

Programmable Timing Control Hub™ for Next Gen P4™ processor

Recommended Application:

CK409 clock, Intel Yellow Cover part

Output Features:

- 3 0.7V current-mode differential CPU pairs
- 1 0.7V current-mode differential SRC pair
- 7 PCI (33MHz)
- 3 PCICLK_F, (33MHz) free-running
- 1 USB, 48MHz
- 1 DOT, 48MHz
- 2 REF, 14.318MHz
- 4 3V66, 66.66MHz
- 1 VCH/3V66, selectable 48MHz or 66MHz

Key Specifications:

- CPU/SRC outputs cycle-cycle jitter < 125ps
- 3V66 outputs cycle-cycle jitter < 250ps
- PCI outputs cycle-cycle jitter < 250ps
- CPU outputs skew: < 100ps
- +/- 300ppm frequency accuracy on CPU & SRC clocks

Functionality

			CPU	SRC	3V66	PCI	REF	USB/DOT
B6b5	FS_A	FS_B	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz
	0	0	100	100/200	66.66	33.33	14.318	48.00
	0	MID	Ref/N ₀	Ref/N ₁	Ref/N ₂	Ref/N ₃	Ref/N ₄	Ref/N ₅
0	0	1	200	100/200	66.66	33.33	14.318	48.00
0	1	0	133	100/200	66.66	33.33	14.318	48.00
	1	1	166	100/200	66.66	33.33	14.318	48.00
	1	MID	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
	0	0	200	100/200	66.66	33.33	14.318	48.00
4	0	1	400	100/200	66.66	33.33	14.318	48.00
' '	1	0	266	100/200	66.66	33.33	14.318	48.00
	1	1	333	100/200	66.66	33.33	14.318	48.00

Features/Benefits:

- Supports tight ppm accuracy clocks for Serial-ATA.
- Supports spread spectrum modulation, 0 to -0.5% down spread.
- Supports CPU clks up to 400MHz in test mode.
- Uses external 14.318MHz crystal, external crystal load caps are required for frequency tuning.
- Supports undriven differential CPU, SRC pair in PD# and CPU_STOP# for power management.

Pin Configuration

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REF0	1	56	FS_B
REF1	2	55	VDDA
VDDREF	3	54	GNDA
X1	4	53	GND
X2	5	52	IREF
GND	6	51	FS_A
PCICLK_F0	7	50	CPU_STOP#
PCICLK_F1	8	49	PCI_STOP#
PCICLK_F2		48	VDDCPU
VDDPCI	10	47	CPUCLKT2
GND	11	46	CPUCLKC2
PCICLK0	12	\(\) 45	GND
PCICLK1	13	09 44	CPUCLKT1
PCICLK2	14	45 44 43 42 41 40	CPUCLKC1
PCICLK3	15	6 42	VDDCPU
VDDPCI	16	9 41	CPUCLKT0
GND	17	9 40	CPUCLKC0
PCICLK4	18	39	GND
PCICLK5	19	38	SRCCLKT
PCICLK6	20	37	SRCCLKC
PD#	21	36	VDD
3V66_0	22	35	Vtt_PWRGD#
3V66_1	23	34	VDD48
VDD3V66	24	33	GND
GND	25	32	48MHz_DOT
3V66_2	26	31	48MHz_USB
3V66_3			SDATA
SCLK	28	29	3V66_4/VCH

56-pin SSOP & TSSOP



Pin Description

PIN #	PIN NAME	PIN TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1	REF0	OUT	14.318 MHz reference clock.
2	REF1	OUT	14.318 MHz reference clock.
3	VDDREF	PWR	Ref, XTAL power supply, nominal 3.3V
4	X1	IN	Crystal input, Nominally 14.318MHz.
5	X2	OUT	Crystal output, Nominally 14.318MHz
6	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
7	PCICLK_F0	OUT	Free running PCI clock not affected by PCI_STOP#.
8	PCICLK_F1	OUT	Free running PCI clock not affected by PCI_STOP#.
9	PCICLK_F2	OUT	Free running PCI clock not affected by PCI_STOP#.
10	VDDPCI	PWR	Power supply for PCI clocks, nominal 3.3V
11	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
12	PCICLK0	OUT	PCI clock output.
13	PCICLK1	OUT	PCI clock output.
14	PCICLK2	OUT	PCI clock output.
15	PCICLK3	OUT	PCI clock output.
16	VDDPCI	PWR	Power supply for PCI clocks, nominal 3.3V
17	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
18	PCICLK4	OUT	PCI clock output.
19	PCICLK5	OUT	PCI clock output.
20	PCICLK6	OUT	PCI clock output.
21	PD#	IN	Asynchronous active low input pin used to power down the device into a low power state. The internal clocks are disabled and the VCO and the crystal are stopped. The latency of the power down will not be greater than 1.8ms. Internal pull-up of 150K nominal.
22	3V66_0	OUT	3.3V 66.66MHz clock output
23	3V66_1	OUT	3.3V 66.66MHz clock output
24	VDD3V66	PWR	Power pin for the 3V66 clocks.
25	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
26	3V66_2	OUT	3.3V 66.66MHz clock output
27	3V66_3	OUT	3.3V 66.66MHz clock output
28	SCLK	IN	Clock pin of SMBus circuitry, 5V tolerant.



Pin Description (Continued)

PIN#	PIN NAME	PIN TYPE	DESCRIPTION
			66.66MHz clock output for AGP support. AGP-PCI should be aligned
29	3V66_4/VCH	OUT	with a skew window tolerance of 500ps.
			VCH is 48MHz clock output for video controller hub.
30	SDATA	I/O	Data pin for SMBus circuitry, 5V tolerant.
31	48MHz_USB	OUT	48MHz clock output.
32	48MHz_DOT	OUT	48MHz clock output.
33	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
34	VDD48	PWR	Power pin for the 48MHz output.3.3V
35	Vtt_PWRGD#	IN	This 3.3V LVTTL input is a level sensitive strobe used to determine when latch inputs are valid and are ready to be sampled. This is an active low input.
36	VDD	PWR	Power supply for SRC clocks, nominal 3.3V
37	SRCCLKC	OUT	Complement clock of differential pair for S-ATA support. +/- 300ppm accuracy required.
38	SRCCLKT	OUT	True clock of differential pair for S-ATA support. +/- 300ppm accuracy required.
39	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
40	CPUCLKC0	OUT	Complimentary clock of differential pair CPU outputs. These are current mode outputs. External resistors are required for voltage bias.
41	CPUCLKT0	OUT	True clock of differential pair CPU outputs. These are current mode outputs. External resistors are required for voltage bias.
42	VDDCPU	PWR	Supply for CPU clocks, 3.3V nominal
43	CPUCLKC1	OUT	Complimentary clock of differential pair CPU outputs. These are current mode outputs. External resistors are required for voltage bias.
44	CPUCLKT1	OUT	True clock of differential pair CPU outputs. These are current mode outputs. External resistors are required for voltage bias.
45	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
46	CPUCLKC2	OUT	Complimentary clock of differential pair CPU outputs. These are current mode outputs. External resistors are required for voltage bias.
47	CPUCLKT2	OUT	True clock of differential pair CPU outputs. These are current mode outputs. External resistors are required for voltage bias.
48	VDDCPU	PWR	Supply for CPU clocks, 3.3V nominal
49	PCI_STOP#	IN	Stops all PCICLKs and SRC pair besides the PCICLK_F clocks at logic 0 level, when input low. PCI and SRC clocks can be set to Free_Running through I2C. Internal pull-up of 150K nominal.
50	CPU_STOP#	IN	Stops all CPUCLK besides the free running clocks. Internal pull-up of 150K nominal
51	FS_A	IN	Frequency select pin, see Frequency table for functionality
52	IREF	OUT	This pin establishes the reference current for the differential current-mode output pairs. This pin requires a fixed precision resistor tied to ground in order to establish the appropriate current. 475 ohms is the standard value.
53	GND	PWR	Ground pin.
54	GNDA	PWR	Ground pin for core.
55	VDDA	PWR	3.3V power for the PLL core.
56	FS_B	IN	Frequency select pin, see Frequency table for functionality

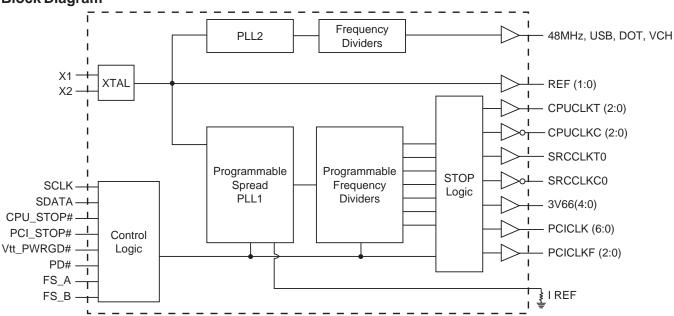
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General Description

ICS952601 follows Intel CK409 Yellow Cover specification. This clock synthesizer provides a single chip solution for next generation P4 Intel processors and Intel chipsets. ICS952601 is driven with a 14.318MHz crystal. It generates CPU outputs up to 200MHz. It also provides a tight ppm accuracy output for Serial ATA support.

Block Diagram



Power Groups

Pin N	lumber	Description
VDD	GND	Description
3	6	Xtal, Ref
24	25	3V66 [0:3]
10,16	11,17	PCICLK outputs
36	39	SRCCLK outputs
55	54	Master clock, CPU Analog
34	33	48MHz, PLL, SCLK, SDATA
N/A	53	IREF
48, 42	45	CPUCLK clocks



Absolute Max

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units
VDD_A	3.3V Core Supply Voltage		$V_{DD} + 0.5V$	V
VDD_In	3.3V Logic Input Supply Voltage	GND - 0.5	$V_{DD} + 0.5V$	V
Ts	Storage Temperature	-65	150	°C
Tambient	Ambient Operating Temp	0	70	°C
Tcase	Case Temperature		115	°C
ESD prot	Input ESD protection human body model	2000		V

Electrical Characteristics - Input/Supply/Common Output Parameters

 $T_A = 0 - 70$ °C; Supply Voltage $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} + /-5\%$

$I_A = 0 - 70$ °C; Supply Voltage V_E	$_{\rm DD} = 3.3 \text{ V } +/-3$	5%					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	3.3 V +/-5%	2		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
Input MID Voltage	V_{MID}	3.3 V +/-5%	1		1.8	V	
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	3.3 V +/-5%	V _{SS} - 0.3		0.8	V	
Input High Current	I _{IH}	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	-5		5	uA	
	I _{IL1}	V _{IN} = 0 V; Inputs with no pull-up resistors	-5			uA	
Input Low Current	l _{IL2}	V _{IN} = 0 V; Inputs with pull-up resistors	-200			uA	
Operating Supply Current	I _{DD3.3OP}	Full Active, C _L = Full load;		258	350	mA	
Powerdown Current	I _{DD3.3PD}	all diff pairs driven		29	35	mΑ	
		all differential pairs tri-stated		0.3	12	mA	
Input Frequency ³	Fi	V _{DD} = 3.3 V		14.31818		MHz	3
Pin Inductance ¹	L_{pin}				7	nH	1
	C _{IN}	Logic Inputs			5	pF	1
Input Capacitance ¹	C_OUT	Output pin capacitance			6	pF	1
	C_{INX}	X1 & X2 pins			5	pF	1
Clk Stabilization ^{1,2}	T _{STAB}	From V _{DD} Power-Up or de- assertion of PD# to 1st clock			1.8	ms	1,2
Modulation Frequency		Triangular Modulation	30		33	kHz	1
Tdrive_SRC		SRC output enable after PCI_Stop# de-assertion			15	ns	1
Tdrive_PD#		CPU output enable after PD# de-assertion			300	us	1
Tfall_Pd#		PD# fall time of			5	ns	1
Trise_Pd#		PD# rise time of			5	ns	2
Tdrive_CPU_Stop#		CPU output enable after CPU_Stop# de-assertion			10	us	1
Tfall_CPU_Stop#		PD# fall time of			5	ns	1
Trise_CPU_Stop#		PD# rise time of			5	ns	2
SMBus Voltage	V_{DD}		2.7		5.5	V	1
Low-level Output Voltage	V_{OL}	@ I _{PULLUP}			0.4	V	1
Current sinking at V _{OL} = 0.4 V	I _{PULLUP}		4			mΑ	1
SCLK/SDATA Clock/Data Rise Time ³	T _{RI2C}	(Max VIL - 0.15) to (Min VIH + 0.	15)		1000	ns	1
SCLK/SDATA Clock/Data Fall Time ³	T _{FI2C}	(Min VIH + 0.15) to (Max VIL - 0.	15)		300	ns	1

¹Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.

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²See timing diagrams for timing requirements.
³ Input frequency should be measured at the REF output pin and tuned to ideal 14.31818MHz to meet ppm frequency accuracy on PLL outputs.

Electrical Characteristics - CPU & SRC 0.7V Current Mode Differential Pair

 $T_A = 0 - 70$ °C; $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V +/-5}$ %; $C_L = 2pF$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Current Source Output Impedance	Zo ¹	$V_O = V_x$	3000				1
Voltage High	VHigh	Statistical measurement on single ended signal using oscilloscope	660	770	850	mV	1
Voltage Low	VLow	math function.	-150	5	150	1117	1
Max Voltage	Vovs	Measurement on single ended		756	1150	mV	1
Min Voltage	Vuds	signal using absolute value.	-300	-7		IIIV	1
Crossing Voltage (abs)	Vcross(abs)		250	350	550	mV	1
Crossing Voltage (var)	d-Vcross	Variation of crossing over all edges		12	140	mV	1
Long Accuracy	ppm	see Tperiod min-max values	-300		300	ppm	1,2
		200MHz nominal	4.9985	5.0000	5.0015	ns	2
	Tperiod	200MHz spread	4.9985		5.0266	ns	2
		166.66MHz nominal	5.9982	6.0000	6.0018	ns	2
Average period		166.66MHz spread	5.9982		6.0320	ns	2
Average period		133.33MHz nominal	7.4978	7.5000	7.5023	ns	2
		133.33MHz spread	7.4978		5.4000	ns	2
		100.00MHz nominal	9.9970	10.0000	10.0030	ns	2
		100.00MHz spread	9.9970		10.0533	ns	2
		200MHz nominal	4.8735			ns	1,2
Absolute min period	т	166.66MHz nominal/spread	5.8732			ns	1,2
Absolute IIIII period	T_{absmin}	133.33MHz nominal/spread	7.3728			ns	1,2
		100.00MHz nominal/spread	9.8720			ns	1,2
Rise Time	t _r	$V_{OL} = 0.175V, V_{OH} = 0.525V$	175	332	700	ps	1
Fall Time	t _f	$V_{OH} = 0.525 V V_{OL} = 0.175 V$	175	344	700	ps	1
Rise Time Variation	d-t _r			30	125	ps	1
Fall Time Variation	d-t _f			30	125	ps	1
Duty Cycle	d _{t3}	Measurement from differential wavefrom	45	49	55	%	1
Skew	t _{sk3}	$V_T = 50\%$		8	100	ps	1
Jitter, Cycle to cycle	t _{jcyc-cyc}	Measurement from differential wavefrom		37	125	ps	1

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SRC clock outputs run at only 100MHz or 200MHz, specs for 133.33 and 166.66 do not apply to SRC clock pair.

² All Long Term Accuracy and Clock Period specifications are guaranteed with the assumption that Ref output is at 14.31818MHz

Electrical Characteristics - 3V66 Mode: 3V66 [4:0]

 $T_A = 0 - 70^{\circ}C$; $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V +/-}5\%$; $C_L = 10-30 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	Notes
Long Accuracy	ppm	see Tperiod min-max values	-300		300	ppm	1,2
Clock period	T _{period}	66.66MHz output nominal	14.9955	15	15.0045	ns	2
Clock period	' period	66.66MHz output spread	14.9955		15.0799	ns	2
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	2.4			V	
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$			0.55	٧	
Output High Current	1	V_{OH} @ MIN = 1.0 V	-33			mA	
Output High Current	I _{OH}	V _{OH} @ MAX = 3.135 V			-33	mA	
Output Low Current	1	V _{OL} @ MIN = 1.95 V	30			mA	
Output Low Current	I _{OL}	V_{OL} @ MAX = 0.4 V			38	mA	
Edge Rate		Rising edge rate	1		4	V/ns	1
Edge Rate		Falling edge rate	1		4	V/ns	1
Rise Time	t _{r1}	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$	0.5	1.92	2	ns	1
Fall Time	t _{f1}	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	0.5	1.97	2	ns	1
Duty Cycle	d _{t1}	V _T = 1.5 V	45	53.1	55	%	1
Skew	t _{sk1}	$V_{T} = 1.5 \text{ V}$		38	250	ps	1
Jitter	t _{jcyc-cyc}	$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V} 3V66$		139	250	ps	1

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Electrical Characteristics - PCICLK/PCICLK_F

 $T_A = 0 - 70$ °C; $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V +/-5\%}$; $C_L = 10-30 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	Notes
Long Accuracy	ppm	see Tperiod min-max values	-300		300	ppm	1,2
Clock period	T _{period}	33.33MHz output nominal	29.9910	30	30.0090	ns	2
Clock period	' period	33.33MHz output spread	29.9910		30.1598	ns	2
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	2.4			V	
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$			0.55	V	
Output High Current	1.	V _{OH} @MIN = 1.0 V	-33			mA	
Odtpat High Carrent	I _{OH}	V_{OH} @ MAX = 3.135 V			-33	mA	
Output Low Current	1.	V _{OL} @ MIN = 1.95 V	30			mA	
Output Low Current	I _{OL}	V_{OL} @ MAX = 0.4 V			38	mA	
Edge Rate		Rising edge rate	1		4	V/ns	1
Edge Rate		Falling edge rate	1		4	V/ns	1
Rise Time	t _{r1}	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$	0.5	1.92	2	ns	1
Fall Time	t _{f1}	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	0.5	1.9	2	ns	1
Duty Cycle	d_{t1}	$V_{T} = 1.5 \text{ V}$	45	51.4	55	%	1
Skew	t _{sk1}	V _T = 1.5 V		18	500	ps	1
Jitter	t _{jcyc-cyc}	$V_T = 1.5 \text{ V} 3V66$		92	250	ps	1

² All Long Term Accuracy and Clock Period specifications are guaranteed with the assumption that Ref output is at 14.31818MHz

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² All Long Term Accuracy and Clock Period specifications are guaranteed with the assumption that Ref output is at 14.31818MHz



Electrical Characteristics - 48MHz DOT Clock

 $T_A = 0 - 70$ °C; $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V +/-5\%}$; $C_L = 5-10 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise specified)

		, ,					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	Notes
Long Accuracy	ppm	see Tperiod min-max values	-200		200	ppm	1,2
Clock period	T_{period}	66.66MHz output nominal	20.8257		20.8340	ns	2
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	2.4			V	
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$			0.55	V	
Output High Current	ı	V _{OH} @ MIN = 1.0 V	-33			mA	
Output High Current	I _{OH}	V _{OH} @ MAX = 3.135 V			-33	mA	
Outrout Laur Commant	1	V _{OL} @ MIN = 1.95 V	30			mA	
Output Low Current	l _{OL}	V _{OL} @ MAX = 0.4 V			38	mA	
Edge Rate		Rising edge rate	2		4	V/ns	1
Edge Rate		Falling edge rate	2		4	V/ns	1
Rise Time	t _{r1}	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$	0.5	0.71	1	ns	1
Fall Time	t _{f1}	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	0.5	0.77	1	ns	1
Duty Cycle	d _{t1}	V _T = 1.5 V	45	49	55	%	1
Long Term Jitter		125us period jitter (8kHz frequency modulation amplitude)		0.7	2	ns	1

Electrical Characteristics - VCH, 48MHz, USB

 $T_A = 0 - 70$ °C; $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V +/-5\%}$; $C_L = 10-20 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	Notes
Long Accuracy	ppm	see Tperiod min-max values	-200		200	ppm	1,2
Clock period	T_{period}	66.66MHz output nominal	20.8257		20.8340	ns	2
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	2.4			V	
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$			0.55	V	
Output High Current	1	V _{OH} @ MIN = 1.0 V	-33			mA	
Output High Current	I _{ОН}	V_{OH} @ MAX = 3.135 V			-33	mA	
Output Low Current	1.	V _{OL} @MIN = 1.95 V	30			mA	
Output Low Current	I _{OL}	V_{OL} @ MAX = 0.4 V			38	mA	
Edge Rate		Rising edge rate	1		2	V/ns	1
Edge Rate		Falling edge rate	1		2	V/ns	1
Rise Time	t _{r1}	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$	1	1.43	2	ns	1
Fall Time	t _{f1}	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	1	1.33	2	ns	1
Duty Cycle	d _{t1}	$V_{T} = 1.5 \text{ V}$	45	48	55	%	1
Long Term Jitter		125us period jitter (8kHz frequency modulation amplitude)		0.7	6	ns	1

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² All Long Term Accuracy and Clock Period specifications are guaranteed with the assumption that Ref output is at 14.31818MHz

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Electrical Characteristics - REF-14.318MHz

 $T_A = 0 - 70$ °C; $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ +/-5%; $C_L = 10$ -20 pF (unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Long Accuracy	ppm ¹	see Tperiod min-max values	-300		300	ppm
Clock period	T _{period}	14.318MHz output nominal 69			69.8550	ns
Output High Voltage	V _{OH} ¹	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	2.4			V
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}^{1}	$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$			0.4	V
Output High Current	I _{OH} ¹	V _{OH} @MIN = 1.0 V, V _{OH} @MAX = 3.135 V	-29		-23	mA
Output Low Current	l _{OL} ¹	V_{OL} @MIN = 1.95 V, V_{OL} @MAX = 0.4 V	29		27	mA
Rise Time	t _{r1} 1	$V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$	1	1.92	2	ns
Fall Time	t _{f1} 1	$V_{OH} = 2.4 \text{ V}, V_{OL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	1	1.92	2	ns
Skew	t _{sk1} 1	V _T = 1.5 V		26	500	ps
Duty Cycle	d _{t1} ¹	V _T = 1.5 V	45	53.4	55	%
Jitter	t _{icyc-cyc} 1	V _T = 1.5 V		284	1000	ps

¹Guaranteed by design, not 100% tested in production.

Group to Group Skews at Common Transition Edges

			_			
GROUP	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
200MHZ CPU to 3V66 ¹	S _{CPU200-3V66}	3V66 (4:0) leads 200MHZ CPU	-2.1	-1.6	-1.1	ns
3V66 to PCI	S _{3V66-PCI}	3V66 (4:0) leads 33MHz PCI	1.50	2.59	3.50	ns
DOT-USB	S _{DOT_USB}	180 degrees out of phase	0.00		1.00	ns
DOT-VCH	S _{DOT VCH}	in phase	0.00		1.00	ns

^{1.} 3V66 MHz C_L = 0pf, Rseries = 33 ohm. CPU CL = 2 pf, Rseries = 33 ohm, Rshunt = 49.9 ohms. Measured at the pins of the 952601.



General I²C serial interface information for the ICS952601

How to Write:

- · Controller (host) sends a start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the write address D2 (H)
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the begining byte location = N
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the data byte count = X
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) starts sending Byte N through Byte N + X -1 (see Note 2)
- ICS clock will acknowledge each byte one at a time
- · Controller (host) sends a Stop bit

In	dex Block W	/rit	e Operation
Coi	ntroller (Host)		ICS (Slave/Receiver)
Т	starT bit		
Slav	e Address D2 _(H)		
WR	WRite		
			ACK
Beg	inning Byte = N		
		ACK	
Data	Byte Count = X		
			ACK
Begir	nning Byte N		
			ACK
	0	ţe	
	0	X Byte	0
	0	×	0
			0
Byte	e N + X - 1		
			ACK
Р	stoP bit		

How to Read:

- · Controller (host) will send start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the write address D2 (H)
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) sends the begining byte location = N
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- Controller (host) will send a separate start bit.
- Controller (host) sends the read address D3_(H)
- ICS clock will acknowledge
- ICS clock will send the data byte count = X
- ICS clock sends Byte N + X -1
- ICS clock sends Byte 0 through byte X (if X_(H) was written to byte 8).
- · Controller (host) will need to acknowledge each byte
- · Controllor (host) will send a not acknowledge bit
- · Controller (host) will send a stop bit

Ind	dex Block Rea	ad Operation				
Con	troller (Host)	IC	S (Slave/Receiver)			
Т	starT bit					
Slave	e Address D2 _(H)					
WR	WRite					
			ACK			
Begi	nning Byte = N					
			ACK			
RT	Repeat starT					
Slave	e Address D3 _(H)					
RD	ReaD					
			ACK			
		Data Byte Count = X				
	ACK					
			Beginning Byte N			
	ACK					
		X Byte	0			
	0	<u>6</u>	0			
	0	×	0			
	0					
			Byte N + X - 1			
N	Not acknowledge					
Р	stoP bit					



I²C Table: Read-Back Register

Ву	rte 0 Pir	# Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	PWD
Bit 7	-	RESERVED	RESERVED	-	RE:	SERVED	X
Bit 6	-	RESERVED	RESERVED	-	RE:	SERVED	X
Bit 5	-	RESERVED	RESERVED	-	RE:	RESERVED	
Bit 4	-	RESERVED	RESERVED	-	RE:	SERVED	X
Bit 3	-	PCI_STOP#	PCI STOP# Read Back	R	READBACK		Х
Bit 2	-	CPU_STOP#	CPU STOP Read Back	R	RE	ADBACK	X
Bit 1	-	FSB	Freq Select 1 Read Back	R	READBACK of CPU(2:0)		Х
Bit 0	-	FSA	Freq Select 0 Read Back	R	Fre	equency	Х

I²C Table: Spreading and Device Behavior Control Register

			VIOC Benavior Control IX					
Ву	rte 1	Pin #	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	PWD
Bit 7	37	7,38	SRC/SRC#	SRC Free-Running Control	RW	FREE-RUN	STOPPABLE	0
Bit 6	37	7,38	SRC	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 5	46	6,47	CPUT2/CPUC2	CPU FREE-	RW	FREE-RUN	STOPPABLE	1
Bit 4	43	3,44	CPUT1/CPUC1	RUNNING	RW	FREE-RUN	STOPPABLE	1
Bit 3	4(0,41	CPUT0/CPUC0	CONTROL	RW	FREE-RUN	STOPPABLE	1
Bit 2	46	6,47	CPUT2/CPUC2	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 1	43	3,44	CPUT1/CPUC1	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 0	4(0,41	CPUT0/CPUC0	Output Enable	RW	Disable	Enable	1

I²C Table: Output Control Register

Ву	te 2	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	PWD
Bit 7	37,	38	SRC_PD# Drive Mode	0: Driven in PD#	RW	Driven	Hi-Z	0
Bit 6	37,	38	SRC_Stop# Drive Mode	0: Driven in PCI_Stop#	RW	Driven	Hi-Z	0
Bit 5	46,	47	CPUT2_PD# Drive Mode		RW	Driven	Hi-Z	0
Bit 4	43,44	CPUT1_PD# Drive Mode	0:driven in PD# 1: Tri-stated	RW	Driven	Hi-Z	0	
Bit 3	40,	41	CPUT0_PD# Drive Mode		RW	Driven	Hi-Z	0
Bit 2	46,	47	CPUT2_Stop Drive Mode	0:driven when	RW	Driven	Hi-Z	0
Bit 1	43,	44	CPUT1_Stop Drive Mode	stopped	RW	Driven	Hi-Z	0
Bit 0	40,	41	CPUT0_Stop Drive Mode	1: Tri-stated	RW	Driven	Hi-Z	0



I²C Table: Output Control Register

Ву	/te 3	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	PWD
Bit 7	7,8,9,12,13,14,15, 18,19,20,37,38,		PCI_Stop#	PCI_Stop# Control 0:all stoppable PCI and SRC are stopped	RW	Enable	Disable	1
Bit 6	2	20	PCICLK6	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 5	,	19	PCICLK5	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 4	,	18	PCICLK4	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 3	,	15	PCICLK3	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 2	,	14	PCICLK2	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 1	,	13	PCICLK1	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 0		12	PCICLK0	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1

I²C Table: Output Control Register

Byte 4	Pin #	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	PWD
Bit 7	31	48MHz_USB 2x output drive	0=2x drive	RW	2x drive	normal	0
Bit 6	31	48MHz_USB	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 5	9	PCIF2	PCI FREE-RUN	RW	FREE-RUN	STOPPABLE	0
Bit 4	8	PCIF1	NING CONTROL	RW	FREE-RUN	STOPPABLE	0
Bit 3	7	PCIF0	INING CONTROL	RW	FREE-RUN	STOPPABLE	0
Bit 2	9	PCICLK_F2	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 1	8	PCICLK_F1	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 0	7	PCICLK_F0	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1

I²C Table: Output Control Register

Ву	rte 5 Pin #	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	PWD
Bit 7	32	48MHZ_DOT	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 6	-	RESERVED	RESERVED	`	-	-	0
Bit 5	29	3V66_4/VCH Select	Output Select	RW	3V66	VCH	0
Bit 4	29	3V66_4/VCH	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 3	27	3V66_3	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 2	26	3V66_2	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 1	23	3V66_1	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 0	22	3V66_0	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1



I²C Table: Output Control and Fix Frequency Register

	yte 6	Pin#	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	PWD
Bit 7	1,2,7,8,9,12 5,18,19,20,2 27,29,31,32 0,41,43,44	22,23,26, 2,37,38,4	Test Clock Mode	Test Clock Mode	-	Disable	Enable	0
Bit 6	-		RESERVED	-	-	-	-	0
Bit 5	40,41,43,4	4,46,47	RESERVED	FS_A and FS_B Operation	ı	Normal	Test Mode	0
Bit 4	37,38	8	RESERVED	SRC Frequency Select	ı	100MHz	200MHz	0
Bit 3			RESERVED	-	-	-	-	0
Bit 2	7,8,9,12,13, ,19,20,22,23 9,31,32,37,3 43,44,4	3,26,27,2 38,40,41,				Spread OFF	Spread ON	0
Bit 1	2		REF1	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1
Bit 0	1		REF0	Output Control	RW	Disable	Enable	1

I²C Table: Vendor & Revision ID Register

Byte	7 Pin #	Name	Control Function	Type	0	1	PWD
Bit 7	-	RID3	REVISION ID	R	-	-	Χ
Bit 6	-	RID2		R	-	-	Χ
Bit 5	-	RID1		R	-	-	Χ
Bit 4	-	RID0		R	-	-	Χ
Bit 3	•	VID3		R	-	-	0
Bit 2	•	VID2	VENDOR ID	R	-	-	0
Bit 1	-	VID1	VENDORID	R	-	-	0
Bit 0	-	VID0]	R	-	-	1



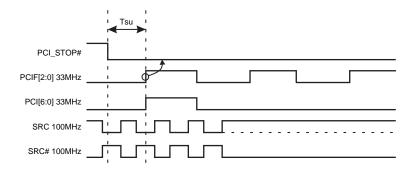
PCI Stop Functionality

The PCI_STOP# signal is on an active low input controlling PCI and SRC outputs. If PCIF (2:0) and SRC clocks can be set to be free-running through I2C programming. Outputs set to be free-running will ignore both the PCI_STOP pin and the PCI_STOP register bit.

PCI_STOP#	CPU	CPU#	SRC	SRC#	3V66	PCIF/PCI	USB/DOT	REF	Note
1	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	66MHz	33MHz	48MHz	14.318MHz	
0	Normal	Normal	Iref * 6 or Float	Low	66MHz	Low	48MHz	14.318MHz	

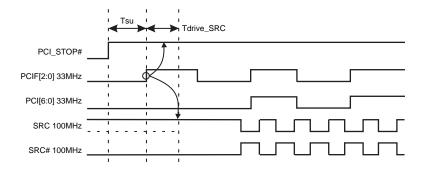
PCI_STOP# Assertion (transition from '1' to '0')

The clock samples the PCI_STOP# signal on a rising edge of PCIF clock. After detecting the PCI_STOP# assertion low, all PCI[6:0] and stoppable PCIF[2:0] clocks will latch low on their next high to low transition. After the PCI clocks are latched low, the SRC clock, (if set to stoppable) will latch high at Iref * 6 (or tristate if Byte 2 Bit 6 = 1) upon its next low to high transition and the SRC# will latch low as shown below.



PCI STOP# - De-assertion

The de-assertion of the PCI_Stop# signal is to be sampled on the rising edge of the PCIF free running clock domain. After detecting PCI_Stop# de-assertion, all PCI[6:0], stoppable PCIF[2:0] and stoppable SRC clocks will resume in a glitch free manner.





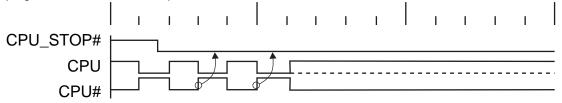
CPU_STOP# Functionality

The CPU_STOP# signal is an active low input controlling the CPU outputs. This signal can be asserted asynchronously.

CPU_STOP#	CPU	CPU#	SRC	SRC#	3V66	PCIF/PCI	USB/DOT	REF	Note
1	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	66MHz	33MHz	48MHz	14.318MHz	
0	Iref * 6 or Float	Low	Normal	Normal	66MHz	33MHz	48MHz	14.318MHz	

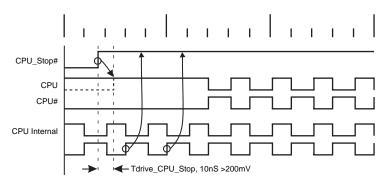
CPU_STOP# - Assertion (transition from '1' to '0')

Asserting CPU_STOP# pin stops all CPU outputs that are set to be stoppable after their next transition. When the I2C CPU_STOP tri-state bit corresponding to the CPU output of interest is programmed to a '0', CPU output will stop CPU_True = HIGH and CPU_Complement = LOW. When the I2C CPU_Stop tri-state bit corresponding to the CPU output of interest is programmed to a '1', CPU outputs will be tri-stated.



CPU_STOP# - De-assertion (transition from '0' to '1')

With the de-assertion of CPU_Stop# all stopped CPU outputs will resume without a glitch. The maximum latency from the de-assertion to active outputs is 2 - 6 CPU clock periods. If the control register tristate bit corresponding to the output of interest is programmed to '1', then the stopped CPU outputs will be driven High within 10nS of CPU_Stop# de-assertion to a voltage greater than 200mV.





PD#, Power Down

PD# is an asynchronous active low input used to shut off all clocks cleanly prior to clock power. When PD# is asserted low all clocks will be driven low before turning off the VCO. In PD# de-assertion all clocks will start without glitches.

PWRDWN#	CPU	CPU#	SRC	SRC#	3V66	PCIF/PCI	USB/DOT	REF	Note
1	Normal	Normal	Normal	Normal	66MHz	33MHz	48MHz	14.318MHz	
0	Iref * 2 or Float	Float	Iref * 2 or Float	Float	Low	Low	Low	Low	

Notes:

- 1. Refer to tristate control of CPU and SRC clocks in section 7.7 for tristate timing and operation.
- 2. Refer to Control Registers in section 16 for CPU_Stop, SRC_Stop and PwrDwn SMBus tristate control addresses.

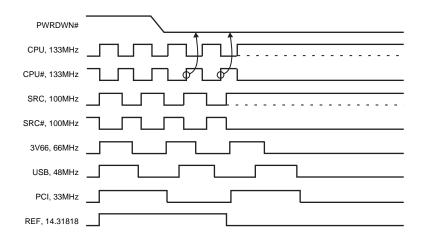
PD# Assertion

PD# should be sampled low by 2 consecutive CPU# rising edges before stopping clocks. All single ended clocks will be held low on their next high to low transition.

All differential clocks will be held high on the next high to low transition of the complimentary clock. If the control register determining to drive mode is set to 'tri-state', the differential pair will be stopped in tri-state mode, undriven.

When the drive mode but corresponding to the CPU or SRC clock of interest is set to '0' the true clock will be driven high at

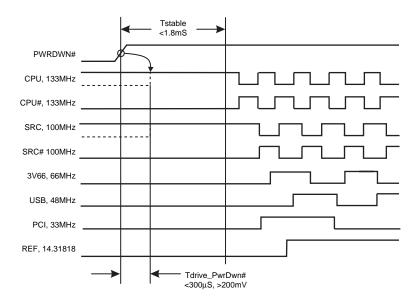
2 x Iref and the complementary clock will be tristated. If the control register is programmed to '1' both clocks will be tristated.





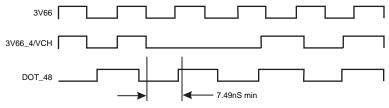
PD# De-assertion

The time from the de-assertion of PD# or until power supply ramps to get stable clocks will be less than 1.8ms. If the drive mode control bit for PD# tristate is programmed to '1' the stopped differential pair must first be driven high to a minimum of 200 mV in less than $300 \mu \text{s}$ of PD# deassertion.



3V66_4/VCH Pin Functionality

The 3V66_4/VCH pin can be configured to be a 66.66MHz modulated output or a non-spread 48MHz output. The default is 3V66 clock. The switching is controlled by Byte 5 Bit 5. If it is set to '1' this pin will output the 48MHz VCH clock. The output will go low on the falling edge of 3V66 for a minimum of 7.49ns. Then the output will transition to 48MHz on the next rising edge of DOT_48 clock.





Differential Clock Tristate

To minimize power consumption, CPU[2:0] clock outputs are individually configurable through SMBus to be driven or tristated during PwrDwn# and CPU_Stop# mode and the SRC clock is configurable to be driven or tristated during PCI_Stop# and PwrDwn# mode. Each differential clock (SRC, CPU[2:0]) output can be disabled by setting the corresponding output's register OE bit to "0" (disable). Disabled outputs are to be tristated regardless of "CPU_Stop", "SRC_Stop" and "PwrDwn" register bit settings.

Signal	Pin PD#	Pin CPU_Stop#	CPU_Stop Tristate Bit	Pwrdwn Tristate Bit	Non-Stoppable Outputs	Stoppable Outputs
CPU[2:0}	1	1	Х	Х	Running	Running
CPU[2:0}	1	0	0	Х	Running	Driven @ Iref x 6
CPU[2:0}	1	0	1	Х	Running	Tristate
CPU[2:0}	0	Х	Х	0	Driven @ Iref x 2	Driven @ Iref x 2
CPU[2:0}	0	Х	Х	1	Tristate	Tristate

Notes:

- 1. Each output has four corresponding control register bits, OE, PwrDwn, CPU_Stop and "Free Running"
- 2. Iref x 6 and Iref x 2 is the output current in the corresponding mode
- 3. See Control Registers section for bit address

Signal	Pin PD#	Pin PCI_Stop#	PCI_Stop Tristate Bit	Pwrdwn Tristate Bit	Non-Stoppable Output	Stoppable Output
SRC	1	1	Х	Х	Running	Running
SRC	1	0	0	Х	Running	Driven @ Iref x 6
SRC	1	0	1	Х	Running	Tristate
SRC	0	Х	Х	0	Driven @ Iref x 2	Driven @ Iref x 2
SRC	0	Х	Х	1	Tristate	Tristate

Notes:

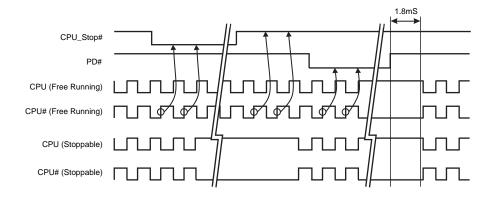
- 1. SRC output has four corresponding control register bits, OE, PwrDwn, SRC_Stop and "Free Running"
- 2. Iref x 6 and Iref x 2 is the output current in the corresponding mode
- 3. See Control Registers section for bit address



CPU Clock Tristate Timing

The following diagrams illustrate CPU clock timing during CPU_Stop# and PwrDwn# modes with CPU_PwrDwn and CPU_Stop tristate control bits set to driven or tristate in byte 2 of the control register.

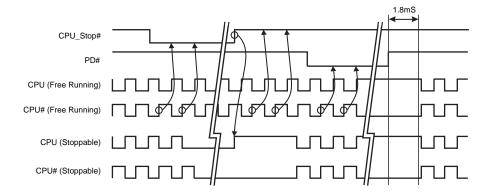
CPU_Stop = Driven, CPU_Pwrdwn = Driven



Notes:

1. When both bits (CPU_Stop & CPU_Pwrdown tristate bits) are low, the clock chip will never tristate CPU output clocks (assuming clock's OE bit is set to "1")

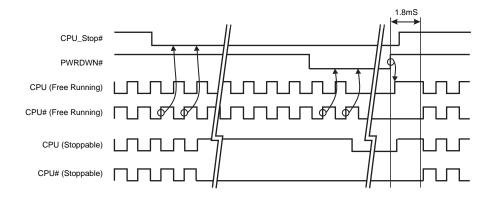
CPU_Stop = Tristate, CPU_Pwrdwn = Driven



Notes:

1. Tristate outputs are pulled low by output termination resistors as shown here.

CPU_Stop = Driven, CPU_Pwrdwn = Tristate

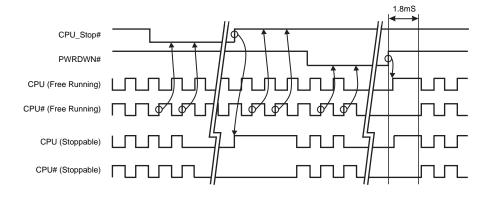


Notes:

- 1. When CPU_Pwrdwn is set to tristate and CPU_Stop is set to driven, the clock chip will tristate outputs only during the assertion of PWRDWN#. Differential clock behavior during the assertion/de-assertion of CPU_Stop# will be unaffected.

 2. In the case that CPU_Stop# is de-asserted during the 1.8mS PWRDWN# de-assertion resume delay, the clock chip can sample the CPU_Stop# high with the internal rising edges of clock#. This will result in CPU clocks resuming immediately after the 1.8mS windows expires. This applies to all control register bit changes as well.
- 3. Tristate outputs are pulled low by output termination resistors as shown here.

CPU_Stop = Tristate, CPU_Pwrdwn = Tristate



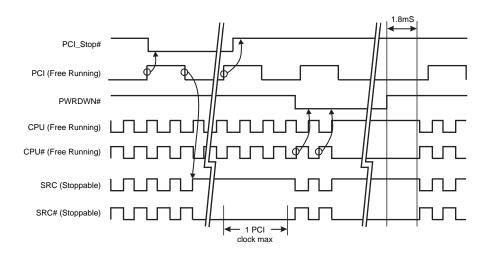
Notes:

- 1. When CPU_Stop and CPU_Pwrdwn bits are set to tristate, the clock chip will tristate the outputs during the assertion of CPU_Stop# and PWRDWN#.
- 2. Tristate outputs are pulled low by output termination resistors as shown here.

SRC Clock Tristate Timing

The following diagrams illustrate SRC clock timing during PCI_Stop# and PwrDwn# modes with SRC_Pwrdwn and SRC_Stop tristate control bits set to driven or tristate in byte 2 of the control register.

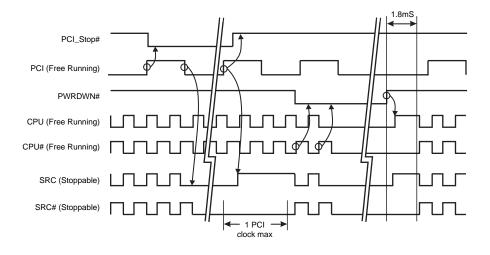
SRC_Stop = Driven, SRC_Pwrdwn = Driven



Notes:

1. When both bits (SRC_Stop & SRC_Pwrdown tristate bits) are set to driven, the clock chip will never tristate the SRC output clock (assuming clock's OE bit is set to "1")



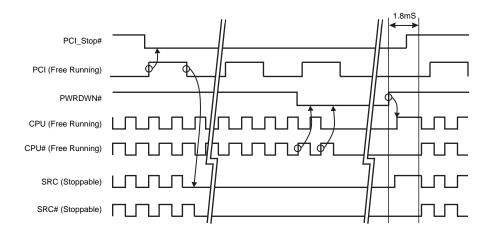


Notes:

- 1. When SRC_Stop and SRC_Pwrdwn bits are set to tristate, the clock chip will tristate outputs during the assertion of PCI_Stop# and PWRDWN#.
- 2. Tristate outputs are pulled low by output termination resistors as shown here.

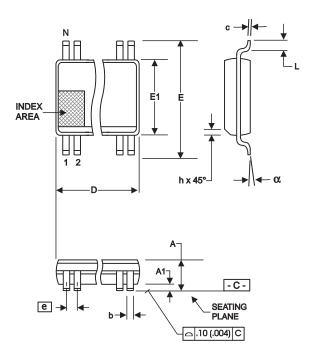
0701G-10/13/04

PCI_STOP Asserted SRC_Stop = Tristate, SRC_Pwrdwn = Tristate



Notes:

- 1. When SRC_Pwrdwn and SRC_Stop are set to tristate, the clock chip will tristate outputs during the assertion of PCI_Stop# and PWRDWN#.
- 2. In the case that PCI_Stop# is de-asserted during the 1.8mS PWRDWN# de-assertion resume delay, the clock chip can sample the PCI_Stop# high with the internal rising edges of CPU clock#. This will result in SRC clocks resuming immediately after the 1.8mS window expires. This applies to all control register bit changes as well.
- 3. Tristate outputs are pulled low by output termination resistors as shown here.



56-Lead, 300 mil Body, 25 mil, SSOP

	In Milli	meters	In Inches		
SYMBOL	COMMON D	IMENSIONS	COMMON DIMENSIONS		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	2.41	2.80	.095	.110	
A1	0.20	0.40	.008	.016	
b	0.20	0.34	.008	.0135	
С	0.13	0.25	.005	.010	
D	SEE VAF	RIATIONS	SEE VARIATIONS		
E	10.03	10.68	.395	.420	
E1	7.40	7.60	.291	.299	
е	0.635	BASIC	0.025 BASIC		
h	0.38	0.64	.015	.025	
L	0.50	1.02	.020	.040	
N	SEE VAF	RIATIONS	SEE VARIATIONS		
а	0°	8°	0°	8°	

VARIATIONS

N	Dn	nm.	D (inch)		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
56	18.31	18.55	.720	.730	

Reference Doc.: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-118

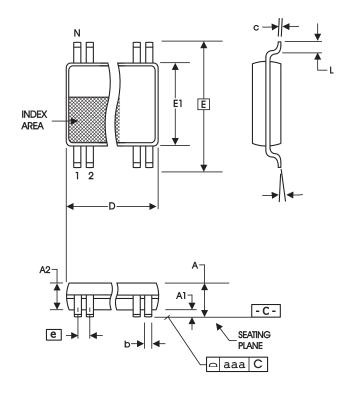
10-0034

Ordering Information

ICS952601yFLFT

ICS, AV = Standard Device

0701G—10/13/04



56-Lead 6.10 mm. Body, 0.50 mm. Pitch TSSOP (240 mil) (20 mil)

	(240	11111)	(20 11111)		
	In Millir	neters	In Inches		
SYMBOL	COMMON DI	MENSIONS	COMMON DIMENSIONS		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α		1.20		.047	
A1	0.05	0.15	.002	.006	
A2	0.80	1.05	.032	.041	
b	0.17	0.27	.007	.011	
С	0.09	0.20	.0035	.008	
D	SEE VAR	IATIONS	SEE VARIATIONS		
Е	8.10 B	ASIC	0.319 BASIC		
E1	6.00	6.20	.236	.244	
е	0.50 B	ASIC	0.020 BASIC		
L	0.45	0.75	.018	.030	
N	SEE VARIATIONS		SEE VARIATIONS		
а	0°	8°	0°	8°	
aaa		0.10		.004	

VARIATIONS

	N	D m	m.	D (inch)		
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
	56	13.90	14.10	.547	.555	

Reference Doc.: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

10-0039

Ordering Information

ICS952601yGLFT

Example:

ICS XXXX y G LFT

Designation for tape and reel packaging
Lead Free (optional)

Package Type
G = TSSOP

Revision Designator (will not correlate with datasheet revision)
Device Type (consists of 3 or 4 digit numbers)

Prefix

ICS, AV = Standard Device

0701G—10/13/04