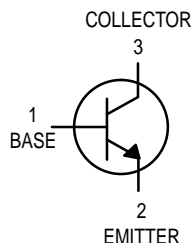


# Preliminary Information

## General Purpose Transistor

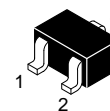
### NPN Silicon

These transistors are designed for general purpose amplifier applications. They are housed in the SOT-323/SC-70 package which is designed for low power surface mount applications.



## MMBT2222AWT1

Motorola Preferred Device



CASE 419-02, STYLE 3  
SOT-323/SC-70

### MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector–Emitter Voltage	$V_{CEO}$	40	Vdc
Collector–Base Voltage	$V_{CBO}$	75	Vdc
Emitter–Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	6.0	Vdc
Collector Current — Continuous	$I_C$	600	mAdc

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Total Device Dissipation FR-5 Board $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	150	mW
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	833	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Junction and Storage Temperature	$T_J, T_{stg}$	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### DEVICE MARKING

MMBT2222AWT1 = 1P

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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### OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage <sup>(1)</sup> ( $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	40	—	Vdc
Collector–Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{Adc}, I_E = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	75	—	Vdc
Emitter–Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 10 \text{ }\mu\text{Adc}, I_C = 0$ )	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	6.0	—	Vdc
Base Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{BL}$	—	20	nAdc
Collector Cutoff Current ( $V_{CE} = 60 \text{ Vdc}, V_{EB} = 3.0 \text{ Vdc}$ )	$I_{CEX}$	—	10	nAdc

1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300 \text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .

Thermal Clad is a registered trademark of the Berquist Company.

**Preferred** devices are Motorola recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

**MMBT2222AWT1****ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted) (Continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
<b>ON CHARACTERISTICS(1)</b>				
DC Current Gain (1) ( $I_C = 0.1\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 1.0\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 150\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 500\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ )	$H_{FE}$	35 50 75 100 40	— — — — —	—
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage(1) ( $I_C = 150\text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 15\text{ mAdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 500\text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 50\text{ mAdc}$ )	$V_{CE(sat)}$	— —	0.3 1.0	Vdc
Base–Emitter Saturation Voltage(1) ( $I_C = 150\text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 15\text{ mAdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 500\text{ mAdc}$ , $I_B = 50\text{ mAdc}$ )	$V_{BE(sat)}$	0.6 —	1.2 2.0	Vdc

**SMALL–SIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Current–Gain — Bandwidth Product ( $I_C = 20\text{ mAdc}$ , $V_{CE} = 20\text{ Vdc}$ , $f = 100\text{ MHz}$ )	$f_T$	300	—	MHz
Output Capacitance ( $V_{CB} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_E = 0$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{obo}$	—	8.0	pF
Input Capacitance ( $V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 0$ , $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ )	$C_{ibo}$	—	30	pF
Input Impedance ( $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{ie}$	0.25	1.25	k ohms
Voltage Feedback Ratio ( $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{re}$	—	4.0	$\times 10^{-4}$
Small–Signal Current Gain ( $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{fe}$	75	375	—
Output Admittance ( $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 10\text{ mAdc}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	$h_{oe}$	25	200	$\mu\text{mhos}$
Noise Figure ( $V_{CE} = 10\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{Adc}$ , $R_S = 1.0\text{ k ohms}$ , $f = 1.0\text{ kHz}$ )	NF	—	4.0	dB

**SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

Delay Time	$(V_{CC} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$ , $V_{BE} = -0.5\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 150\text{ mAdc}$ , $I_{B1} = 15\text{ mAdc}$ )	$t_d$	—	10	ns
Rise Time		$t_r$	—	25	
Storage Time	$(V_{CC} = 30\text{ Vdc}$ , $I_C = 150\text{ mAdc}$ , $I_{B1} = I_{B2} = 15\text{ mAdc}$ )	$t_s$	—	225	ns
Fall Time		$t_f$	—	60	

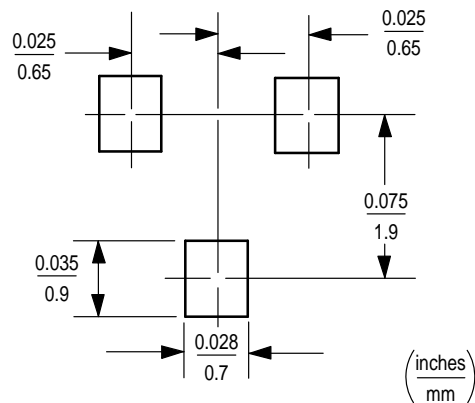
1. Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2.0\%$ .

## INFORMATION FOR USING THE SOT-323/SC-70 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

### MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SOT-323/SC-70

### SOT-323/SC-70 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SOT-323/SC-70 is a function of the pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by  $T_{J(max)}$ , the maximum rated junction temperature of the die,  $R_{\theta JA}$ , the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature,  $T_A$ . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SOT-323/SC-70 package,  $P_D$  can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature  $T_A$  of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 150 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}}{833^\circ\text{C/W}} = 150 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 833°C/W for the SOT-323/SC-70 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 150 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SOT-323/SC-70 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad™. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

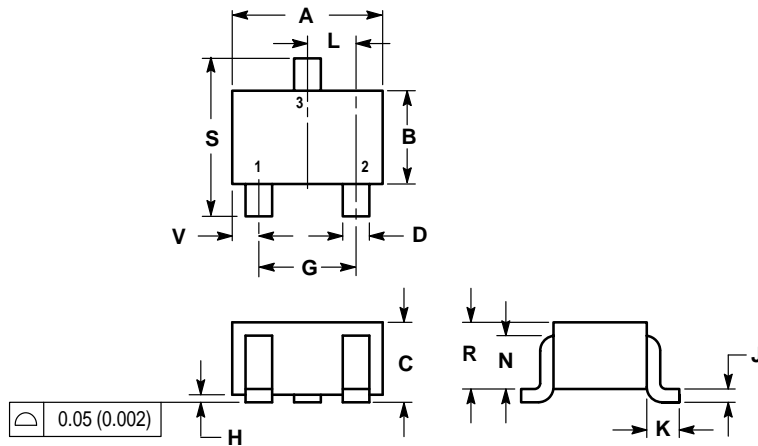
### SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.\*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes. Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.

\* Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



- NOTES:  
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.  
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.071	0.087	1.80	2.20
B	0.045	0.053	1.15	1.35
C	0.035	0.049	0.90	1.25
D	0.012	0.016	0.30	0.40
G	0.047	0.055	1.20	1.40
H	0.000	0.004	0.00	0.10
J	0.004	0.010	0.10	0.25
K	0.017 REF		0.425 REF	
L	0.026 BSC		0.650 BSC	
N	0.028 REF		0.700 REF	
R	0.031	0.039	0.80	1.00
S	0.079	0.087	2.00	2.20
V	0.012	0.016	0.30	0.40

STYLE 3:  
 PIN 1. BASE  
 2. EMITTER  
 3. COLLECTOR

CASE 419-02  
 ISSUE H  
 SOT-323/SC-70

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