V<sub>IL</sub> (min.) ≥ V<sub>SS</sub> and V<sub>IH</sub> (max.) ≤ V<sub>DD</sub>.
- t<sub>RCD</sub> (max.) is specified for reference only. Operation within t<sub>RCD</sub> (max.) limits insures that t<sub>RAC</sub> (max.) and t<sub>CAA</sub> (max.) can be met. If t<sub>RCD</sub> is greater than the specified t<sub>RCD</sub> (max.), the access time is controlled by t<sub>CAA</sub> and t<sub>CAC</sub>.
- 5. Either t<sub>RRH</sub> or t<sub>RCH</sub> must be satisified for a Read Cycle to occur.
- 6. Measured with a load equivalent to one TTL input and 50 pF.
- 7. Access time is determined by the longest of  $t_{CAA}$ ,  $t_{CAC}$  and  $t_{CAP}$ .
- Assumes that t<sub>RAD</sub> ≤ t<sub>RAD</sub> (max.). If t<sub>RAD</sub> is greater than t<sub>RAD</sub> (max.), t<sub>RAC</sub> will increase by the amount that t<sub>RAD</sub> exceeds t<sub>RAD</sub> (max.).
- Assumes that t<sub>RCD</sub> ≤ t<sub>RCD</sub> (max.). If t<sub>RCD</sub> is greater than t<sub>RCD</sub> (max.), t<sub>RAC</sub> will increase by the amount that t<sub>RCD</sub> exceeds t<sub>RCD</sub> (max.).
- 10. Assumes that  $t_{RAD} \ge t_{RAD}$  (max.).
- 11. Operation within the t<sub>RAD</sub> (max.) limit ensures that t<sub>RAC</sub> (max.) can be met. t<sub>RAD</sub> (max.) is specified as a reference point only. If t<sub>RAD</sub> is greater than the specified t<sub>RAD</sub> (max.) limit, the access time is controlled by t<sub>CAA</sub> and t<sub>CAC</sub>.
- 12.  $t_{WCS}$ ,  $t_{RWD}$ ,  $t_{AWD}$  and  $t_{CWD}$  are not restrictive operating parameters.
- 13. t<sub>WCS</sub> (min.) must be satisfied in an Early Write Cycle.
- 14.  $t_{DS}$  and  $t_{DH}$  are referenced to the latter occurrence of  $\overline{CAS}$  or  $\overline{WE}$ .
- 15.  $t_T$  is measured between  $V_{IH}$  (min.) and  $V_{IL}$  (max.). AC-measurements assume  $t_T = 3$  ns.
- 16. Assumes a three-state test load (5 pF and a 500 Ohm Thevenin equivalent).
- 17. An initial 200  $\mu$ s pause and 8  $\overline{RAS}$ -containing cycles are required when exiting an extended period of bias without clocks. An extended period of time without clocks is defined as one that exceeds the specified Refresh Interval.
- 18. Once CBR refresh or complete set of row refresh cycles must be completed upon exiting Self Refresh Mode.

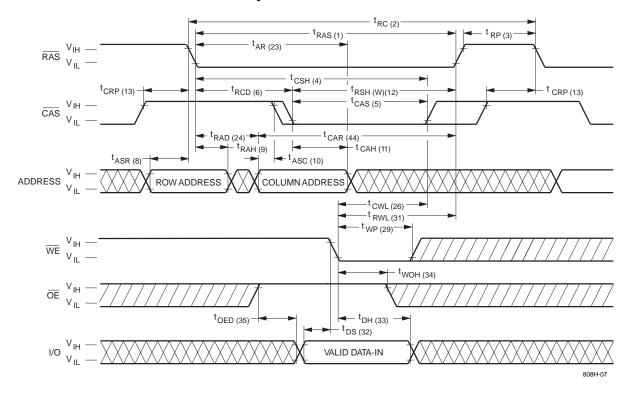
# Waveforms of Read Cycle



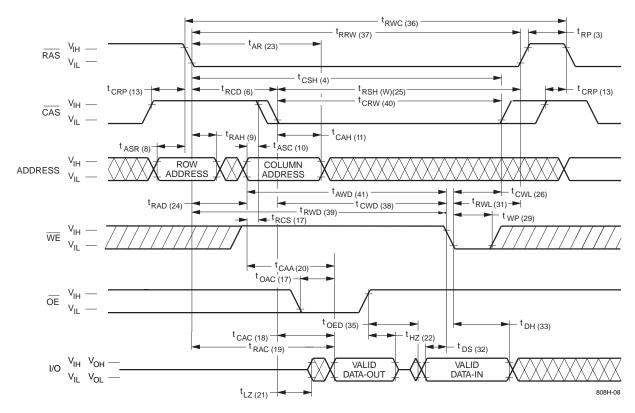
# Waveforms of Early Write Cycle



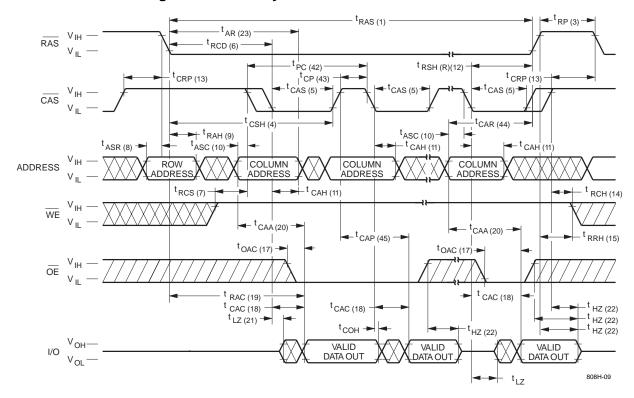
# Waveforms of OE-Controlled Write Cycle



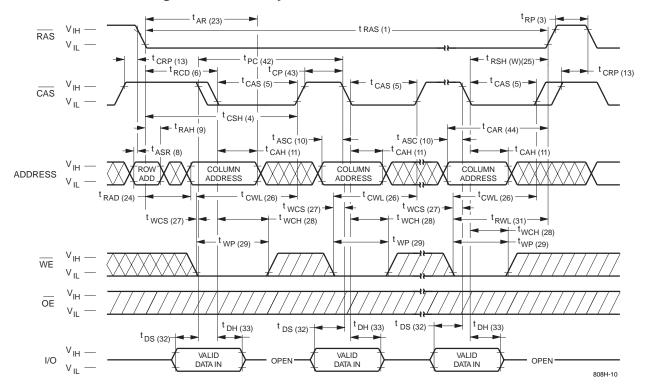
# Waveforms of Read-Modify-Write Cycle



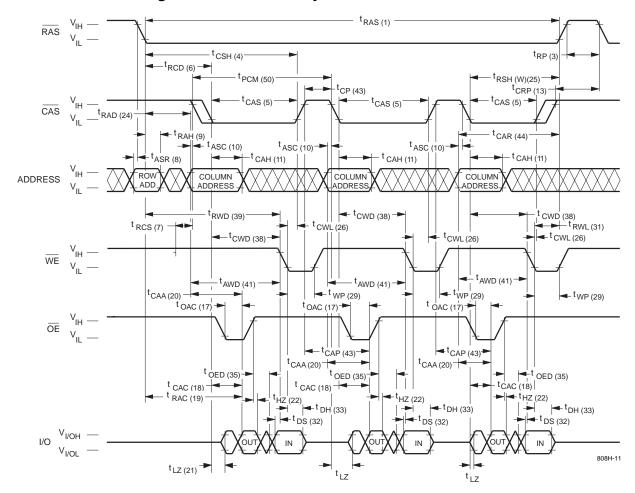
## Waveforms of EDO Page Mode Read Cycle



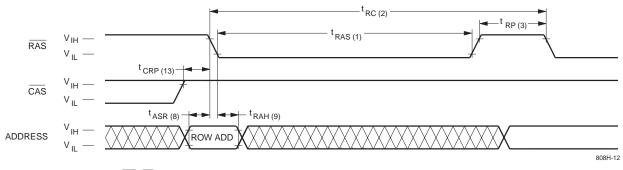
# Waveforms of EDO Page Mode Write Cycle



## Waveforms of EDO Page Mode Read-Write Cycle

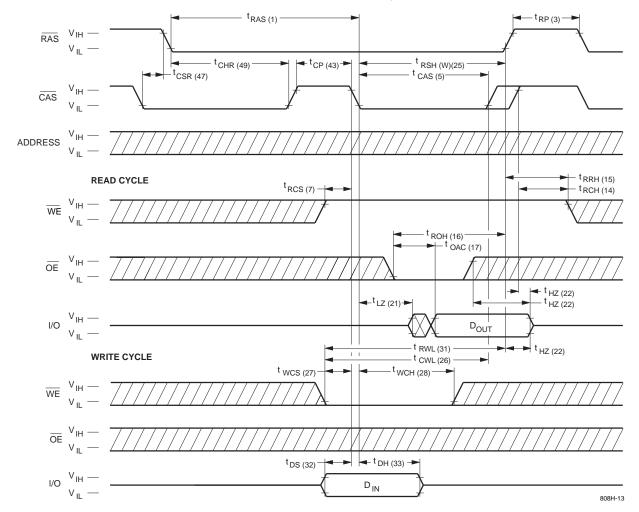


# Waveforms of RAS-Only Refresh Cycle

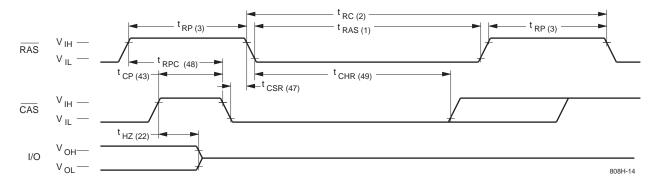


NOTE:  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{OE}$  = Don't care

# Waveforms of $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -before- $\overline{\text{RAS}}$ Refresh Counter Test Cycle

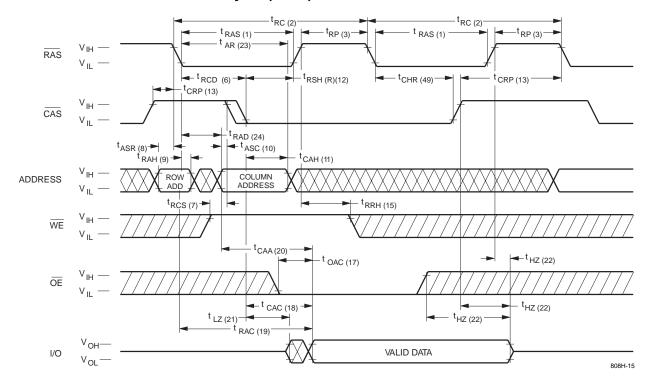


# Waveforms of CAS-before-RAS Refresh Cycle

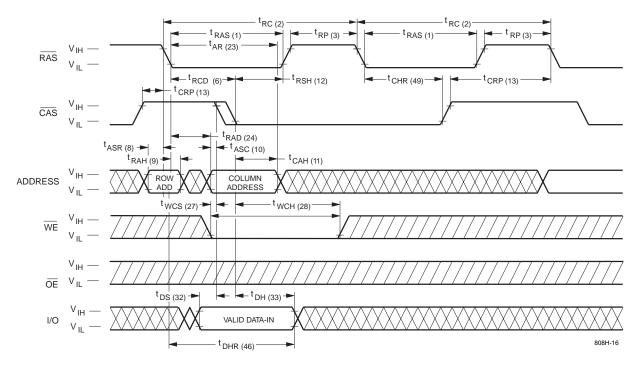


NOTE:  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $A_0 - A_9 = Don't$  care

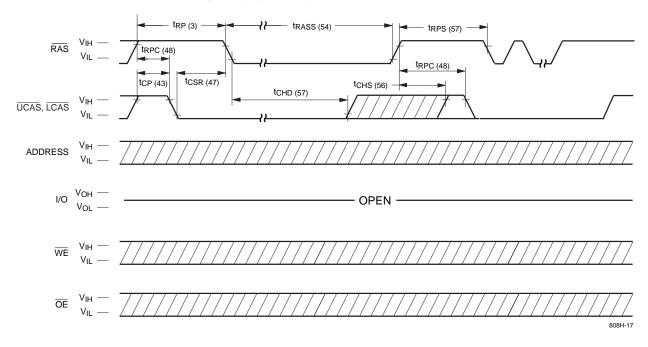
# Waveforms of Hidden Refresh Cycle (Read)



# Waveforms of Hidden Refresh Cycle (Write)



## Waveforms of Self Refresh Cycle (Optional)



### Functional Description

The V53C808H is a CMOS dynamic RAM optimized for high data bandwidth, low power applications. It is functionally similar to a traditional dynamic RAM. The V53C808H reads and writes data by multiplexing an 20-bit address into a 10-bit row and a 10-bit column address. The row address is latched by the Row Address Strobe ( $\overline{RAS}$ ). The column address "flows through" an internal address buffer and is latched by the Column Address Strobe ( $\overline{CAS}$ ). Because access time is primarily dependent on a valid column address rather than the precise time that the  $\overline{CAS}$  edge occurs, the delay time from  $\overline{RAS}$  to  $\overline{CAS}$  has little effect on the access time.

### Memory Cycle

A memory cycle is initiated by bringing  $\overline{RAS}$  low. Any memory cycle, once initiated, must not be ended or aborted before the minimum  $t_{RAS}$  time has expired. This ensures proper device operation and data integrity. A new cycle must not be initiated until the minimum precharge time  $t_{RP}/t_{CP}$  has elapsed.

## Read Cycle

A Read cycle is performed by holding the Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) signal High during a  $\overline{RAS}/\overline{CAS}$  operation. The column address must be held for a minimum specified by  $t_{AR}$ . Data Out becomes valid only when  $t_{OAC}$ ,  $t_{RAC}$ ,  $t_{CAA}$  and  $t_{CAC}$  are all satisifed. As a result, the access time is dependent on the timing relationships between these parameters. For example, the access time is limited by  $t_{CAA}$  when  $t_{RAC}$ ,  $t_{CAC}$  and  $t_{OAC}$  are all satisfied.

## Write Cycle

A Write Cycle is performed by taking  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  and  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  low during a  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  operation. The column address is latched by  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ . The Write Cycle can be  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  controlled or  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  controlled depending on whether  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  falls later. Consequently, the input data must be valid at or before the falling edge of  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ , whichever occurs last. In the  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$ -controlled Write Cycle, when the leading edge of  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  occurs prior to the  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  low transition, the I/O data pins will be in the High-Z state at the beginning of the Write function. Ending the Write with  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  or  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  will maintain the output in the High-Z state.

In the  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  controlled Write Cycle,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  must be in the high state and  $t_{\text{OED}}$  must be satisfied.

#### Extended Data Output Page Mode

EDO Page operation permits all 1024 columns within a selected row of the device to be randomly accessed at a high data rate. Maintaining RAS low while performing successive CAS cycles retains the row address internally and eliminates the need to reapply it for each cycle. The column address buffer acts as a transparent or flow-through latch while CAS is high. Thus, access begins from the occurrence of a valid column address rather than from the falling edge of  $\overline{CAS}$ , eliminating  $t_{ASC}$  and  $t_{T}$ from the critical timing path, CAS latches the address into the column address buffer. During EDO operation, Read, Write, Read-Modify-Write or Read-Write-Read cycles are possible at random addresses within a row. Following the initial entry cycle into Hyper Page Mode, access is t<sub>CAA</sub> or t<sub>CAP</sub> controlled. If the column address is valid prior to the rising edge of CAS, the access time is referenced to the CAS rising edge and is specified by t<sub>CAP</sub>. If the column address is valid after the rising CAS edge, access is timed from the occurrence of a valid address and is specified by t<sub>CAA</sub>. In both cases, the falling edge of CAS latches the address and enables the output.

EDO provides a sustained data rate of 72 MHz for applications that require high bandwidth such as bit-mapped graphics or high-speed signal processing. The following equation can be used to calculate the maximum data rate:

Data Rate = 
$$\frac{1024}{t_{RC} + 1023 \times t_{PC}}$$

### Self Refresh (Optional)

Self Refresh mode provides internal refresh control signals to the DRAM during extended periods of inactivity. Device operation in this mode provides additional power savings and design ease by elimination of external refresh control signals. Self Refresh mode is initialed with a  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  before  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  (CBR) Refresh cycle, holding both  $\overline{\text{RAS}}$  low (t\_{RASS}) and  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  low (t\_{CHD}) for a specified period. Both of these parameters are specified with minimum values to guarantee entry into Self Refresh operation. Once the device has been placed in to Self Refresh mode the  $\overline{\text{CAS}}$  clock is no longer required to maintain Self Refresh operation.

The Self Refresh mode is terminated by returning the  $\overline{RAS}$  clock to a high level for a specified (tRPS) minimum time. After termination of the Self Refresh cycle normal accesses to the device may be initiated immediately, poviding that subsequest refresh cycles utilize the  $\overline{CAS}$  before  $\overline{RAS}$  (CBR) mode of operation.

#### **Data Output Operation**

The V53C808H Input/Output is controlled by  $\overline{OE}$ . CAS, WE and RAS. A RAS low transition enables the transfer of data to and from the selected row address in the Memory Array. A RAS high transition disables data transfer and latches the output data if the output is enabled. After a memory cycle is initiated with a RAS low transition, a CAS low transition or CAS low level enables the internal I/O path. A CAS high transition or a CAS high level disables the I/O path and the output driver if it is enabled. A CAS low transition while RAS is high has no effect on the I/O data path or on the output drivers. The output drivers, when otherwise enabled, can be disabled by holding OE high. The OE signal has no effect on any data stored in the output latches. A WE low level can also disable the output drivers when CAS is low. During a Write cycle, if WE goes low at a time in relationship to CAS that would normally cause the outputs to be active, it is necessary to use OE to disable the output drivers prior to the WE low transition to allow Data In Setup Time (t<sub>DS</sub>) to be satisfied.

#### Power-On

After application of the  $V_{CC}$  supply, an initial pause of 200  $\mu s$  is required followed by a minimum of 8 initialization cycles (any combination of cycles containing a  $\overline{RAS}$  clock). Eight initialization cycles are required after extended periods of bias without clocks (greater than the Refresh Interval).

During Power-On, the  $V_{CC}$  current requirement of the V53C808H is dependent on the input levels of  $\overline{RAS}$  and  $\overline{CAS}$ . If  $\overline{RAS}$  is low during Power-On, the device will go into an active cycle and  $I_{CC}$  will exhibit current transients. It is recommended that  $\overline{RAS}$  and  $\overline{CAS}$  track with  $V_{CC}$  or be held at a valid  $V_{IH}$  during Power-On to avoid current surges.

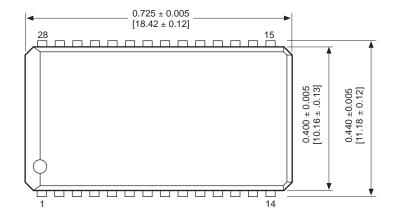
**Table 1. V53C808H Data Output**Operation for Various Cycle Types

| Cycle Type                                  | I/O State                               |
|---|---|
| Read Cycles                                 | Data from Addressed<br>Memory Cell      |
| CAS-Controlled Write<br>Cycle (Early Write) | High-Z                                  |
| WE-Controlled Write Cycle (Late Write)      | OE Controlled.<br>High OE = High-Z I/Os |
| Read-Modify-Write<br>Cycles                 | Data from Addressed<br>Memory Cell      |
| EDO Read Cycle                              | Data from Addressed<br>Memory Cell      |
| EDO Write Cycle<br>(Early Write)            | High-Z                                  |
| EDO Read-Modify-<br>Write Cycle             | Data from Addressed<br>Memory Cell      |
| RAS-only Refresh                            | High-Z                                  |
| CAS-before-RAS Refresh Cycle                | Data remains as in previous cycle       |
| CAS-only Cycles                             | High-Z                                  |

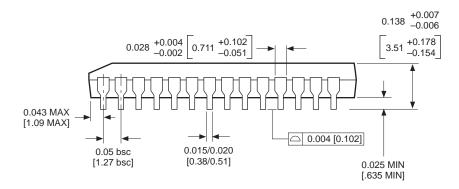
# Package Diagrams

## 28-Pin Plastic SOJ

Unit in inches [mm]







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4/98 Printed in U.S.A.

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