

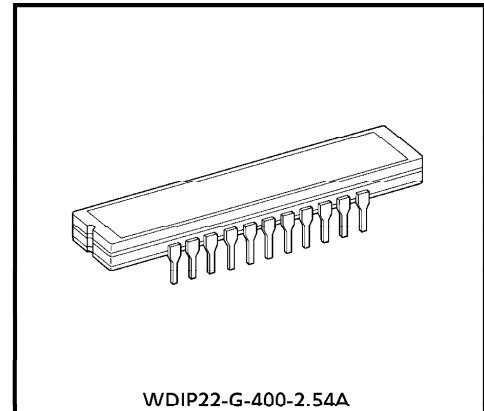
TOSHIBA CCD LINEAR IMAGE SENSOR CCD(Charge Coupled Device)

# TCD1205D

The TCD1205D is a high sensitive and low dark current 2048-elements linear image sensor. The sensor can be used for POS handscanner.

The device is operated by only 5V power supply, and mounted in 22-pin cerdip package with hermetic sealed optical glass window.

The TCD1205D has electronic shutter function (ICG). Electronic shutter function can keep always output voltage constant that vary with the intensity of lights.



WDIP22-G-400-2.54A

Weight : 4.4g (Typ.)

**FEATURES**

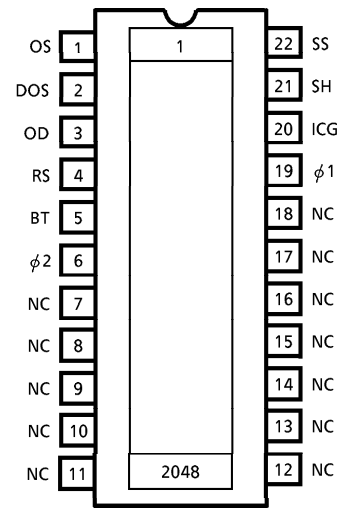
- Number of Image Sensing Elements : 2048
- Image Sensing Element Size : 14 $\mu$ m by 200 $\mu$ m on 14 $\mu$ m centers
- Photo Sensing Region : High sensitive and low dark current pn photodiode
- Clock : 2 phase (5V)
- Internal Circuit : Electronic shutter function (ICG)
- Package : 22 pin cerdip

**MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)**

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Clock Pulse Voltage	$V_{\phi}$	- 0.3~8	V
Shift Pulse Voltage	$V_{SH}$		
Reset, Boost Pulse Voltage	$V_{RS}, V_{BT}$		
Integration Clear Gate Pulse Voltage	$V_{ICG}$		
Power Supply Voltage	$V_{OD}$		
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	- 25~60	°C
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	- 40~100	°C

(Note 1) All voltage are with respect to SS terminals (Ground).

**PIN CONNECTIONS**

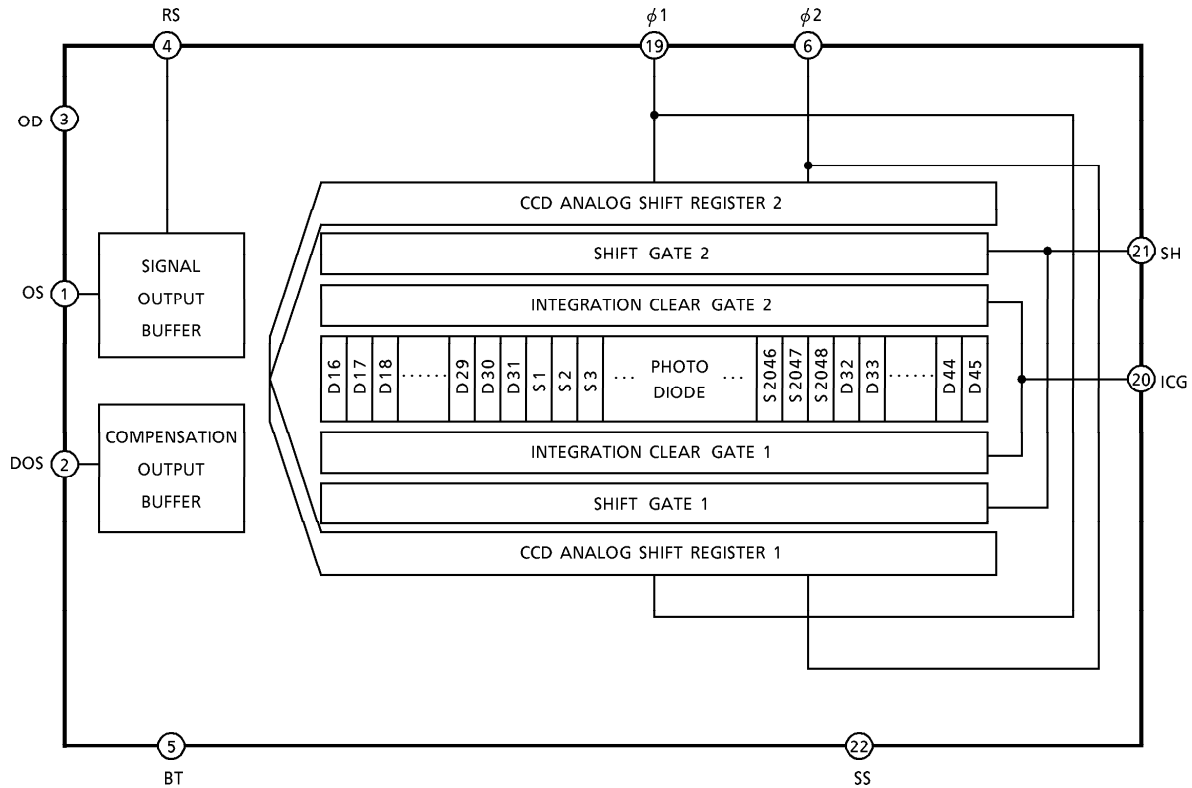


(TOP VIEW)

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CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



PIN NAMES

$\phi 1$	Clock (Phase 1)
$\phi 2$	Clock (Phase 2)
RS	Reset Gate
SH	Shift Gate
$I_{CG}$	Integration Clear Gate
BT	Boost Gate
OS	Signal Output
DOS	Compensation Output
OD	Power
SS	Ground
NC	Non Connection

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**OPTICAL / ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

(Ta = 25°C, V<sub>OD</sub> = 5V, V<sub>φ</sub> = V<sub>SH</sub> = V<sub>RS</sub> = V<sub>BT</sub> = 5V (Pulse), f<sub>φ</sub> = 0.5MHz, f<sub>RS</sub> = 1MHz, Load Resistance = 100kΩ, t<sub>INT</sub> (Integration Time) = 10ms, Light Source = Daylight Fluorescent Lamp)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	NOTE
Sensitivity	R	64	80	—	V / lx·s	(Note 2)
Photo Response Non Uniformity	PRNU	—	—	10	%	(Note 3)
Saturation Output Voltage	V <sub>SAT</sub>	0.55	0.8	—	V	(Note 4)
Saturation Exposure	SE	0.006	0.01	—	lx·s	(Note 5)
Dark Signal Voltage	V <sub>MDK</sub>	—	2	5	mV	(Note 6)
DC Power Dissipation	PD	—	—	25	mW	
Total Transfer Efficiency	TTE	92	95	—	%	
Output Impedance	Z <sub>o</sub>	—	0.5	1	kΩ	
Dynamic Range	DR	—	400	—	—	(Note 7)
DC Signal Output Voltage	V <sub>OS</sub>	1.5	3.0	4.5	V	(Note 8)
DC Compensation Output Voltage	V <sub>DOS</sub>	1.5	3.0	4.5	V	(Note 8)
DC Mismatch Voltage	V <sub>OS</sub> -V <sub>DOS</sub>	—	—	200	mV	(Note 8)

(Note 2) Sensitivity for LED (660nm) is 600V / lx·s (Typ.)

(Note 3) Measured at 50% of SE (Typ.)

Definition of PRNU:  $PRNU = \frac{\Delta x}{\bar{x}} \times 100 (\%)$

Where  $\bar{x}$  is average of total signal outputs and  $\Delta x$  is the maximum deviation from  $\bar{x}$  under uniform illumination.

(Note 4) V<sub>SAT</sub> is defined as minimum saturation output voltage of all effective pixels.

(Note 5) Definition of SE :  $SE = \frac{V_{SAT}}{R} (lx \cdot s)$

(Note 6) V<sub>MDK</sub> is defined as maximum dark signal voltage of all effective pixels.

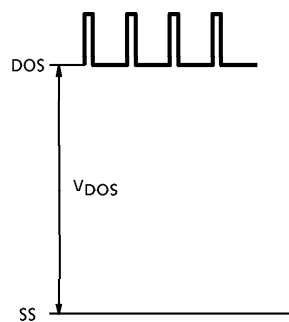
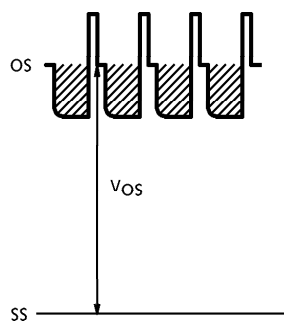


(Note 7) Definition of DR :  $DR = \frac{V_{SAT}}{V_{MDK}}$

$V_{MDK}$  is proportional to  $t_{INT}$  (Integration time).

So the shorter  $t_{INT}$  condition makes wider DR value.

(Note 8) DC signal output voltage and DC compensation output voltage are defined as follows:



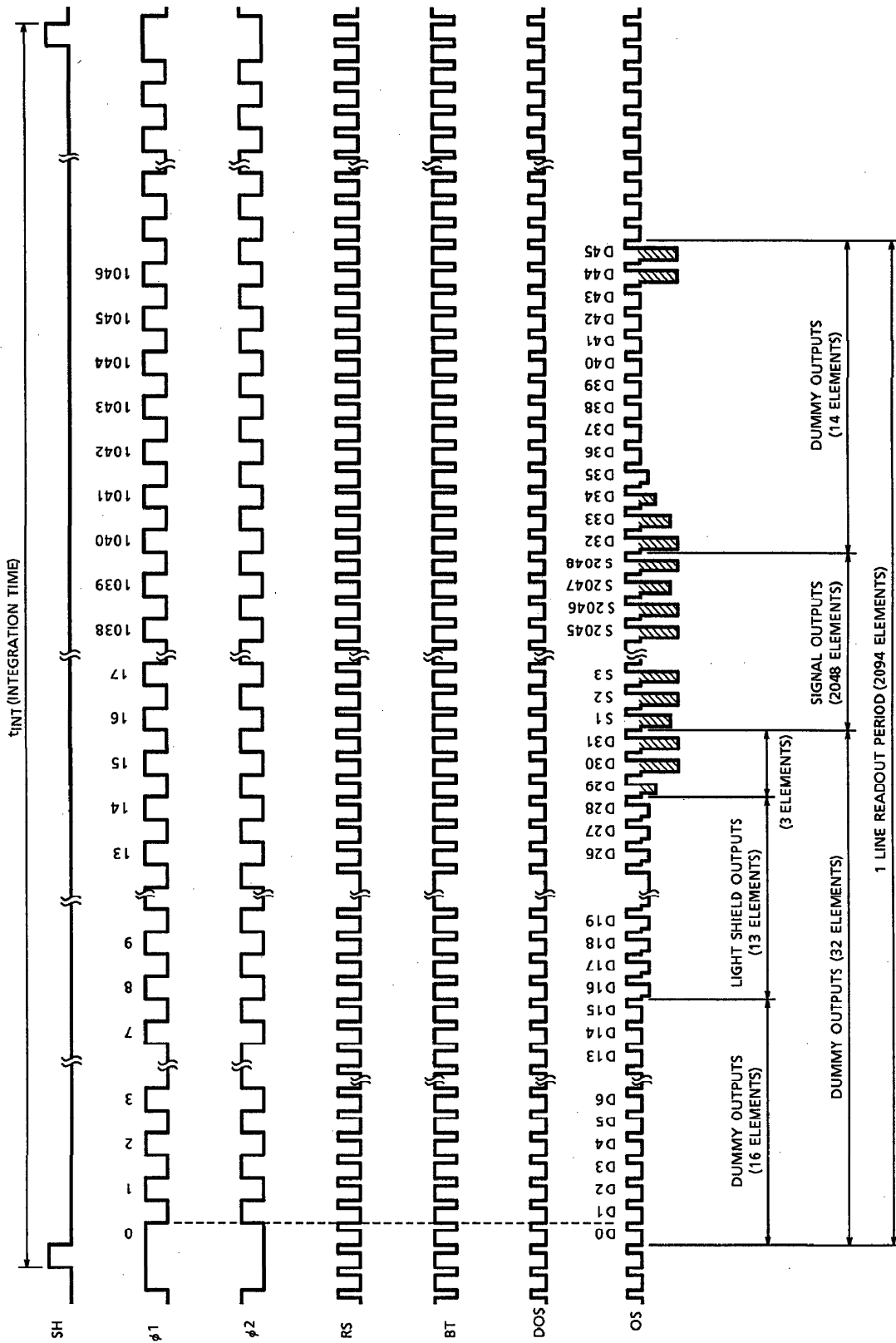
**OPERATING CONDITION**

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Clock Pulse Voltage	"H" Level	$V_{\phi}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	"L" Level		0	0.2	0.5	
Shift Pulse Voltage	"H" Level	$V_{SH}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	"L" Level		0	0.2	0.5	
Reset, Boost Pulse Voltage	"H" Level	$V_{RS}, V_{BT}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	"L" Level		0	0.2	0.5	
Integration Clear Gate Voltage	"H" Level	$V_{ICG}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	"L" Level		0	0.2	0.5	
Power Supply Voltage		$V_{OD}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V

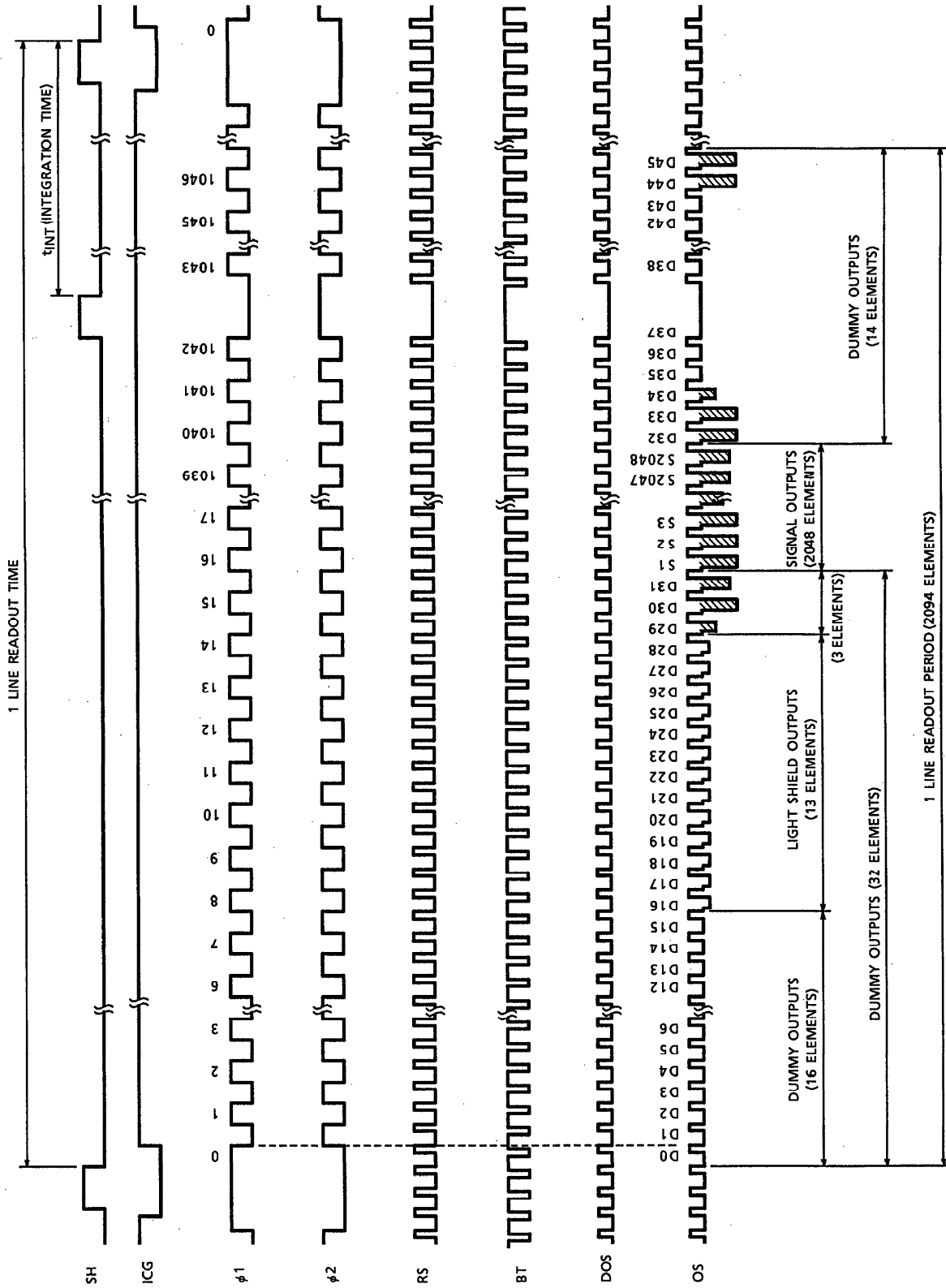
**CLOCK CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)**

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Clock Pulse Frequency	$f_{\phi}$	0.01	0.5	1.0	MHz
Reset Pulse Frequency	$f_{RS}$	0.02	1.0	2.0	MHz
Clock Capacitance	$C_{\phi A}$	—	400	500	pF
BT Gate Capacitance	$C_{BT}$	—	10	25	pF
Shift Gate Capacitance	$C_{SH}$	—	200	250	pF
Reset Gate Capacitance	$C_{RS}$	—	10	25	pF
Integration Clear Gate Capacitance	$C_{ICG}$	—	100	200	pF

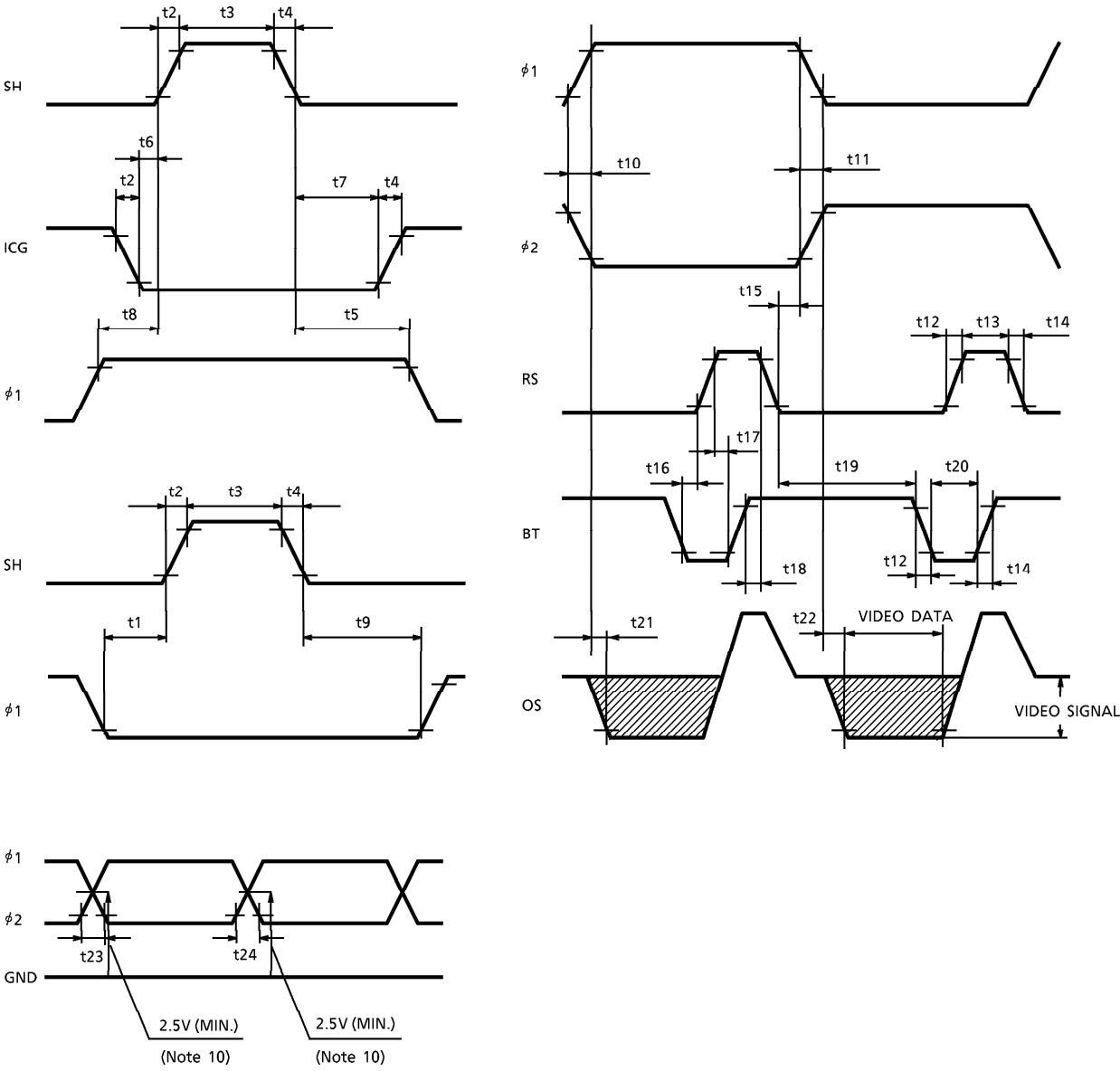
TAIMING CHART



TAIMING CHART (EXAMPLE : USE ELECTRONIC SHUTTER)



TIMING REQUIREMENTS



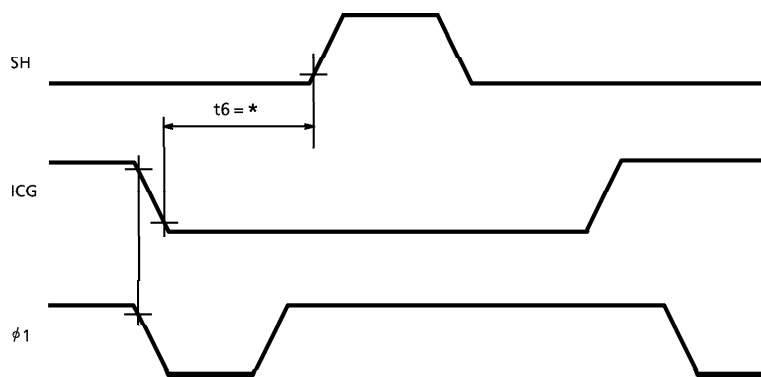
(Note 10) If  $\phi 1$  &  $\phi 2$  pulse cross point could't be kept over 2.5V, it should be 1.5V and  $t_{23}$  and  $t_{24}$  should be 60ns.

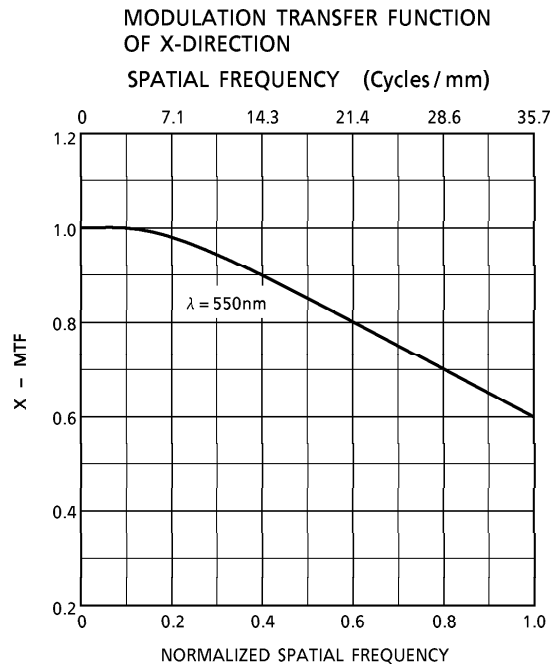
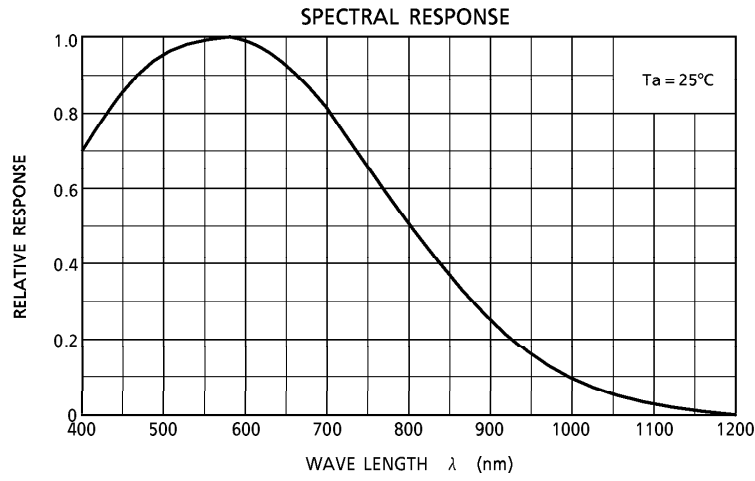


CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Pulse Timing of SH & $\phi 1$	t1	0	100	—	ns
Pulse Timing of SH & $\phi 1$	t5	2000	3000	—	ns
SH, ICG Pulse Rise & Fall Time	t2, t4	0	50	—	ns
SH Pulse Width (Note 11)	t3, t3'	1000	2000	—	ns
Pulse Timing of SH & ICG	t6	50	100	*	ns
Pulse Timing of SH & ICG	t7	1000	—	t5	ns
Pulse Timing of ICG & $\phi 1$	t8	0	100	—	ns
Pulse Timing of ICG & $\phi 1$	t9	500	—	—	ns
$\phi 1, \phi 2$ Pulse Rise & Fall Time	t10, t11	0	60	—	ns
RS, BT Pulse Rise & Fall Time	t12, t14	0	60	—	ns
RS Pulse Width	t13	60	260	—	ns
Pulse Timing of $\phi 1, \phi 2, RS$	t15	20	—	—	ns
Pulse Timing of RS & BT	t16	50	100	—	ns
Pulse Timing of RS & BT	t17	20	—	—	ns
Pulse Timing of RS & BT	t18	40	—	—	ns
Pulse Timing of RS & BT	t19	200	—	—	ns
BT Pulse Width	t20	70	250	—	ns
Video Data Delay Time	t21, t22	—	80	—	ns

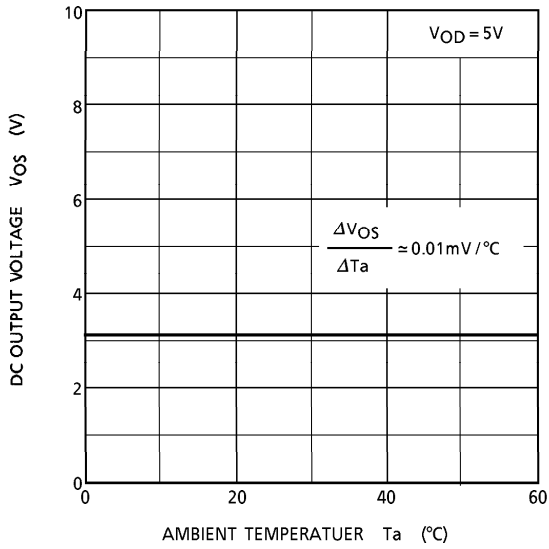
(Note 11) Have to use  $t3 = t3'$

\* t6 = MAXIMUM TIMING

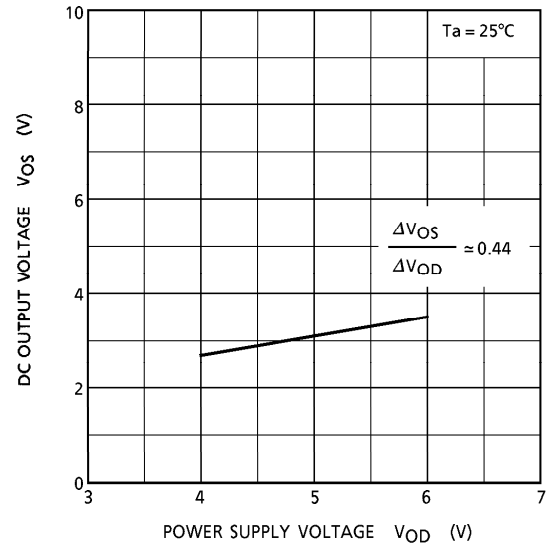




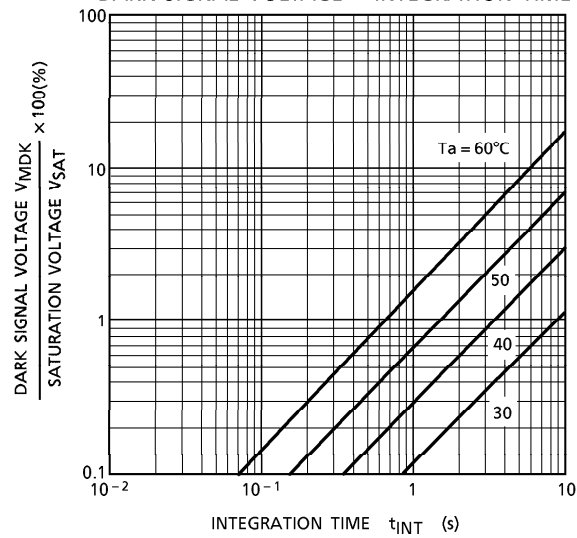
DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE – AMBIENT TEMPERATURER



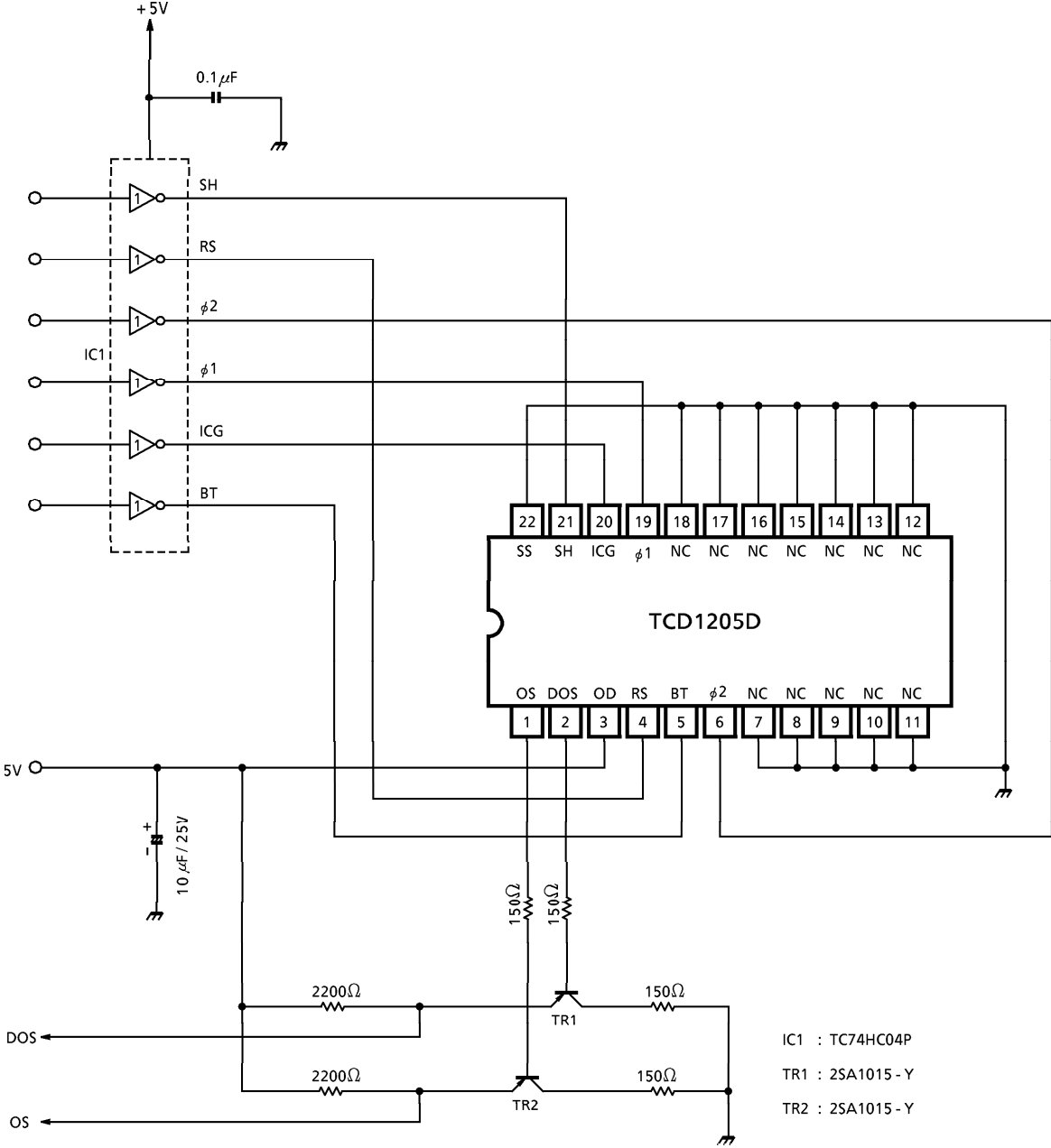
DC OUTPUT VOLTAGE – POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE



DARK SIGNAL VOLTAGE – INTEGRATION TIME



TYPICAL DRIVE CIRCUIT



**CAUTION****1. Window Glass**

The dust and stain on the glass window of the package degrade optical performance of CCD sensor.

Keep the glass window clean by saturating a cotton swab in alcohol and lightly wiping the surface, and allow the glass to dry, by blowing with filtered dry N<sub>2</sub>.

Care should be taken to avoid mechanical or thermal shock because the glass window is easily to damage.

**2. Electrostatic Breakdown**

Store in shorting clip or in conductive foam to avoid electrostatic breakdown.

**3. Incident Light**

CCD sensor is sensitive to infrared light.

Note that infrared light component degrades resolution and PRNU of CCD sensor.

**4. Lead Frame Forming**

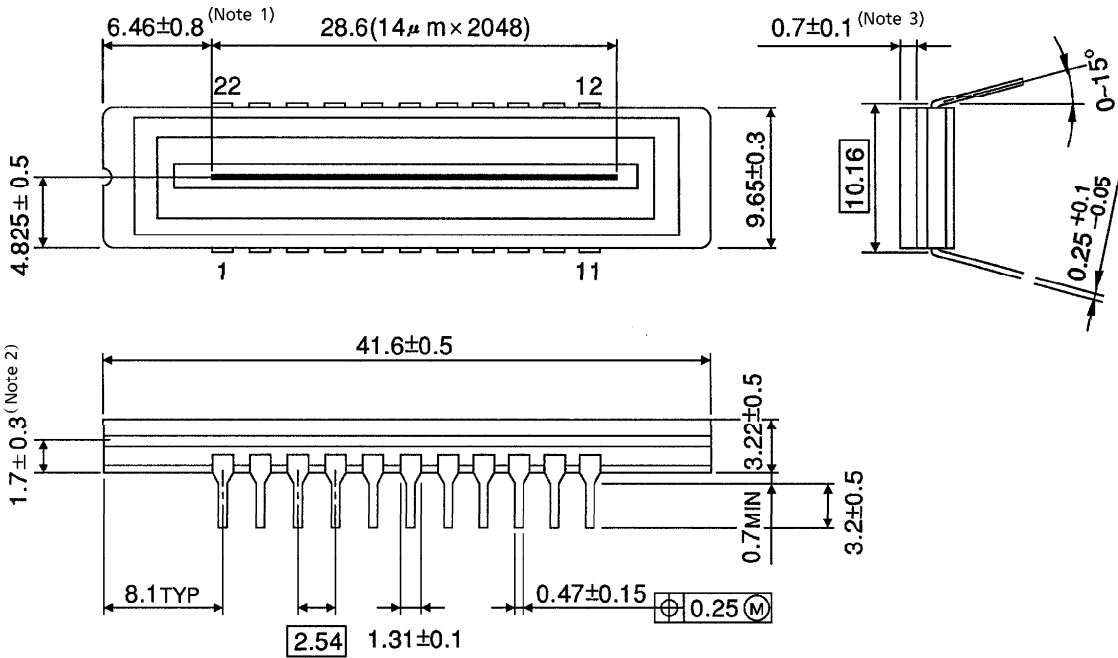
Since this package is not stout against mechanical stress, you should not reform the lead frame.

We recommend to use a IC-inserter when you assemble to PCB.

**OUTLINE DRAWING**

WDIP22-G-400-2.54A (D)

Unit : mm



- (Note 1) No. 1 SENSOR ELEMENT (S1) TO EDGE OF PACKAGE.
- (Note 2) TOP OF CHIP TO BOTTOM OF PACKAGE.
- (Note 3) GLASS THICKNES (n = 1.5)

Weight : 4.4g (Typ.)